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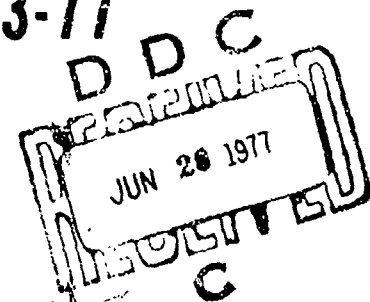
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CACDA JIFFY WAR GAME PROGRAMERS MANUAL

Technical Report TR 3-77

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COMBAT OPERATIONS ANALYSIS DIRECTORATE

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Technical Report TR 3-77
March 1977

Directorate of Combat Operations Analysis
US Army Combined Arms Combat Developments Activity
Fort Leavenworth, Kansas 66027

CACDA JIFFY WAR GAME
PROGRAMMERS MANUAL

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20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) The CACDA Jiffy War Game Programmers Manual is one report of a set of three reports which were produced to document the Jiffy Game which is a Corps level war game run in support of the TRADOC Scenario Oriented Recurring Evaluation System (SCORES). The programmers manual contains descriptions, flow diagrams, and the FORTRAN codes for all the computer routines of the Jiffy Game. The other two reports of the documentation set are the CACDA Jiffy War Game Technical Manual (methodology and data appendixes) and the CACDA Jiffy War Game Users Manual.		

FOREWORD

The Jiffy Game has existed, as a manual war game, since the late 1960's. In its early stages, the game was completely manual; and correspondingly, its assessment methodology was simplistic, based on the firepower scores of a few key weapon systems. In late 1973, USATRADOC established the Scenario Oriented Recurring Evaluation System (SCORES), the standard scenario development process to be based on the Jiffy Game. With the advent of SCORES, it was recognized that the simplistic, firepower score-driven Jiffy Game, although responsive, was not of adequate resolution to produce the quality product expected from SCORES. Thus, the Jiffy Game underwent major methodology modifications, which allowed the gaming of the complete spectrum of conventional weapon systems and upgraded the assessment methodologies to use weapon characteristics instead of firepower scores as the basis for assessments. However, as the level of detail increased, the number of manual calculations and the amount of data required to make the calculations also increased. Finally, it became necessary to automate the assessment calculations to maintain the Jiffy Game's responsiveness. The automation process was completed in May 1975. This methodology was developed principally by MAJ Karl Lowe, assisted by LTC Tom Buff, MAJ Ken Nash, and MAJ Bob Riddick, and was documented in July 1975 with the publishing of the USACACDA SCORES "JIFFY" War Gaming Methodology.

In the fall of 1975, as a quality assurance measure, the Jiffy Game methodology was subjected to sensitivity analysis. A Jiffy Game improvement program was initiated as a result of the analysis. The improvement program consisted basically of three tasks. First, the assessment methodology needed further modification and improvement in certain areas. Second, the capability to maintain on computer files a hierarchy of units consistent with the overall gaming methodology was to be added to the Jiffy Game. Finally, detailed documentation of the revised methodology and all supporting computer programs was to be published. This report was produced as a result of the improvement program as a portion of the Jiffy Game documentation.

The authors of this report wish to acknowledge the SCORES war gaming staff of the Combined Arms Combat Developments Activity (CACDA) who served as consultants during the preparation of this report. Special thanks are given to Mrs. Elizabeth Etheridge who served as technical editor for this report and to Miss Laura B. Weishaar who typed the report.

ABSTRACT

This report is one of a set of three reports produced to document the automated features of the Combined Arms Combat Developments Activity (CACDA) "Jiffy" war gaming process. This process was developed to support the USATRADOC Scenario Oriented Recurring Evaluation System (SCORES) scenario development and force evaluation efforts. This report consists of descriptions, logic flow diagrams, and the FORTRAN code for all the programs and routines associated with the "Jiffy" war gaming process. The other two reports in the set are the CACDA Jiffy War Game Technical Manual and the CACDA Jiffy War Game Users Manual. The technical manual consists of two parts. Part 1 contains the methodologies used in the automated routines of the Jiffy Game, the computer model run in support of the CACDA "Jiffy" war gaming process, and an unclassified data base. Part 2 contains all classified data and its sources used in the Jiffy Game during secure production runs. The users manual contains a discussion of the manual aspects and the automated features of the gaming process and also presents an unclassified sample run.

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CACDA JIFFY WAR GAME PROGRAMMERS MANUAL

1. SCOPE. This manual was prepared to document the computer programs associated with the CACDA "Jiffy" war gaming process. The documentation of each subroutine, program, and overlay includes a discussion of the functions performed by the routine, a logic flow diagram, a list of variables, and a listing of the FORTRAN code of the routine.

2. GENERAL. The interactive programs and data files that support the CACDA "Jiffy" war gaming process reside in permanent file storage on the Control Data Corporation (CDC) 6400/6500 multiprocessor computer located at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. The programs are written in FORTRAN and are machine dependent due to extensive use of CDC Extended FORTRAN file handling features. There are basically two groups of programs that support the CACDA "Jiffy" war gaming process:

- a set of four programs that create and maintain the files necessary for force structure generation
- the Jiffy Game program.

The four force structure generation programs are small programs that allow the gamers to build interactively a hierarchy of files based on the Army's concept of Tables of Organization and Equipment (TOE) with which they can generate task organized forces for combat assessments in the Jiffy Game. The Jiffy Game operates on these forces and determines the number of personnel casualties and weapon system losses each force suffers in combat. In addition, the Jiffy Game generates a file containing a history of the forces and the losses they incurred for the combat it has processed.

3. FORCE STRUCTURE GENERATION PROGRAMS.

a. General. A hierarchy of four interactive programs has been developed to provide nontechnical military personnel with the capability to develop systematically a set of data files from which they can generate task organized forces for assessment evaluation in the Jiffy Game. The force structure generation is based on the US Army TOE standard requirements codes (SRCs). The SRCs define the types and quantities of weapon systems found in specific subunit organizations; e.g., an infantry squad or a tank platoon. The first program of the force generation hierarchy interactively develops a data base file of SRCs for each force. Since there is little variation in the composition of these subunit SRCs, the SRC data base, once completed, will be readily available for immediate application to any Jiffy Game-supported study. The second of the force generation programs uses the SRC data base to build interactively a file of the combat units through specification of a unique name and all SRCs that compose each unit. The file of units is then task organized into higher echelon organizations called parent

units. A file of the parent units is created interactively by the third program of the hierarchy. Finally, the information on the SRC, unit, and parent unit files is consolidated into a file of the forces to be considered for combat assessments in the Jiffy Game.

b. File Organization. The type of files used in the force structure generation process and the Jiffy Game HISTORY file are CDC index sequential-random access files. These files are created and manipulated by file handling macros unique to the CDC operating systems. The files used for this application are random access files whose keys are contained in the first 20 characters (two words) of the record (the HISTORY file uses 30 character keys). The keys are arranged in sequential order in the random access index table, which allows sequential, in addition to random, accessing of the records on the file. The record formats for the four force generation files and the HISTORY file are illustrated in figure 1. Before any operations may be performed on these files, they must be created and put into permanent file storage space. This initialization process is accomplished through the execution of a small file creation program, which simply specifies the parameters essential for proper file definition. The FORTRAN programs for the creation of all five index sequential-random access files are contained in appendix A to this volume.

c. Program Descriptions.

(1) SRC program. The SRC program interactively builds the TOE SRC data base file. As noted above, this file is an indexed sequential-random access file. Each record of the SRC file contains an SRC identification word (1 to 10 alphanumeric characters) and up to 22 groups of weapon system item codes (Technical Manual, Part 2, Appendix A, table A-1) and the quantity of each type of weapon system assigned to the SRC. The format of the records of the SRC file is illustrated in figure 1(a). In addition to creating the SRC data base file, the SRC program has the capability to review any SRC that exists in the data base, add new SRCs to the file, change the quantity and/or type of personnel or weapon systems in a given SRC, delete specified SRCs, and list all SRCs with the quantity and type of weapon systems and personnel found in them. A logic flow diagram of the SRC program is provided in figure 2. A listing of the program code and a list of the program variables is contained in appendix B to this volume.

(2) UNIT program. Execution of the UNIT program is the second step in the force structure generation process. The UNIT program accesses the information stored on the SRC file and defines the combat units to be gamed. The program builds an indexed sequential-random access file whose records correspond to the combat units. The format of the UNIT file records is given in figure 1(b). Each record contains the unit name (1 to 10 alphanumeric characters) and up to 22 valid SRCs (the SRCs must exist on the SRC file). The SRCs specified with a unit correspond to the subunit organizations that compose the unit. For example, the SRCs specified for a tank company could possibly be a tank platoon SRC (specified three times) and a tank company headquarters SRC. In addition to building the UNIT file, the UNIT program has the capability to review the SRCs in a unit already on file, add

FORCE COLOR R/B	SRC #	ITEM CODE #1	QTY OF ITEM CODE #1	ITEM CODE #2	QTY OF ITEM CODE #2	QTY OF ITEM CODE #22
-----------------------	----------	--------------------	---------------------------	--------------------	---------------------------	-----	-----	----------------------------

(a) SRC File Record

FORCE COLOR R/B	UNIT ID	SRC #1	SRC #2	SRC #22
-----------------------	------------	-----------	-----------	-----	-----	-----	------------

(b) UNIT File Record

FORCE COLOR R/B	PARENT ID	UNIT ID #1	UNIT ID #2	UNIT ID #18
-----------------------	--------------	---------------	---------------	-----	-----	----------------

(c) PARENT File Record

PARENT ID	UNIT ID	FORCE COLOR	SECTOR	CRITICAL INCIDENT	FPS AT 100% STRENGTH	COMBAT INTENSITY LEVEL	PERCENT STRENGTH	BLANK
--------------	------------	----------------	--------	----------------------	----------------------------	------------------------------	---------------------	-------

QTY OF ITEM CODE #1	QTY OF ITEM CODE #2	QTY OF ITEM CODE #3	QTY OF ITEM CODE #80
---------------------------	---------------------------	---------------------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	----------------------------

(d) FORCE File Record

CRITICAL INCIDENT	PARENT ID	UNIT ID	SECTOR	FORCE COLOR	FPS AT 100% STRENGTH	COMBAT INTENSITY LEVEL	PERCENT STRENGTH	QTY OF ITEM CODE #80
----------------------	--------------	------------	--------	----------------	----------------------------	------------------------------	---------------------	----------------------------

(e) HISTORY File Record

Figure 1. Jiffy Game file formats.

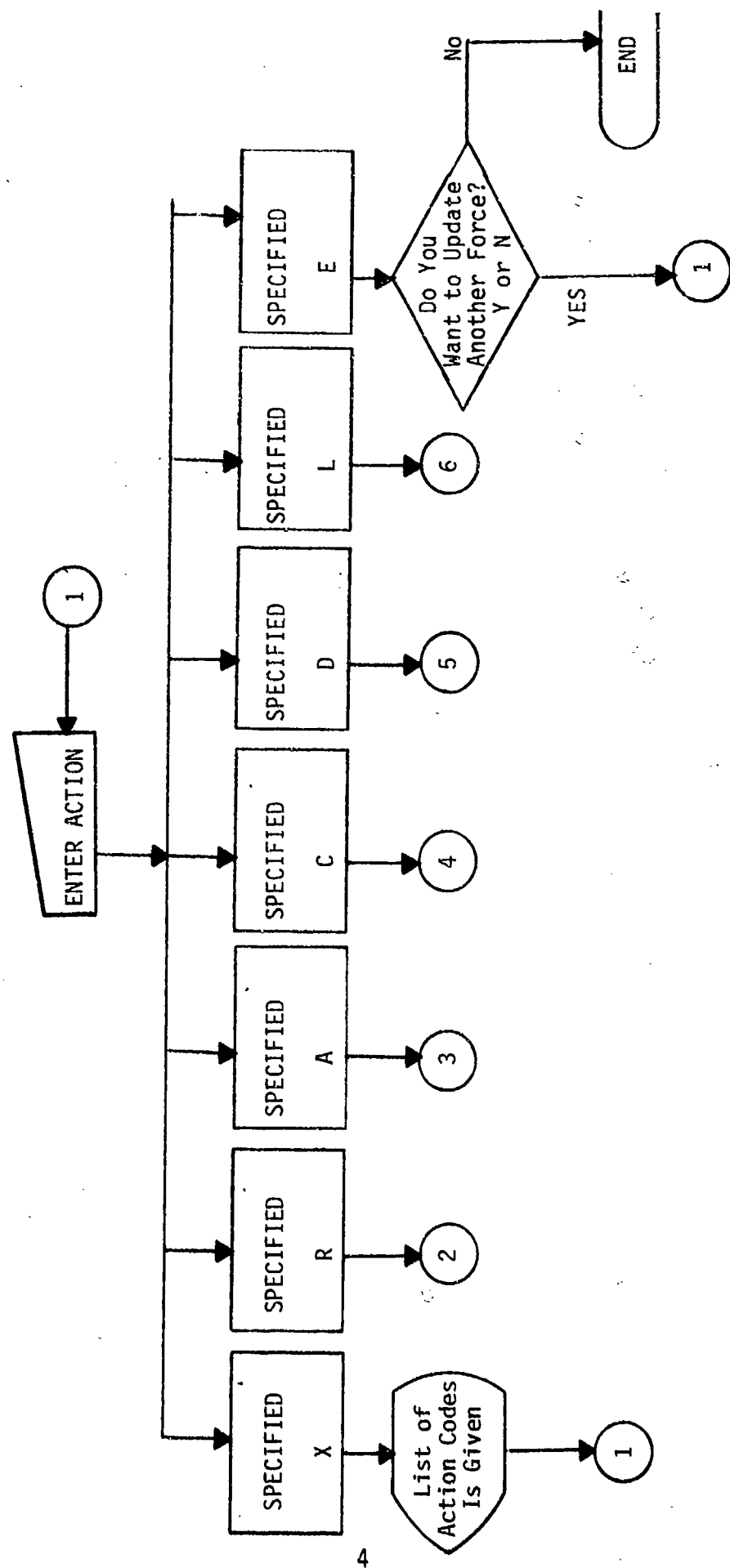


Figure 2. SRC program logic flow diagram. (continued next page)

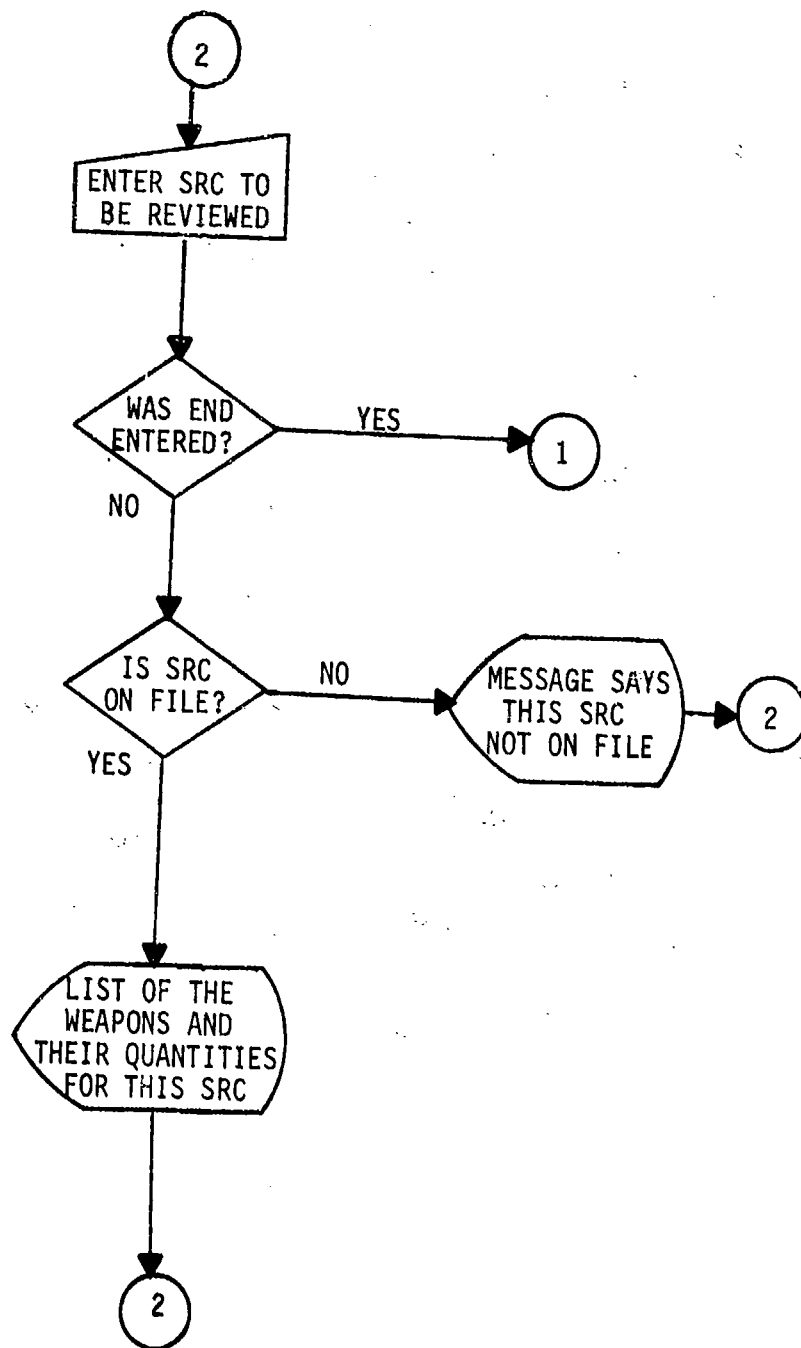


Figure 2. SRC program: logic flow diagram (continued).

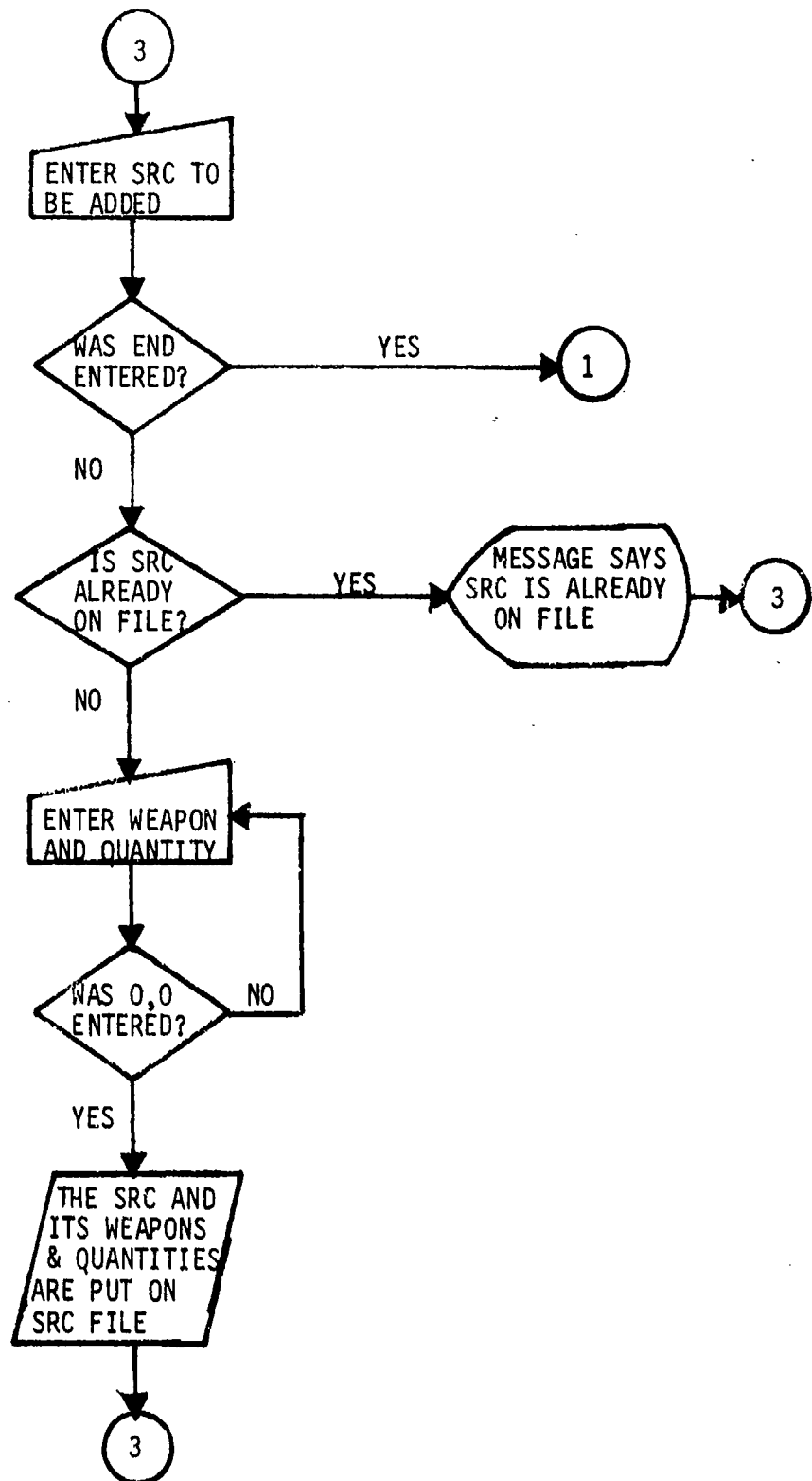


Figure 2. SRC program logic flow diagram (continued).

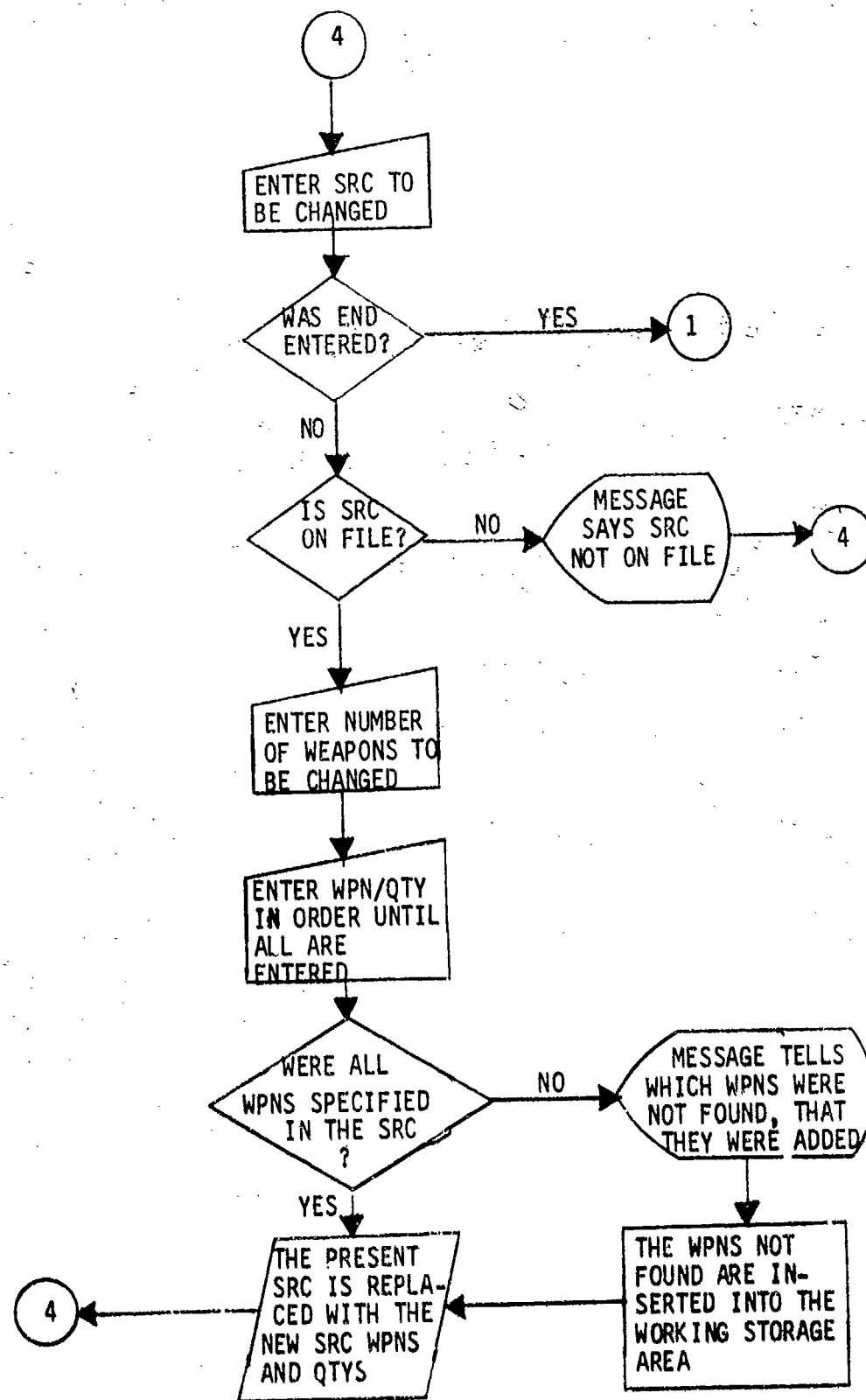


Figure 2. SRC program logic flow diagram (continued).

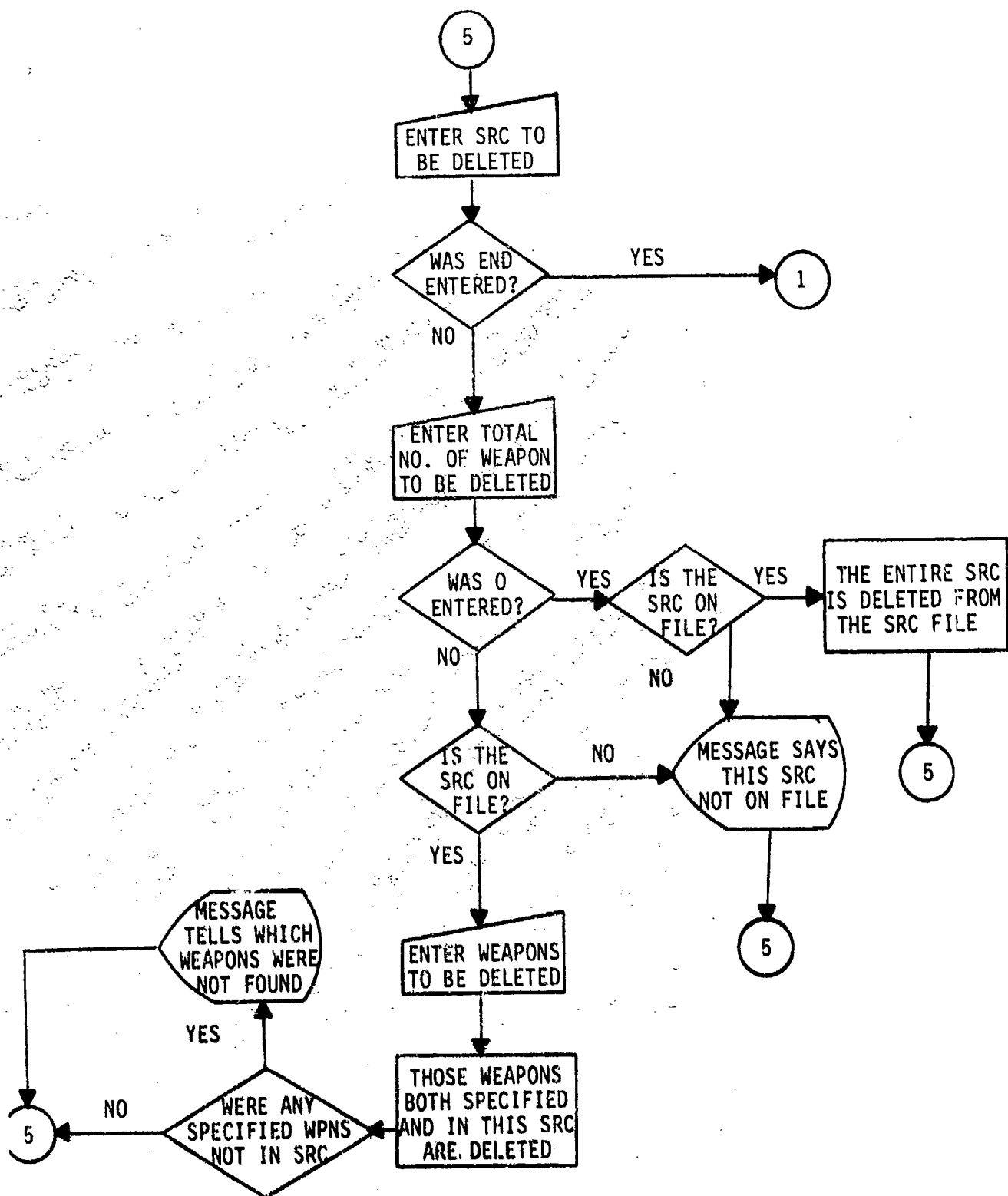


Figure 2. SRC program logic flow diagram (continued).

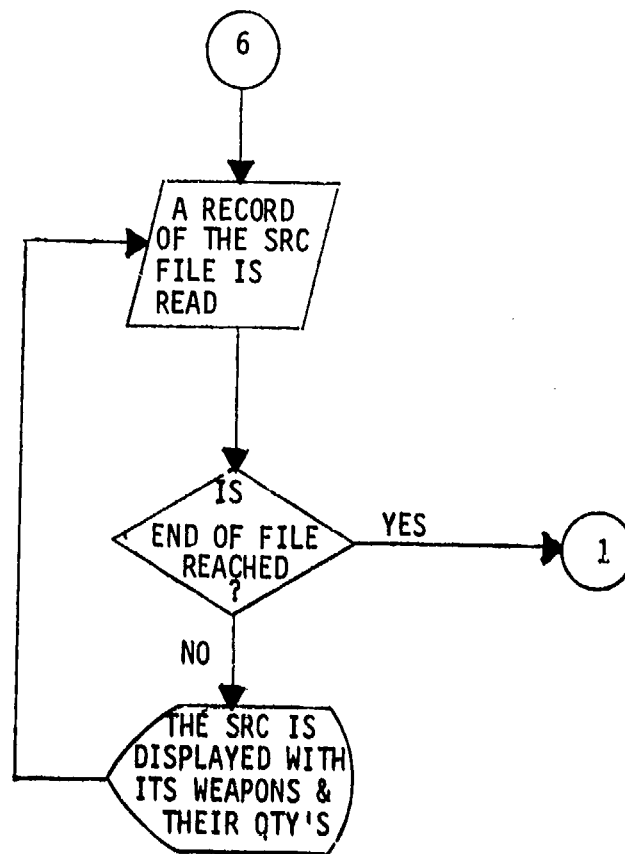


Figure 2. SRC program logic flow diagram (concluded).

more SRCs to a unit already on file, delete specified units, delete particular SRCs from specific units, and list all units with their SRCs. A logic flow diagram of the UNIT program is contained in figure 3. A listing of the program code and a list of the program variables is contained in appendix C to this volume.

(3) PARENT program. The PARENT program is the third part of the force structure generation process. The PARENT program is the tool with which the military gamers can task organize interactively the combat units previously defined on the UNIT file into a file of higher echelon organizations, or parent units. The parent units are created by the program with the definition of a unique parent unit name (1 to 10 alphanumeric characters) and the specification of up to 18 valid units within its organization. The format for the records of the PARENT file is illustrated in figure 1(c). In addition to creating the PARENT file, the program may be used to review the units of parent units already on file, add new parent organizations to the file, add new units to existing parent units, delete specified parent units, delete given units of specific parent units, and list all parent organizations with their subordinate units. A logic flow diagram of the PARENT program is presented in figure 4. A listing of the FORTRAN code and a list of the PARENT program variables are contained in appendix D to this volume.

(4) FORCE program. The FORCE program, the final step in the force structure process, interactively creates a file of the forces to be assessed in the combat routines of the Jiffy Game. The FORCE program consolidates the information defined on the files in the previous three steps of the process. The FORCE file consists of records for each unit of both forces. The format of the records of the FORCE file is presented in figure 1(d). The first 10 words of the record define the unit and its combat environment. Although some of these parameters (sector, critical incident, combat intensity) are redefined in the Jiffy Game during the actual gaming, the first 10 words are initialized in the FORCE program. The remaining 80 words (words 11 to 90 on the record) contain the quantity and indicate the type of weapon system in the unit. The position of the word denotes the type of weapon system (item code equals record word number minus 10). The value of the word is the quantity of that type of weapon system. Besides generating the FORCE file, the FORCE program provides the capabilities to add units of a specified new parent unit to the force file using the information stored in the other three files, delete all the units of a specific parent unit from the file, change the unit effectiveness of any unit on the file, and list all parent units with their subordinate units and their corresponding quantities of weapon systems. It should be noted that when a unit is added to the file, the gamer is asked to input its unit effectiveness, which is the percentage of a unit's existing firepower score compared to its 100 percent firepower score. The number of each type of weapon system loaded into a unit equals the number of that weapon allocated to the unit at 100 percent strength multiplied times the unit's effectiveness. For example, if a unit had 16 tanks at

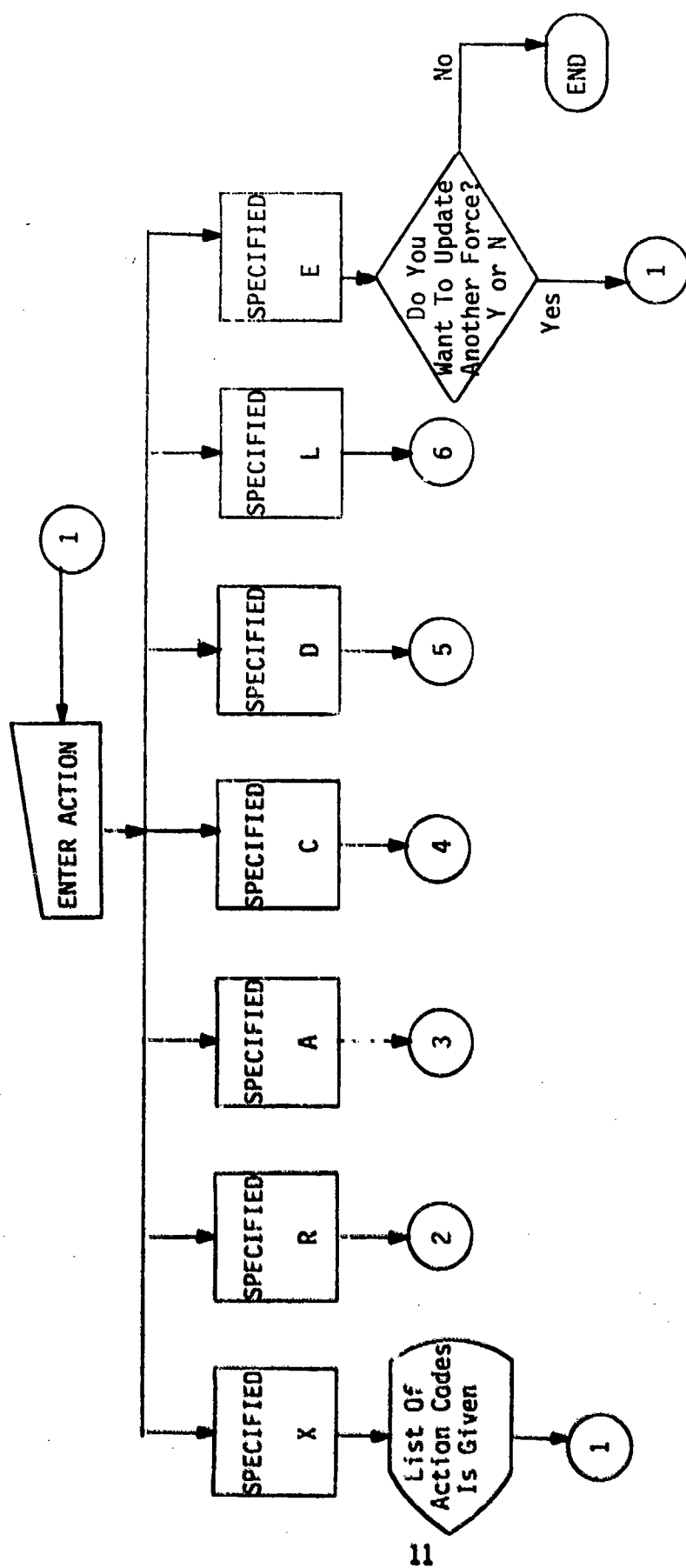


Figure 3. UNIT program logic flow diagram. (Continued next page)

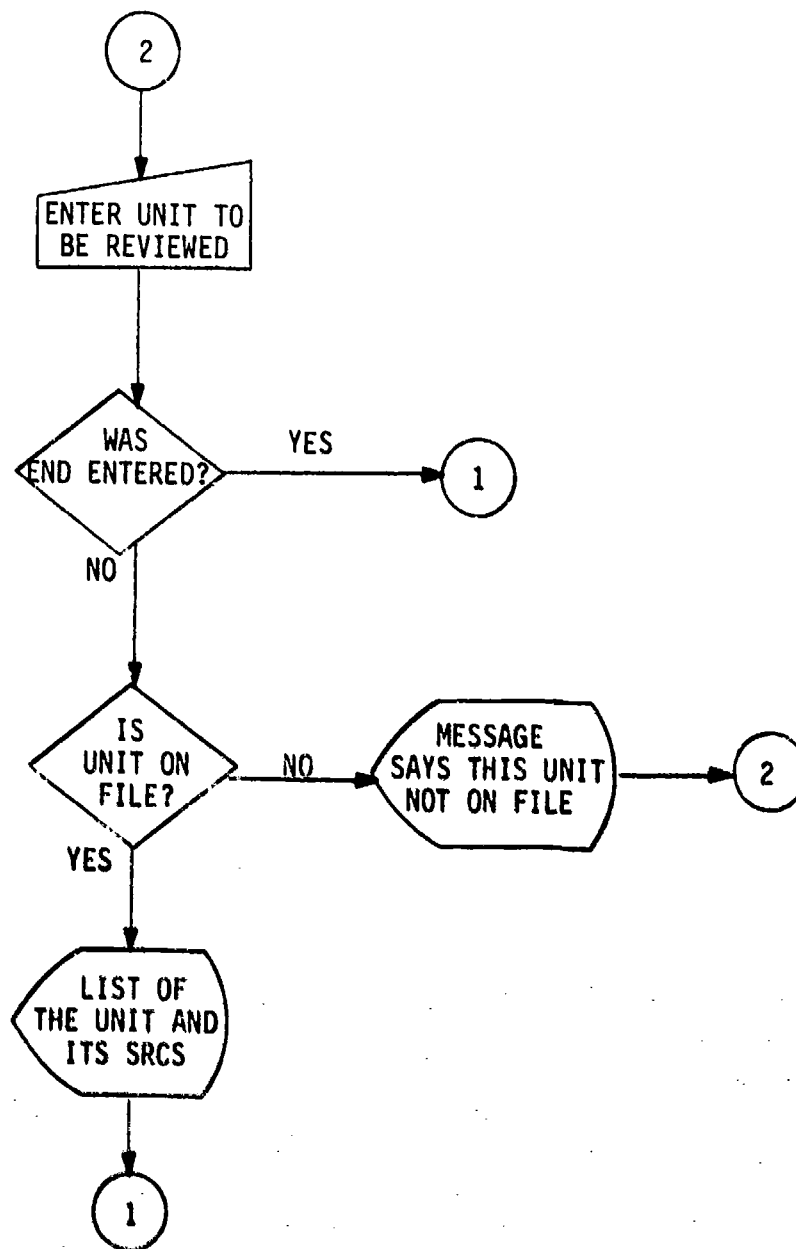


Figure 3. UNIT program logic flow diagram (continued).

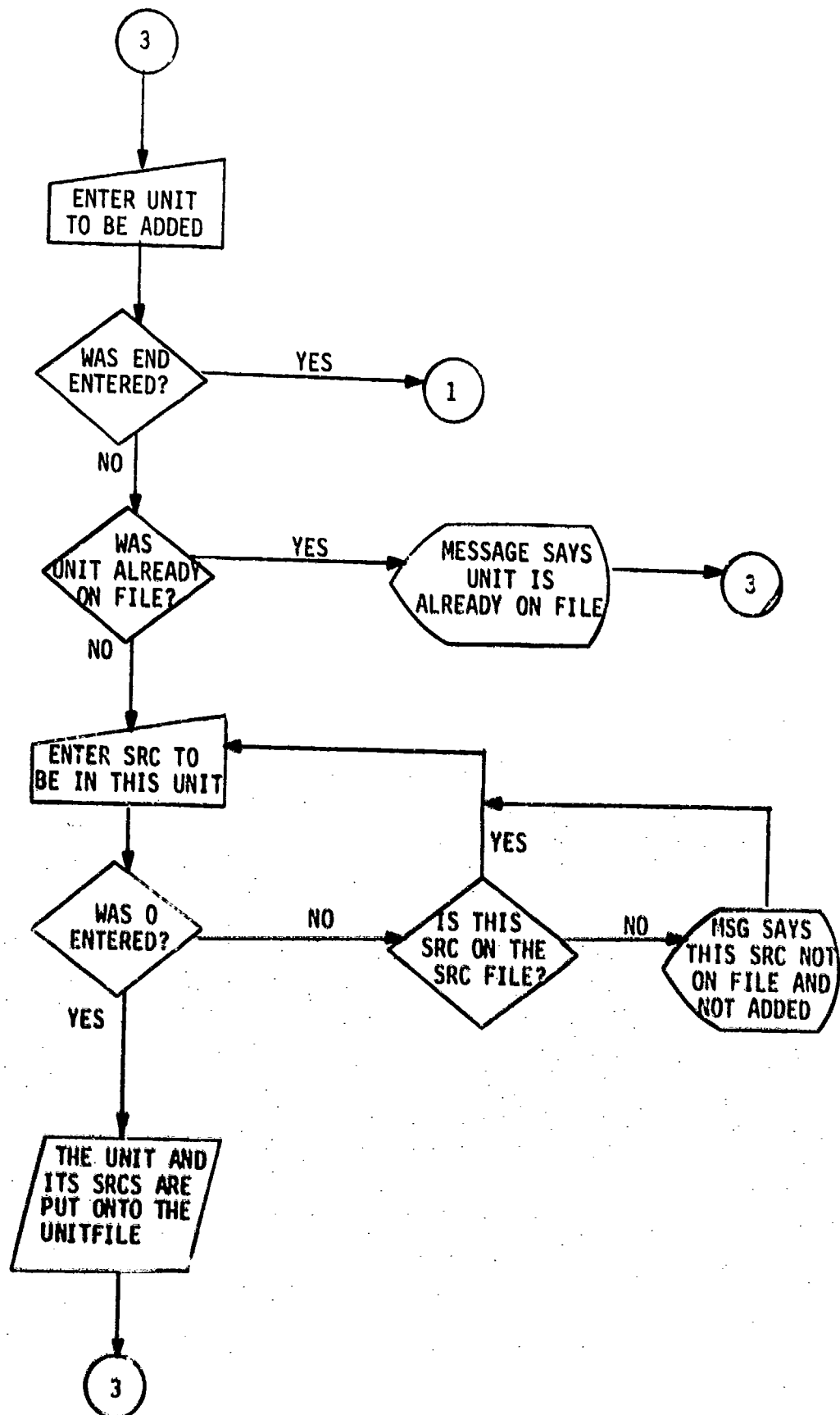


Figure 3. UNIT program logic flow diagram (continued).

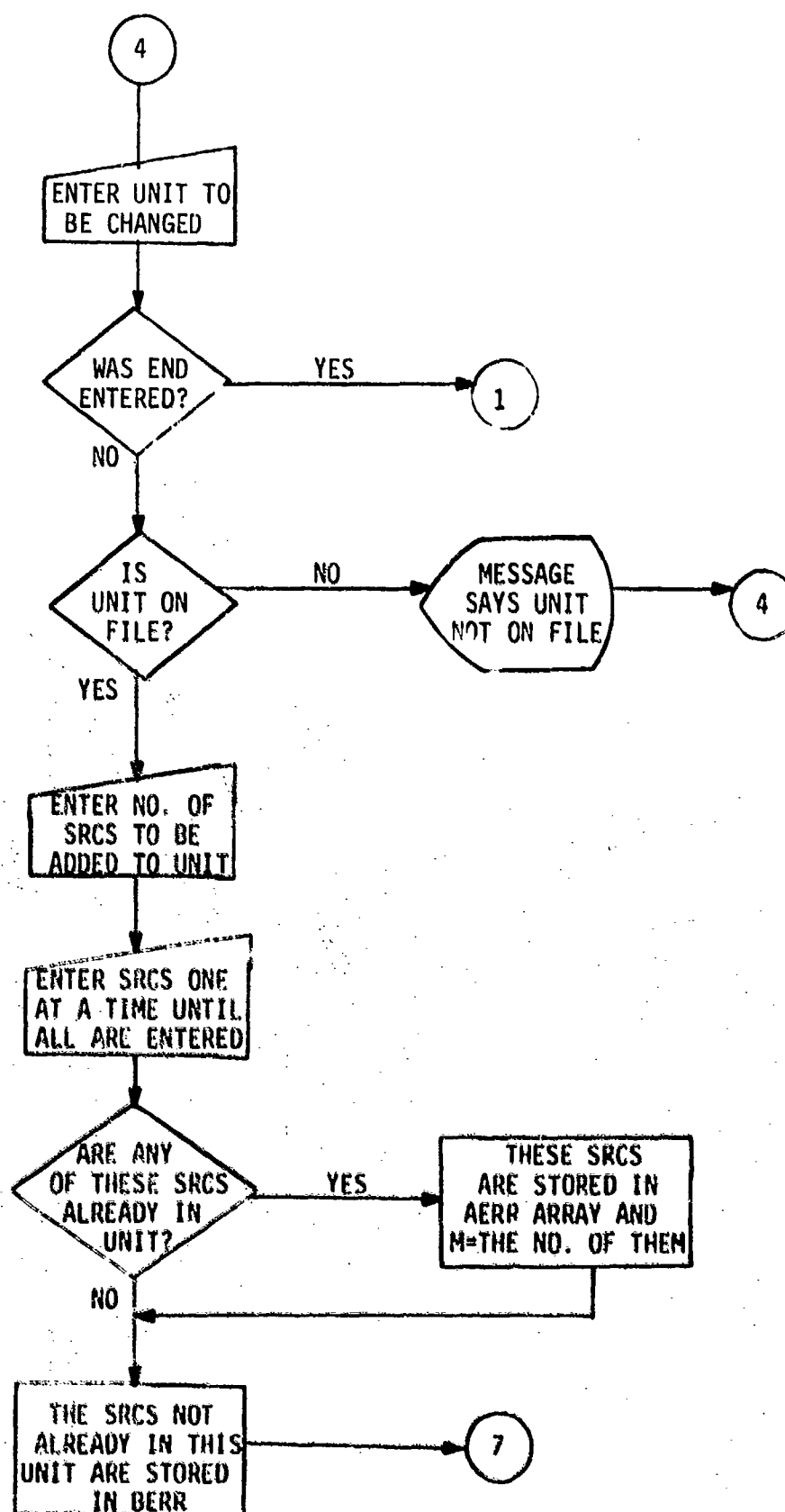


Figure 3. UNIT program logic flow diagram (continued).

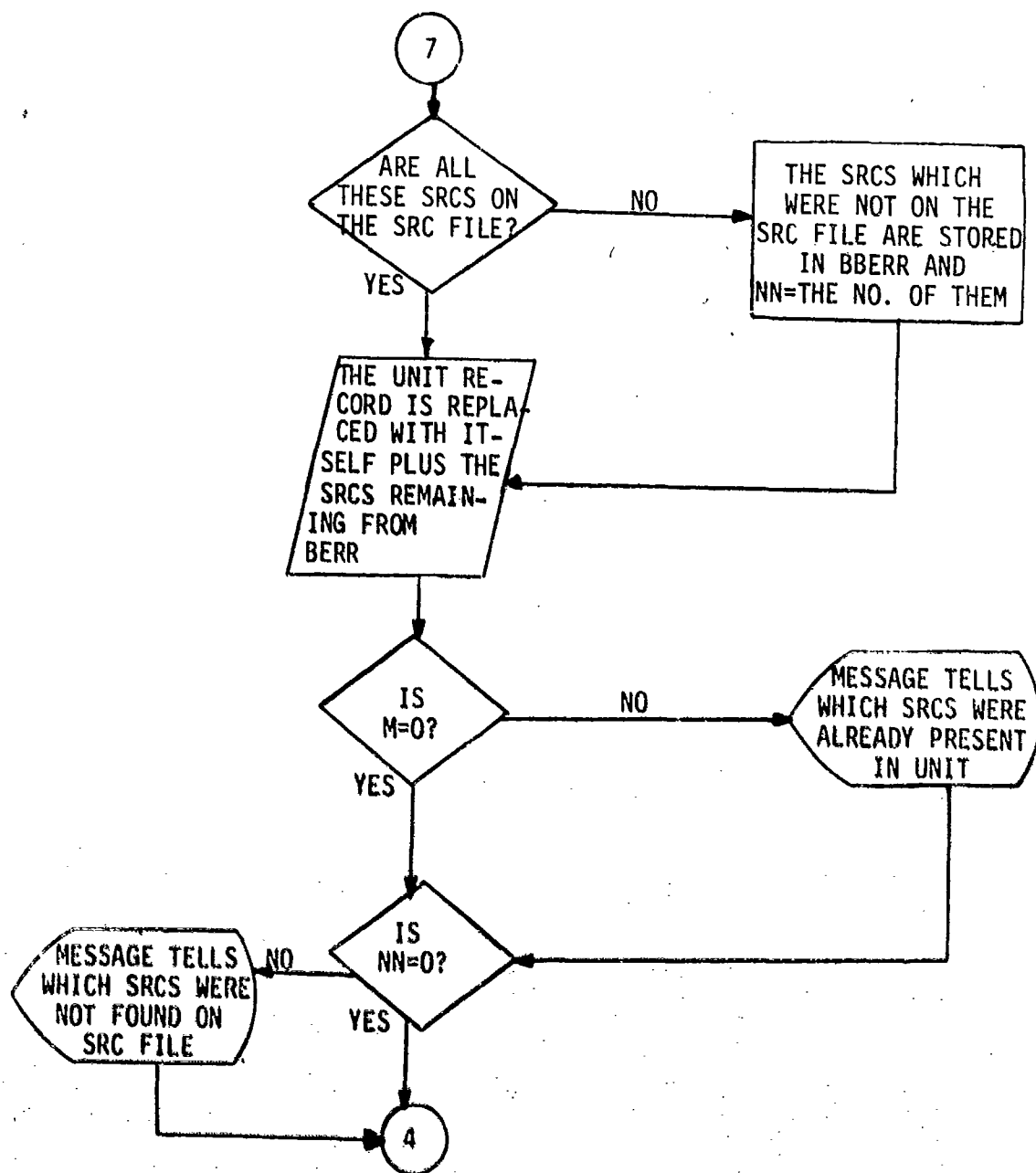


Figure 3. UNIT program logic flow diagram (continued).

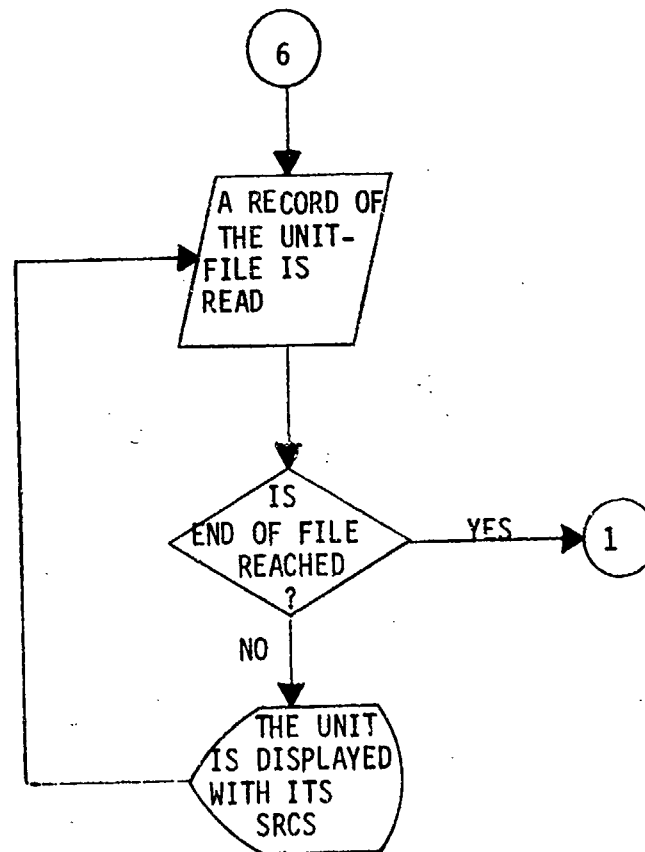


Figure 3. UNIT program logic flow diagram (concluded).

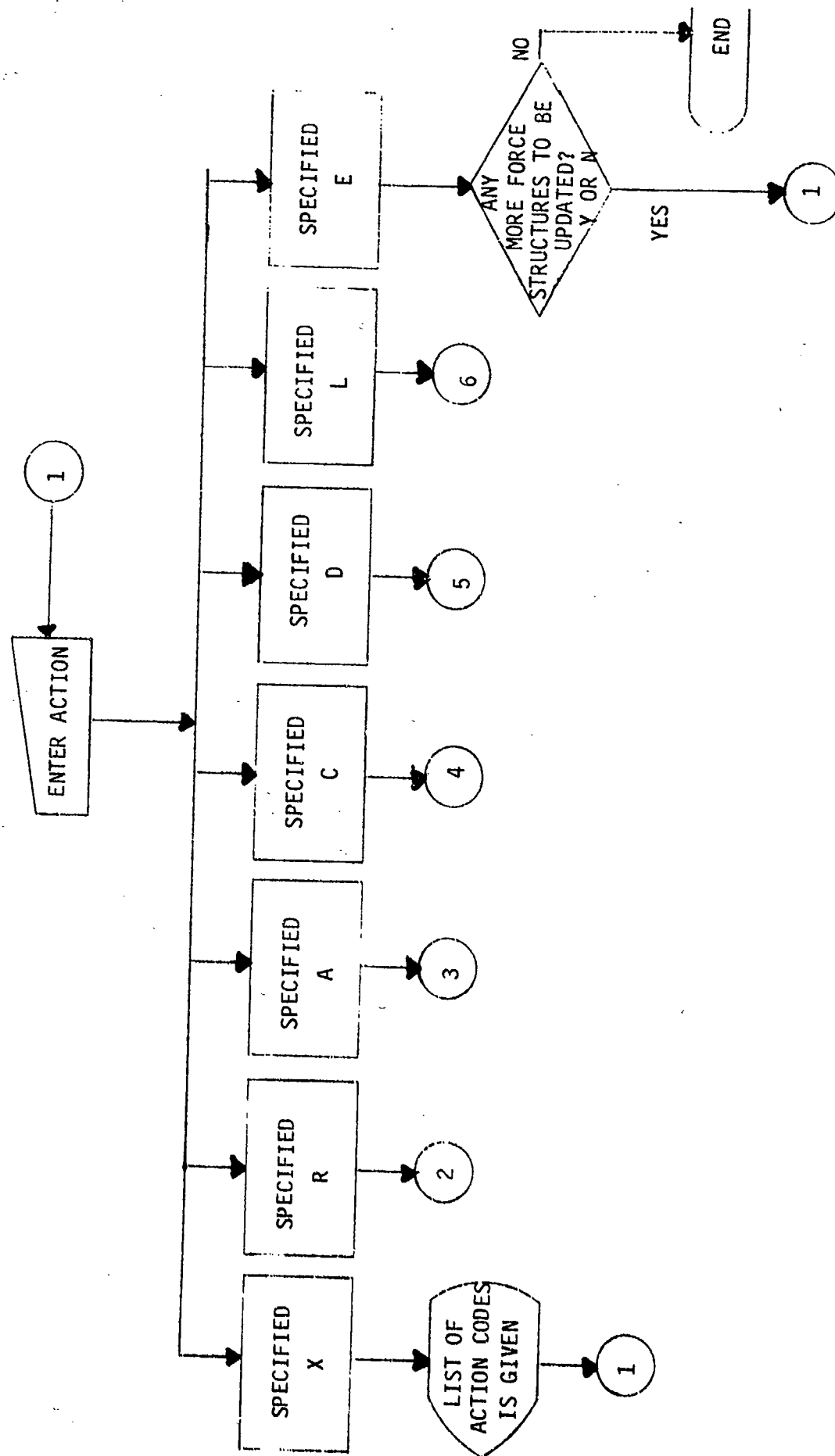


Figure 4. PARENT program logic flow diagram. (Continued next page).

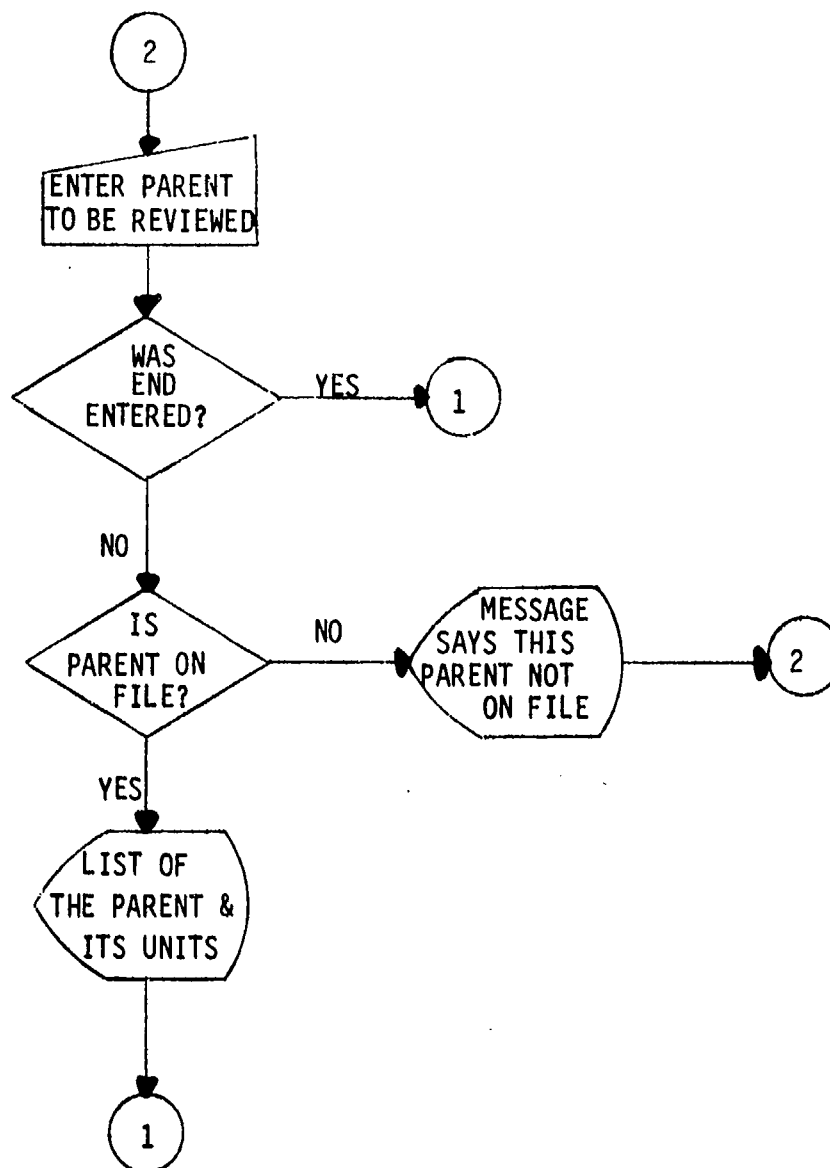


Figure 4. PARENT program logic flow diagram (continued).

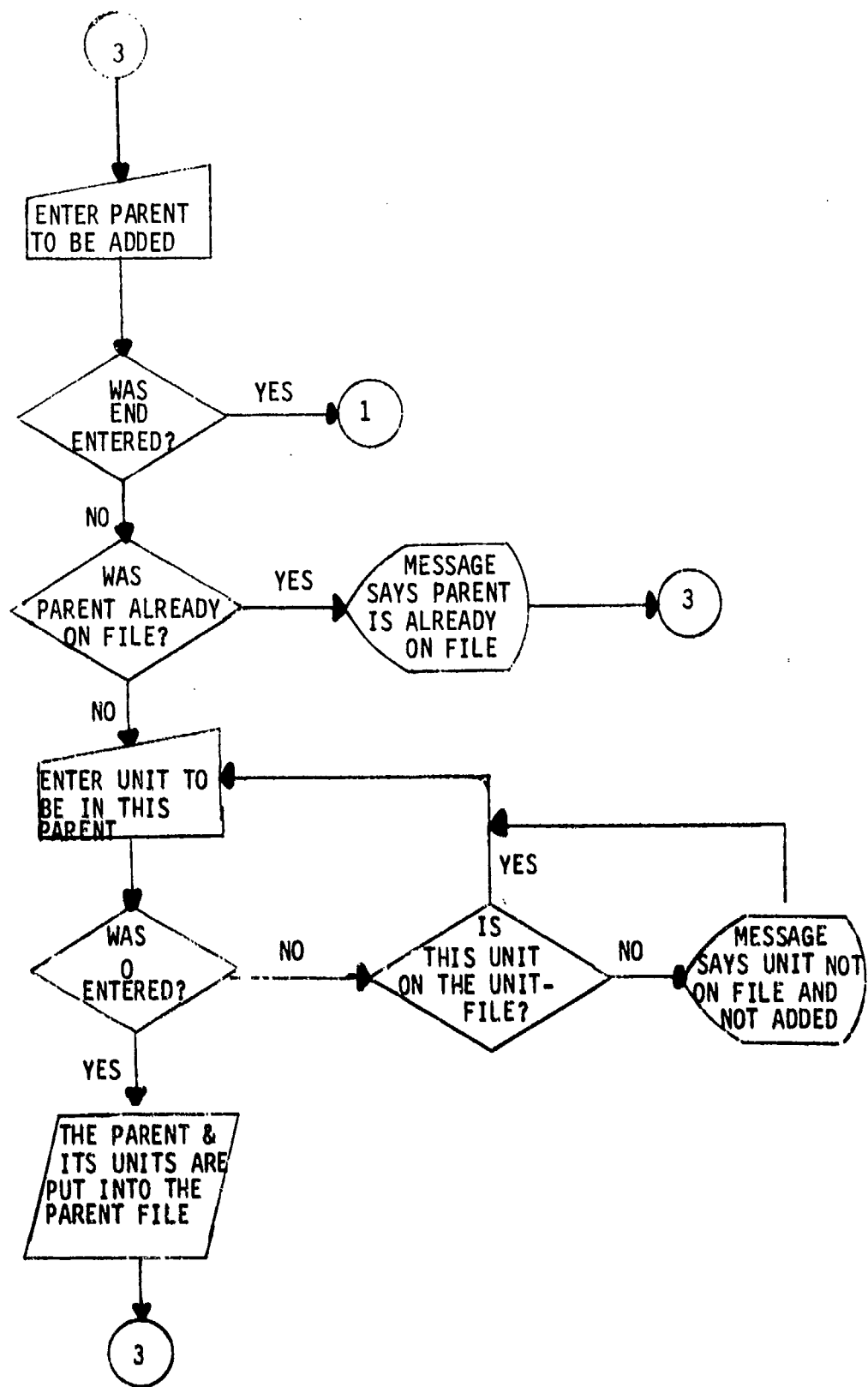


Figure 4. PARENT program logic flow diagram (continued).

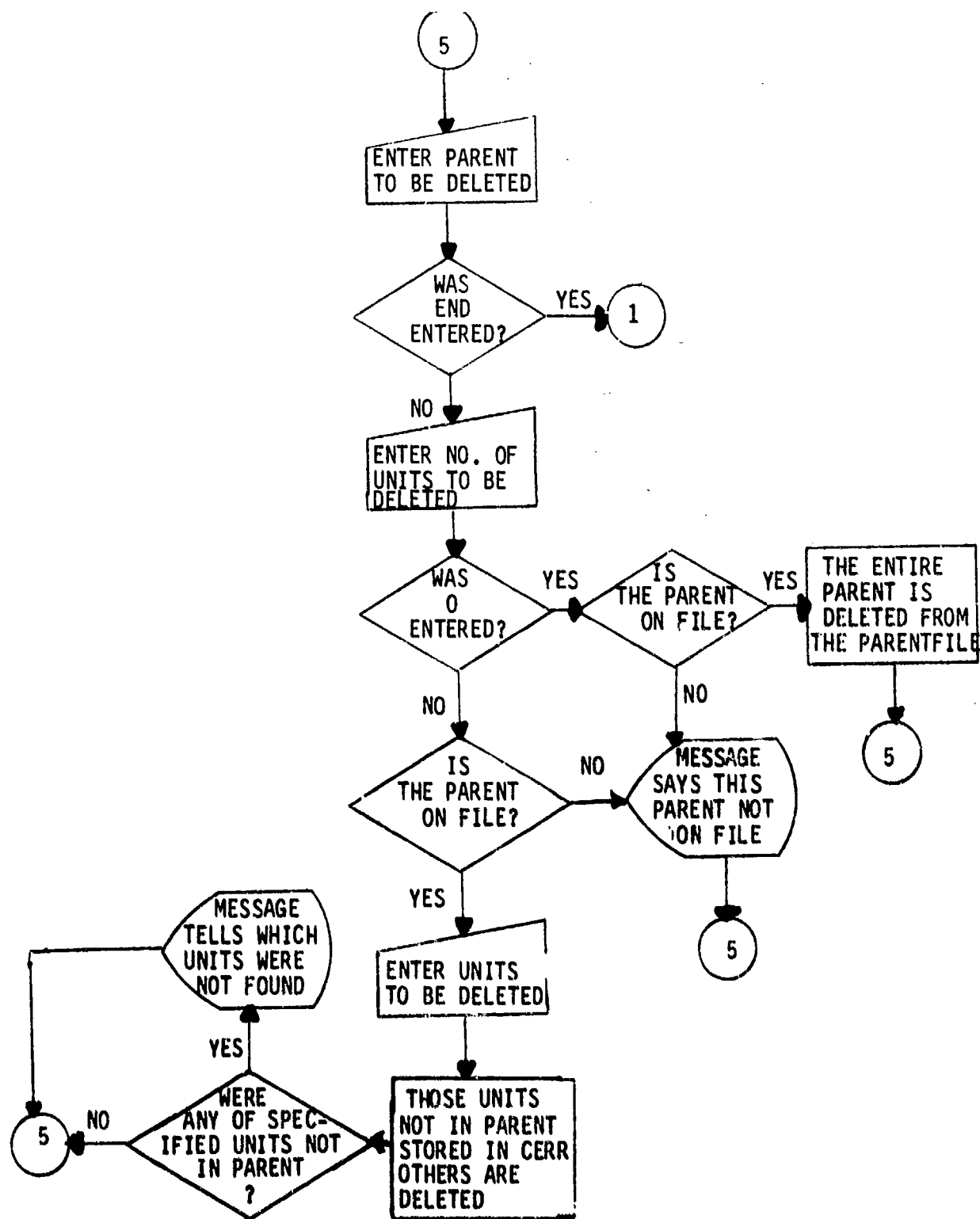


Figure 4. PARENT program logic flow diagram (continued).

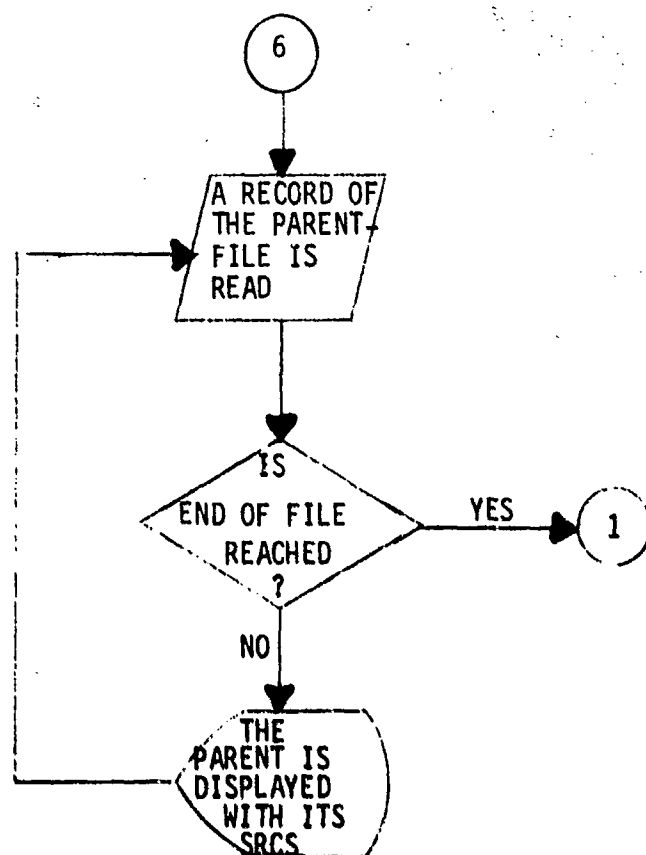


Figure 4. PARENT program logic flow diagram (continued).

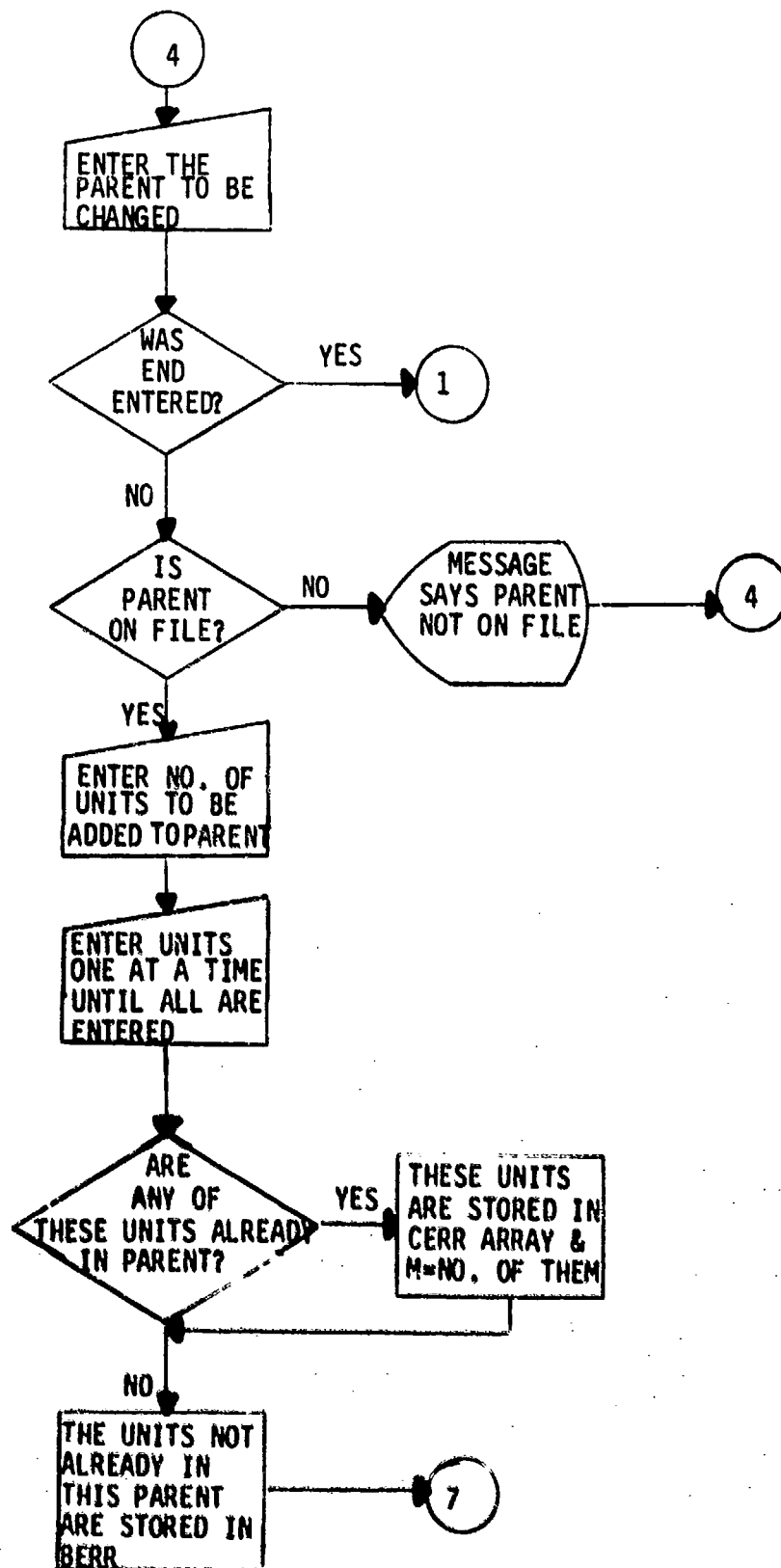


Figure 4. PARENT program logic flow diagram (continued).

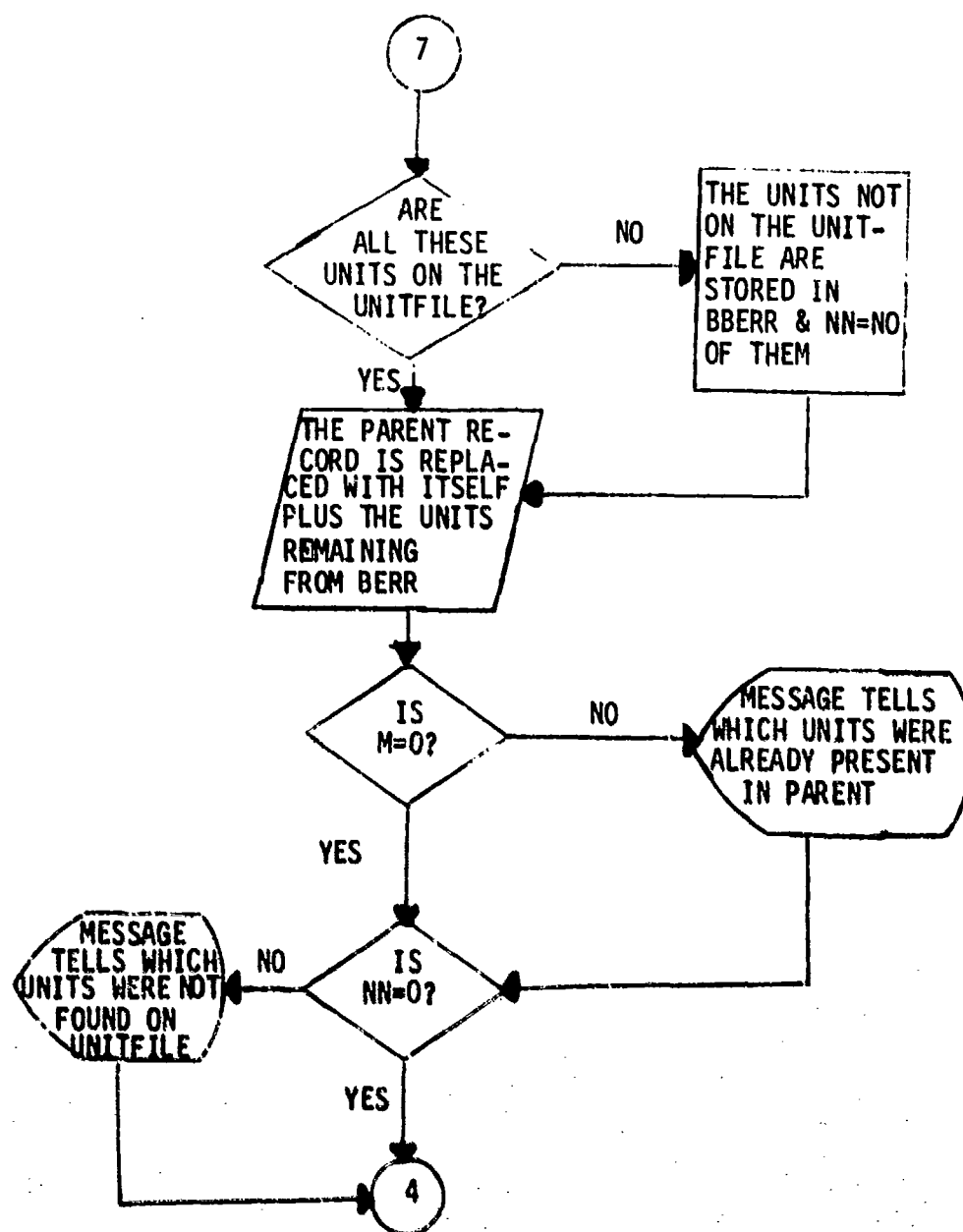


Figure 4. PARENT program logic flow diagram (concluded).

100 percent strength and it was specified to be at 50 percent unit effectiveness, only eight tanks would be loaded into the unit. A logic flow diagram of the FORCE program is contained in figure 5. A listing of the program code and a list of the program variables is contained in appendix E to this volume.

4. JIFFY GAME.

a. General. The Jiffy Game is a two-sided, interactive war game that operates on the FORCE file, the product of the force structure generation process, and determines the personnel casualties and weapon system losses incurred by the units of the two forces on the FORCE file as a result of the five types of combat it plays: indirect fire, minefields, armor/antiarmor, dismounted infantry, and attack helicopter/air defense. In addition to assessing combat, the Jiffy Game handles other administrative functions associated with the war game, such as combat loss apportionment, maintaining the FORCE file, updating the HISTORY file as required, and outputting the statistics of the battles. The Jiffy Game is written in FORTRAN and has utilized some of the features of CDC Extended FORTRAN. The program has been overlayed to fit into 100k words of core on the CDC 6500 for interactive processing. The CPU processing time under the scope 4.2 operating system varies with the size of the forces being gamed, but typical times vary between 10 and 60 CPU seconds per sector of combat gamed.

b. Program Descriptions. A functional flow diagram of the Jiffy Game is presented in figure 6. The following paragraphs describe each overlay and subroutine of the Jiffy Game, discuss the functions performed by the routines, and present their logic flow diagrams, FORTRAN source code listings, and lists of program variables.

(1) OVERLAY 0. The zero level overlay (OVLY0) contains the main program of the Jiffy Game (SUPER) and a few small subroutines, which are accessed by many of the other overlays. These include INIT, INDEX5, LOSS, and DISPLAY. The source code FORTRAN listings and lists of the program variables of the routines in OVLY0 are contained in appendix F to this volume.

(a) SUPER. The primary function of the main program is to serve as a control point from which a gamer can branch to the other overlays. During execution the gamer resides at a control point known as the DECISION POINT. At this point, the gamer has a choice of the nine decisions presented in table 1. Each gamer decision causes SUPER to branch according to the flow diagram of figure 7 and return to the DECISION POINT (block 6), except decision 9. In addition, SUPER performs the following functions:

1. calls INIT for data and array initialization (block 1),
2. displays the game instructions, if requested (blocks 3 and 4),

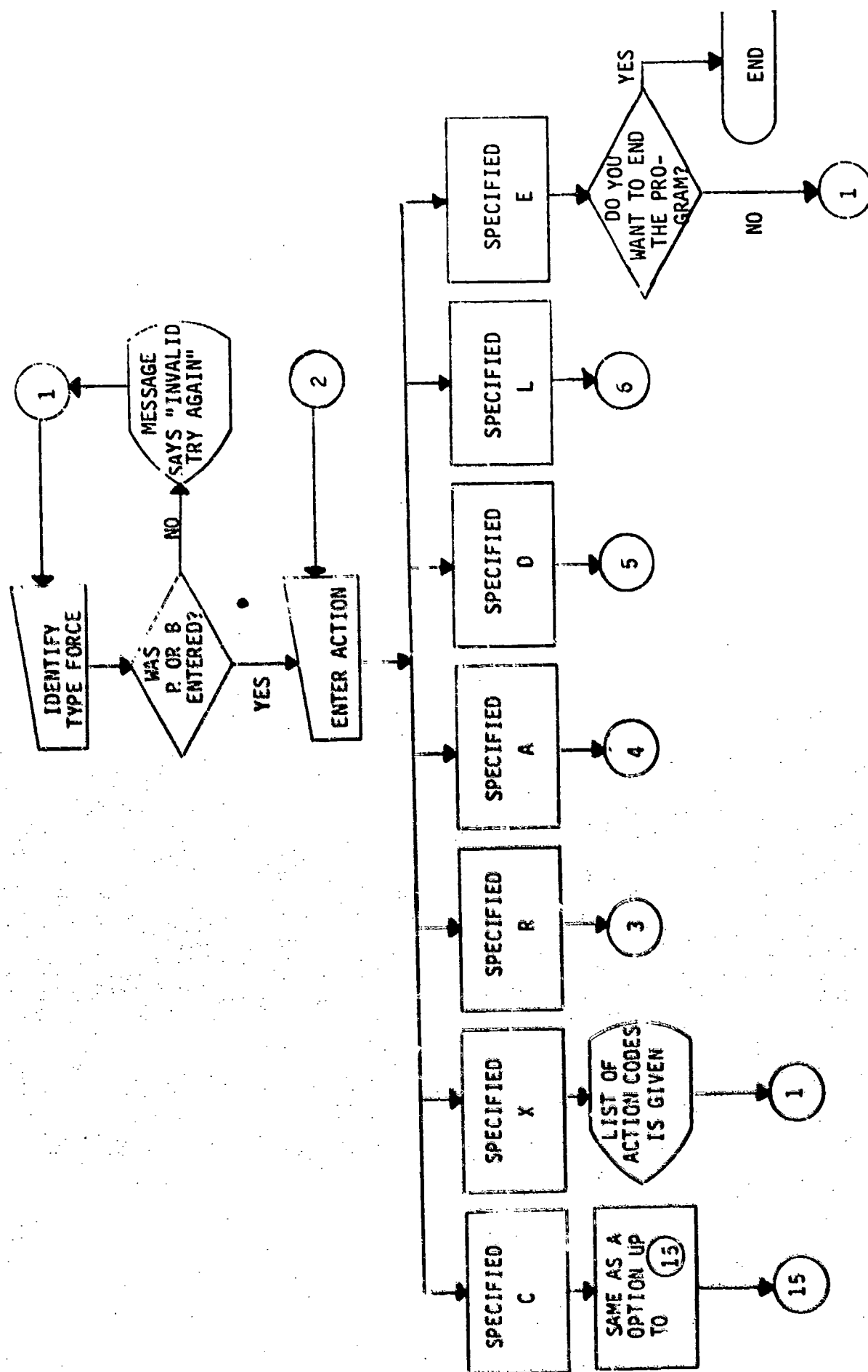


Figure 5. FORCE program logic flow diagram. (Continued next page)

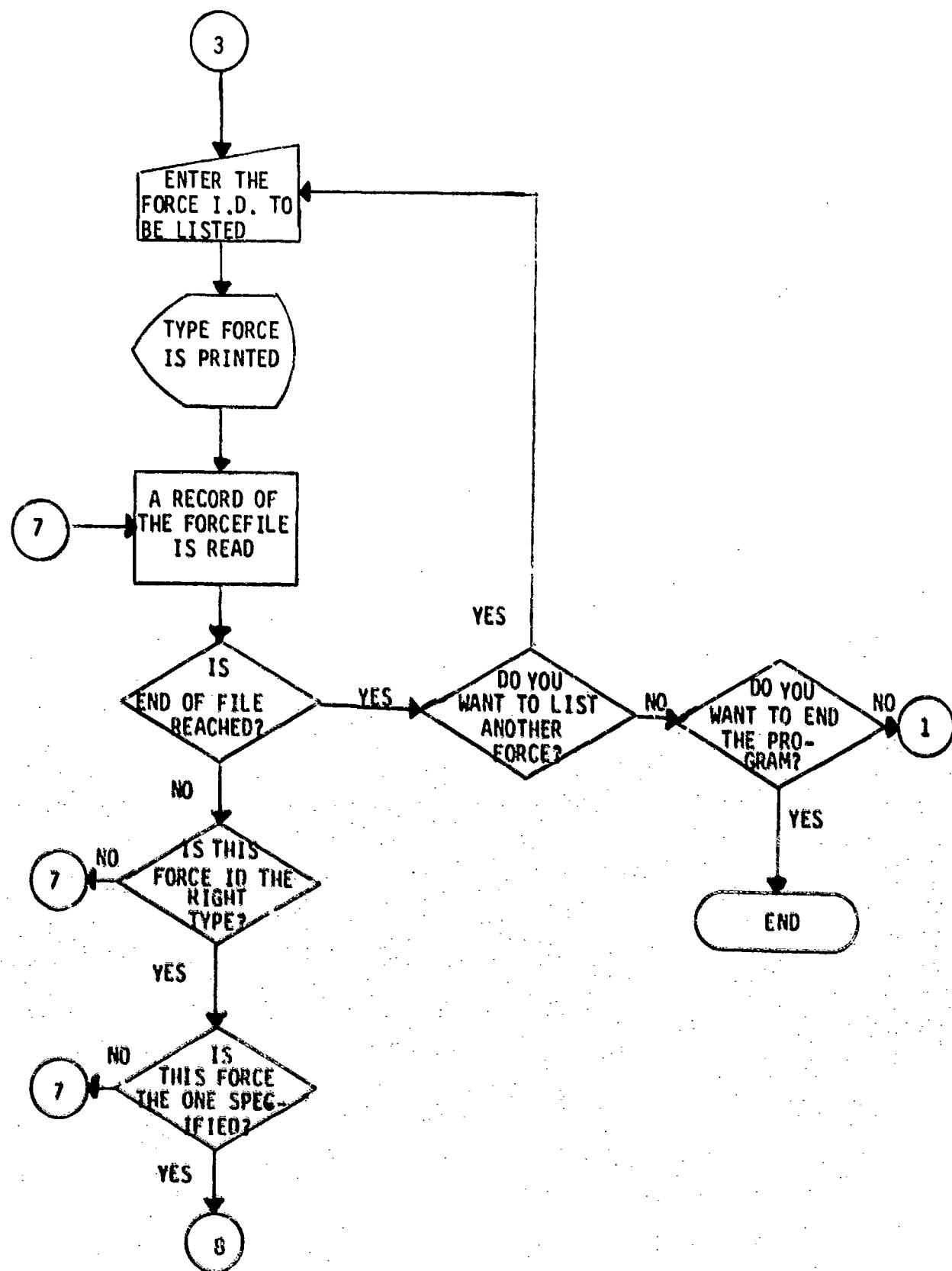


Figure 5. FORCE program logic flow diagram (Continued).

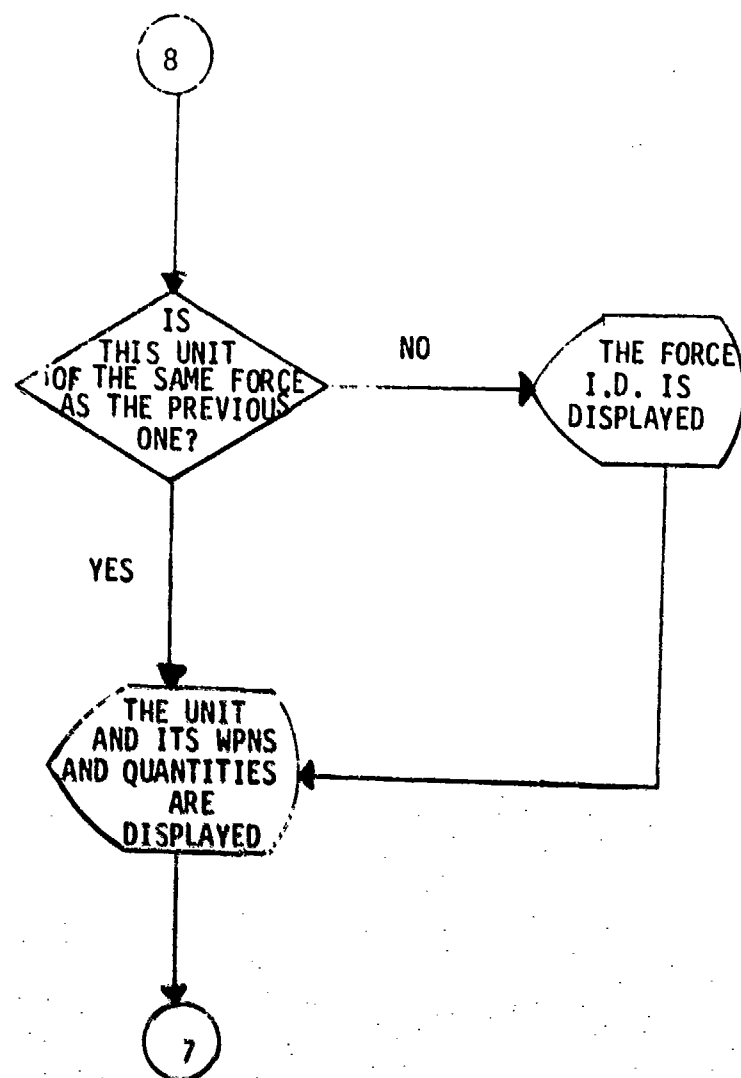


Figure 5. FORCE program logic flow diagram (continued).

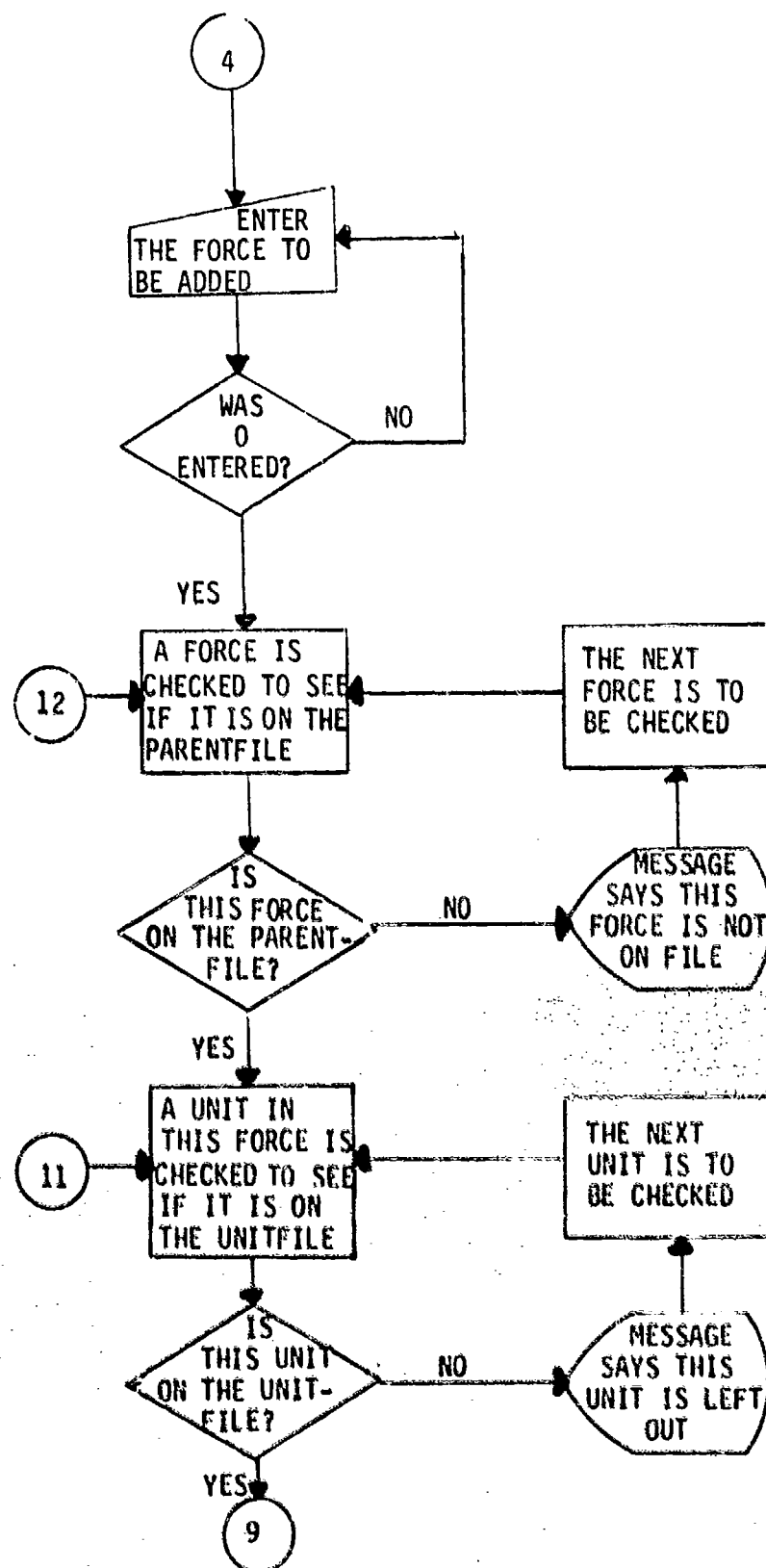


Figure 5. FORCE program logic flow diagram (continued).

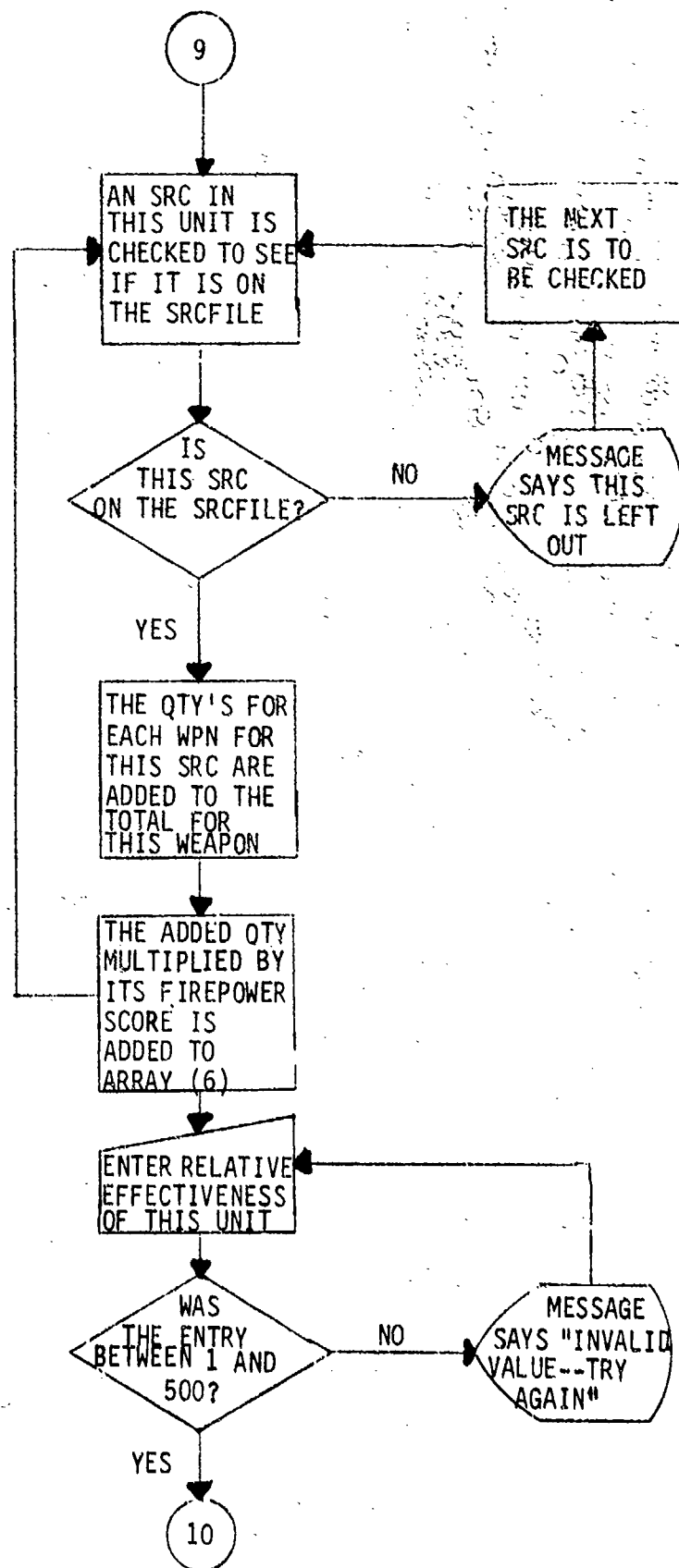


Figure 5. FORCE program logic flow diagram (continued).

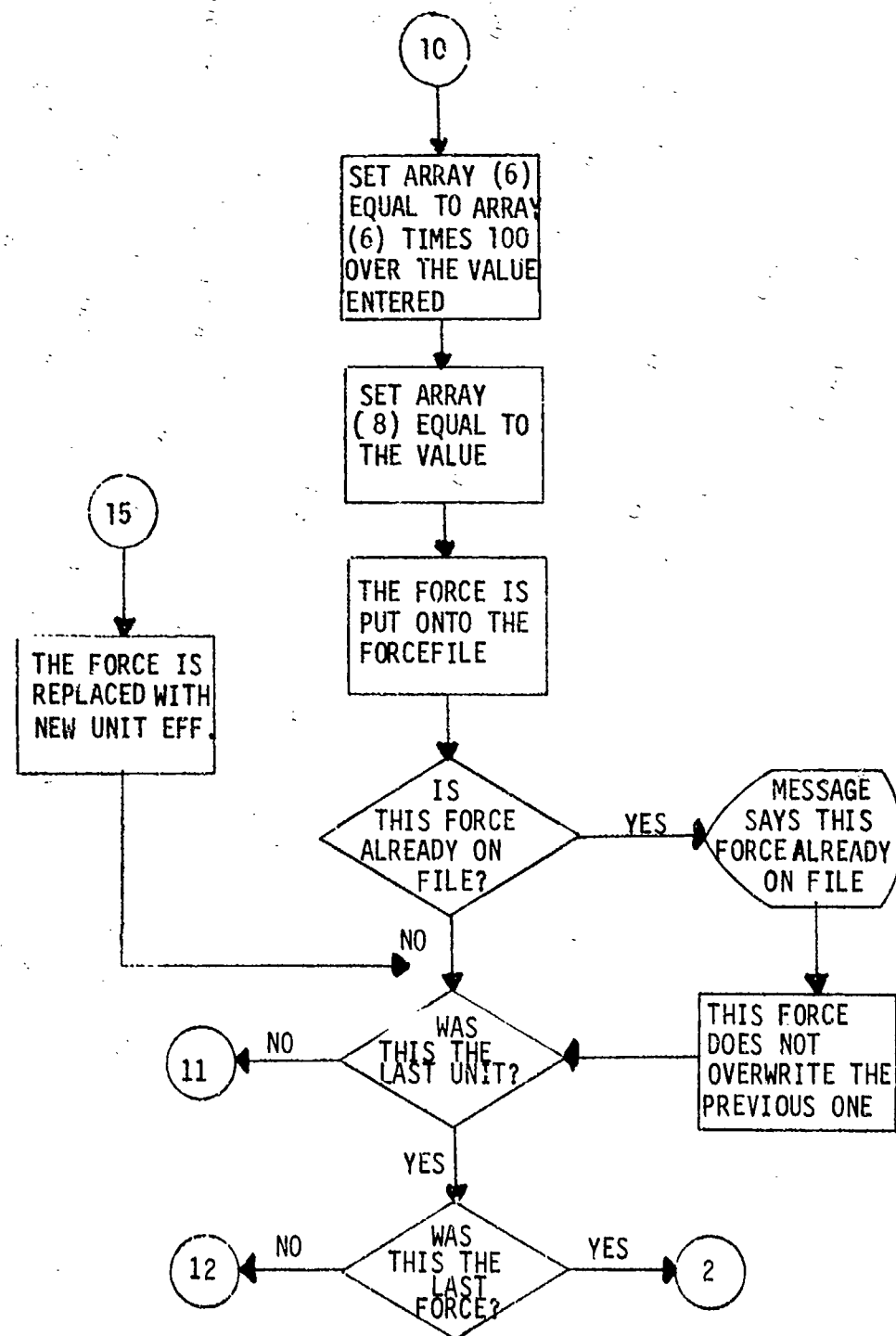


Figure 5. FORCE program logic flow diagram (continued).

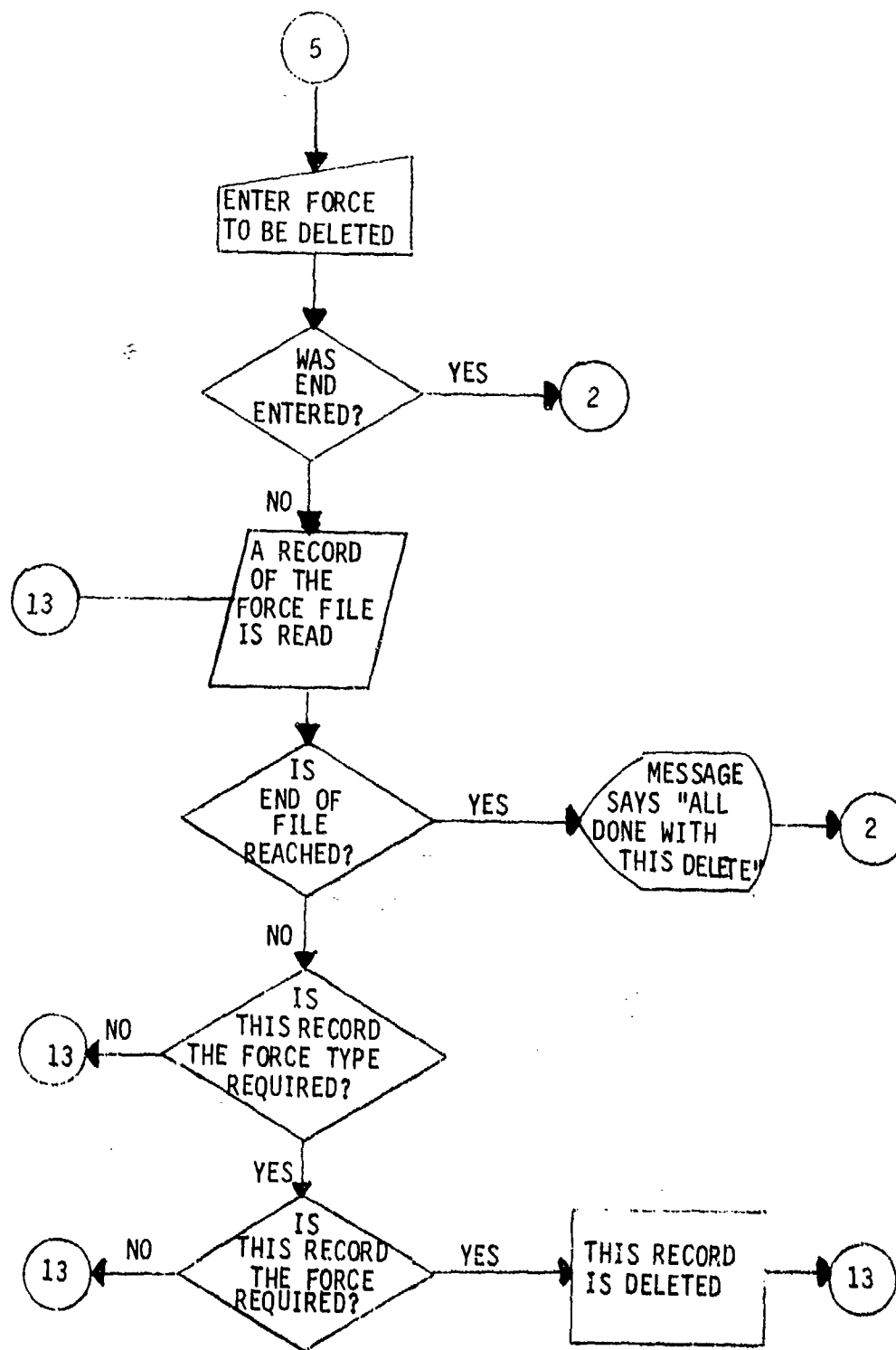


Figure 5. FORCE program logic flow diagram (continued).

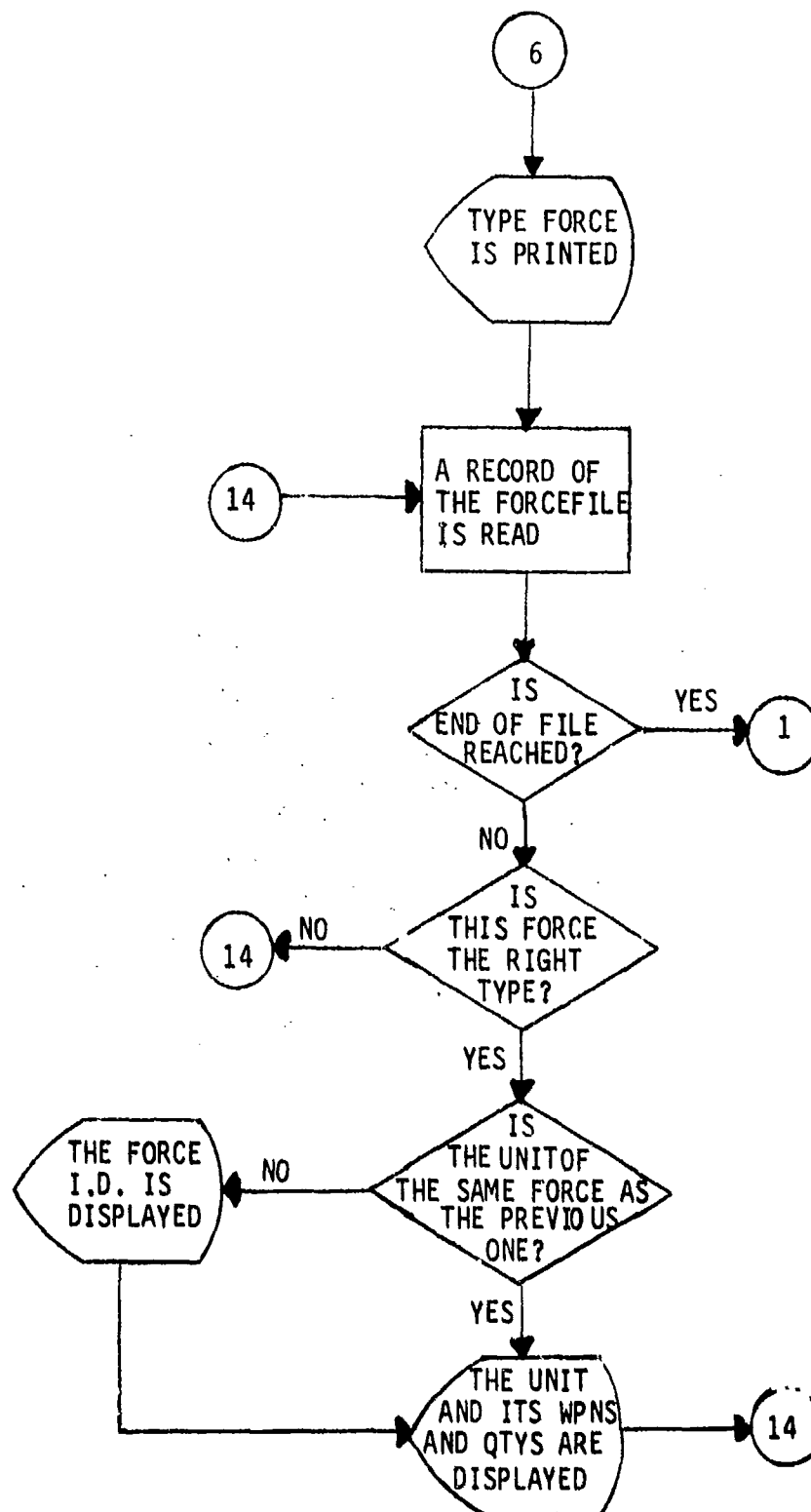


Figure 5. FORCE program logic flow diagram (concluded).

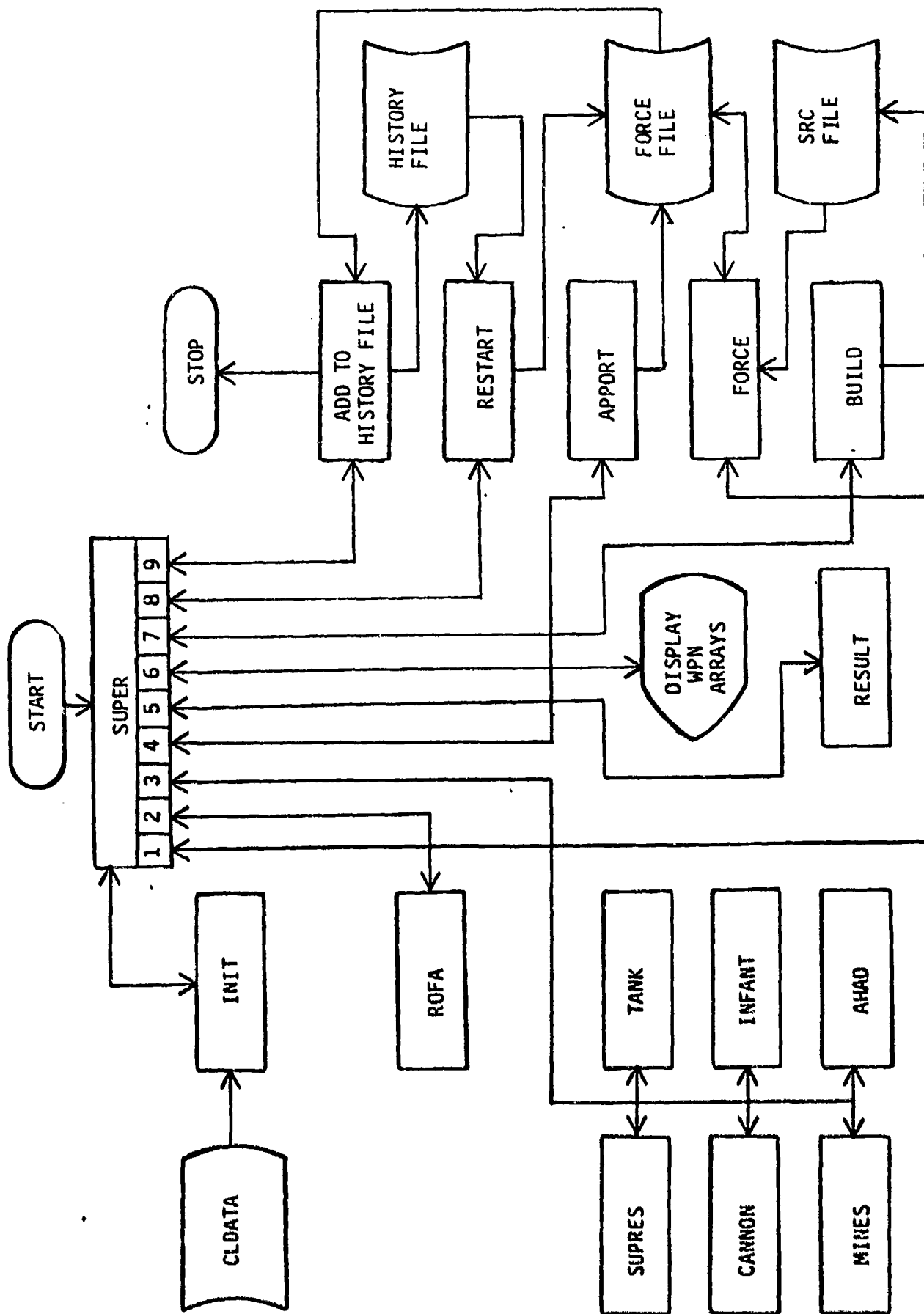


Figure 6. Jiffy game functional flow diagram.

Table 1. Control point gamer decisions.

Number	Description of Decision
1	Load forces into a sector
2	Calculate rate of advance
3	Assess combat
4	Apportion combat losses to units
5	Output battle statistics
6	Display weapon arrays
7	Add SRCs to TOE file
8	Restart at a previously gamed CI
9	Update history file - end game

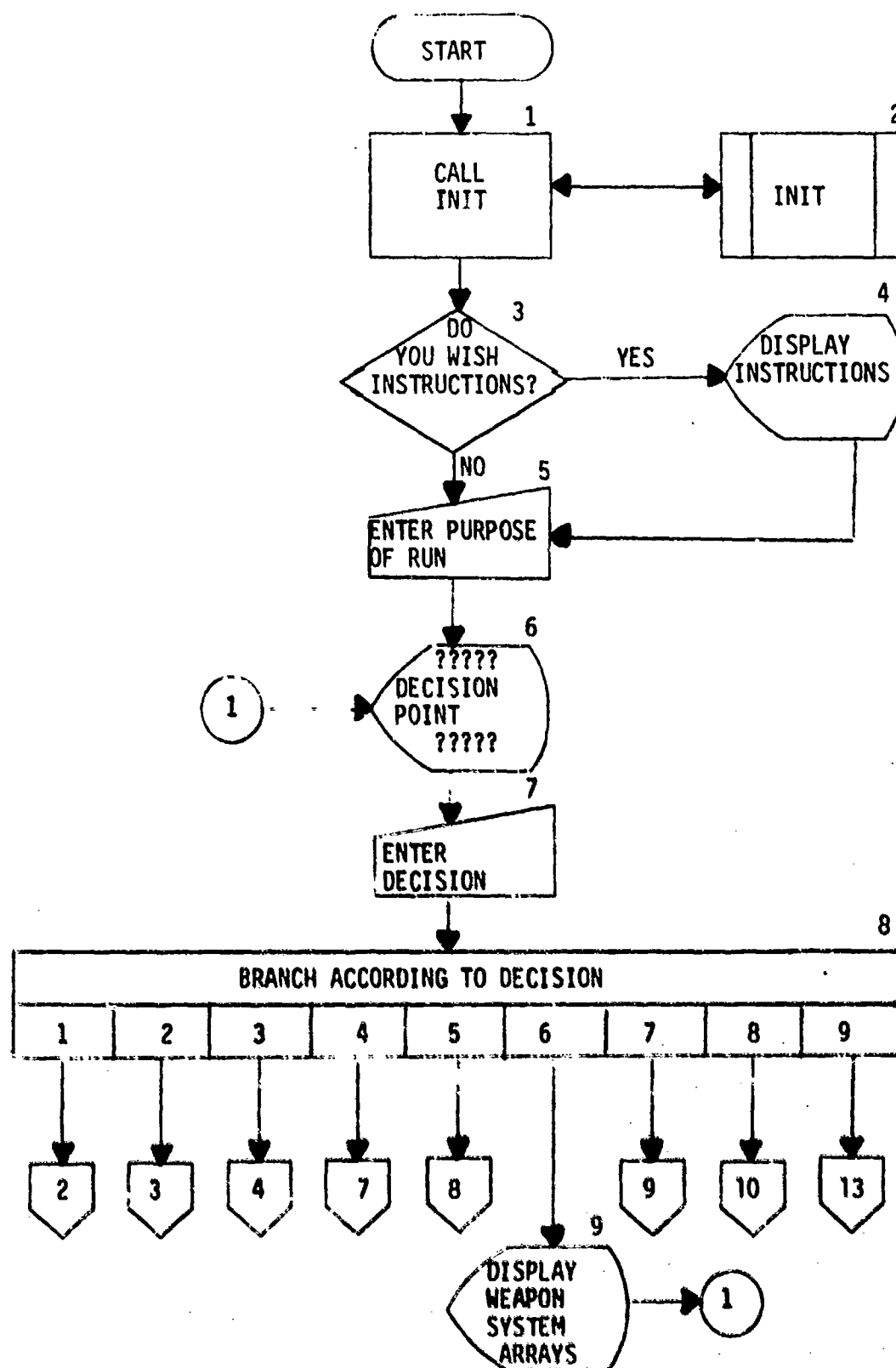


Figure 7. SUPER flow diagram.
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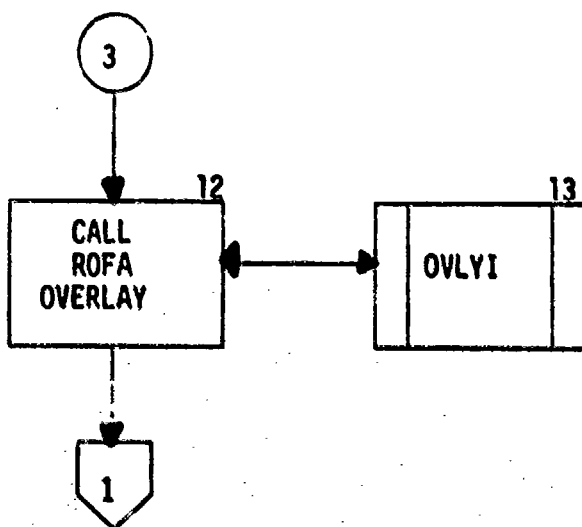
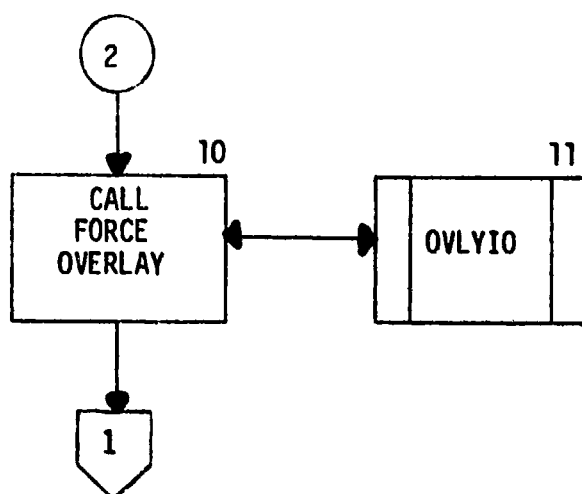


Figure 7. SUPER flow diagram (continued).

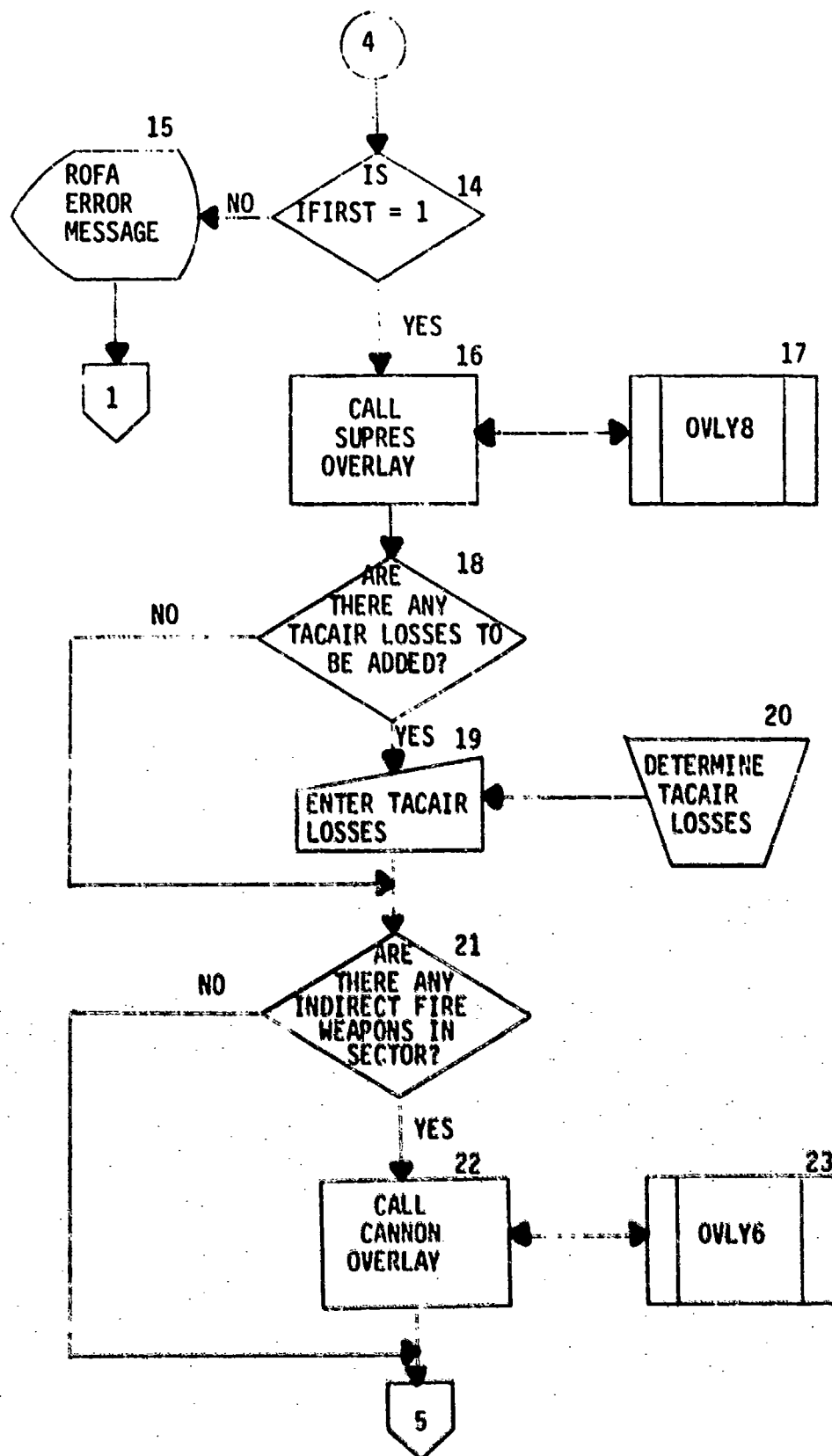


Figure 7. SUPER flow diagram (continued).

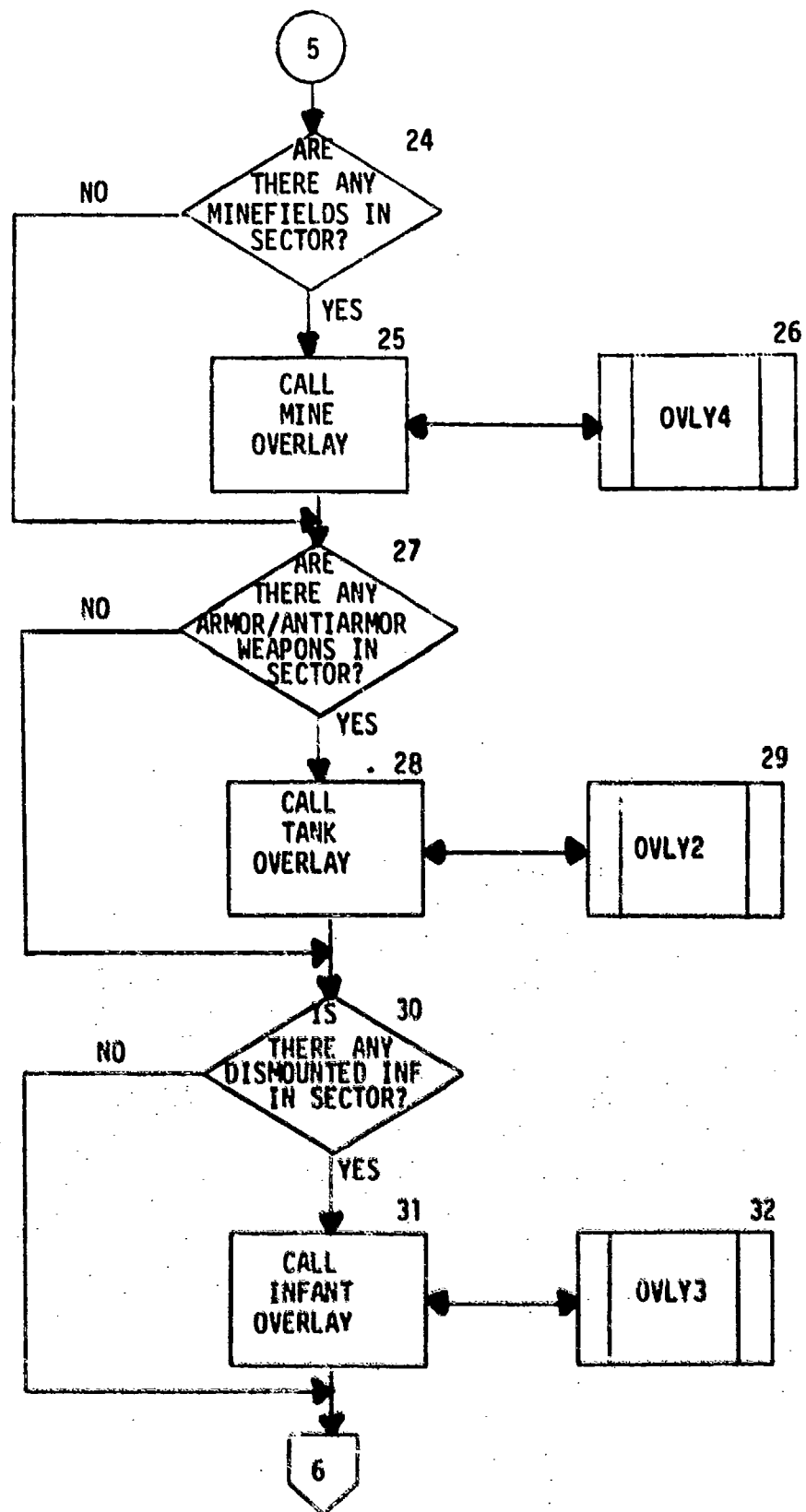


Figure 7. SUPER flow diagram (continued).

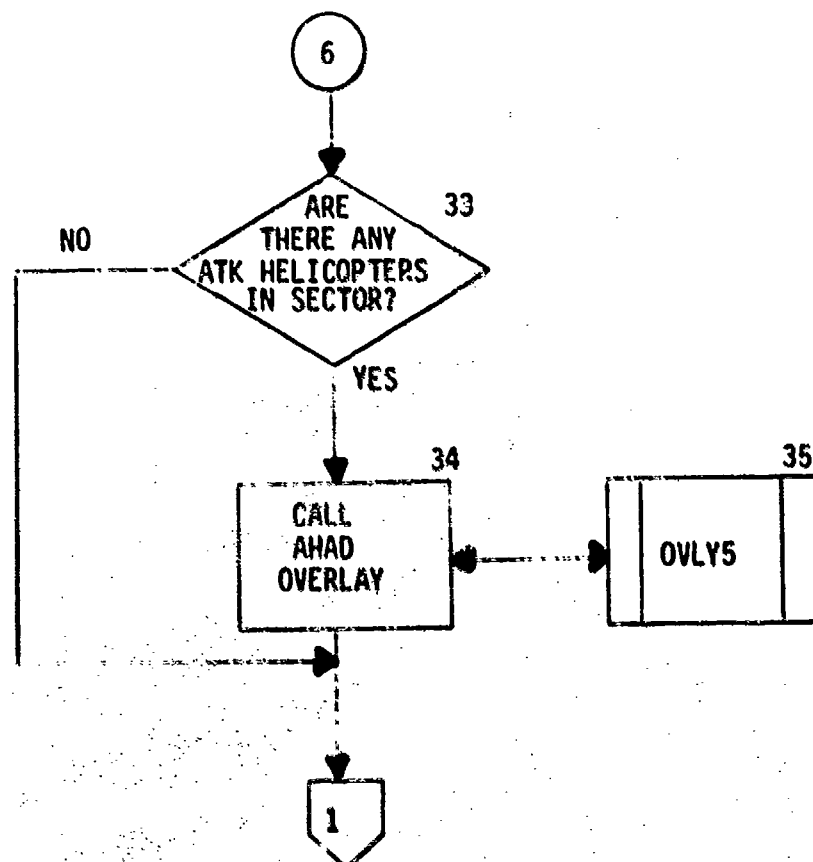


Figure 7. SUPER flow diagram (continued).

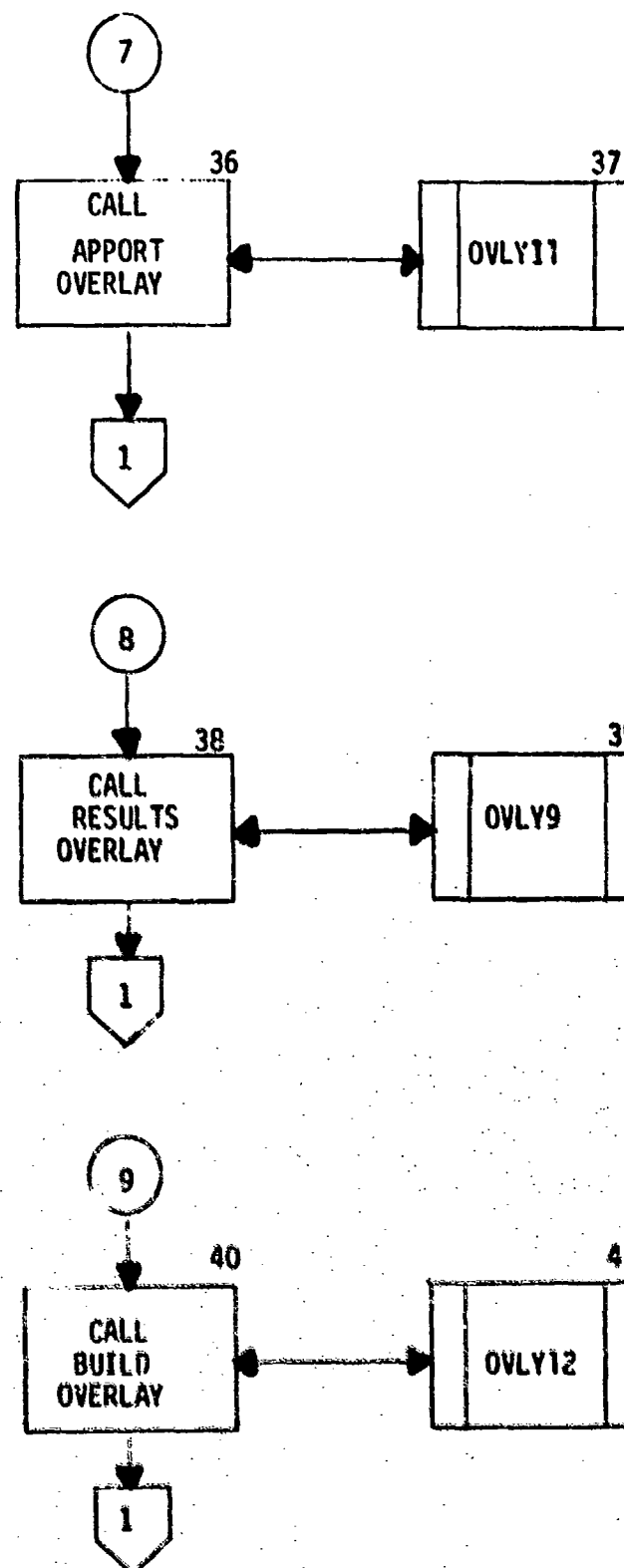


Figure 7. SUPER flow diagram (continued).

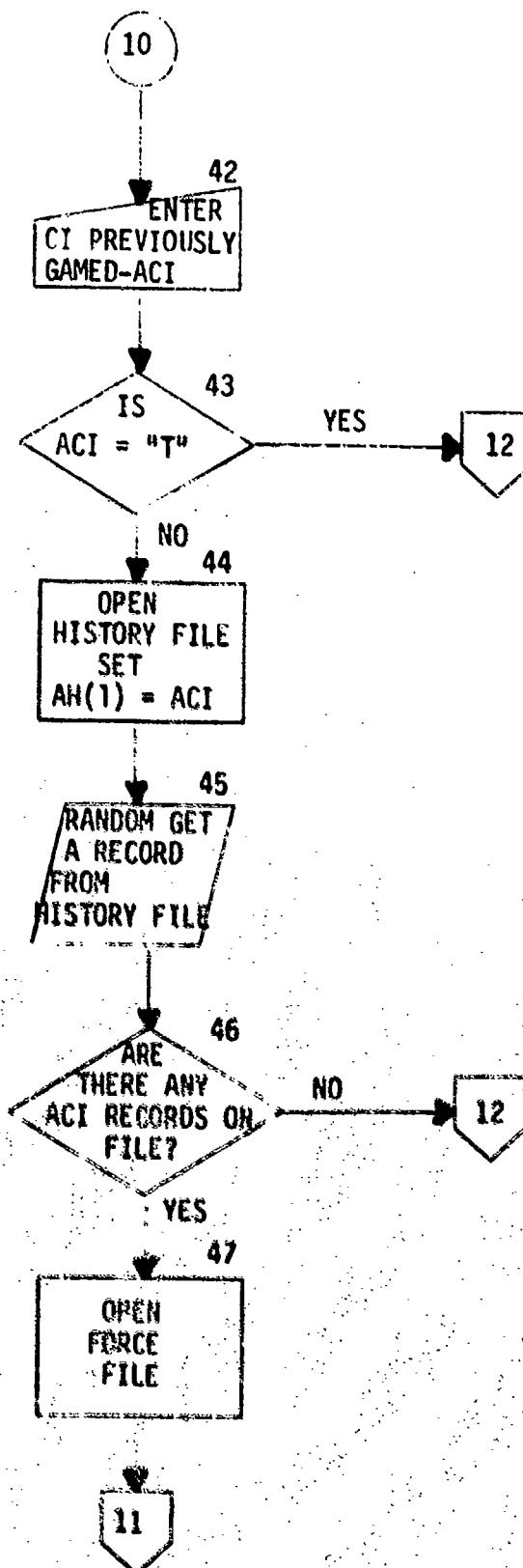


Figure 7. SUPER flow diagram (continued).

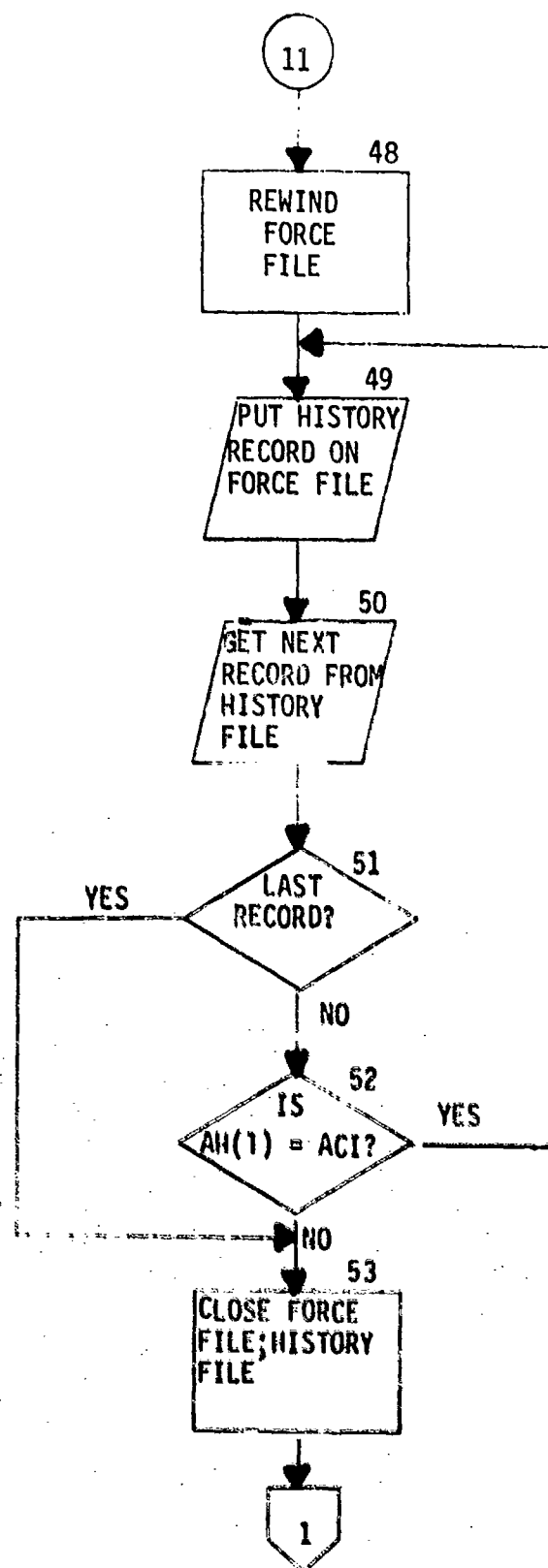


Figure 7. SUPER flow diagram (continued).

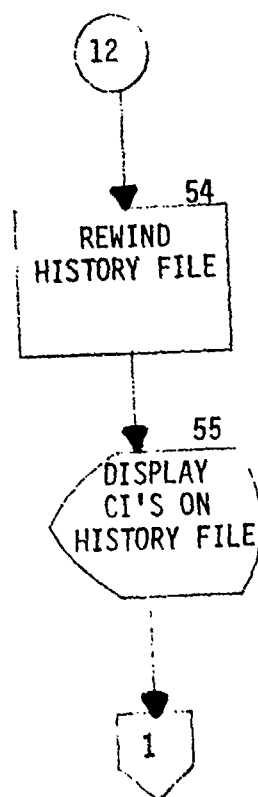


Figure 7. SUPER flow diagram (continued).

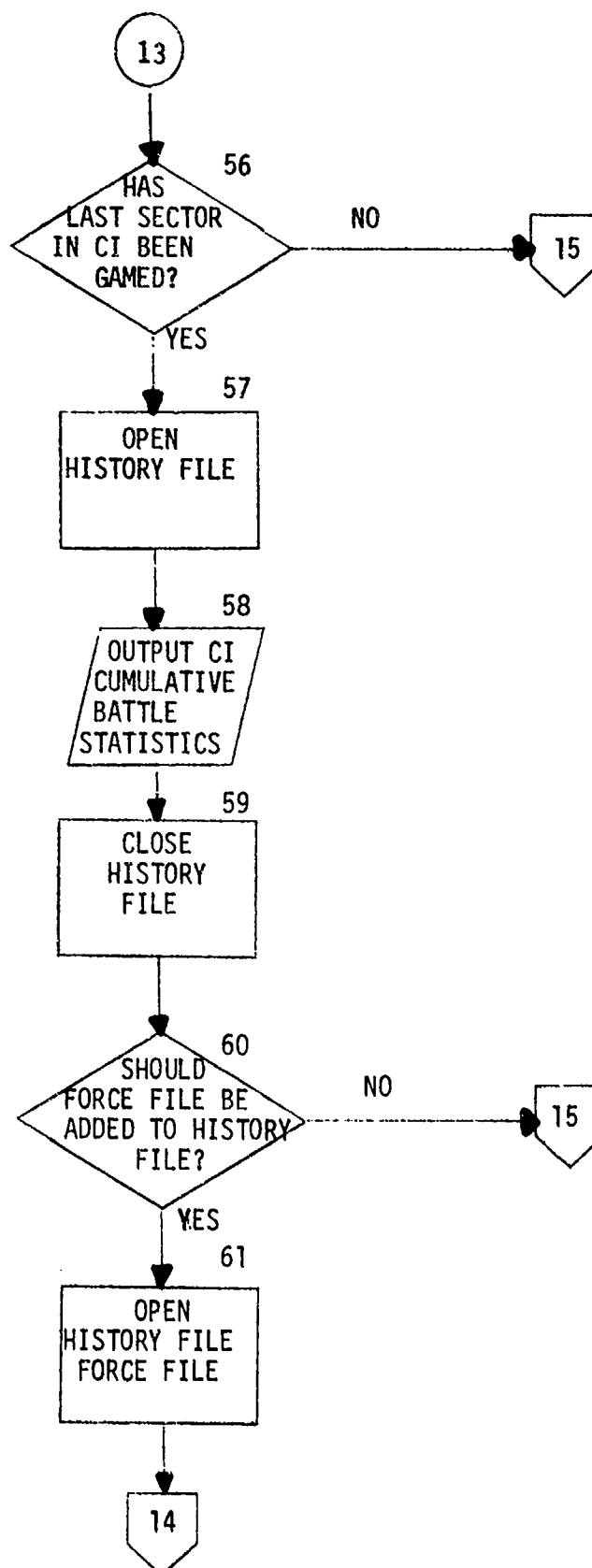


Figure 7. SUPER flow diagram (continued).

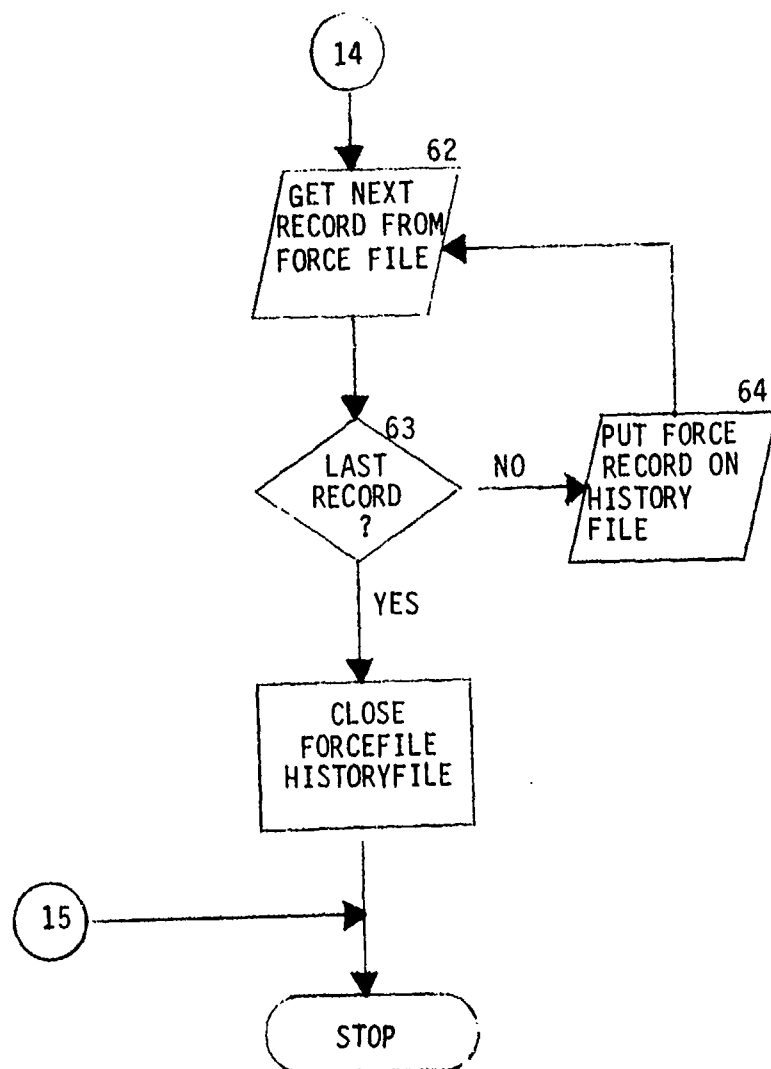


Figure 7. SUPER flow diagram (concluded).

3. inspects the types of weapon systems being played and determines the appropriate combat overlays to which to branch (blocks 14-35),

4. accepts input of TACAIR losses, which are determined external to the Jiffy Game (blocks 18-20),

5. records the forces remaining at the end of a critical incident on the HISTORY file (blocks 60-64),

6. outputs the cumulative battle statistics at the end of a critical incident (blocks 56-59, and

7. provides the gamers with the capability to reinitialize the forces at some previously gamed critical incident on the HISTORY file (blocks 42-55). The FORTRAN source code for SUPER is provided in figure F-1, and a list of the program variables is given in table F-1.

(b) INIT. The logic flow diagram for INIT is presented in figure 8. This routine initializes the arrays in /DATA/ common. Note that the firepower score array (FPS) is initialized from the classified data array (CLDATA). In addition, INIT zeros the SHOTS array and initializes the word packing array variables (PACK). The source code for INIT is provided in figure F-2. All the program variables used in INIT are common variables, and they are defined in table F-1.

(c) INDEX5. This routine is a subfunction that calculates a one-dimensional subscript from a five-dimensional variable. The flow diagram for INDEX5 is given in figure 9. The FORTRAN source listing is contained in figure F-3. A list of the program variables used in INDEX5 is provided in table F-3.

(d) LOSS. This subroutine is used to subtract weapon systems lost in the combat assessment routines from the weapon system arrays for both forces (ELMT). The LOSS flow diagram is presented in figure 10. If the gamer decides not to subtract the losses from the weapon system array, the losses are removed from the loss array (ALOSS). This allows the gamer to replay the combat, if the original assessment is for the same reason invalid. A list of the LOSS program variables is contained in table F-4, and a FORTRAN source code listing may be found in figure F-4.

(e) DISPLAY. This subroutine is called during gaming to display the status of specified units and parent units. The logic flow diagram for the DISPLAY subroutine is given in figure 11. The gamer has the option to display a particular unit or all units within a specified parent unit. The unit status parameters displayed include the unit effectiveness of the parent and subordinate unit(s) and the quantity and type of weapon systems remaining in each unit. The FORTRAN source code for DISPLAY is presented in figure F-5. A list of the program variables is contained in table F-5.

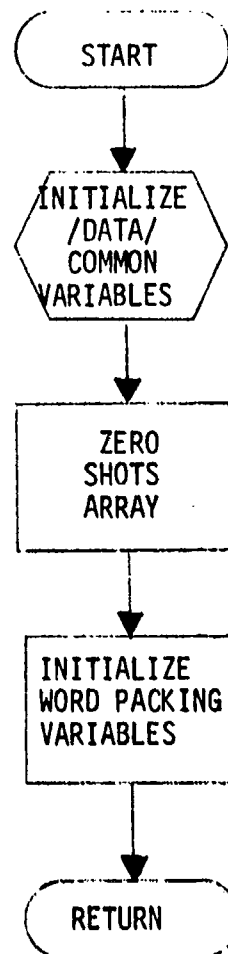


Figure 8. INIT flow diagram.

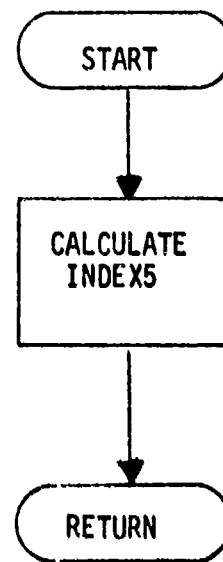


Figure 9. INDEX5 flow diagram.

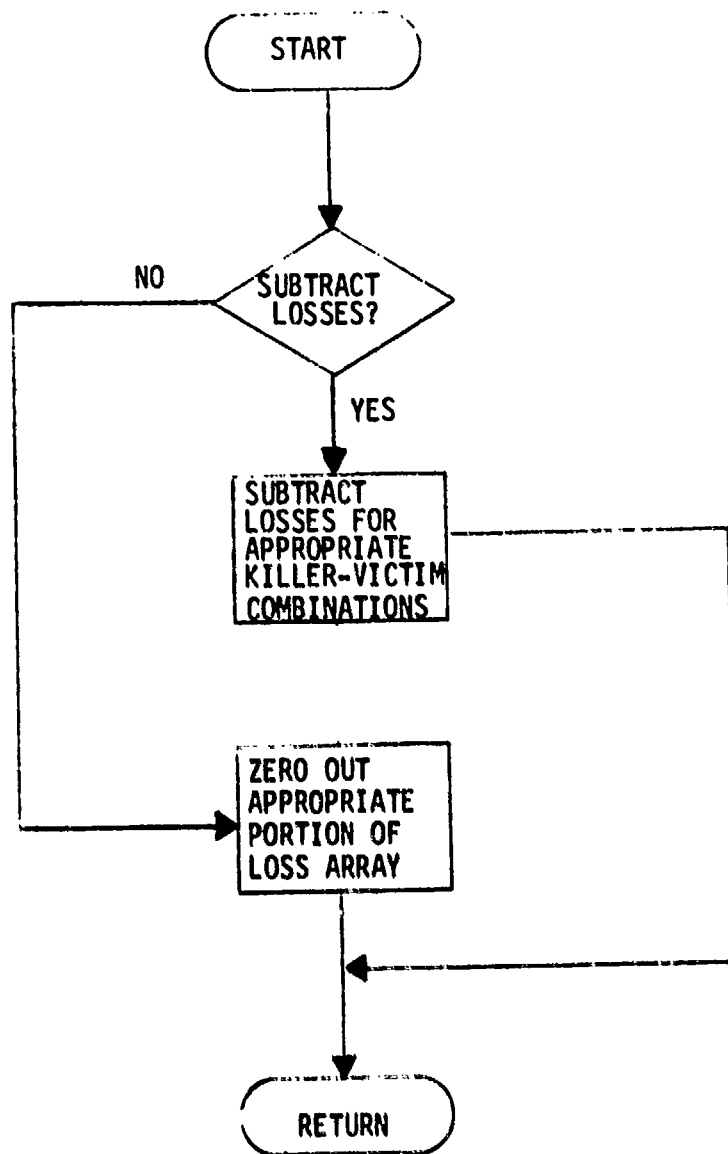


Figure 10. LOSS flow diagram.

(1)

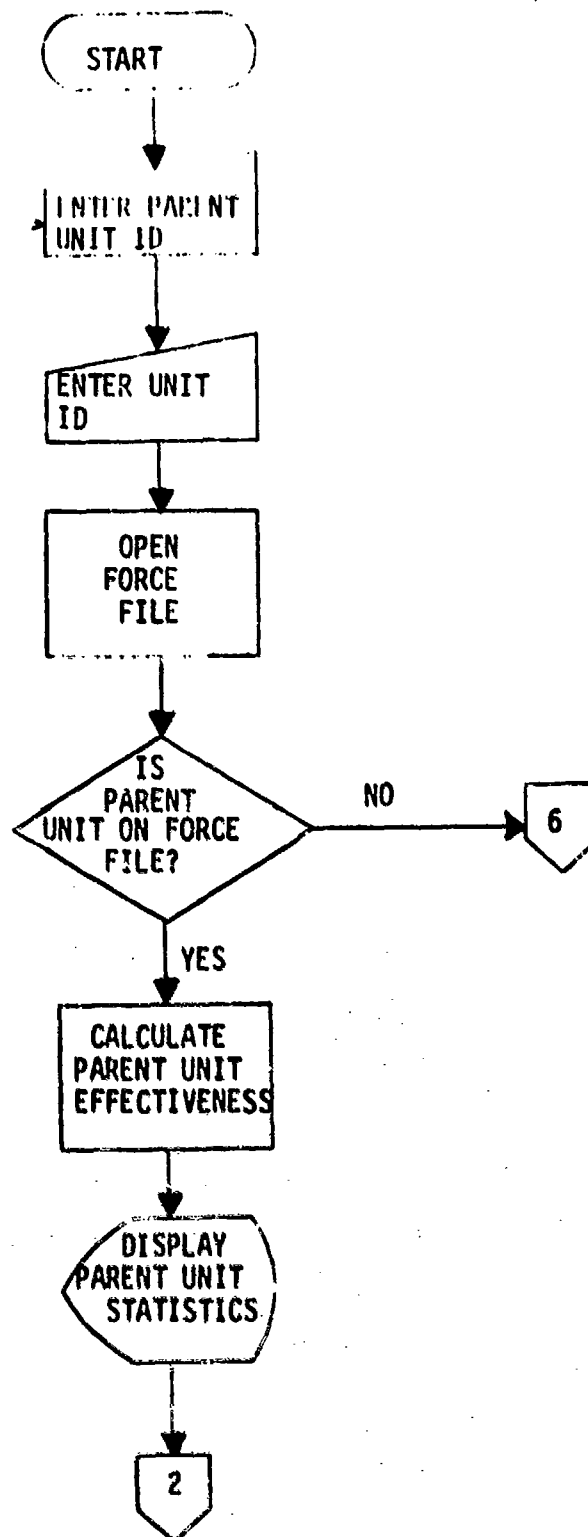


Figure 11. DISPLAY logic diagram.
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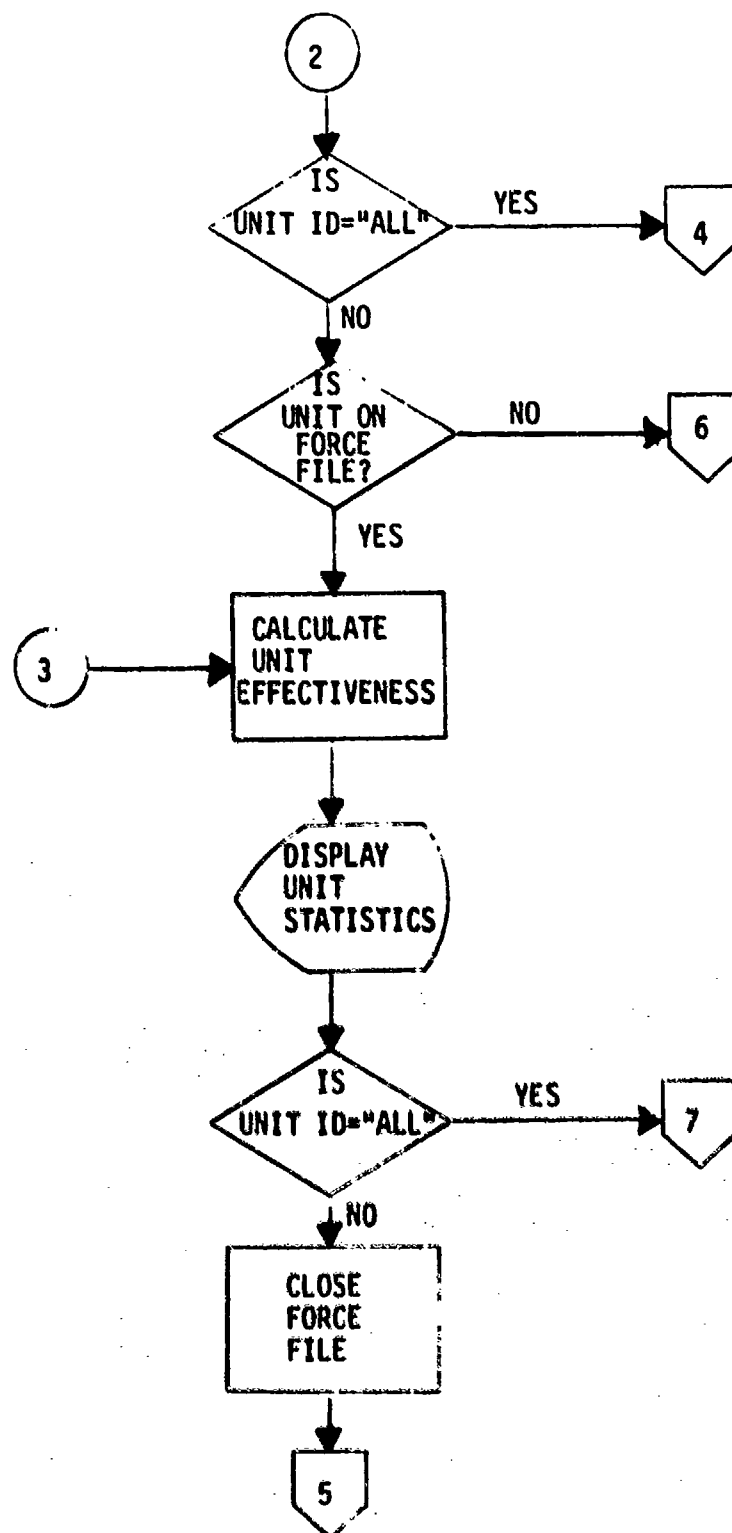


Figure 11. DISPLAY logic diagram (continued).

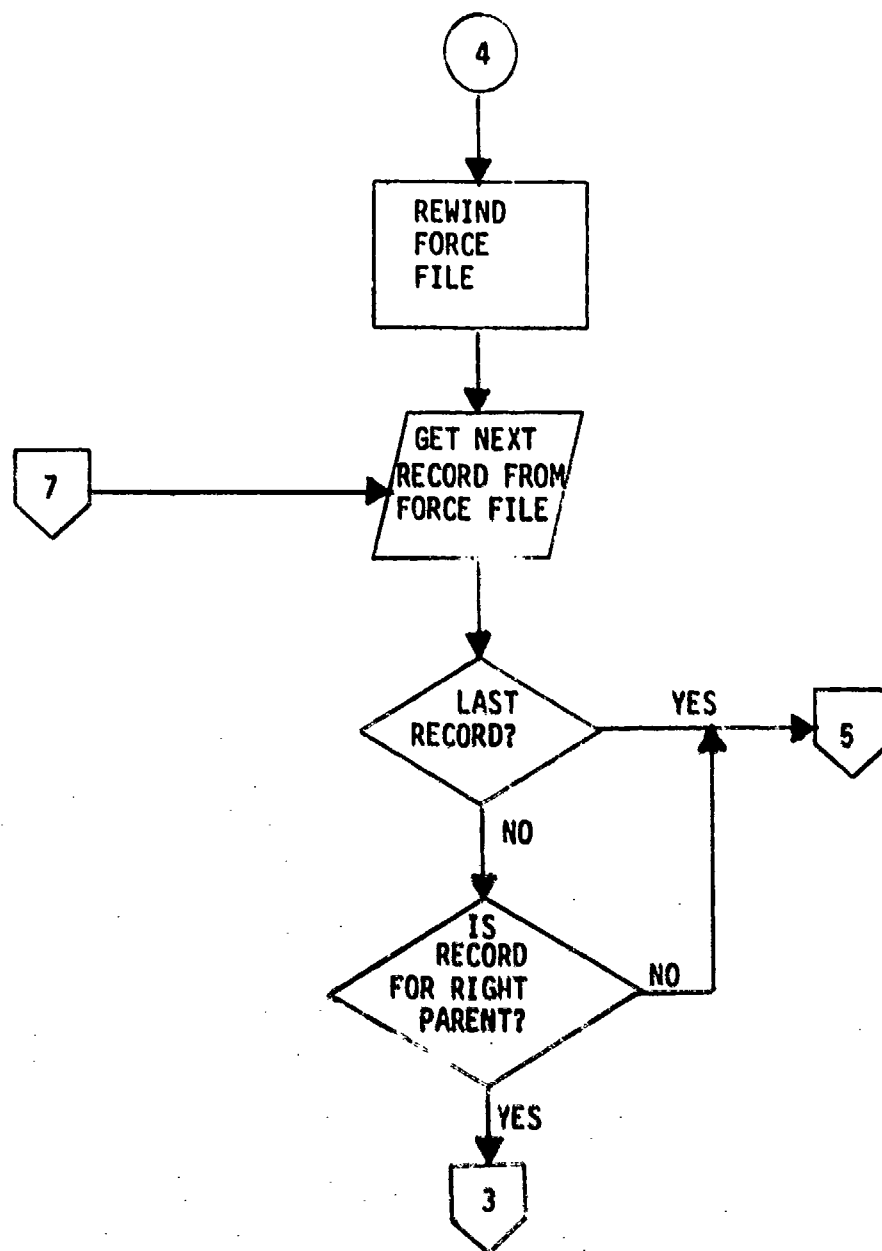


Figure 11. DISPLAY logic diagram (continued).

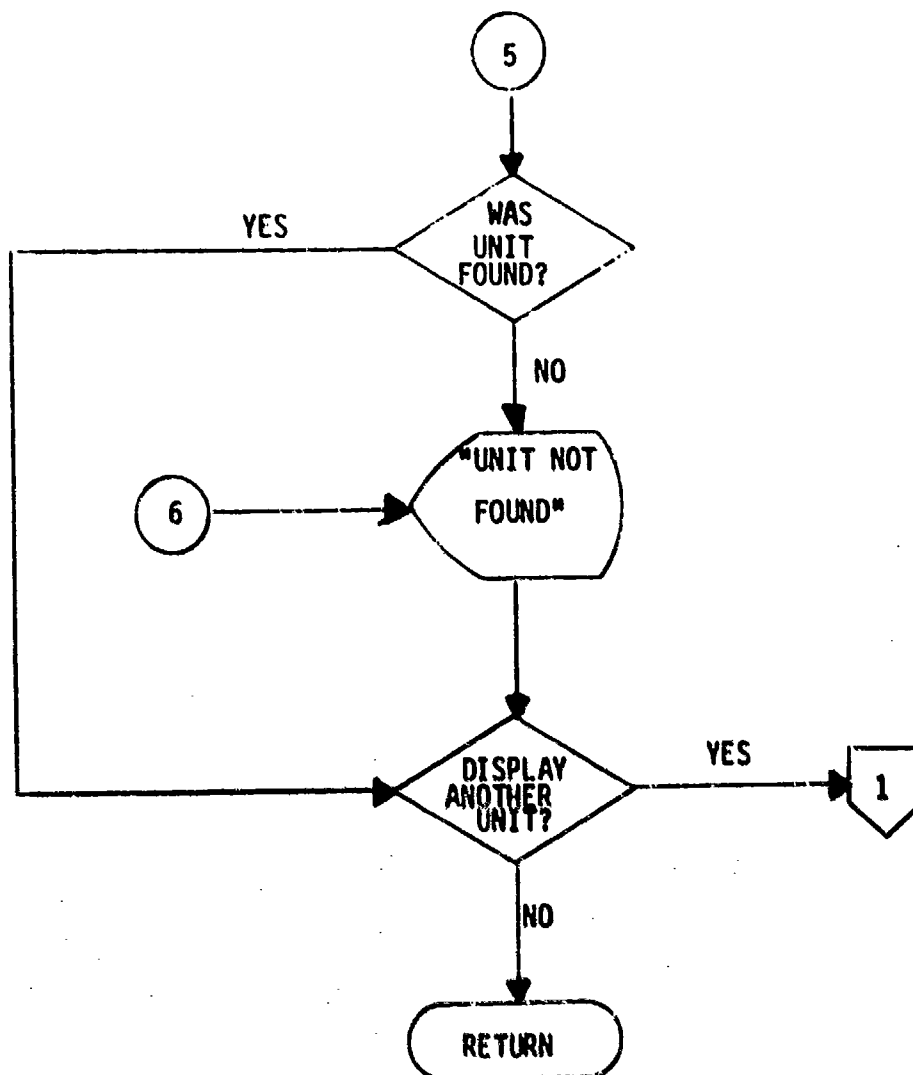


Figure 11. DISPLAY logic diagram (concluded).

(2) OVERLAY 1. The ROFA overlay (OVL 1) is accessed from the main Jiffy Game program at DECISION POINT number 2 (see table 1). The primary function of this routine is to determine and display, for the sector being gamed, the rate of advance of the attacking force; the length of the battle; the total distance covered by the attacker; the maneuver, fire support, and total firepower scores for each force; and the corresponding attacker: defender firepower ratios. To accomplish this, a number of parameters representing environmental and tactical military conditions that influence the nature of the conflict must be input interactively. Since these same factors also influence the other combat assessments, they are initialized here as variables in the blank COMMON area; thus, none of the combat assessment overlays can be accessed until this routine has been executed. The logic flow diagram for OVL 1 is given in figure 12. There are no subroutines contained in this overlay although the INDEX5 function (see paragraph 4b(1)(c)) from OVL 0 is utilized for extracting rate of advance values from the data array. The FORTRAN source code for ROFA is given in figure G-1, and the program variables are listed in table G-1.

(3) OVERLAY 2. Program OVL 2 (TANK) is the third of the combat assessment routines called in the main Jiffy Game program (OVL 0) from DECISION POINT number 3 (see table 1 and figure 7). In this overlay, the losses due to combat involving tanks, other armored combat vehicles, and antitank weapons are calculated and displayed. The overlay contains no subroutines but does call the INDEX5 function (see paragraph 4b(1)(c)) when extracting single shot kill probabilities (SSKPs) for assessments and also the LOSS subroutine (see paragraph 4b(1)(d)) after the losses have been assessed. The SSKP data used in this routine reside on the classified random access file (CLDATA); other data are either contained in the common areas or initialized in the problem itself. The flow diagram for OVL 2 is given in figure 13. The TANK routine cycles through a series of nested DO loops in assessing losses for each possible combination of targets and firers for both forces. The gamer inputs a range band index, which initiates the assessment logic cycle. At the end of each assessment cycle, the gamer either inputs another range band index to continue with another cycle or signals that the assessments are completed. When the assessments are finished, the overall results are displayed, the LOSS subroutine is called, and control is returned to the SUPER overlay. The FORTRAN source code for OVL 2 is given in figure H-1, and the program variables are listed in table H-1.

(4) OVERLAY 3. Program OVL 3 (INFANT) is the fourth combat assessment routine accessed by SUPER (the main Jiffy Game program) from DECISION POINT number 3 (see table 1 and figure 7) and is called whenever both forces contain infantry personnel in the weapon system (ELMT) array. The function of this overlay is to compute and display the losses incurred as a result of dismounted infantry combat for the sector being gamed. There are no subroutines included within this overlay; the LOSS subroutine of OVL 0 (see paragraph 4b(1)(c)) is called at the end of the assessments. Figure 14 contains the logic flow diagram for OVL 3. The routine requires a number of interactive gamer inputs, which set the parameters necessary to carry out a

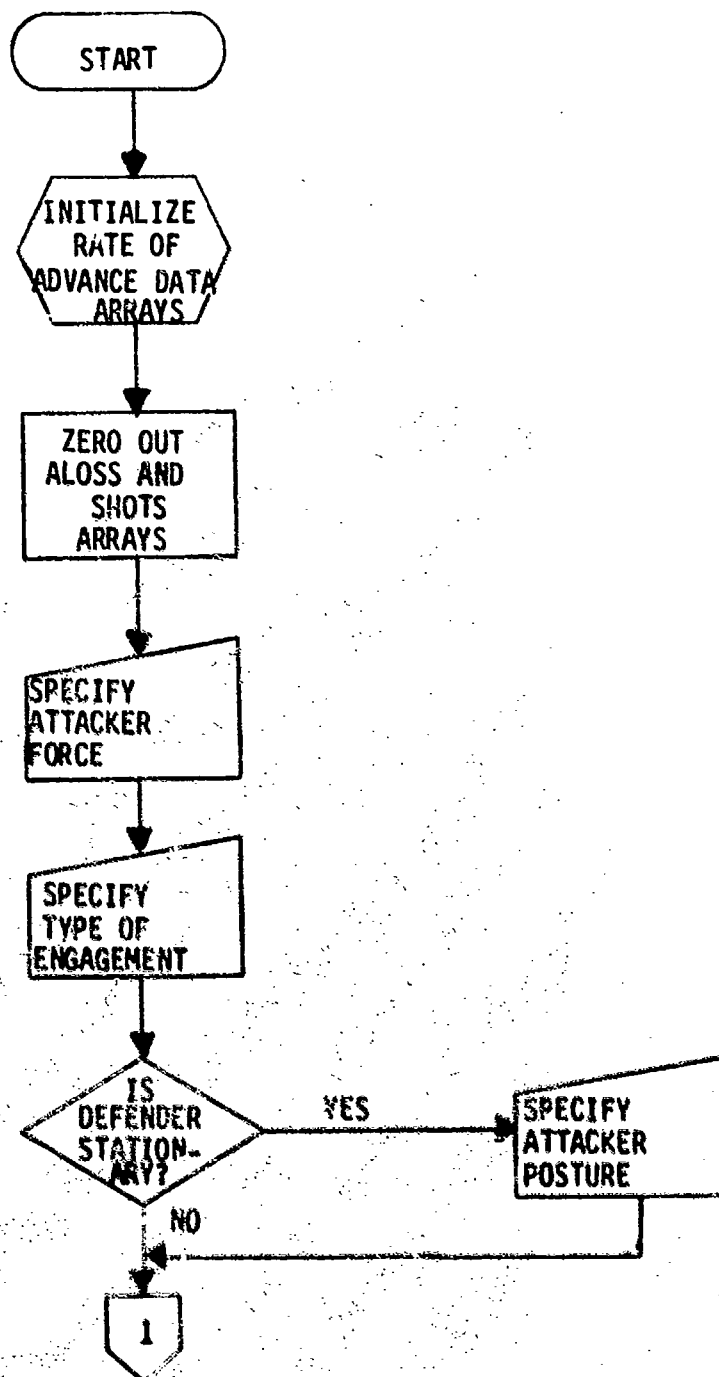


Figure 12. ROFA (OVLY 1) flow diagram.
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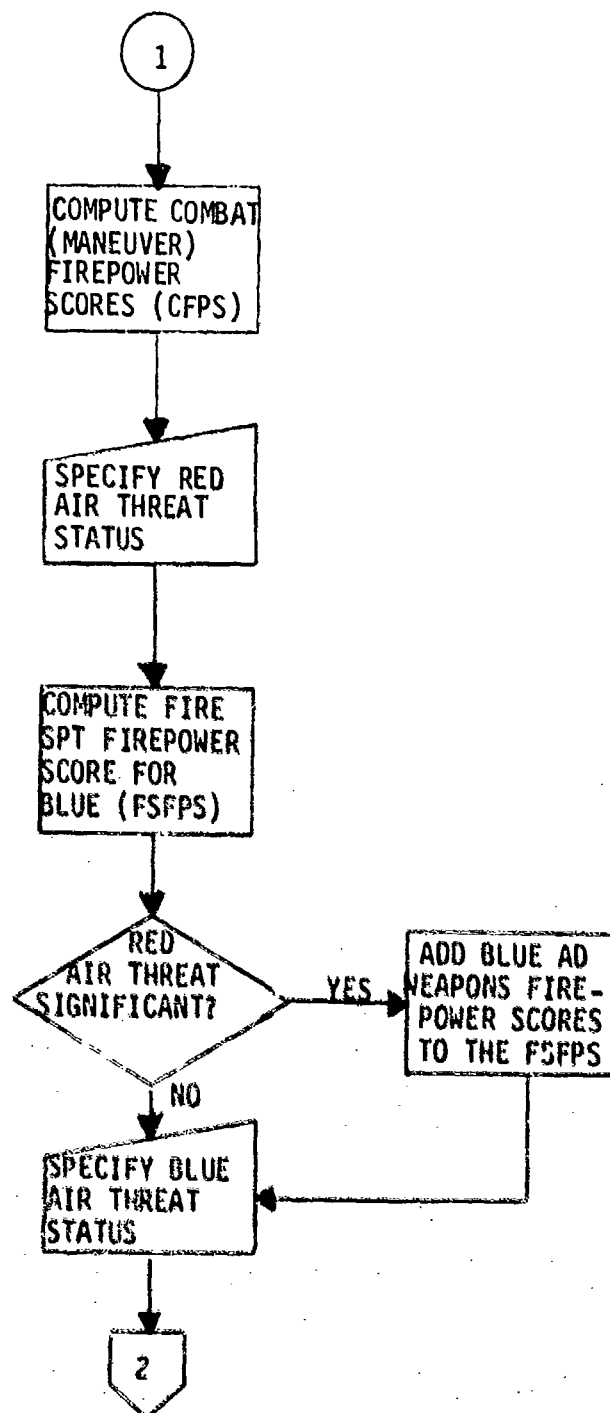


Figure 12. ROFA (OVLY 1) flow diagram (continued).

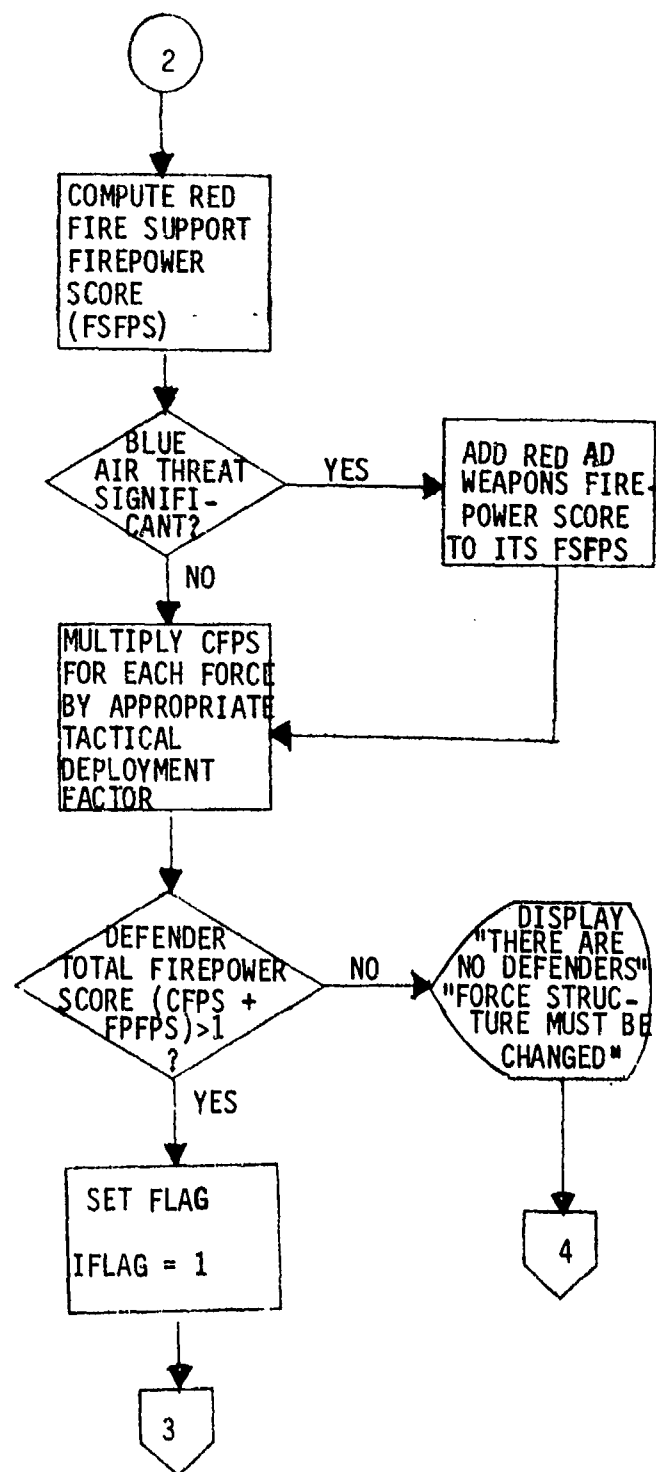


Figure 12. ROFA (OVLY 1) flow diagram (continued).

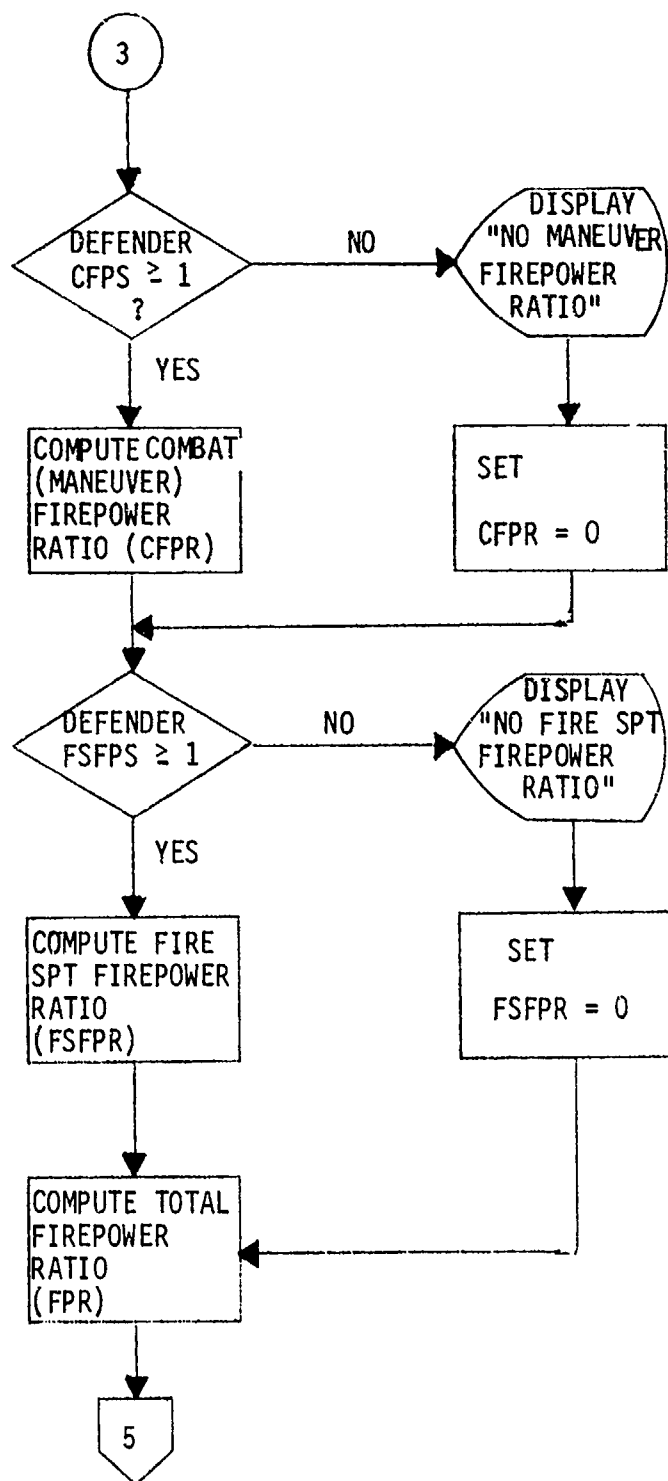


Figure 12. ROFA (OVLY 1) flow diagram (continued).

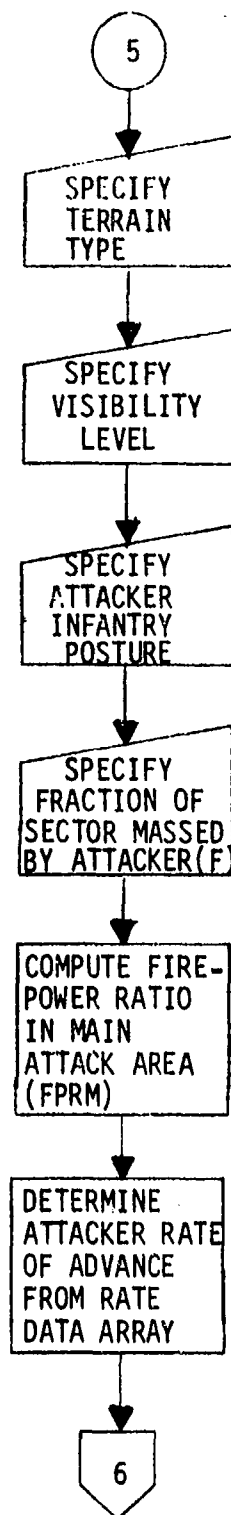


Figure 12. ROFA (OVLY 1) flow diagram (continued).

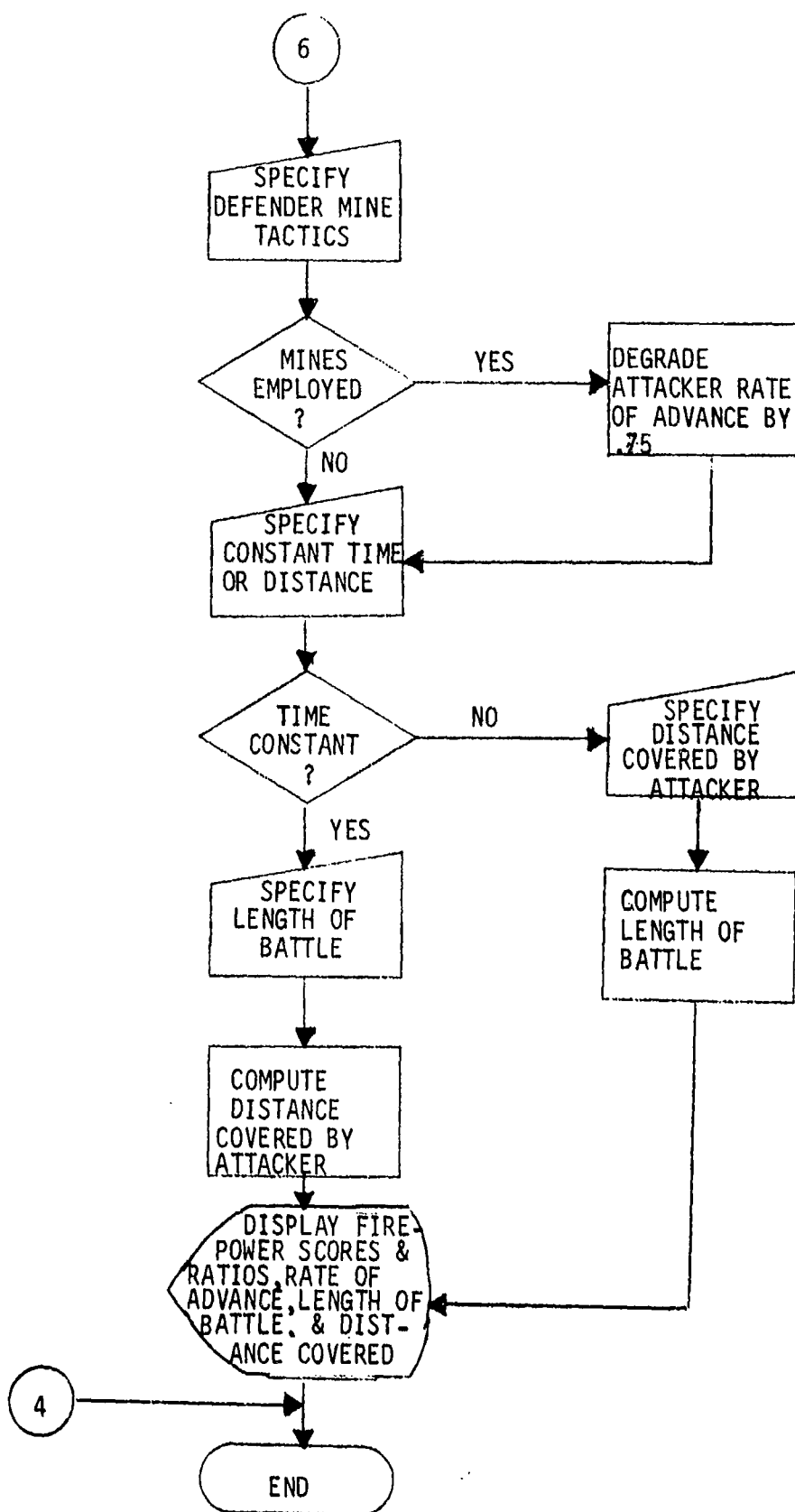


Figure 12. ROFA (OVLY 1) flow diagram (concluded).

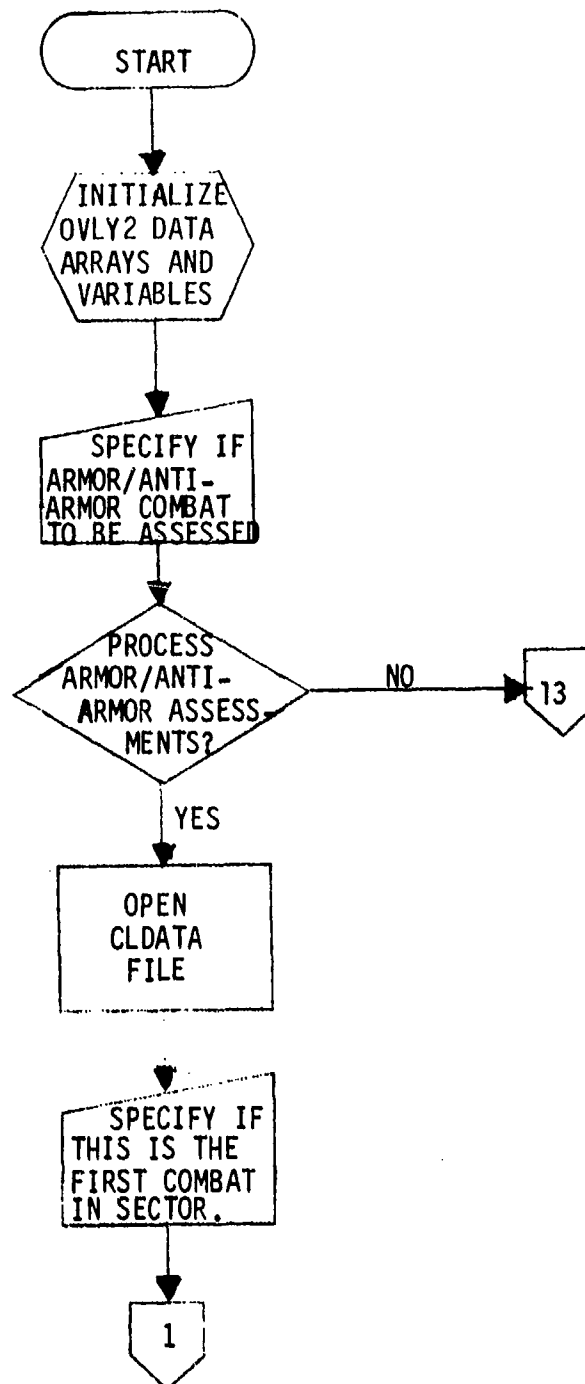


Figure 13. TANK (OVLY 2) flow diagram.
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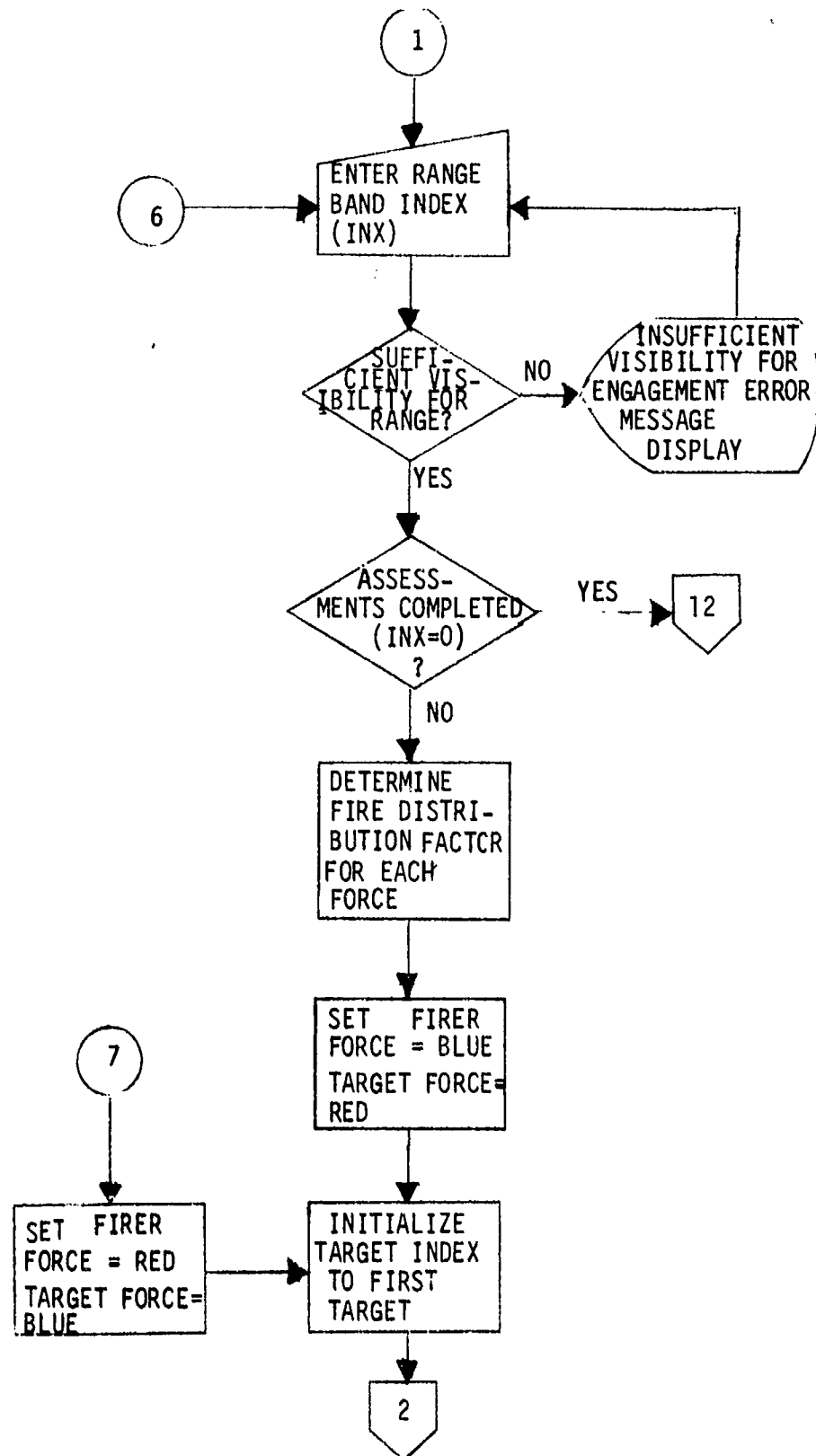


Figure 13. TANK (OVLY 2) flow diagram (continued).

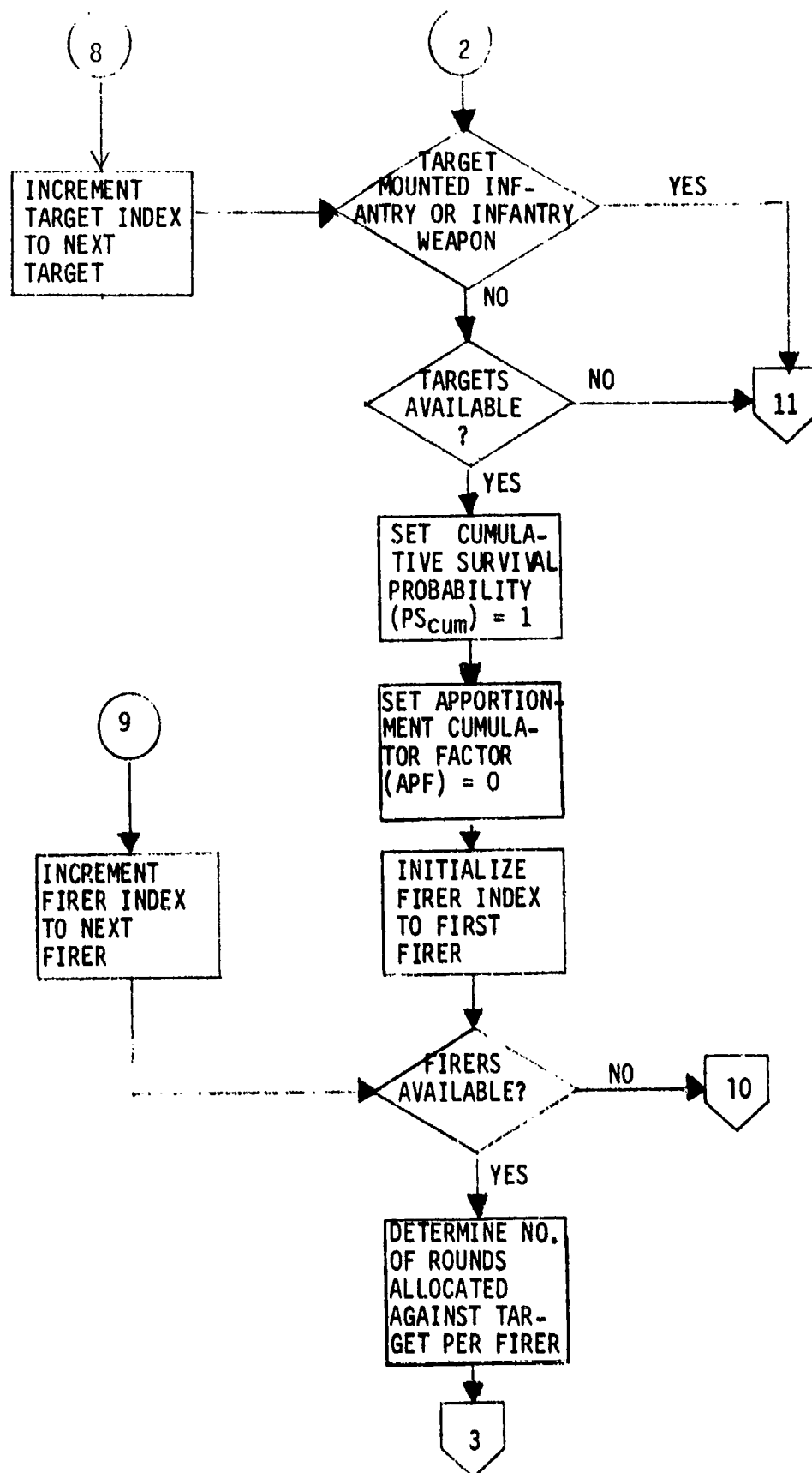


Figure 13. TANK (OVLY 2) flow diagram (continued).

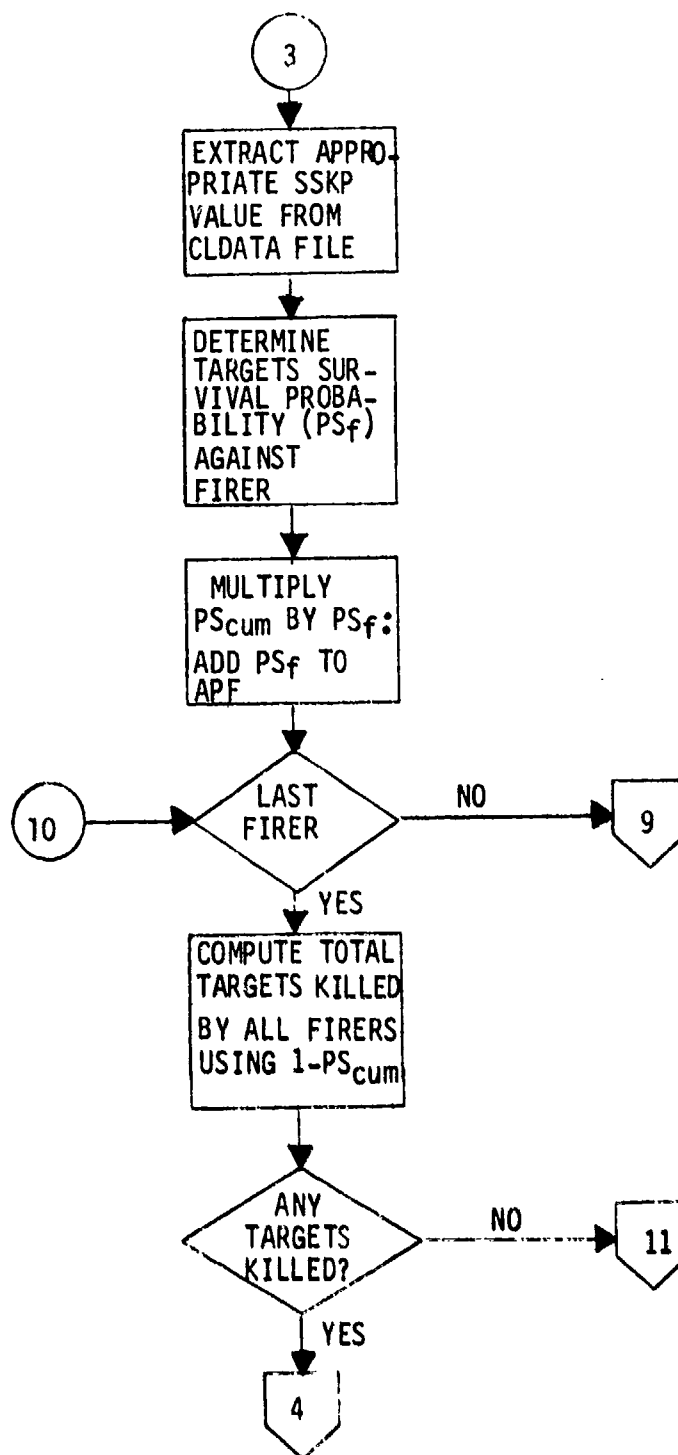


Figure 13. TANK (OVLY 2) flow diagram (continued).

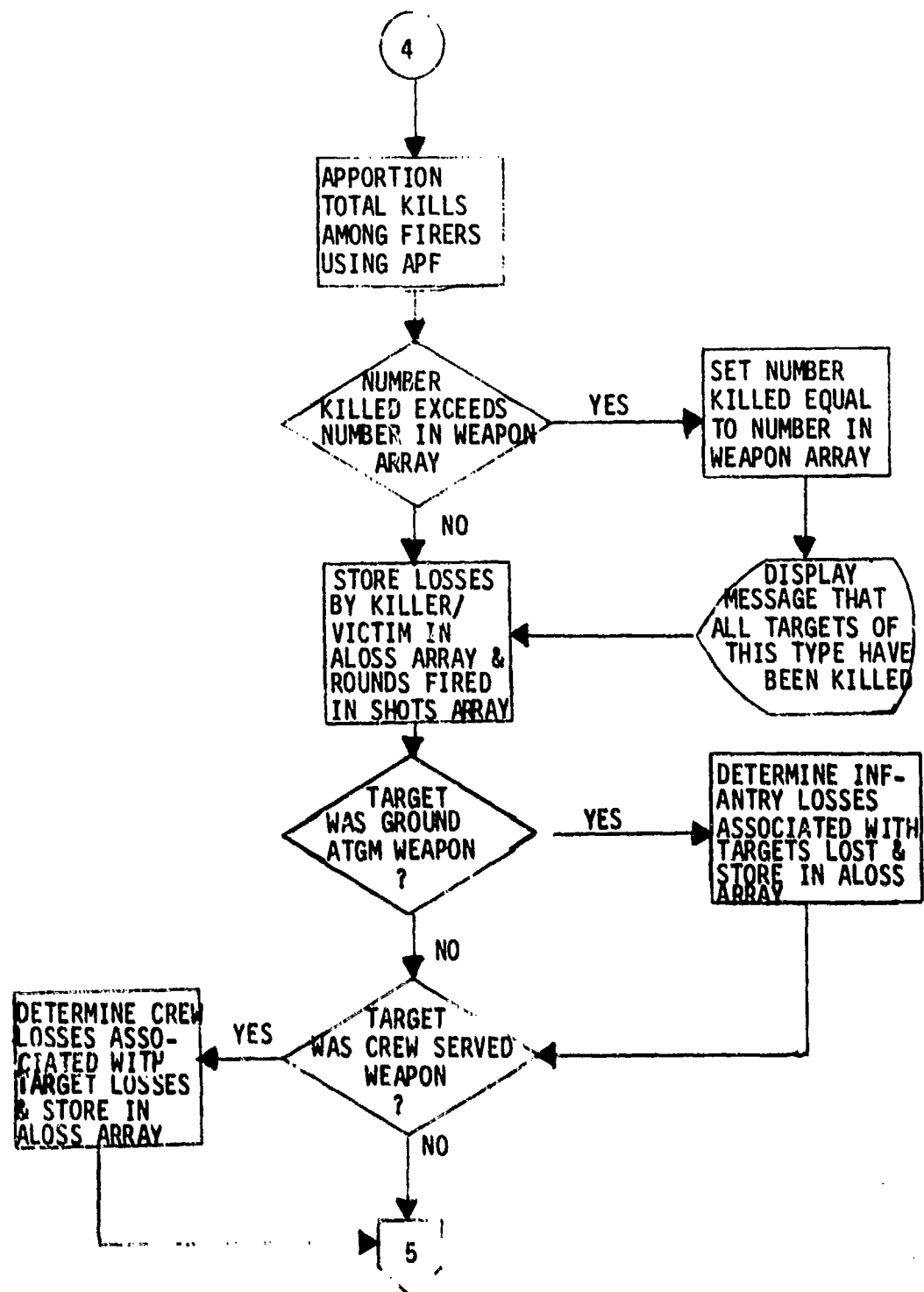


Figure 13. TANK (OVLY 2) flow diagram (continued).

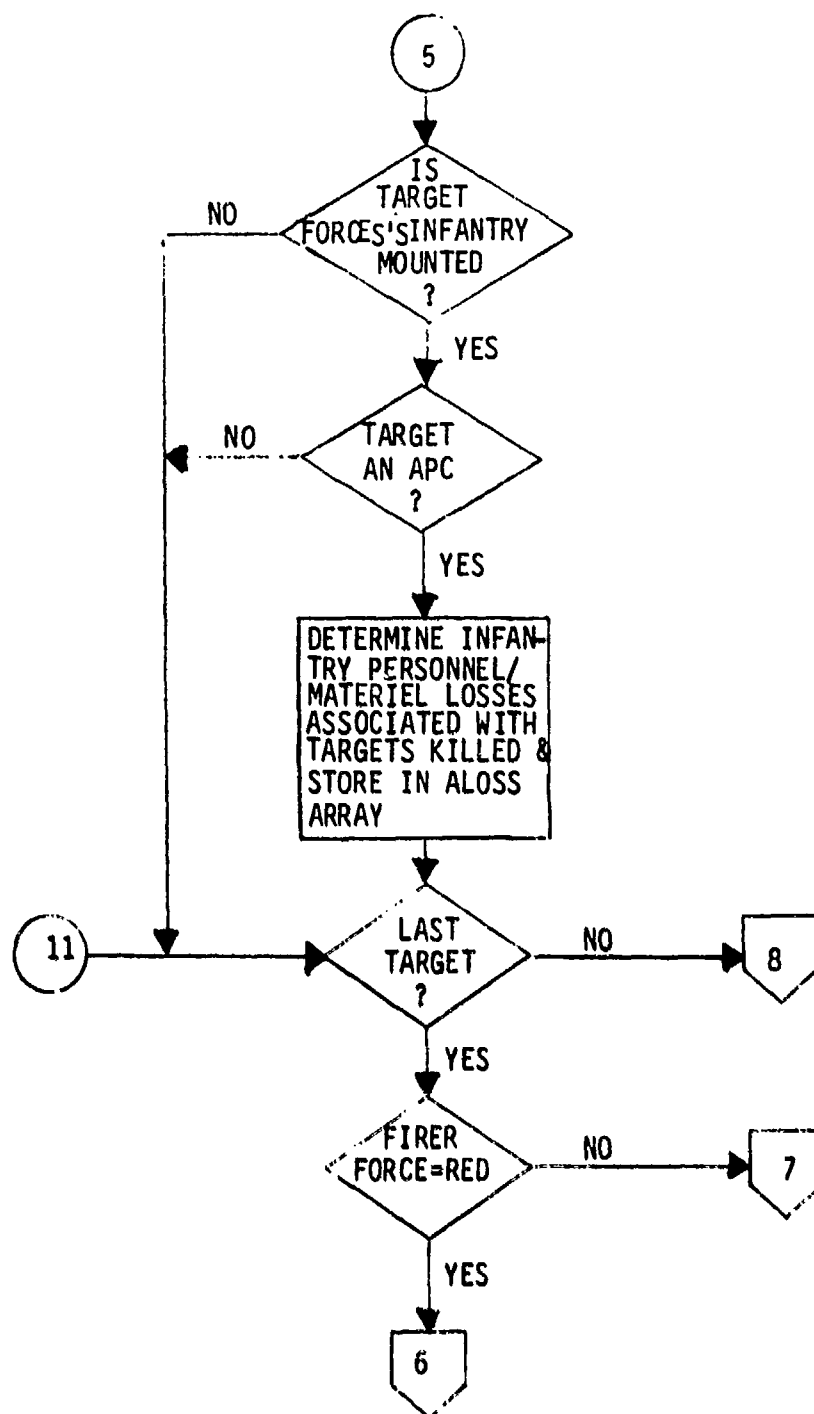


Figure 13. TANK (OVLY 2) flow diagram (continued).

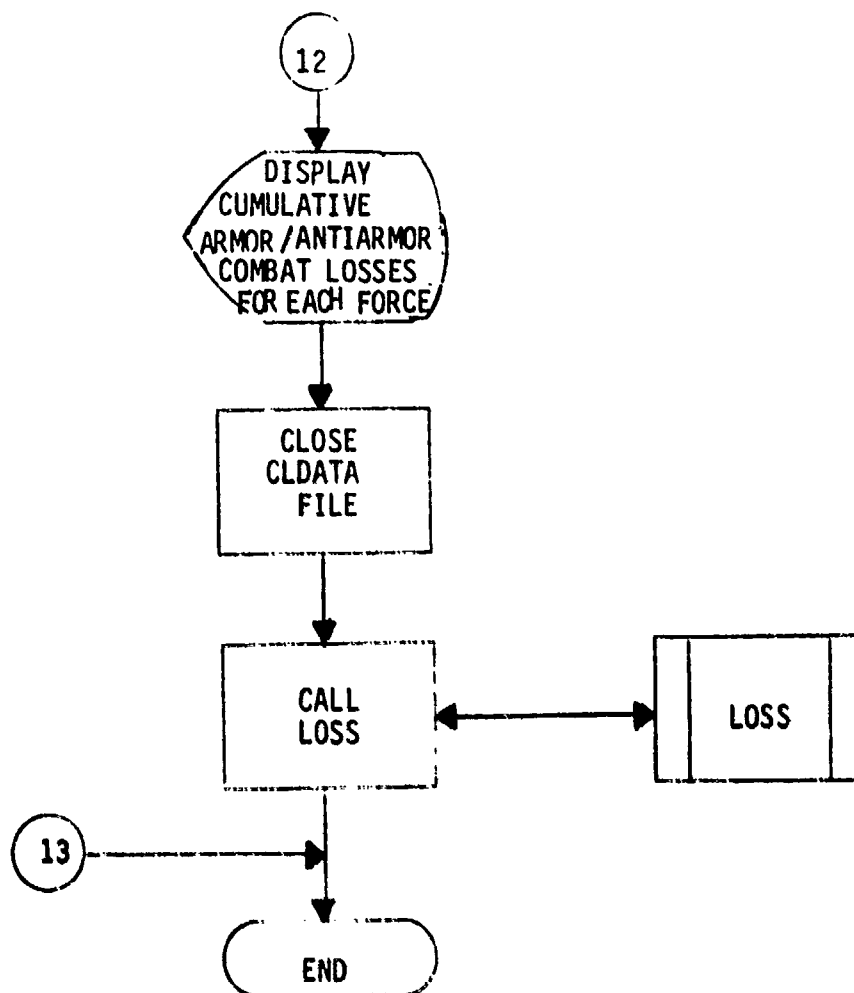


Figure 13. TANK (OVLY 2) flow diagram (concluded).

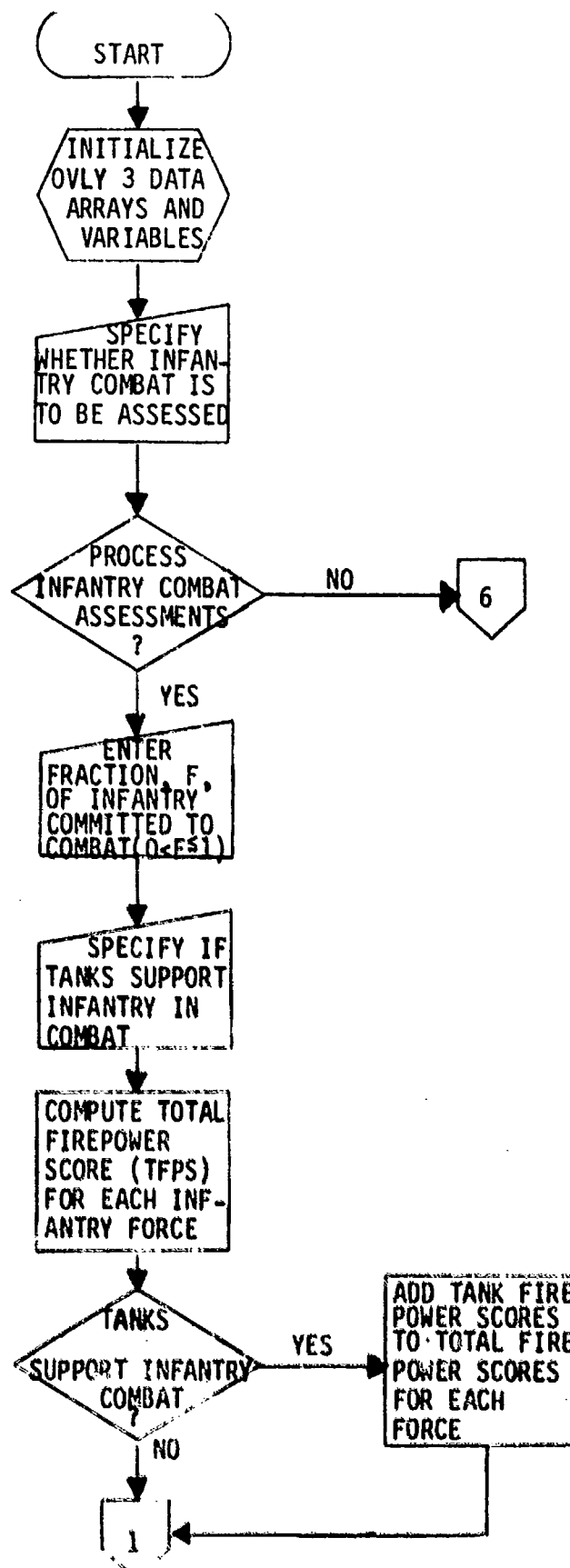


Figure 14. INFANT (OVLY 3) flow diagram.
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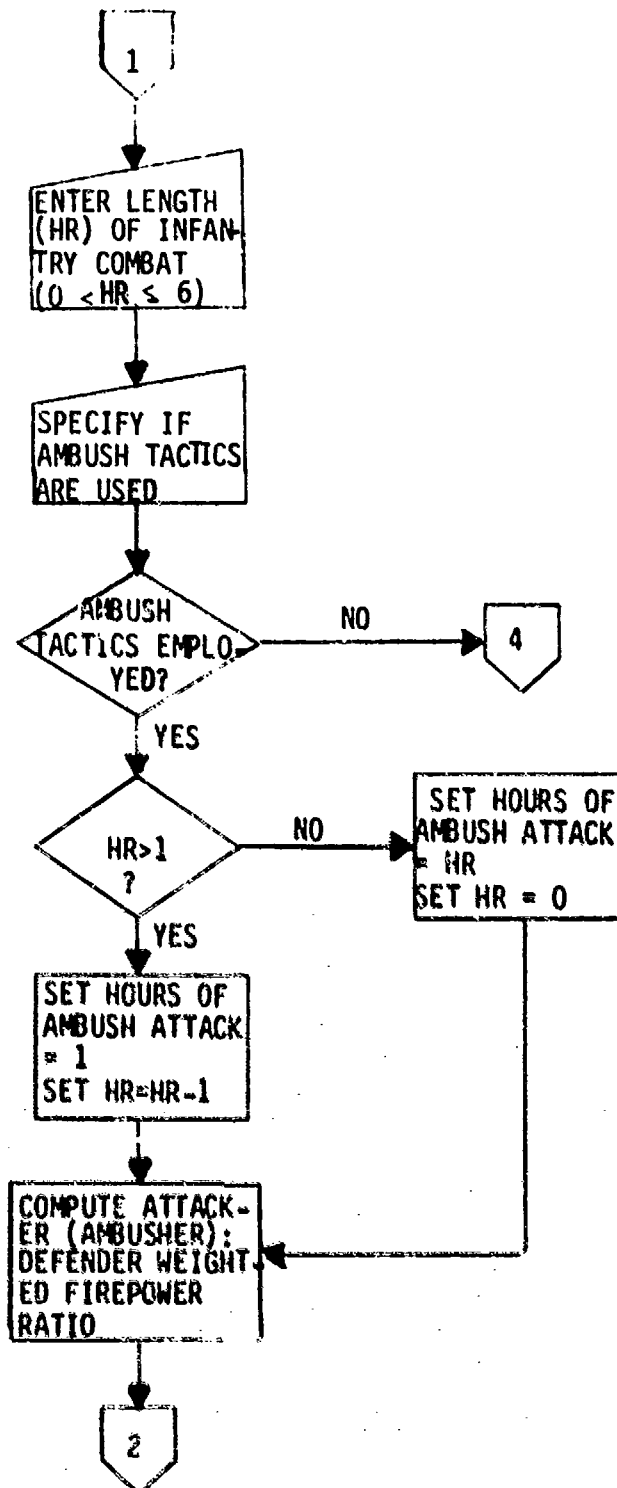


Figure 14. INFANT (OVLY 3) flow diagram (continued).

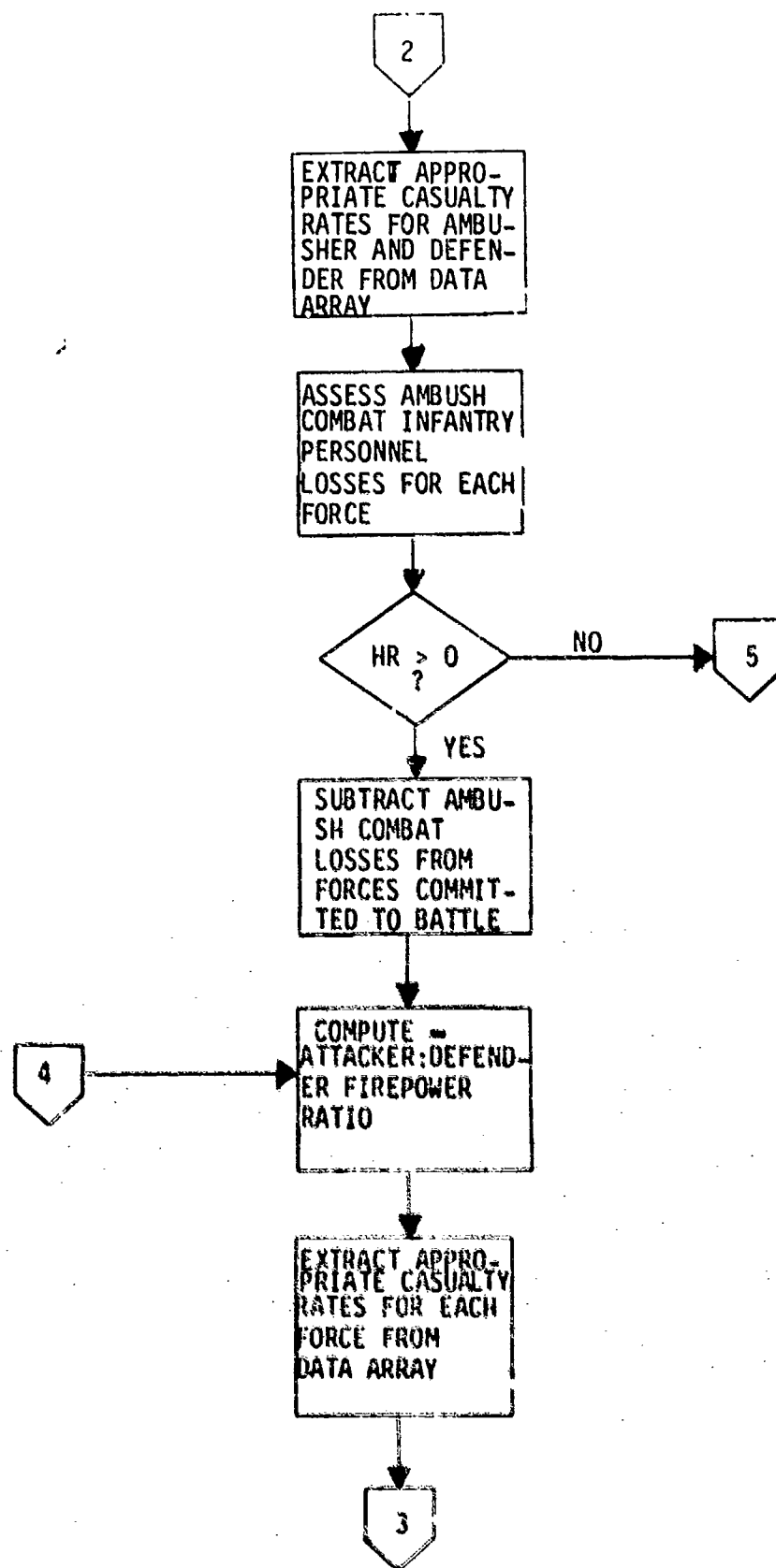


Figure 14. INFANT (OVLY 3) flow diagram (continued).

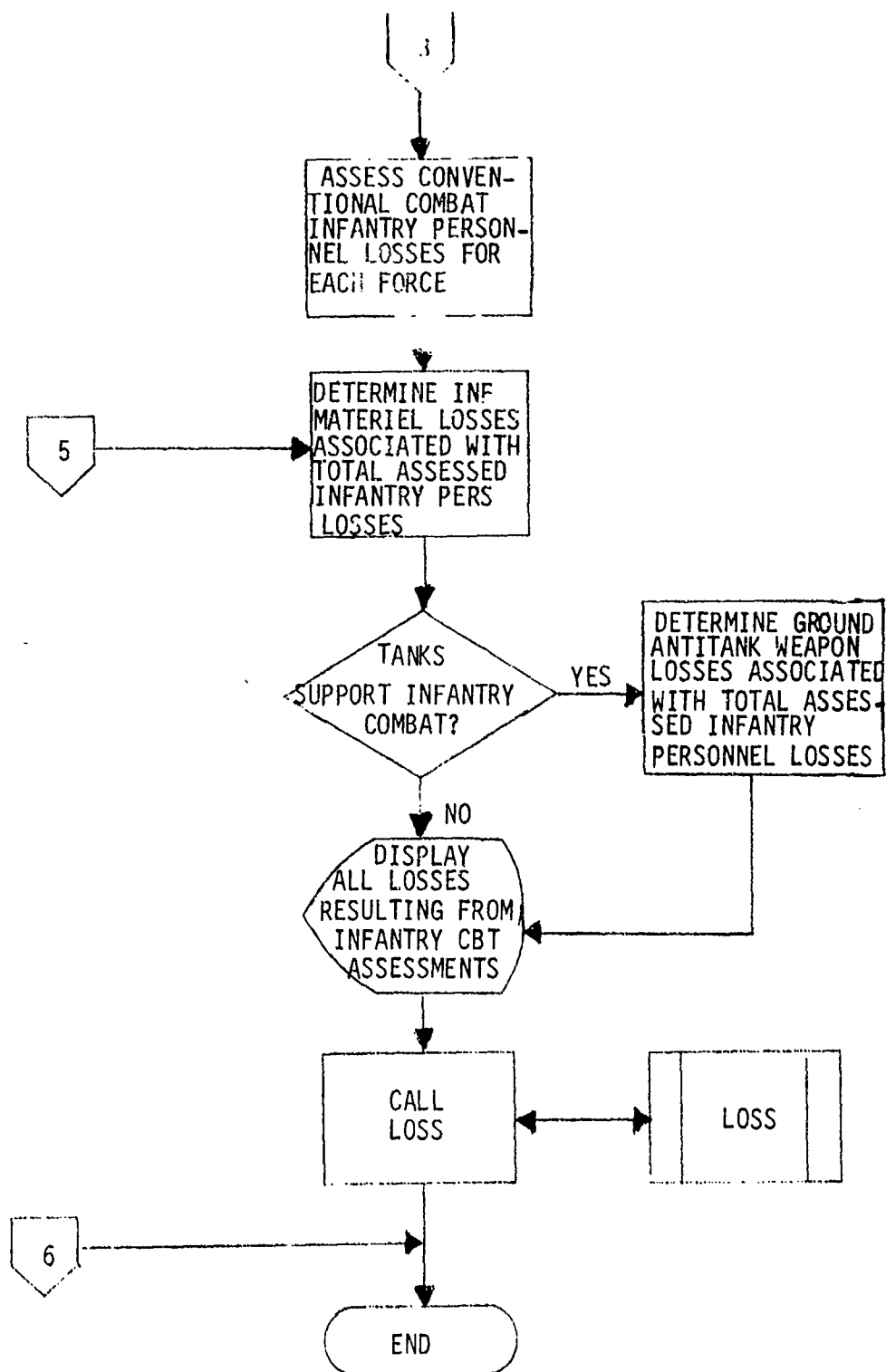


Figure 14. INFANT (OVLY 3) flow diagram (concluded).

one-time assessment of ambush and/or conventional dismounted infantry combat casualties suffered by each force. Following the display of the losses and processing of the LOSS subroutine, control is returned to SUPER. Program variables for OVLY 3 are listed in table I-1; the FORTRAN source code is contained in figure I-1.

(5) OVERLAY 4. Program OVLY 4 is the second combat assessment routine accessed by the supervisory Jiffy Game program from DECISION POINT number 3 (see table 1 and figure 7). This overlay consists of a main program (MINE) and a subroutine (FASCAM), which contain the assessment logic for attrition due to minefields. The LOSS subroutine (see paragraph 4b(1)(d)) is also called from the MINE program when all minefield assessments have been processed. Variable lists and FORTRAN source code listings for OVLY 4 are contained in appendix J.

(a) MINE. The primary function of the MINE program is to assess and display the losses suffered by the attacking force to minefields emplaced manually or mechanically (i.e., conventional minefields). MINE also contains the control point at which the type of minefield employed is specified interactively by the gamer. At the end of any minefield assessment, the program returns to this control point; thus, several assessments can be processed employing the same or different types of minefields before control is returned to the supervisory program. The logic flow diagram for MINE is given in figure 15. Only a minimal amount of data is needed to assess minefield losses; most of the necessary parameters are set interactively by gamer inputs. The processing of assessments is terminated from the control point, after which the LOSS subroutine is called and the overlay exited. The FORTRAN source code is given in figure J-1, and the program variables are listed in table J-1.

(b) FASCAM. This subroutine of OVLY 4 contains the logic used to assess losses to minefields composed of scatterable mines (FASCAM). The subroutine is called from the main overlay program (MINE) whenever the gamer specifies that a FASCAM minefield assessment is being processed. The logic flow diagram of FASCAM is given in figure 16. Although the assessment computation logic is essentially the same as for conventional minefields, the FASCAM minefields require a different set of inputs and casualty rate data. The FORTRAN source code for FASCAM is given in figure J-2, and the program variable list is given in table J-2.

(6) OVERLAY 5. Program OVLY 5 (AHAD) is the last of the combat assessment routines called from the supervisory program (SUPER) at DECISION POINT number 3 (see table 1 and figure 7). The purpose of this program is to determine and display losses resulting from combat involving attack helicopters and air defense systems. The overlay contains no subroutines; the INDEX 5 function (see paragraph 4b(1)(c)) is utilized in extracting helicopter single shot kill probabilities, and subroutine LOSS (see paragraph 4b(1)(d)) is called after all assessments have been made. Both the helicopter and AD SSKP's are stored in the classified random access file (CLDATA); several unclassified

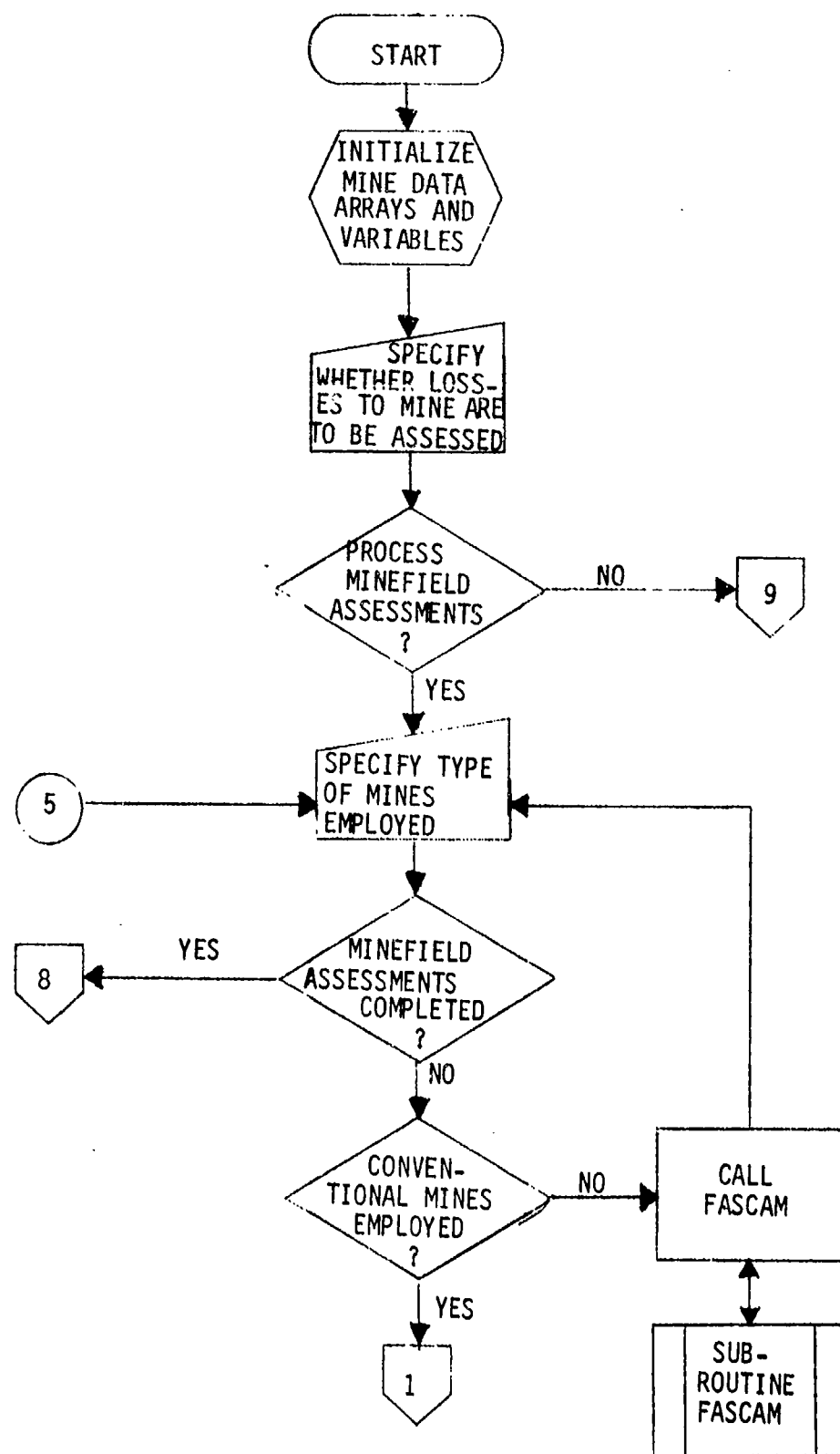


Figure 15. MINE flow diagram.
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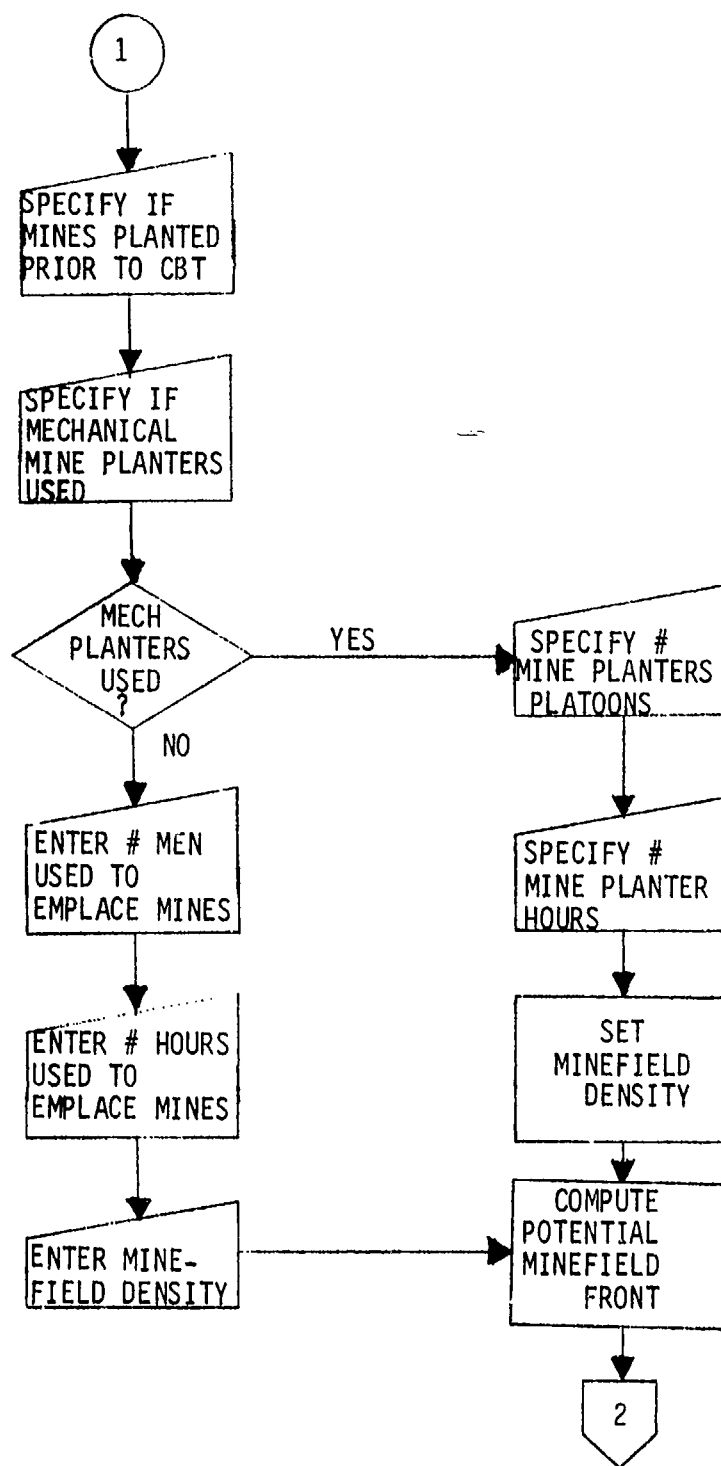


Figure 15. MINE flow diagram (continued).

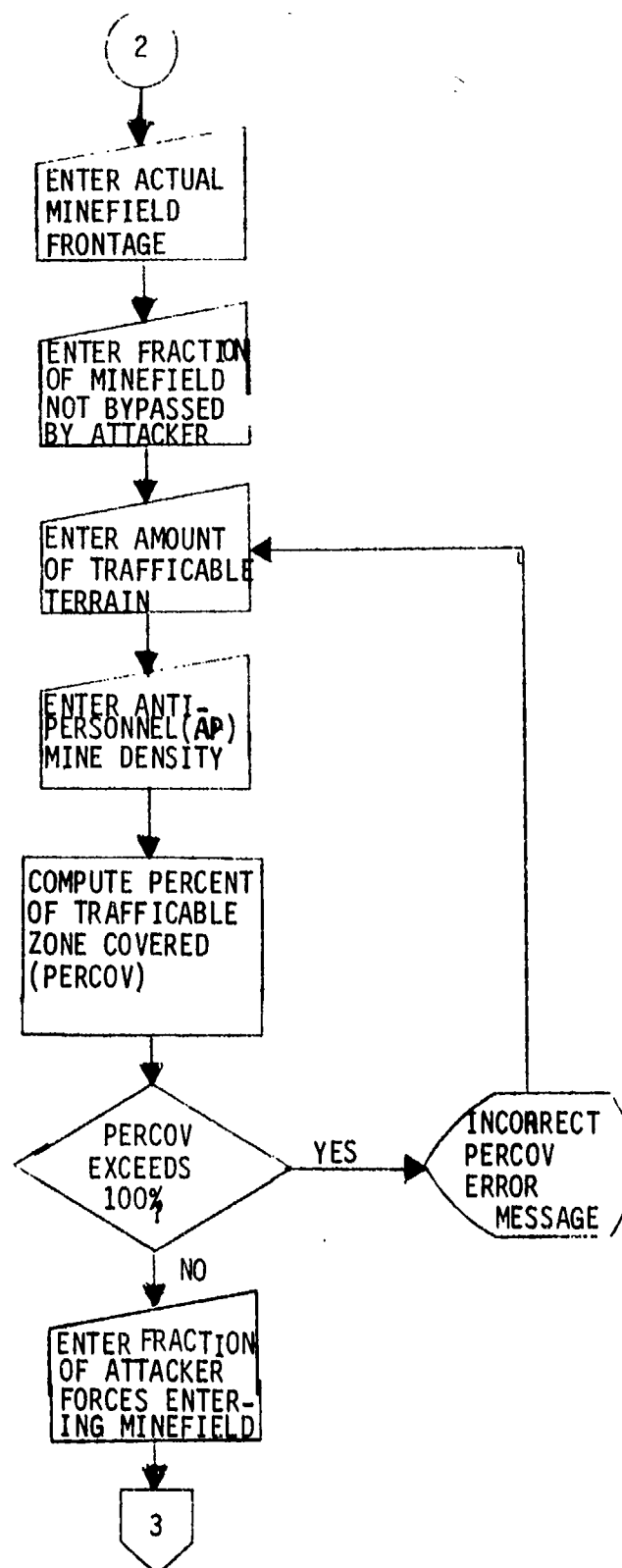


Figure 15. MINE flow diagram (continued).

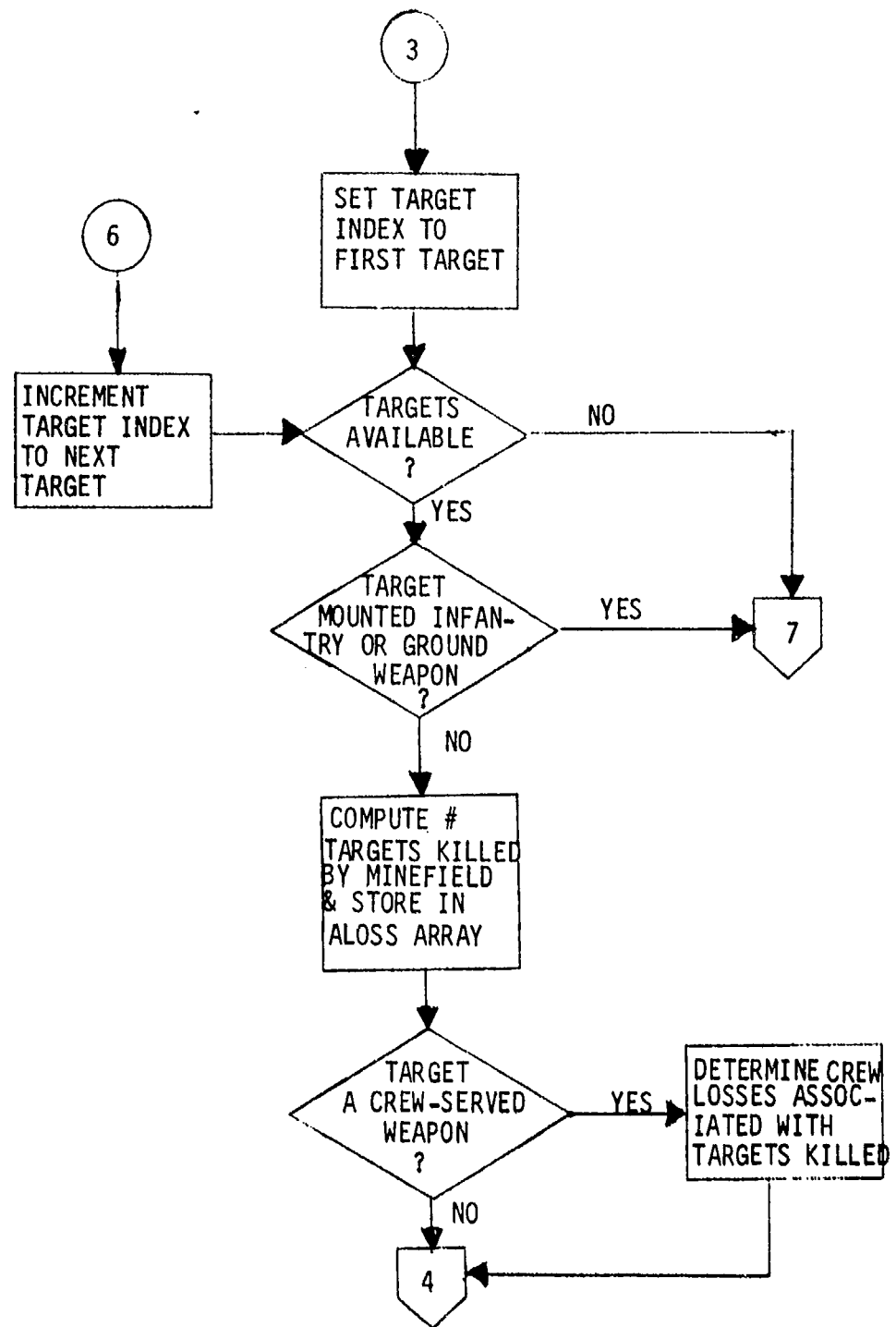


Figure 15. MINE flow diagram (continued).

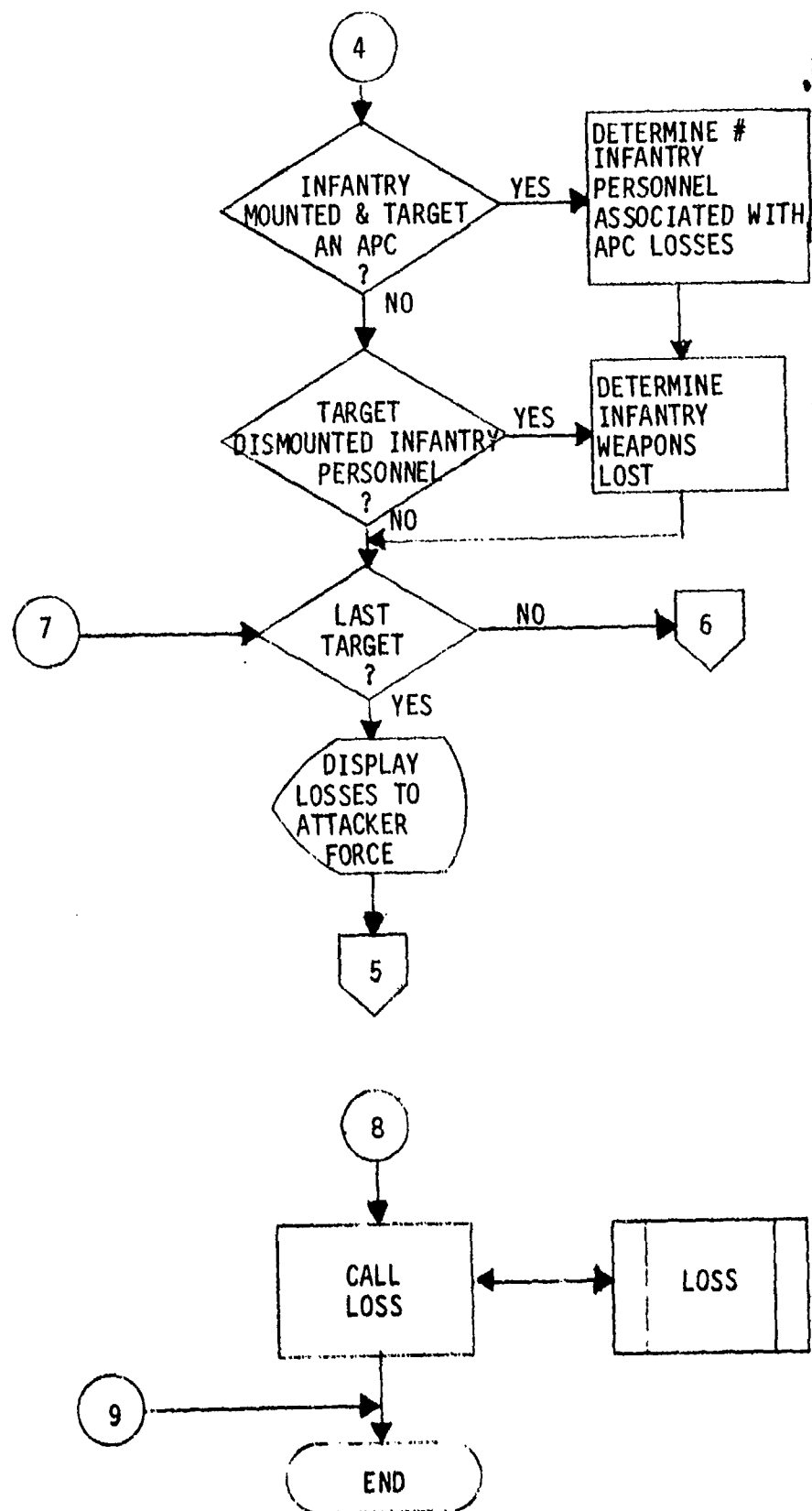


Figure 15. MINE flow diagram (concluded).

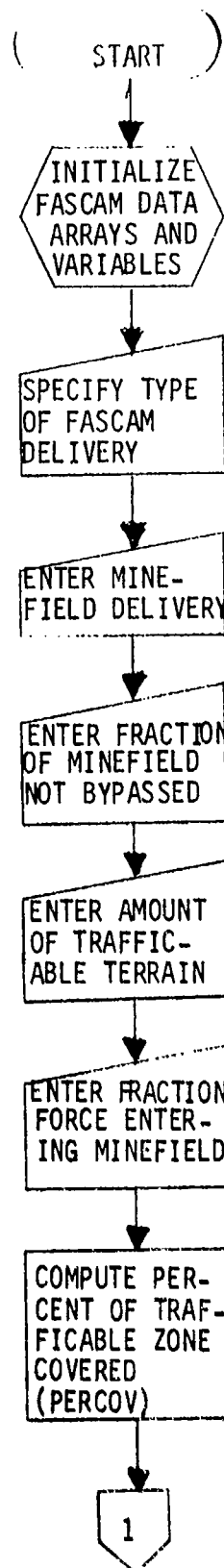


Figure 16. Subroutine FASCAM logic flow diagram.
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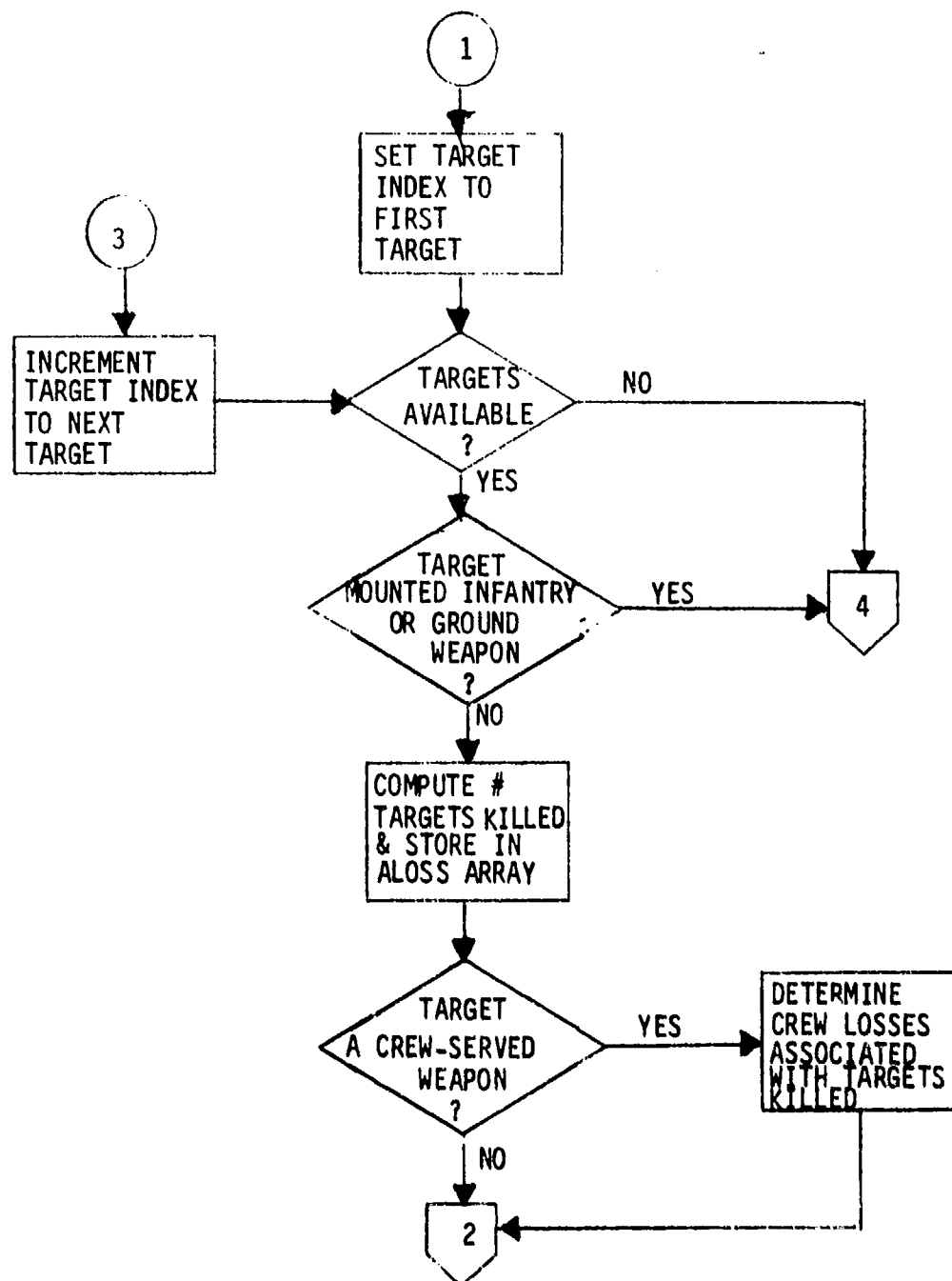


Figure 16. Subroutine FASCAM logic flow diagram (continued).

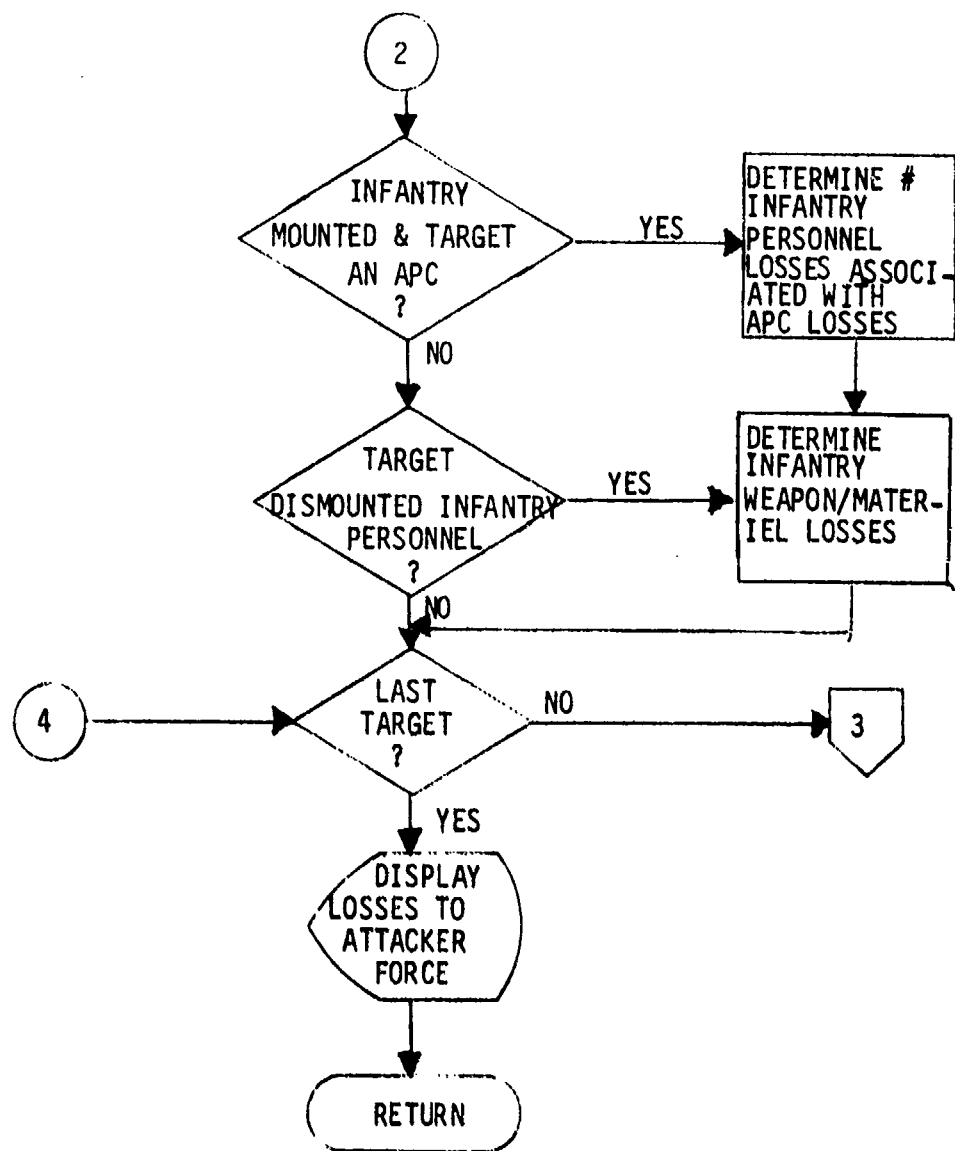


Figure 16. Subroutine FASCAM logic flow diagram (concluded).

data arrays are initiated in the program itself. The OVLY 5 logic flow diagram is given in figure 17. The program contains two sets of assessment logic, one for attack helicopter assessments against ground forces and another for air defense assessments against helicopters. The interactive definition of an attack helicopter mission initiates processing of both types of assessments, which are made for each pop-up of the helicopters in the attack cell and consequently may be cycled through several times for each mission. The number of helicopter missions to be assessed for each force is determined by the gamer; the Red helicopter/Blue air defense assessments are completed prior to beginning the Blue helicopter/Red air defense assessments. When all assessments have been completed, the cumulative losses are displayed for both forces, the LOSS subroutine is called, and the overlay exited. The OVLY 5 program variables are listed in table K-1, and the FORTRAN source code is given in figure K-1.

(7) OVERLAY 6. The overlay, OVLY 6, is the first combat assessment routine called by the supervisory program (SUPER) from DECISION POINT number 3 (see table 1 and figure 7). The overlay consists of the main program (CANNON) and one subroutine (CLGP); the function of OVLY 6 is to assess losses due to indirect fire weapon systems. The subroutine LOSS (see paragraph 4b(1)(d)) is also called when all assessments have been made. The routines require three data arrays from the classified random access file (CLDATA) in addition to the data initiated within the program itself. Appendix L contains FORTRAN source codes and program variable lists for OVLY 6.

(a) CANNON. The main program of overlay 6, CANNON, performs nearly all the assessments associated with mortar and field artillery fire and also displays the losses from all indirect fire missions. The logic flow diagram for CANNON is given in figure 18. The routine requires a number of gamer inputs to specify the types of indirect fire missions being assessed and to set parameters that are used in the actual assessment computations. The program cycles through several nested DO loops in making the loss calculations in order to assess all possible target/firer combinations; this is done for each force firing at the opposing force and for each phase of indirect fire combat being assessed. The only indirect fire assessment not included in the CANNON routine is for cannon-launched guided projectiles (CLGP). CLGP missions are available only to the Blue force and are assessed by calling the subroutine CLGP. The losses resulting from each of three major phases of indirect fire combat are displayed separately. When all assessments have been completed, the cumulative losses are displayed, the LOSS subroutine is called, and control is returned to the supervisory program. The FORTRAN source code for CANNON is given in figure L-1, and the program variables are listed in table L-1.

(b) CLGP. Subroutine CLGP is accessed from the indirect fire program to determine losses of Red weapons to Blue CLGP fire. The logic flow diagram for this subroutine is given in figure 19. The only gamer input required is the number of CLGP missions to be assessed; the computed losses

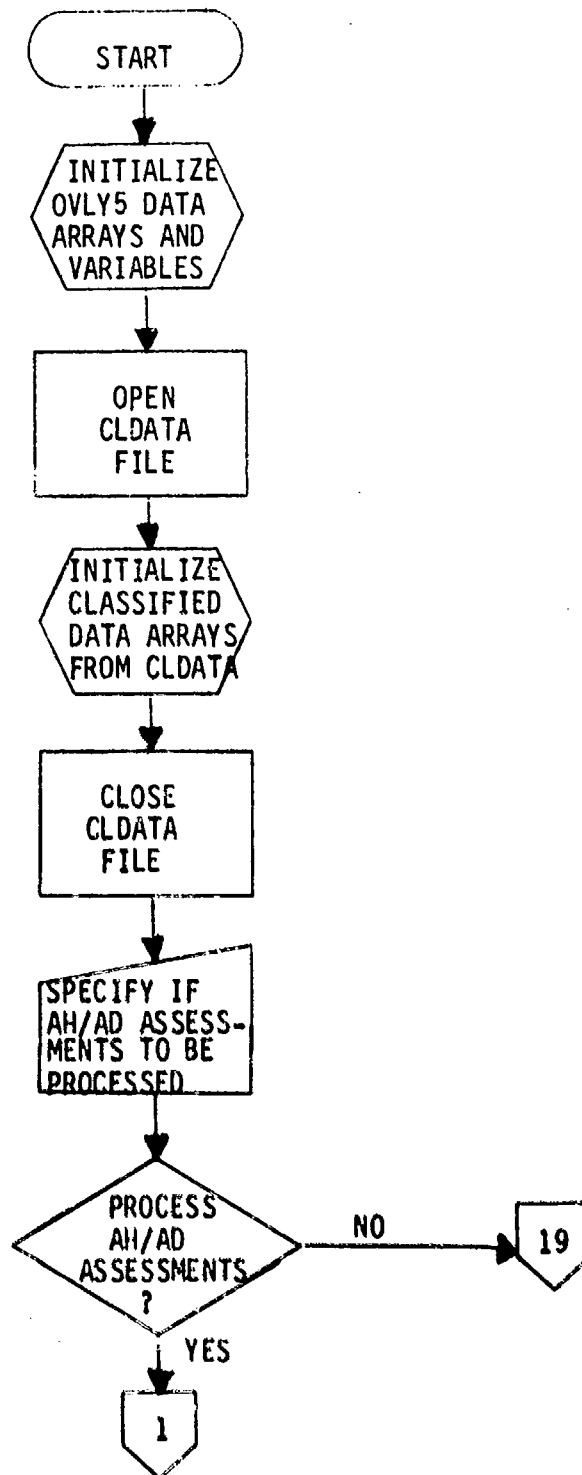


Figure 17. OVL5 (AHAD) flow diagram.
(Continued next page)

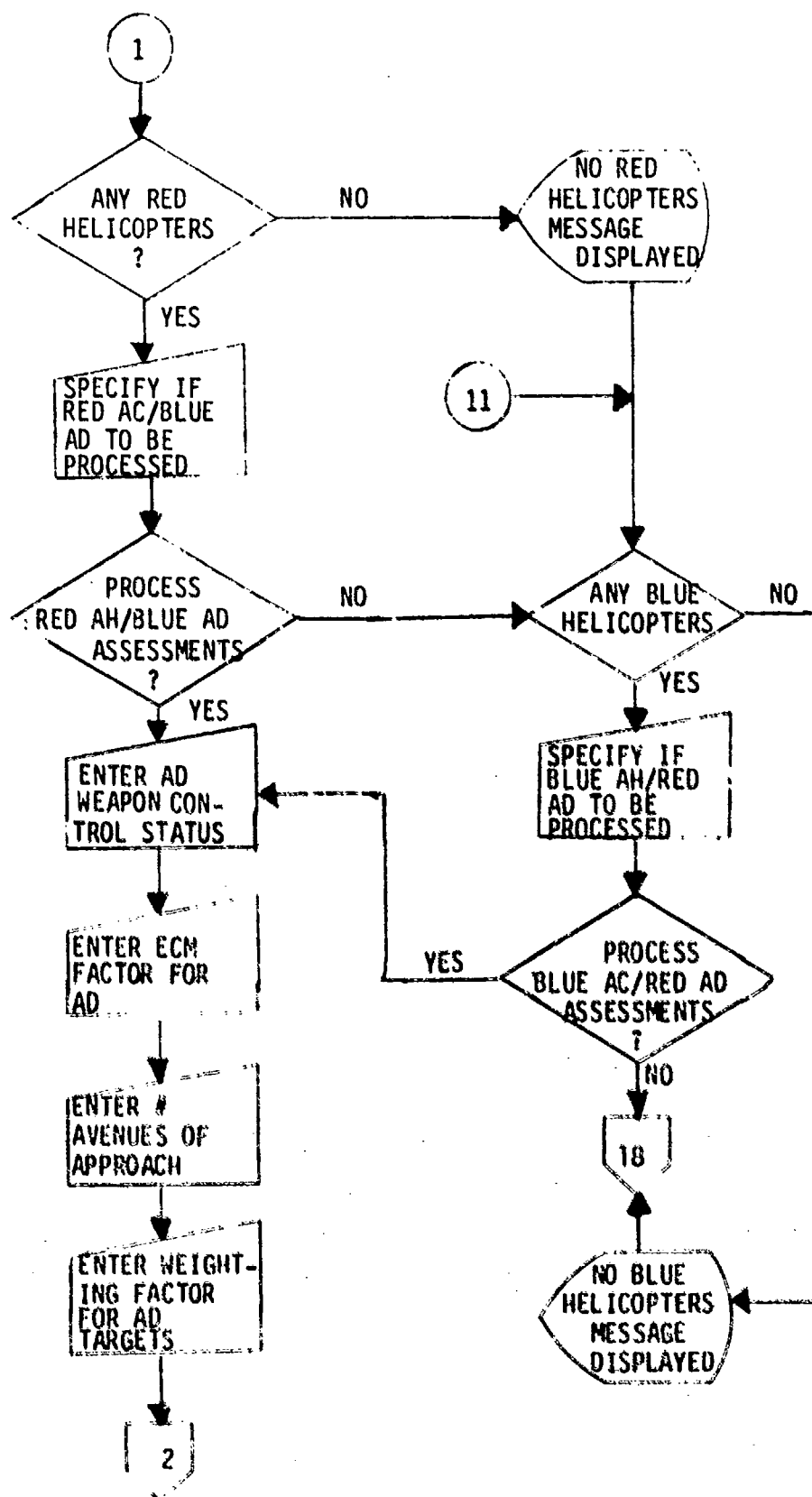


Figure 17. OVLY5 (AHAD) flow diagram (continued).

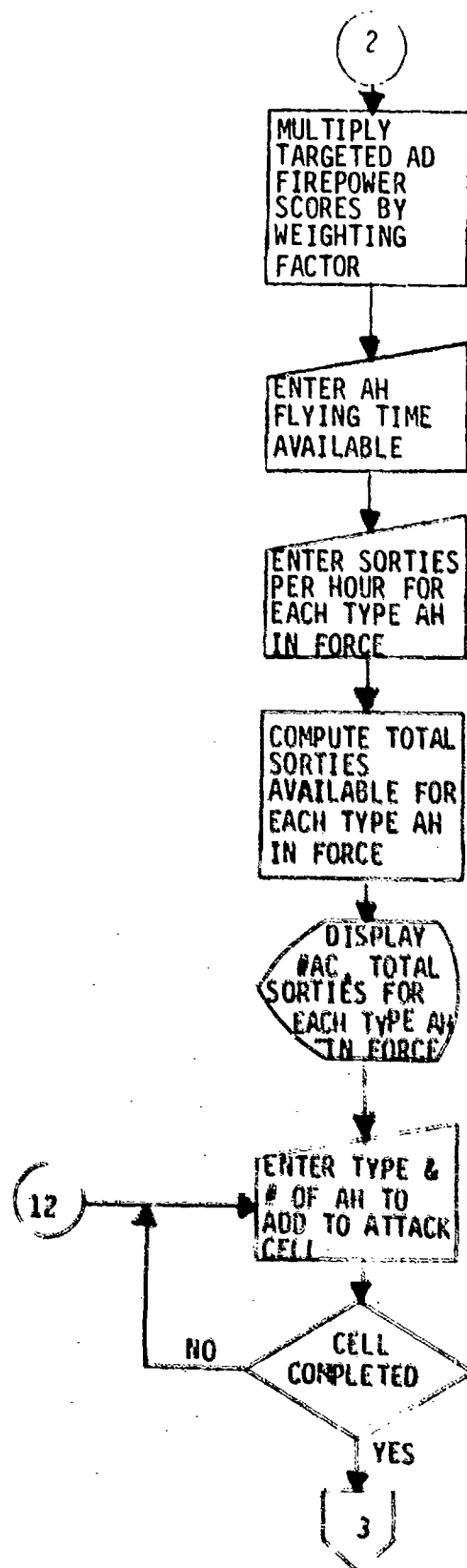


Figure 17. OVLY5 (AHAD) flow diagram (continued).

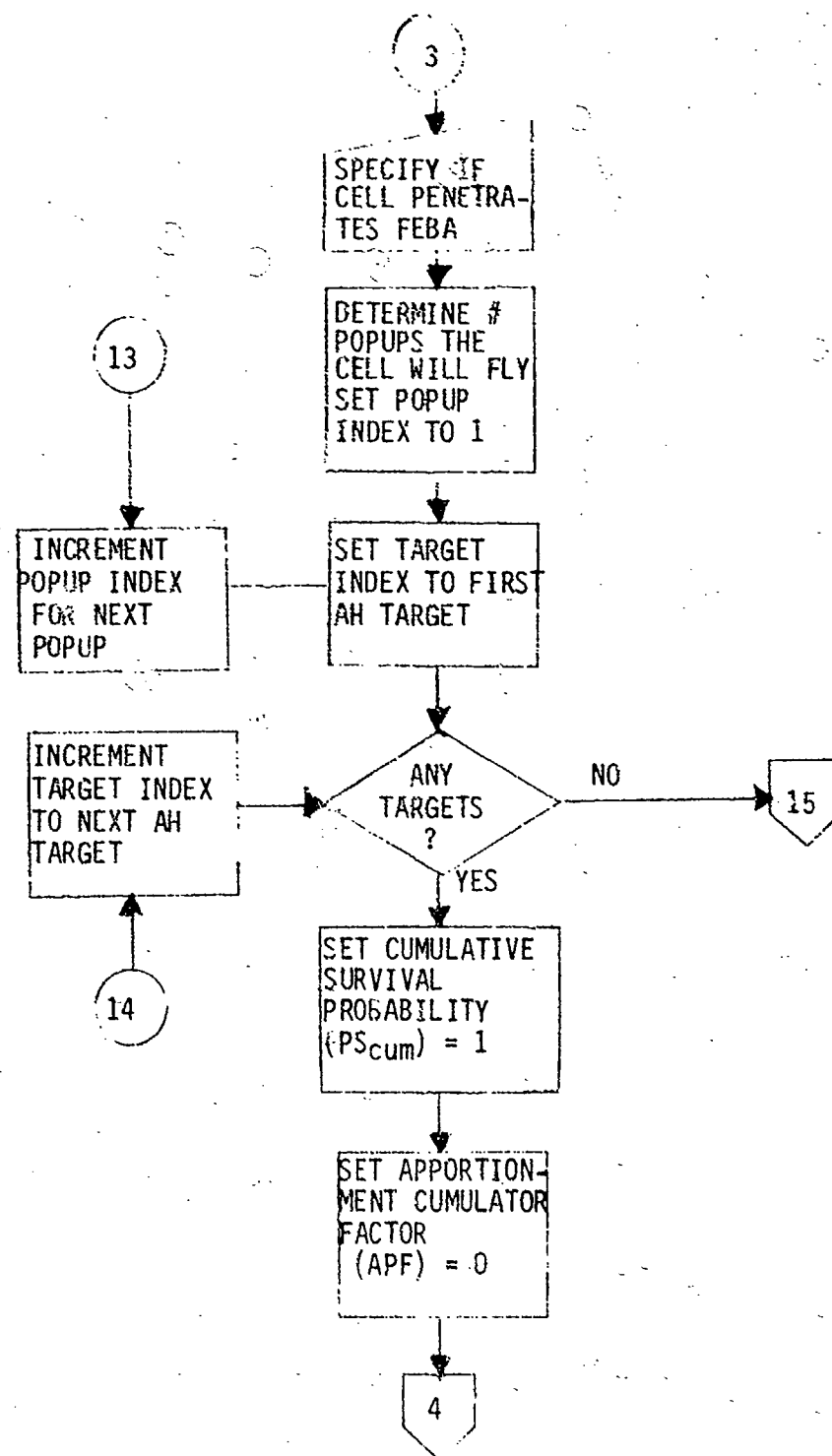


Figure 17. OVLY5 (AHAD) flow diagram (continued).

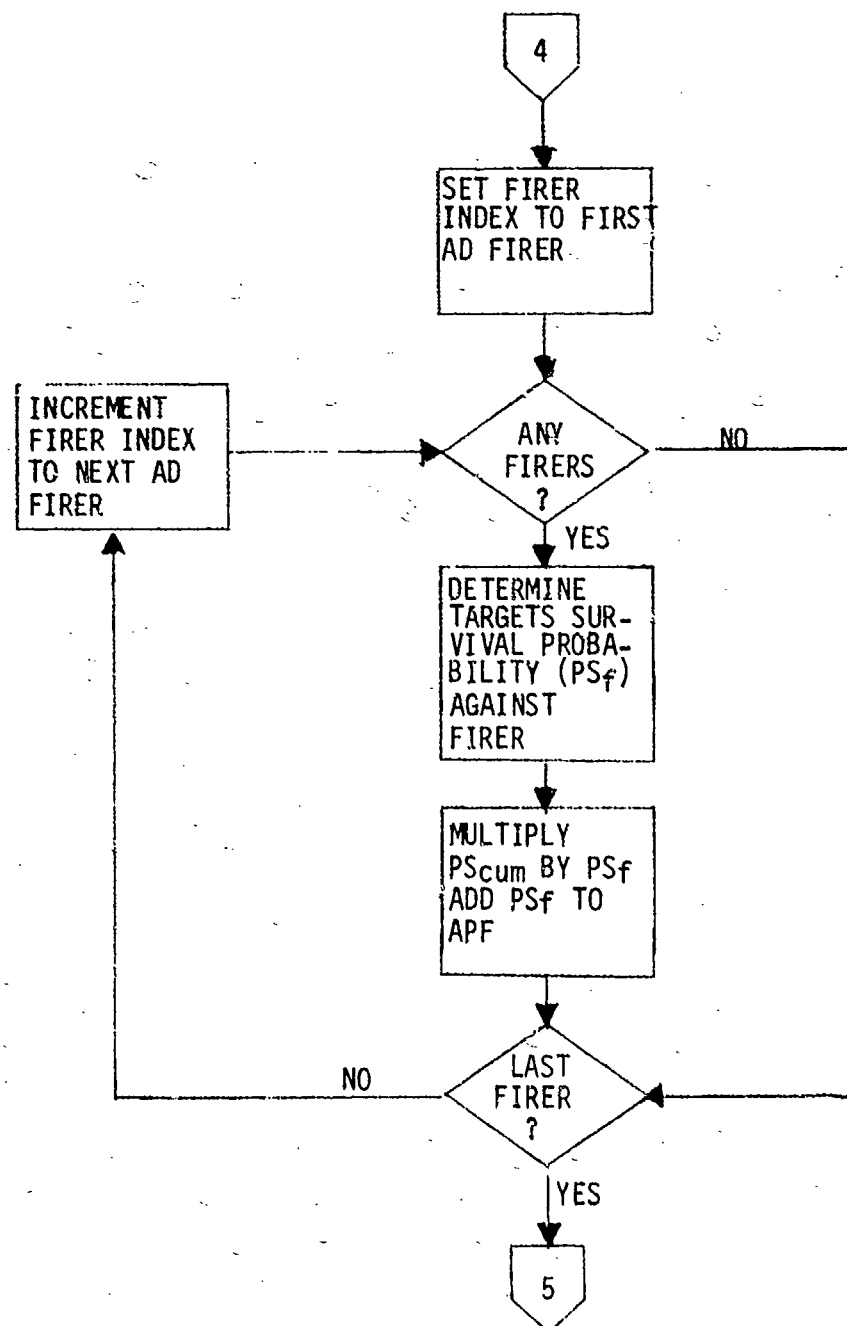


Figure 17. OVLY5 (AHAD) flow diagram (continued).

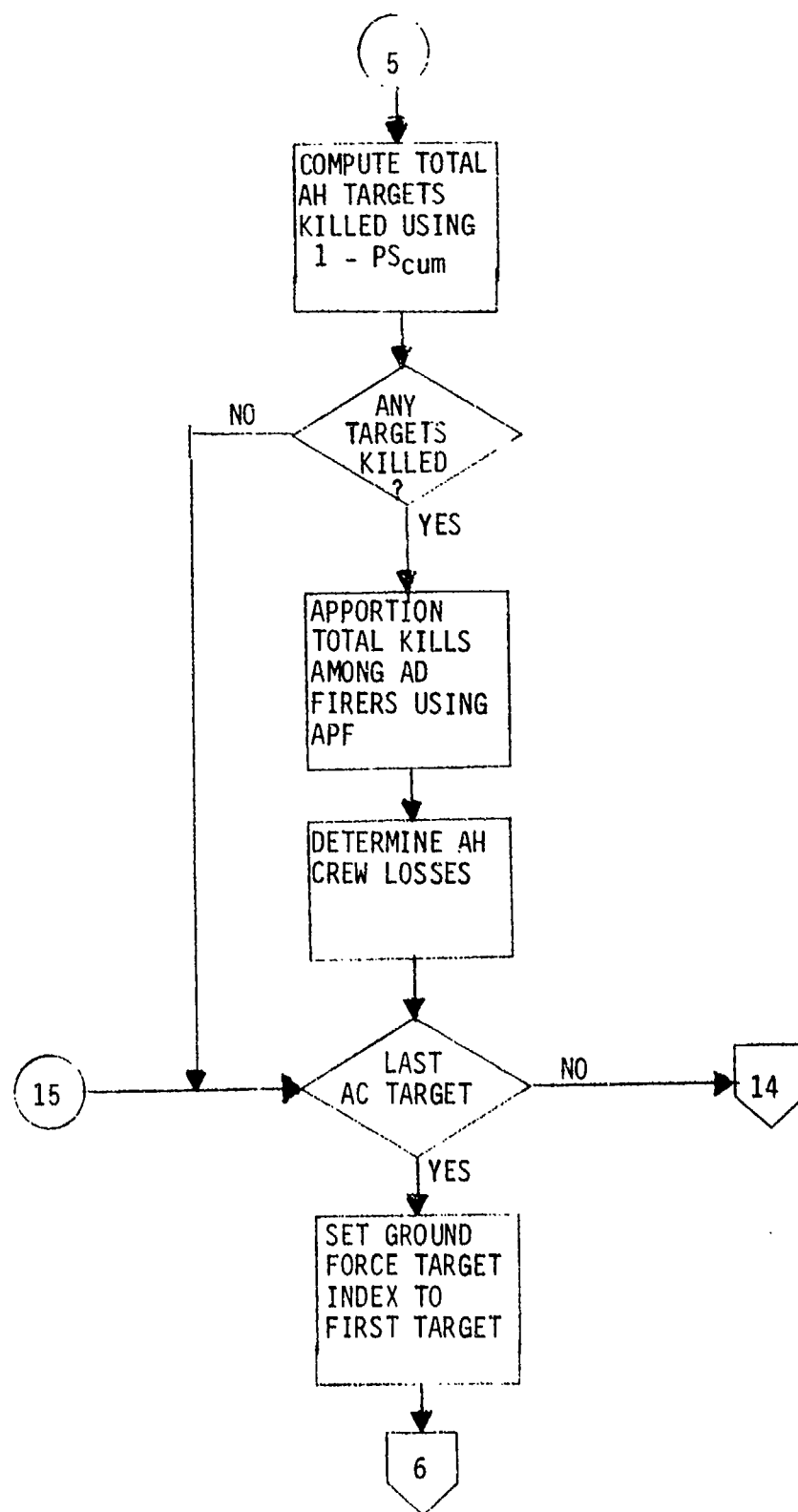


Figure 17. OVLY5 (AHAD) flow diagram (continued).

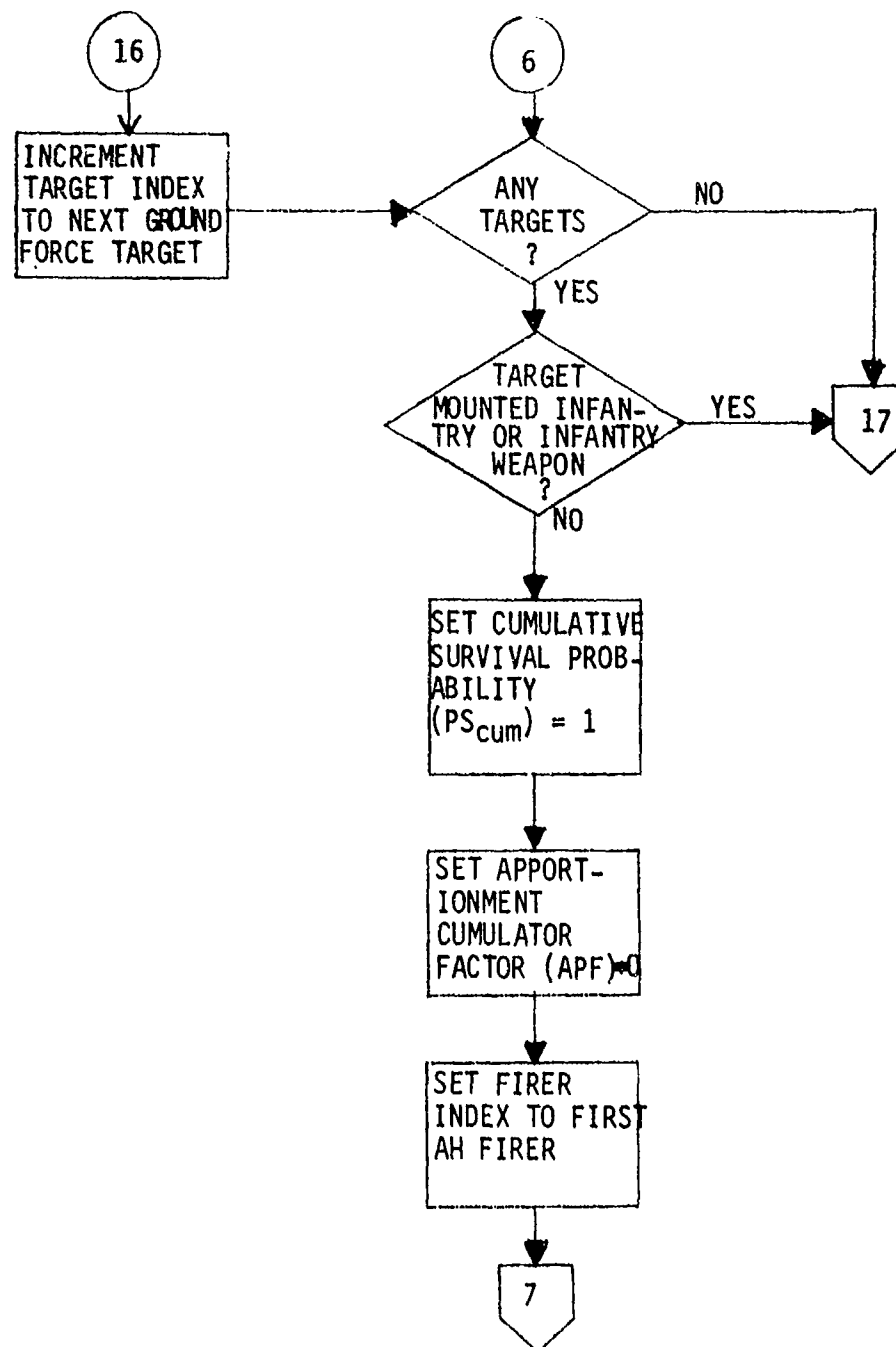


Figure 17. OVLY5 (AHAD) flow diagram (continued).

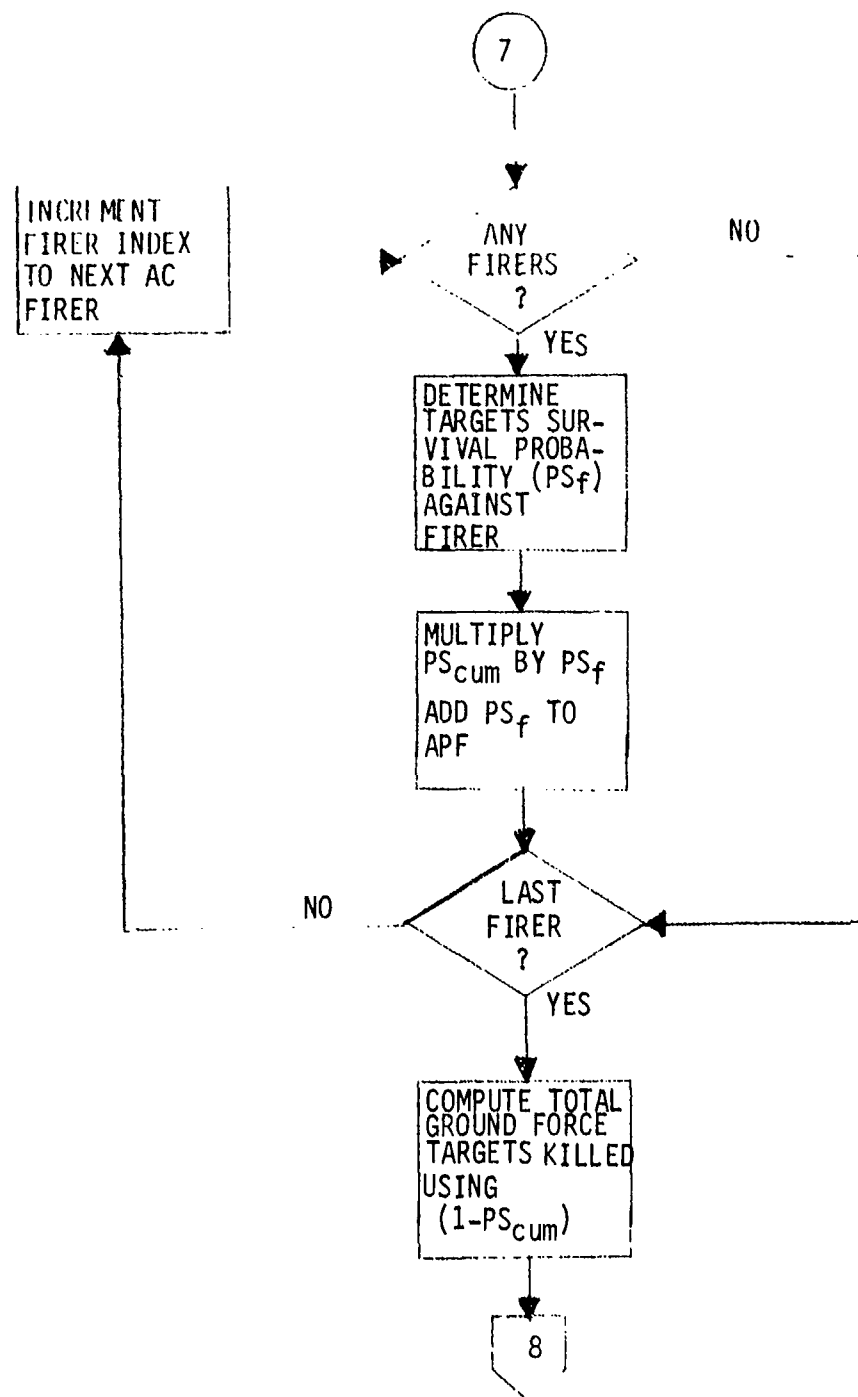


Figure 17. OVLY5 (AHAD) flow diagram (continued).

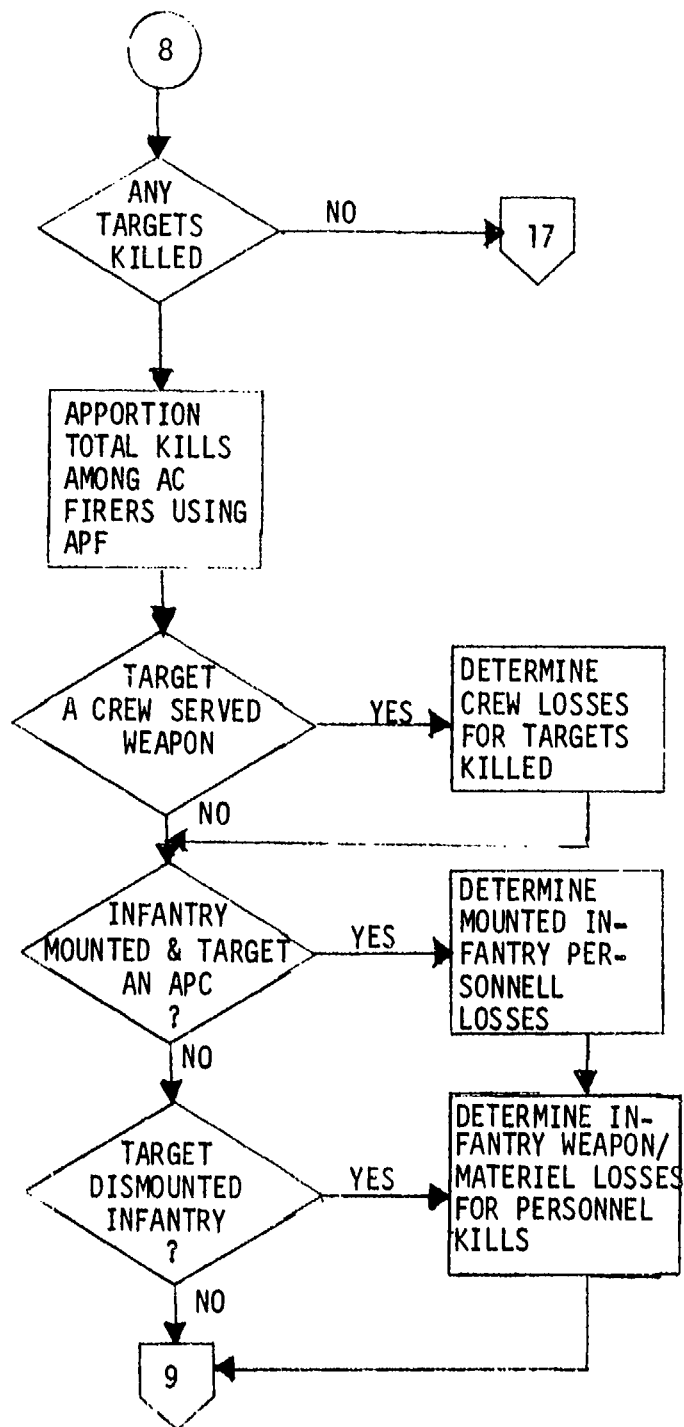


Figure 17. OVLY5 (AHAD) flow diagram (continued).

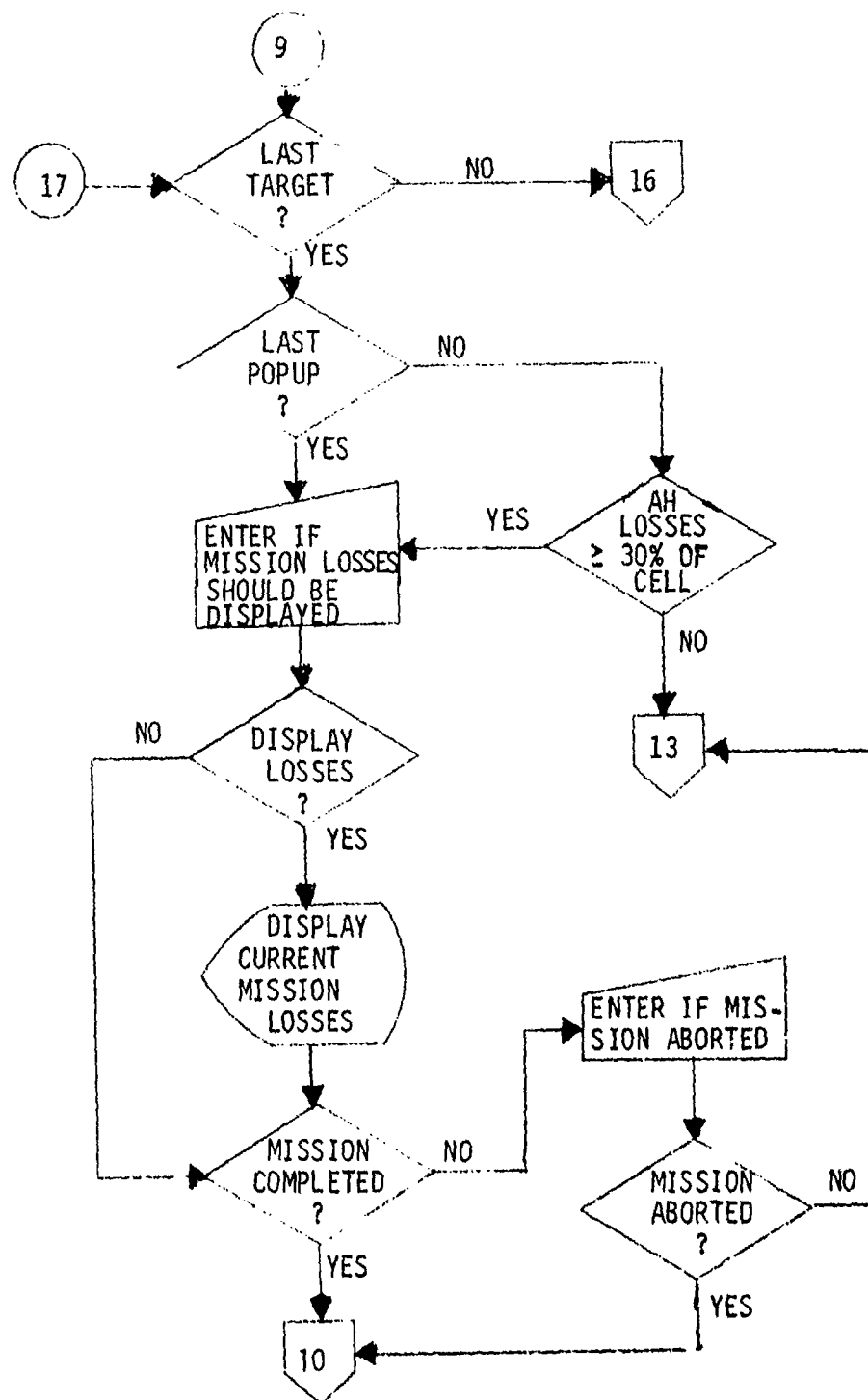


Figure 17. OVLY5 (AHAD) flow diagram (continued).

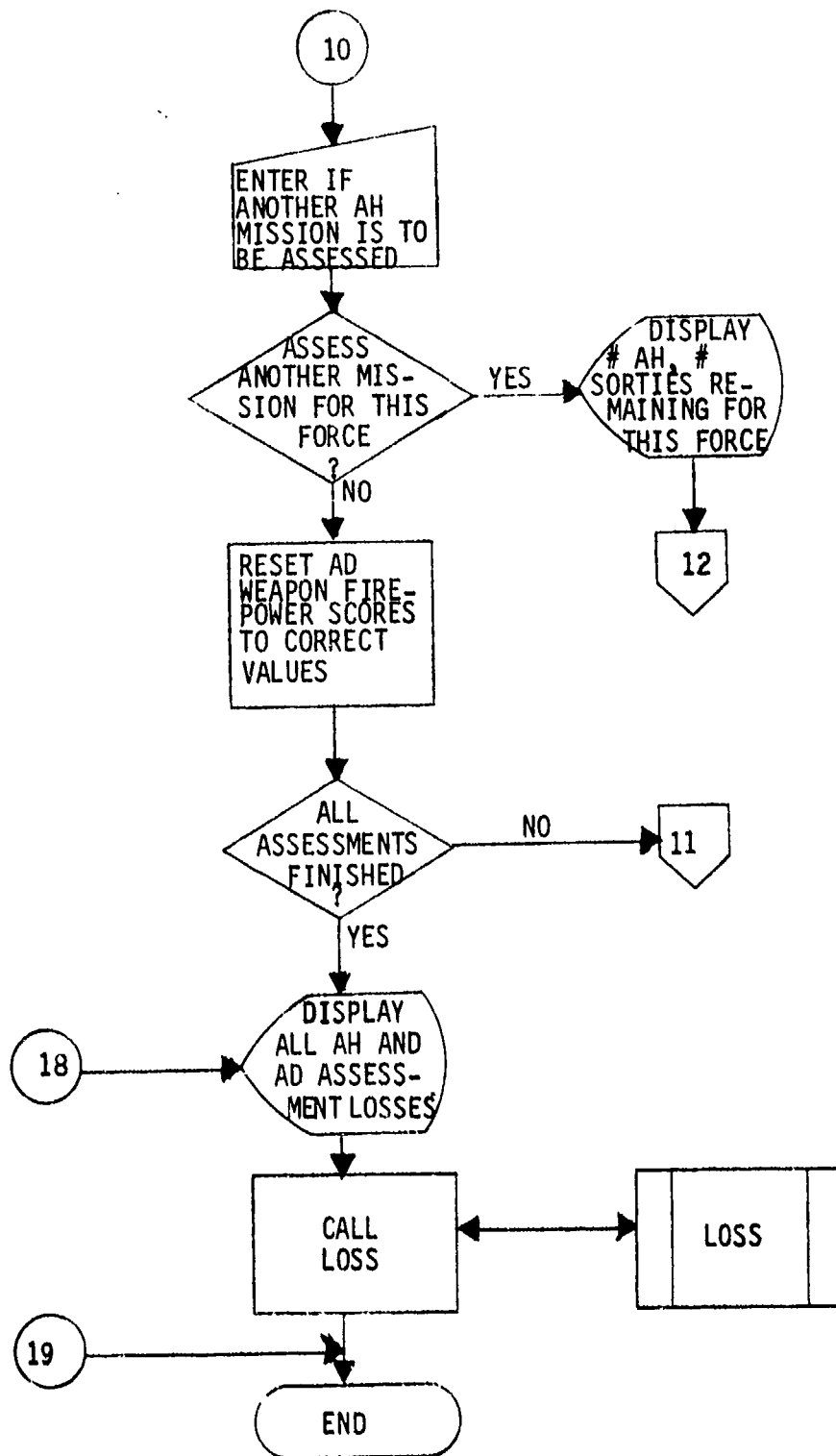


Figure 17. OVLY5 (AHAD) flow diagram (concluded).

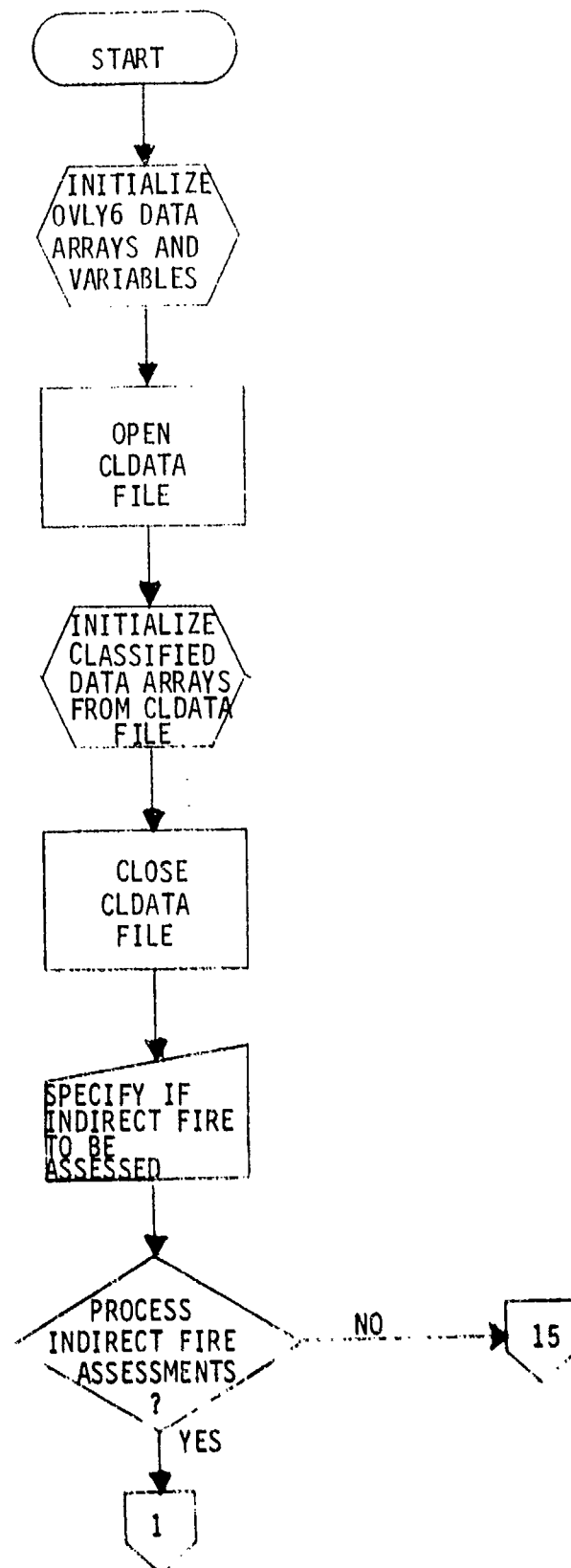


Figure 18. CANNON logic flow diagram.
(Continued next page)

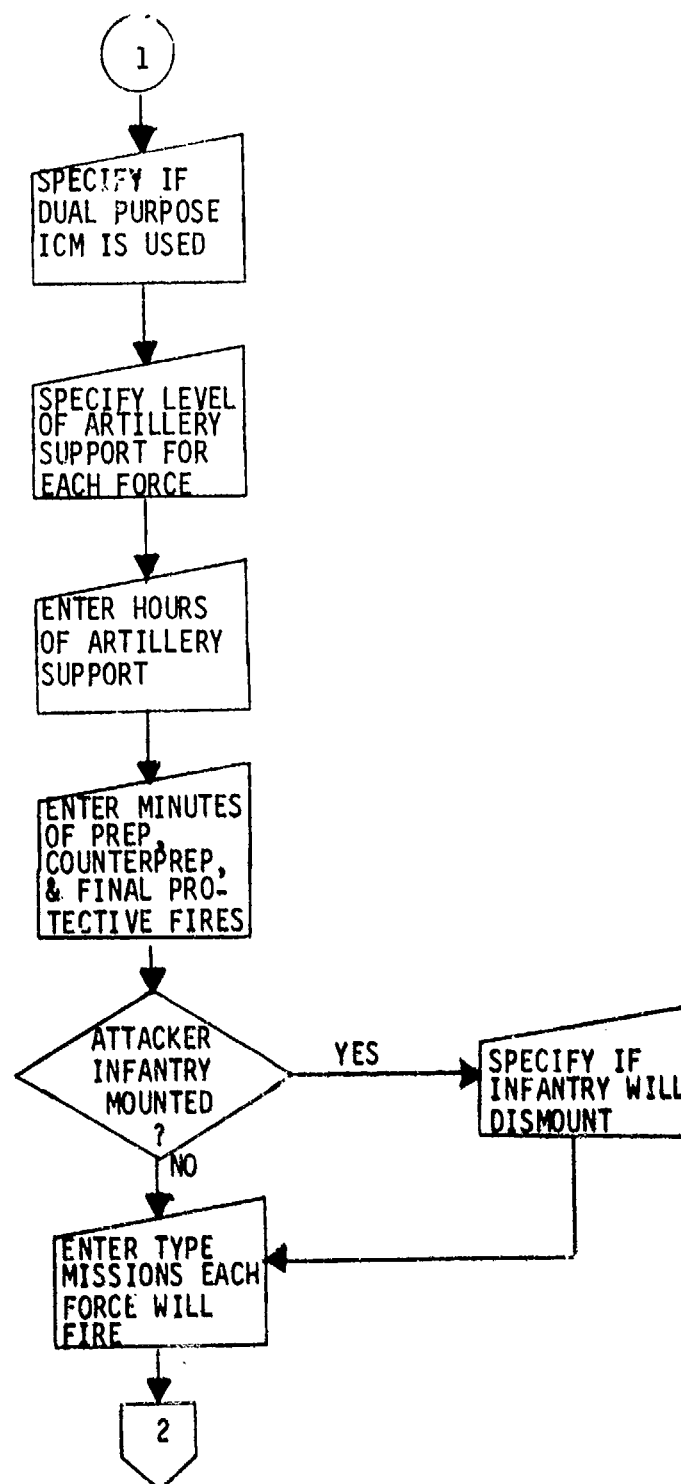


Figure 18. CANNON logic flow diagram (continued).

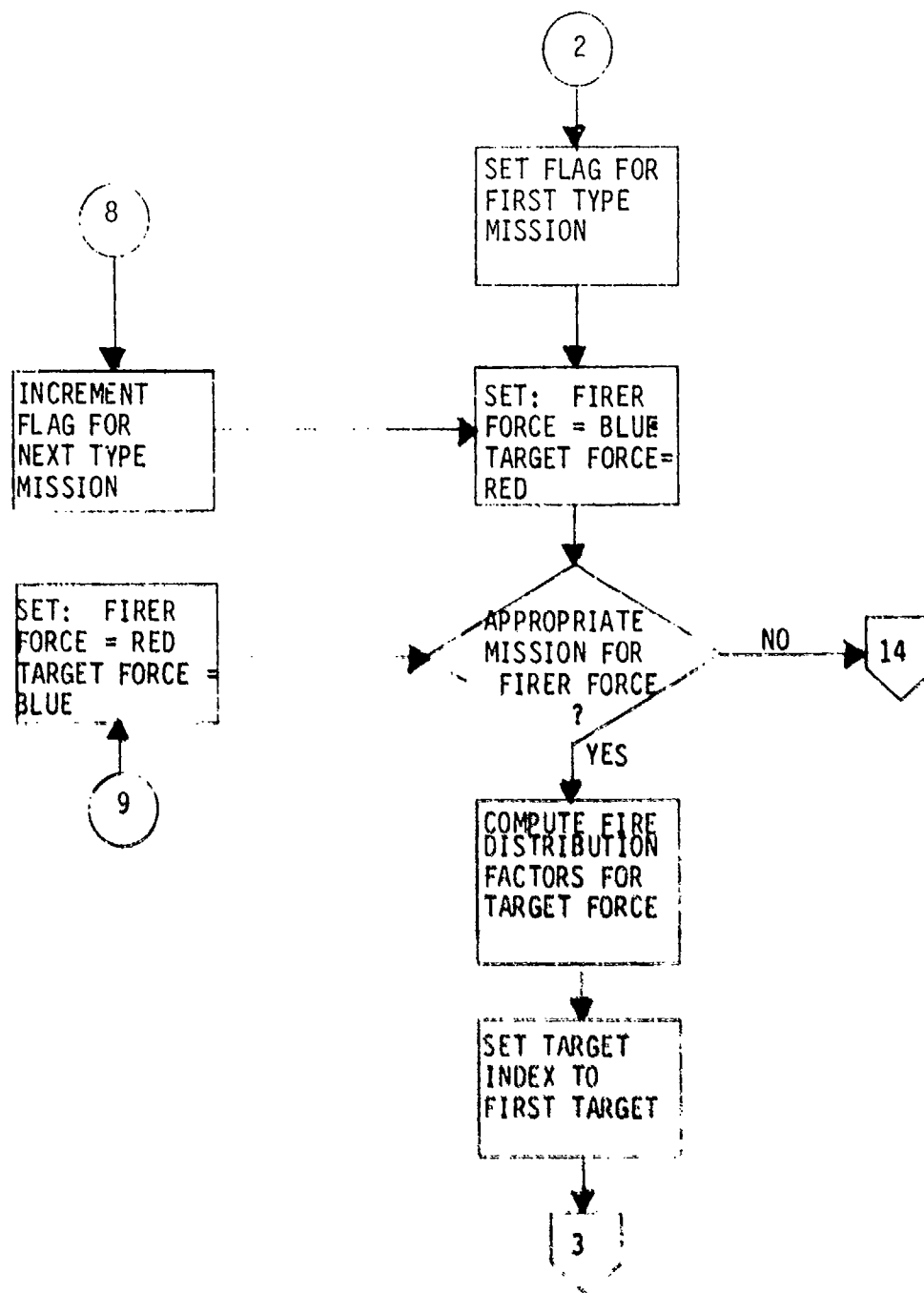


Figure 18. CANNON logic flow diagram (continued).

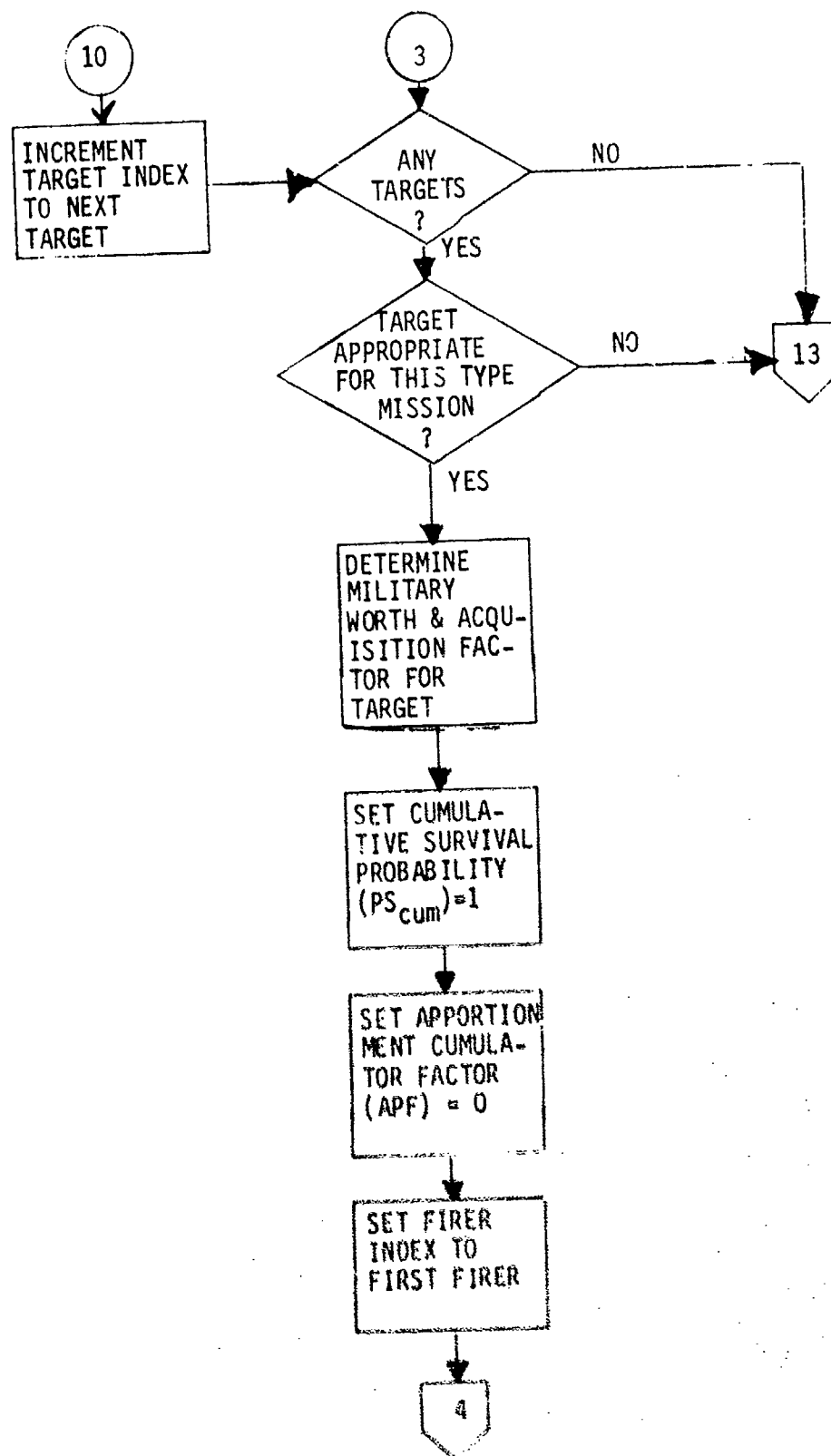


Figure 18. CANNON logic flow diagram (continued).

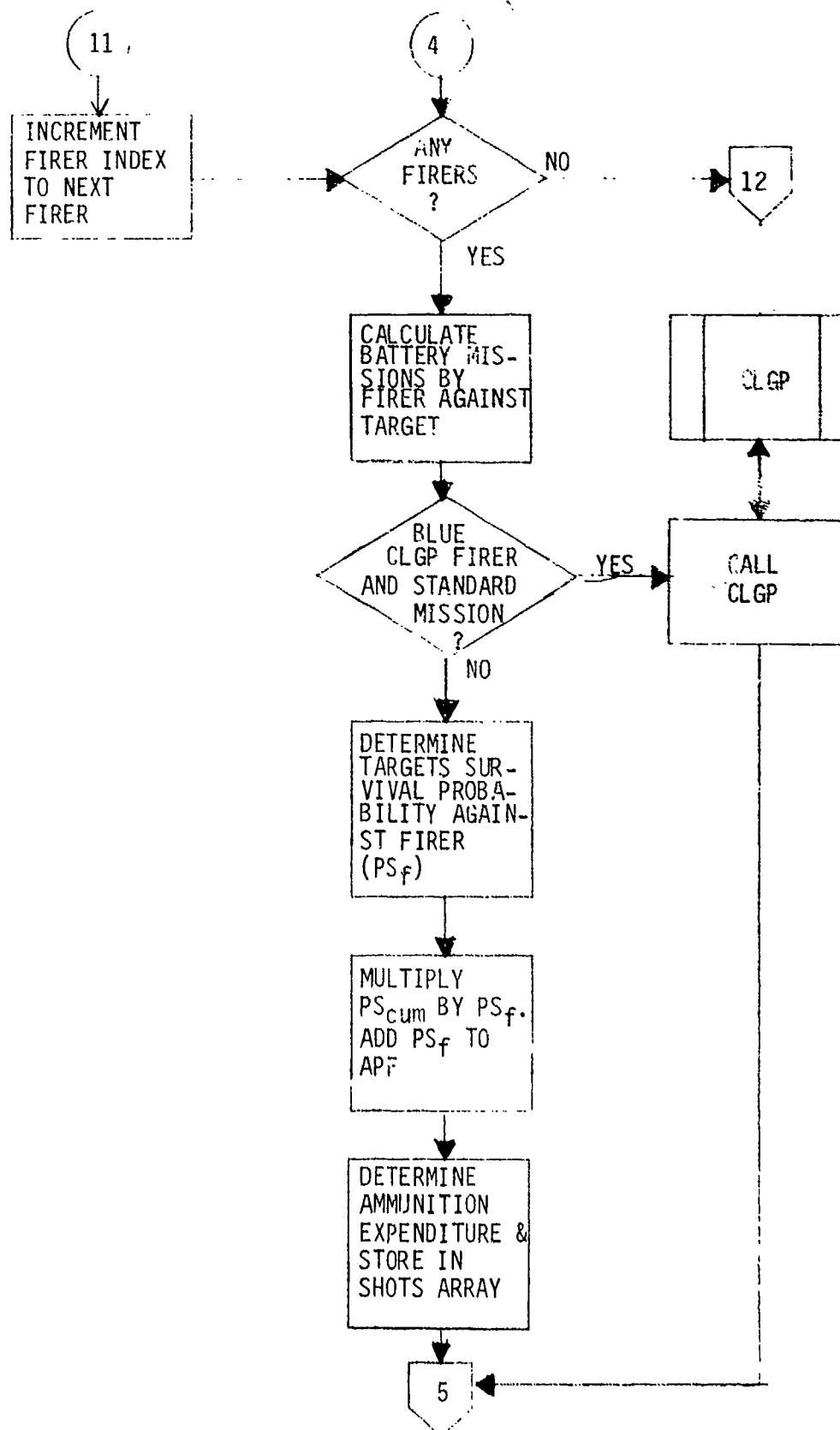


Figure 18. CANNON logic flow diagram (continued).

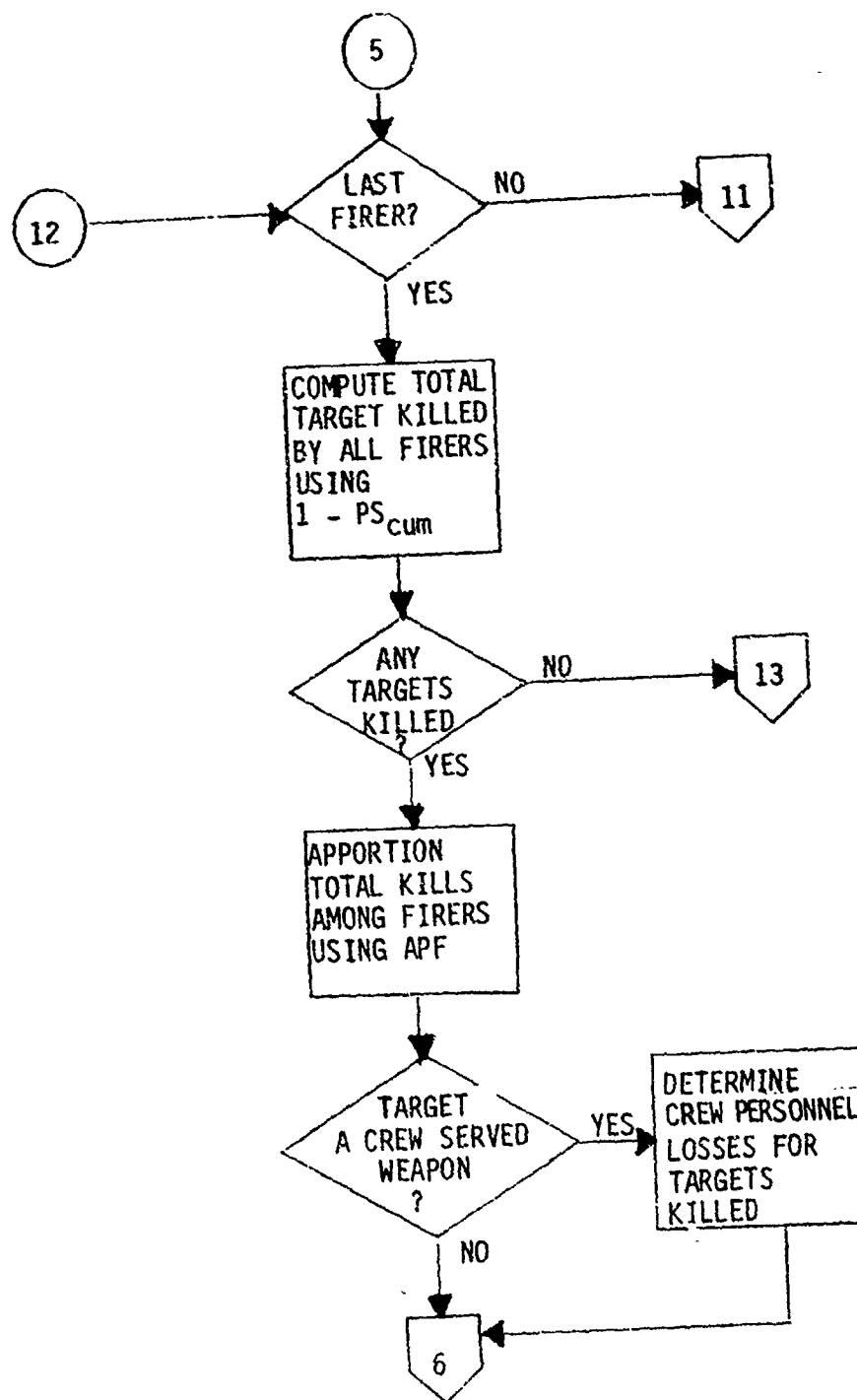


Figure 18. CANNON logic flow diagram (continued).

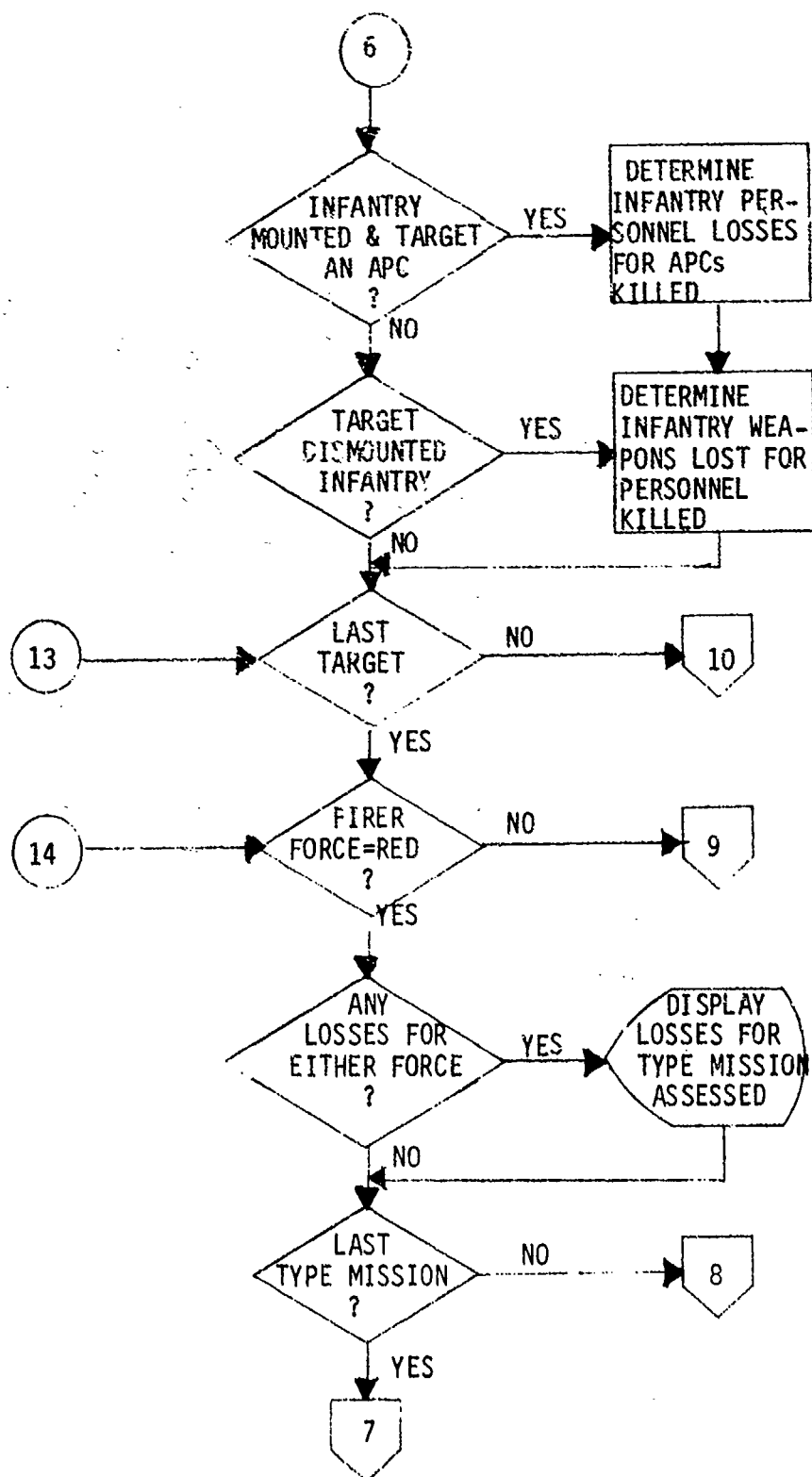


Figure 18. CANNON logic flow diagram (continued).

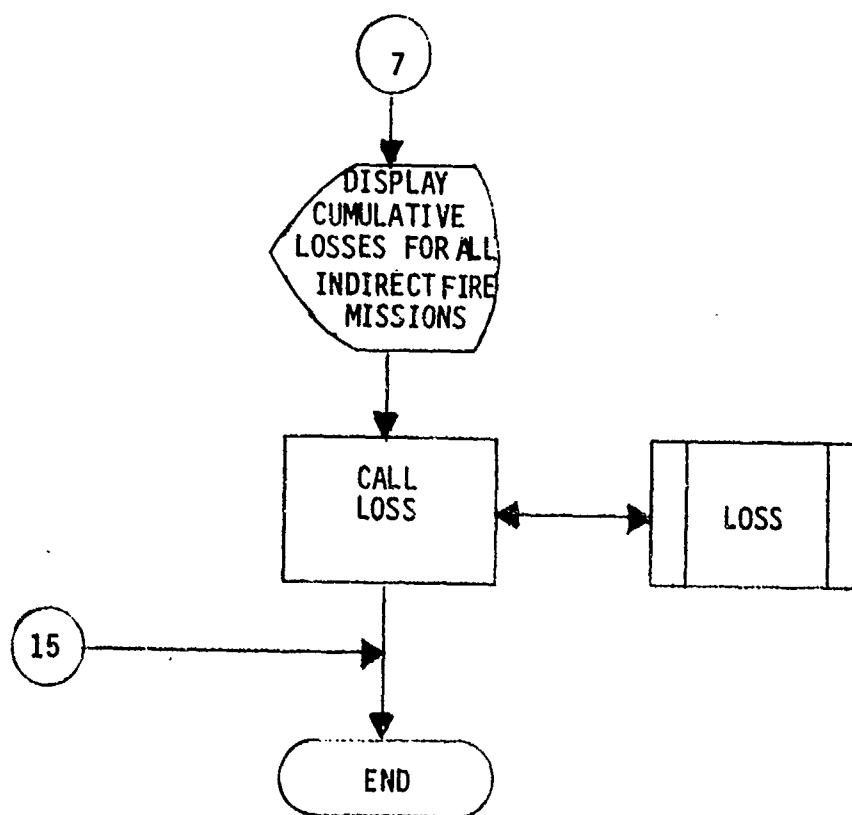


Figure 18. CANNON logic flow diagram (concluded).

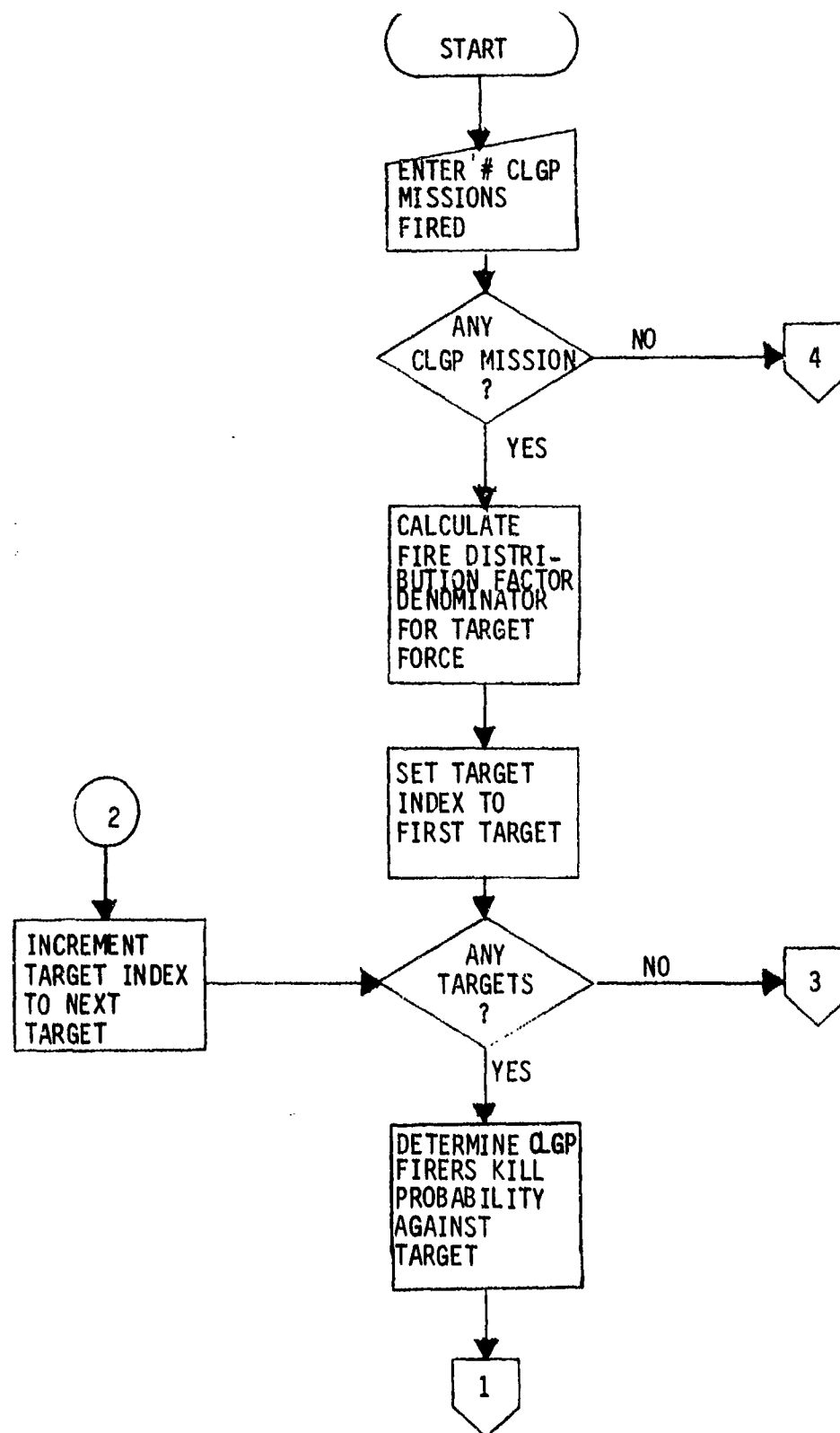


Figure 19. Subroutine CLGP flow diagram.
(Continued next page)

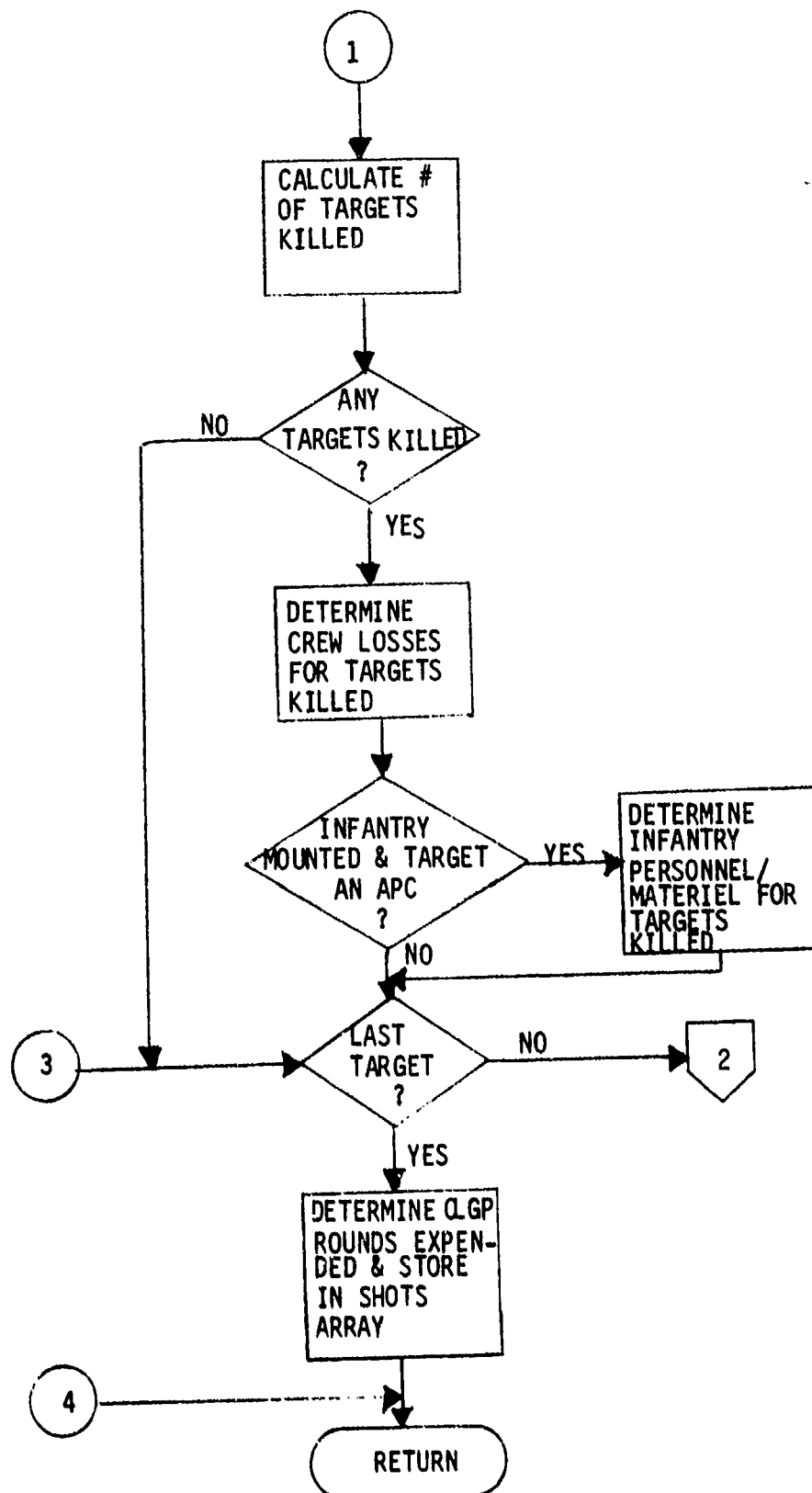


Figure 19. Subroutine CLGP flow diagram (concluded).

are returned to the main program and displayed from there as part of the indirect fire results. Since there is only one type of weapon that fires CLGP, the routine contains only one major DO loop to assess each possible target in the Red force. The CLGP program variables are listed in table L-2, and the FORTRAN source code is given in figure L-2.

(8) OVERLAY 8. SUPRES, the routine that determines the suppression factors for the attacking and defending forces, is contained in OVERLAY 8. SUPRES is composed of an array of the suppression factors used in the Jiffy Game and a few lines of code that access the data and set the suppression factors for both forces. A list of the program variables and a listing of the SUPRES FORTRAN source code are contained in appendix M. The program logic flow diagram is presented in figure 20.

(9) OVERLAY 9. Program OVLY 9 is called from the Jiffy Game supervisory program (SUPER) at DECISION POINT number 5 (see table 1). This overlay contains no subroutine nor does it call any external subroutines from OVLY0. The purpose of the program is to provide hard copy output of the results for a battle gamed with the Jiffy Game assessment routines. Figure 21 contains the logic flow diagram of RESULT. The routine tabulates the killer/victim results from the ALOSS array and the ammunition expenditures from the SHOTS array. Several tables are created to be output from a high speed printer. These tables display the cumulative results in formats determined to be most meaningful for analyzing and summarizing the outcome of the battle. The OVLY 9 FORTRAN source code is given in figure N-1, and the program variables are listed in table N-1.

(10) OVERLAY 10. OVERLAY 10 (FORCE) is the program by which the gamers manipulate their forces in the Jiffy Game. OVLY 10 is reached by a gamer response of "1" at the DECISION POINT in SUPER (see table 1). After the gamer defines the critical incident and sector, he is presented his choice of the eight force manipulation options in table 2. Upon completion of all but OPTION 0, the gamer is returned to the OPTION point. A response of "0" loads the weapon systems of all units loaded into the defined sector and critical incident into the weapon system (ELMT) array for both forces and returns control to SUPER. The display option (6) provides the gamer the capability to examine the FORCE file in four ways. The four types of displays accessible at OPTION 6 are given in table 3. Subroutine DISPLAY is used for display type 4. The program logic flow diagram for OVLY 10 is contained in figure 22. The FORTRAN program source code for OVLY 10 and a list of the program variables used in the overlay are presented in appendix O.

(11) OVERLAY 11. OVERLAY 11 apportions the personnel casualties and weapon system losses determined in the Jiffy Game combat assessment routines to the units on the FORCE file. The program in OVERLAY 11 is named APPORT. The apportionment is based on an algorithm that considers quantity of losses, number of weapon systems in the unit, and the level of combat intensity of the actions in which the unit was involved during the

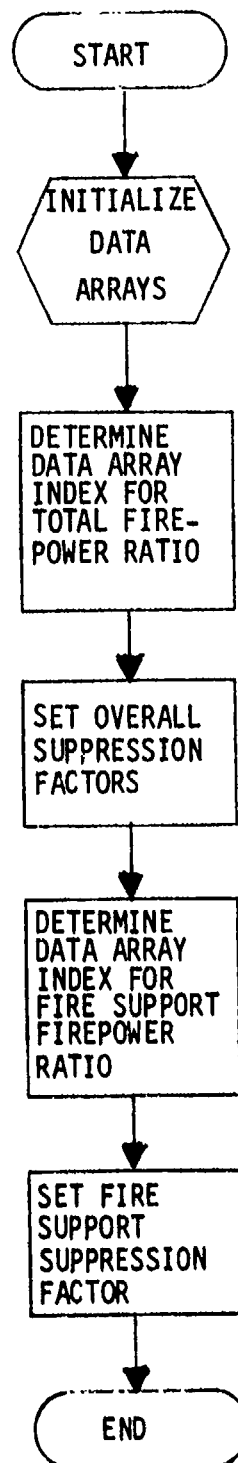


Figure 20. SUPRES flow diagram.

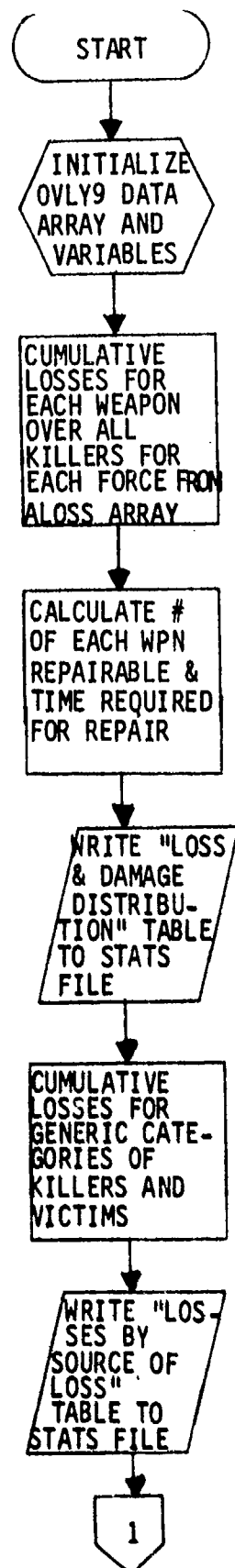


Figure 21. OVLY9 (RESULT) flow diagram.
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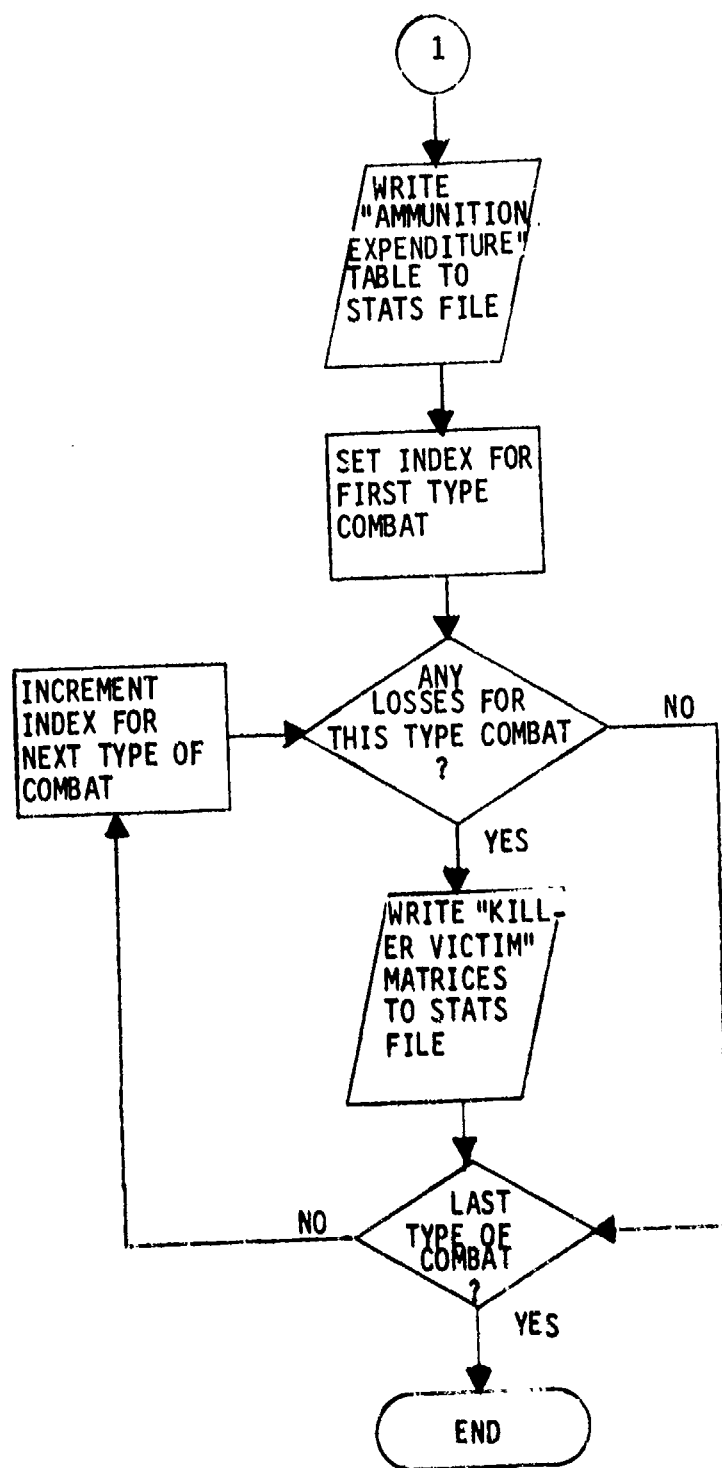


Figure 21. OVLY9 (RESULT) flow diagram (concluded).

Table 2. OVLY10 force manipulation options.

Response Code	Option Description
0	Proceed with assessments
1	Load units into sector
2	Remove units from sector
3	Create a new unit
4	Adjust weapons in a unit
5	Attach a unit to a new parent
6	Display a unit
7	Delete a unit from FORCE file

Table 3. Types of displays.

Display Index	Type Display	Information Displayed
1	Lists all parent units on FORCE file	Parent ID, force designator, Parent unit effectiveness, sector and critical incident
2	Lists all parent units in defined sector and critical incident	Parent ID, force designator and Parent unit effectiveness
3	Lists all units attached to a specific parent unit	Parent ID, Unit ID, force designator, unit effectiveness, sector and critical incident
4	Lists all weapon systems in a specific unit or Parent unit	Parent ID, Parent unit effectiveness, Unit ID, unit effectiveness, quantity and type of weapon systems.

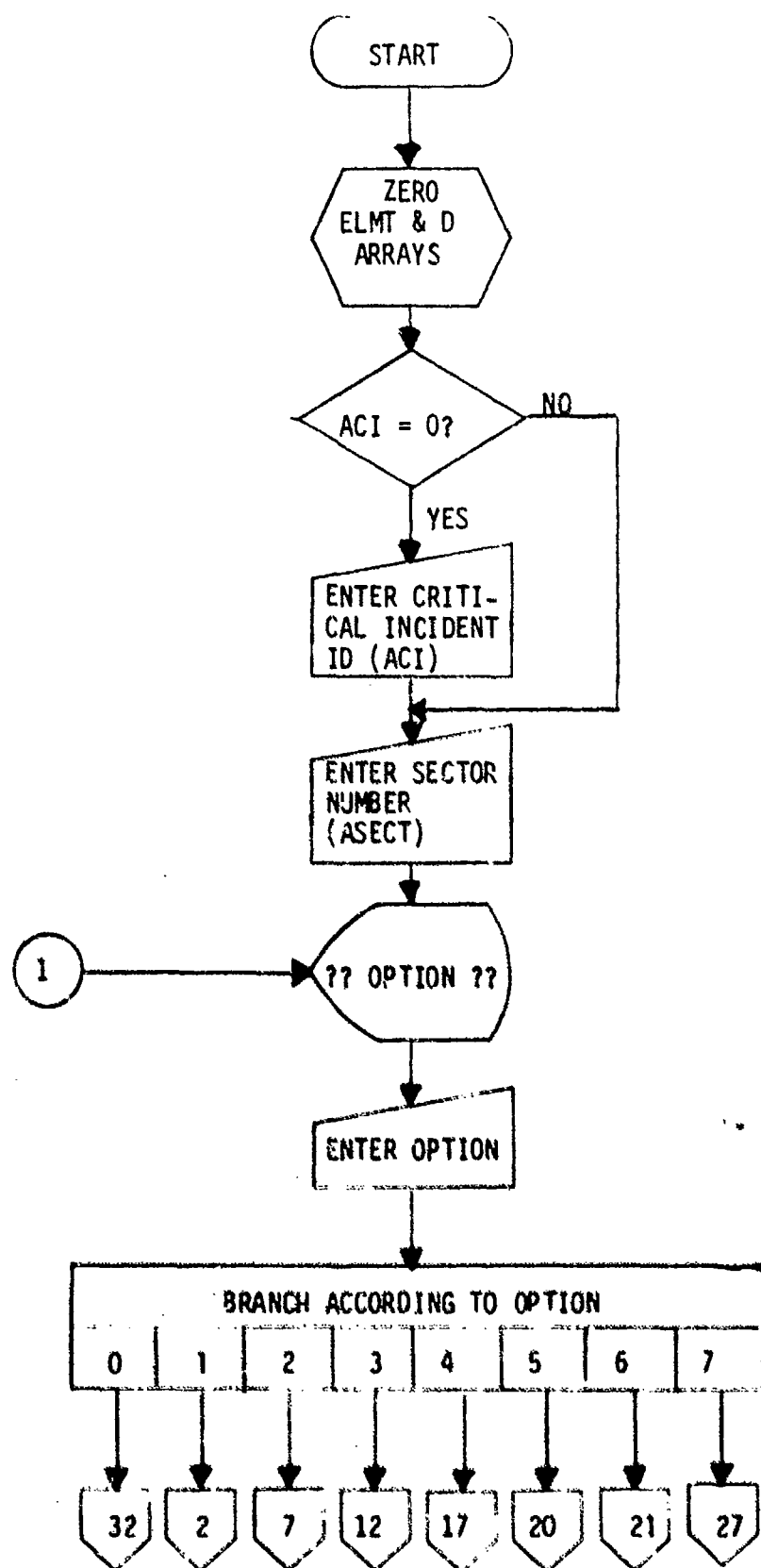


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram.
(Continued next page)

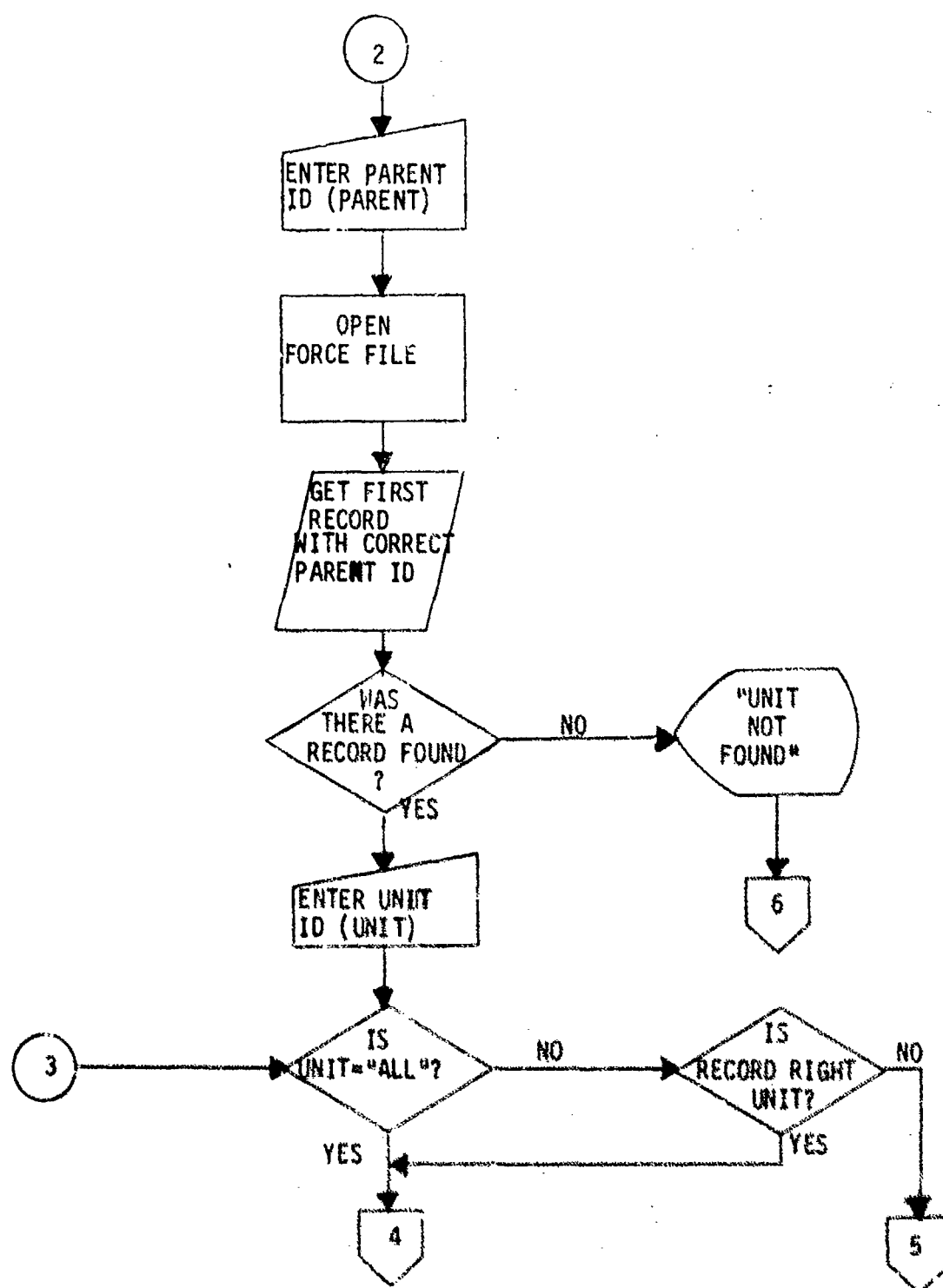


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

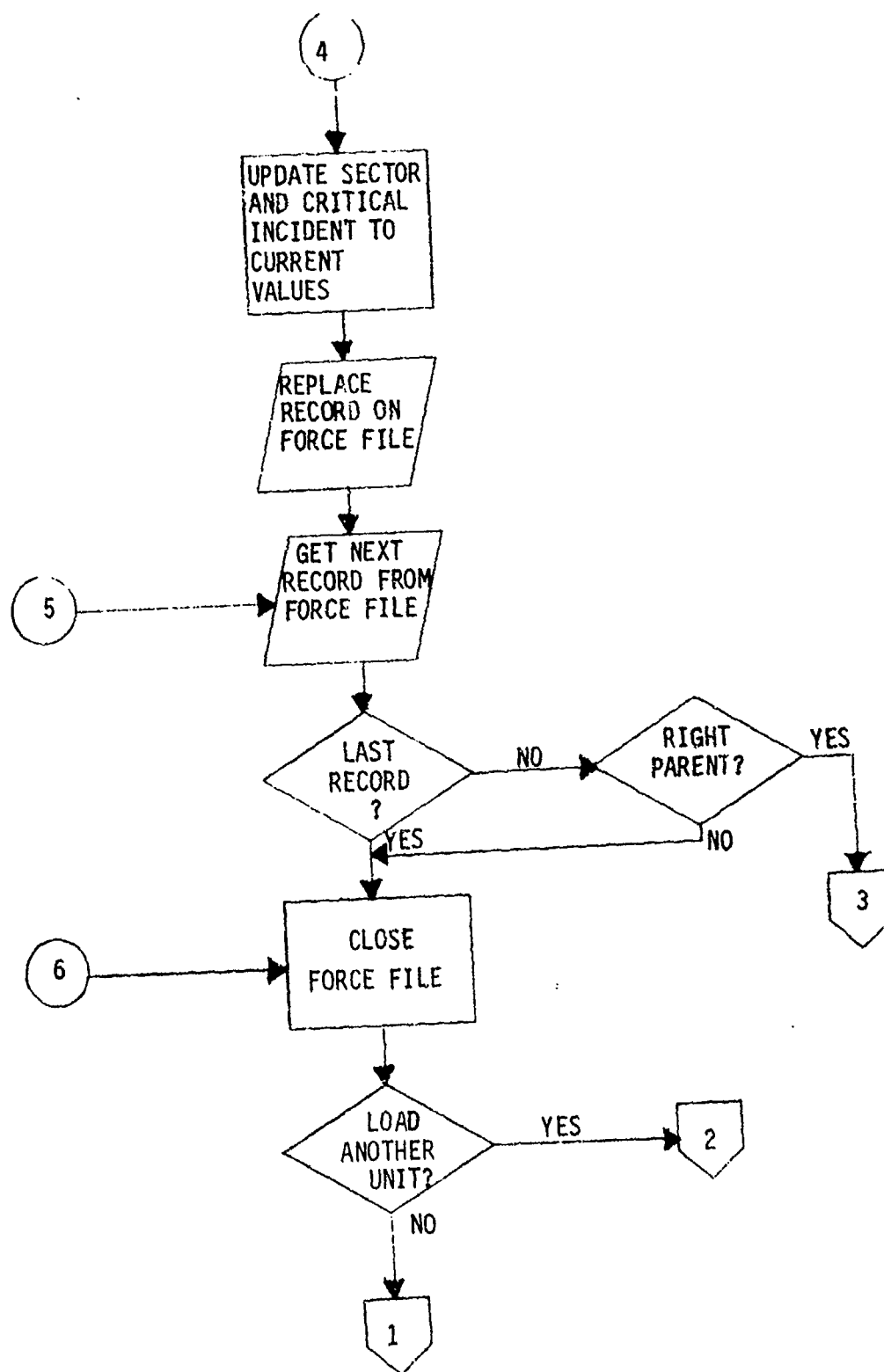


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

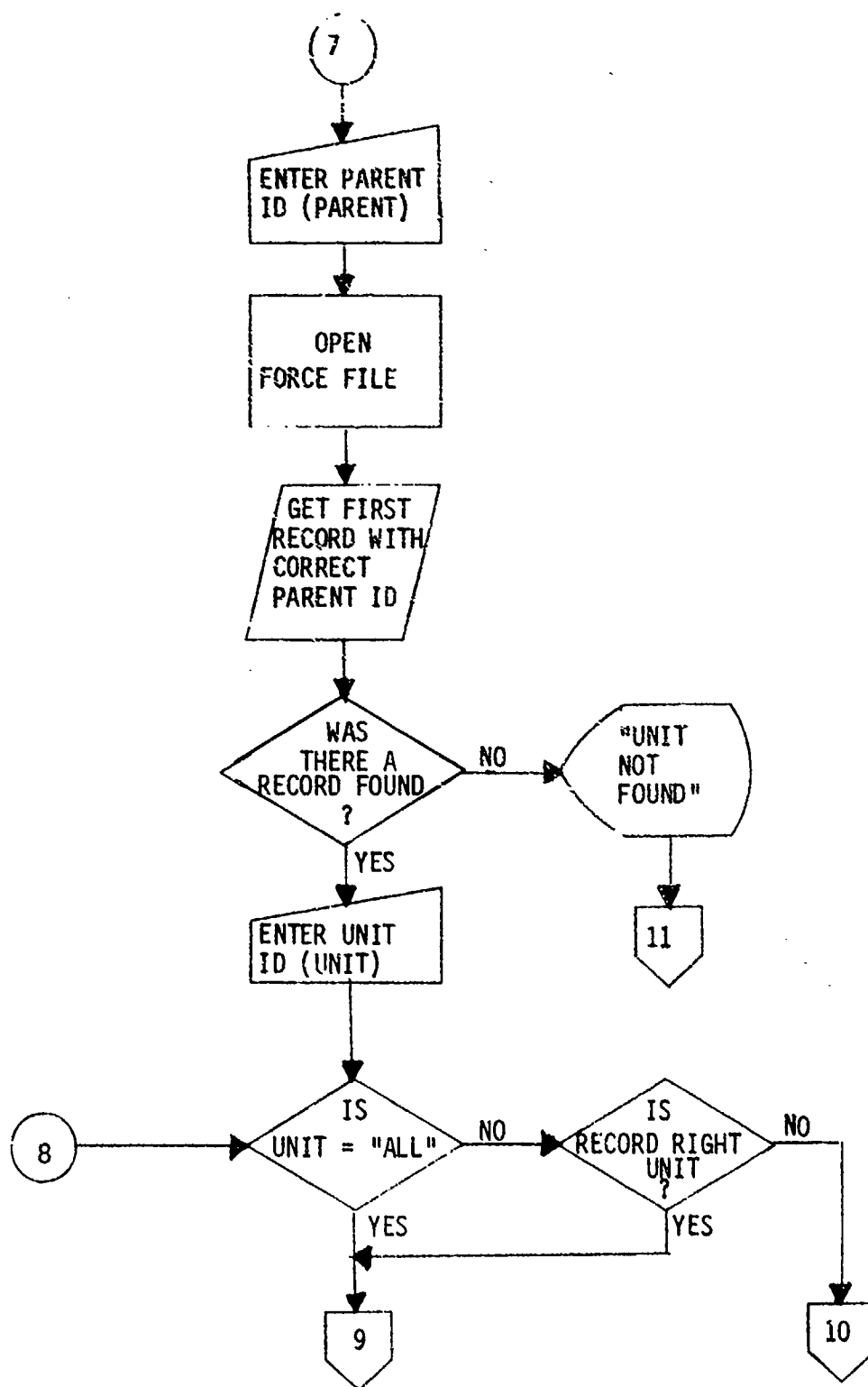


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

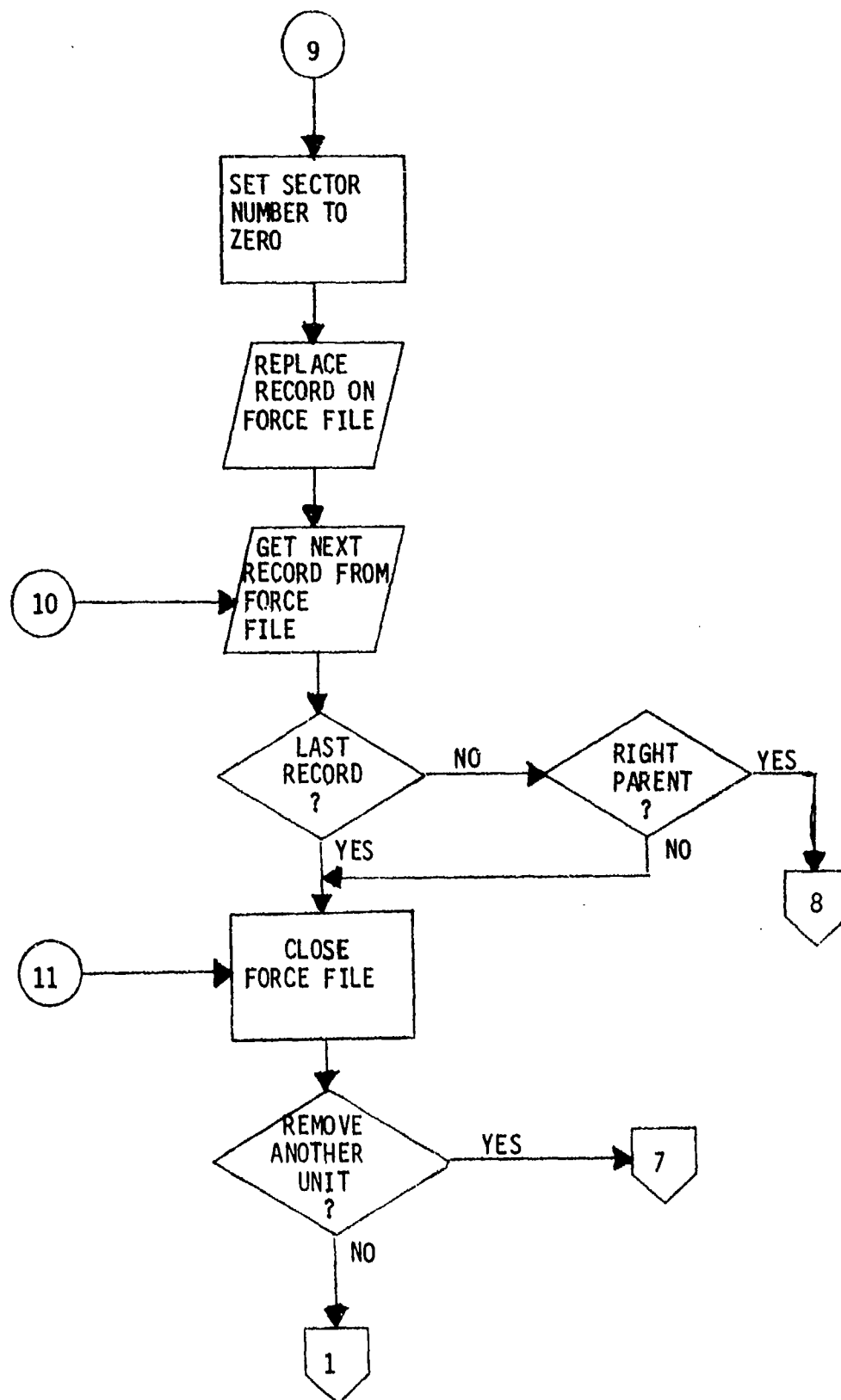


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

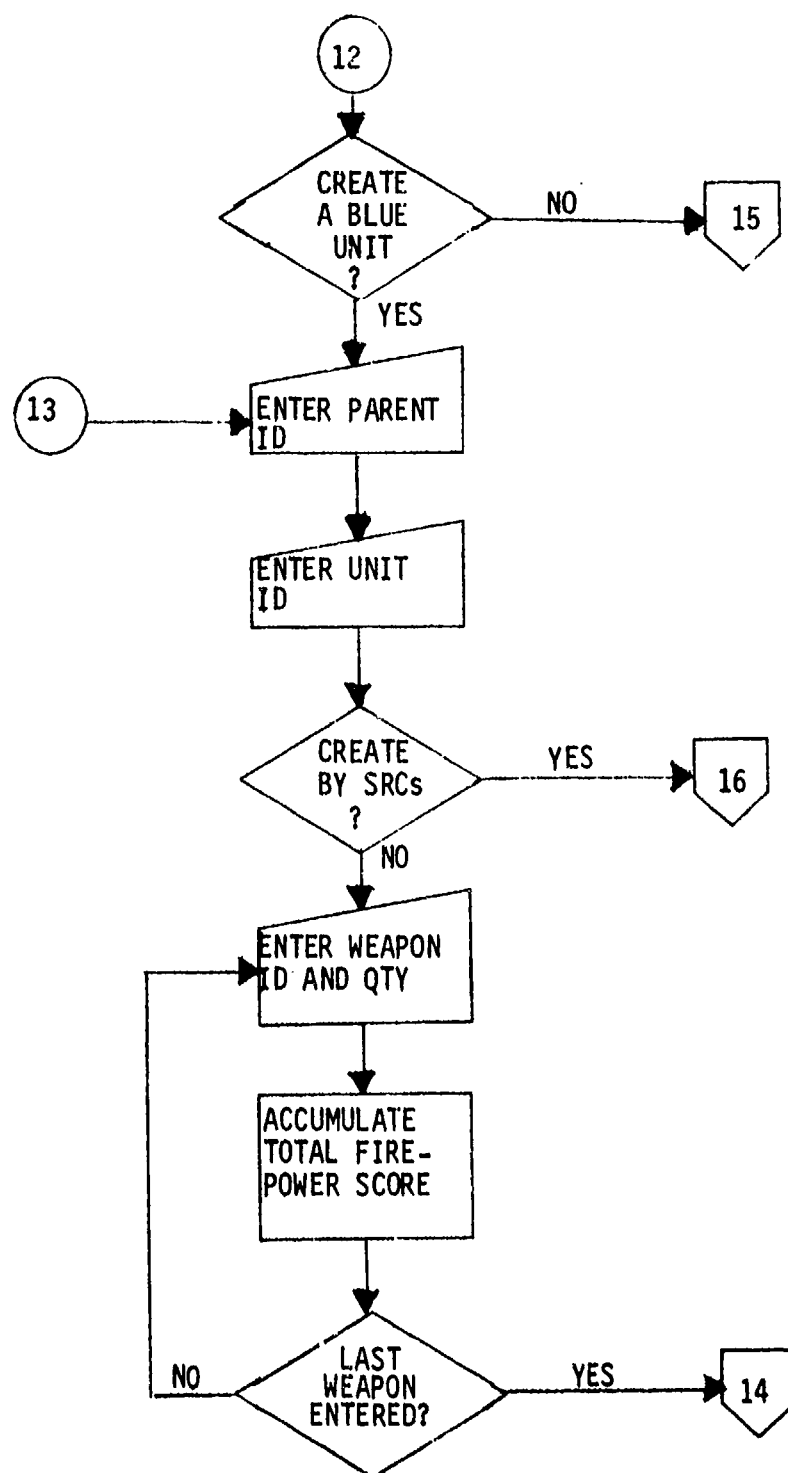


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

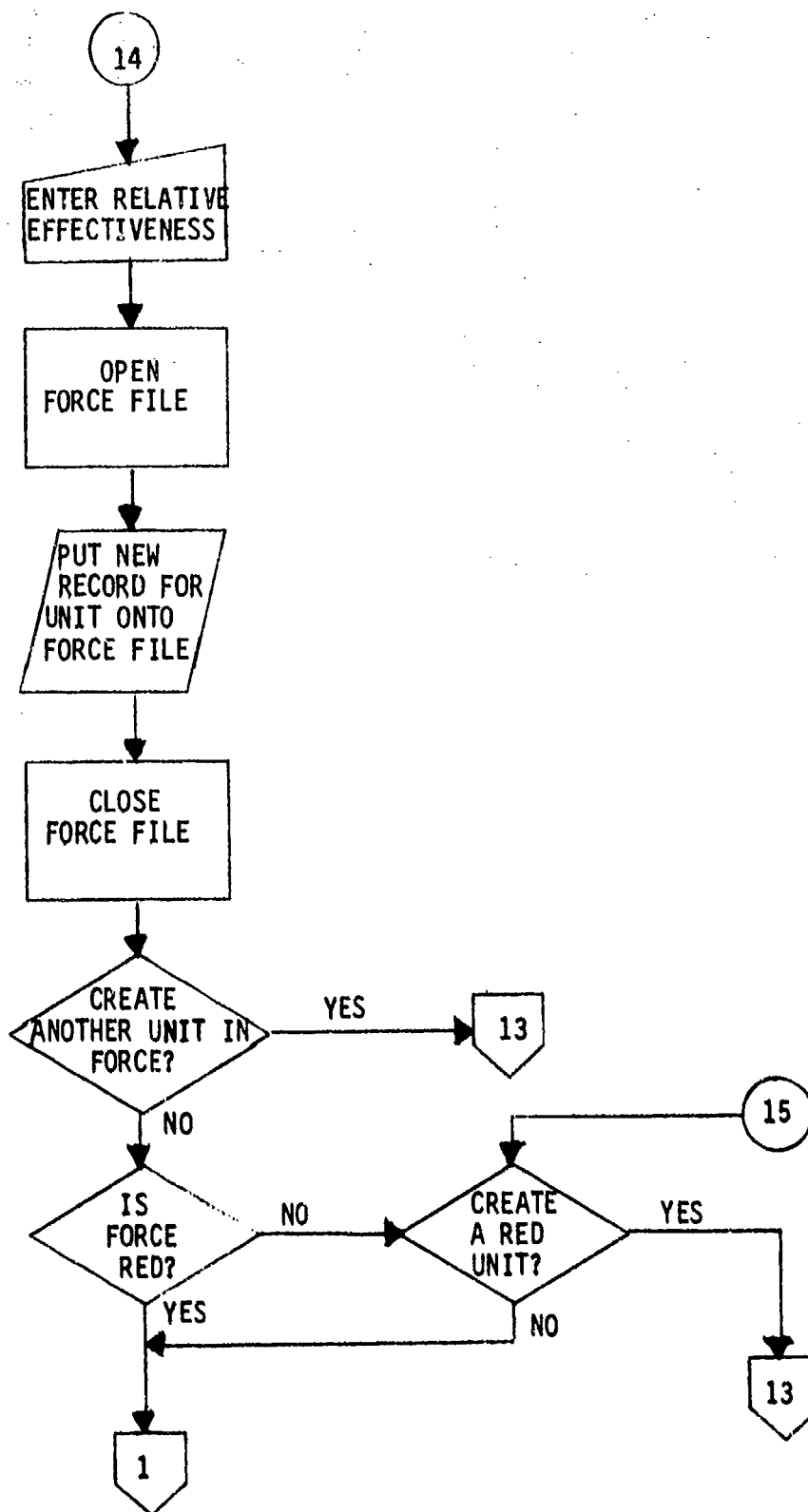


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

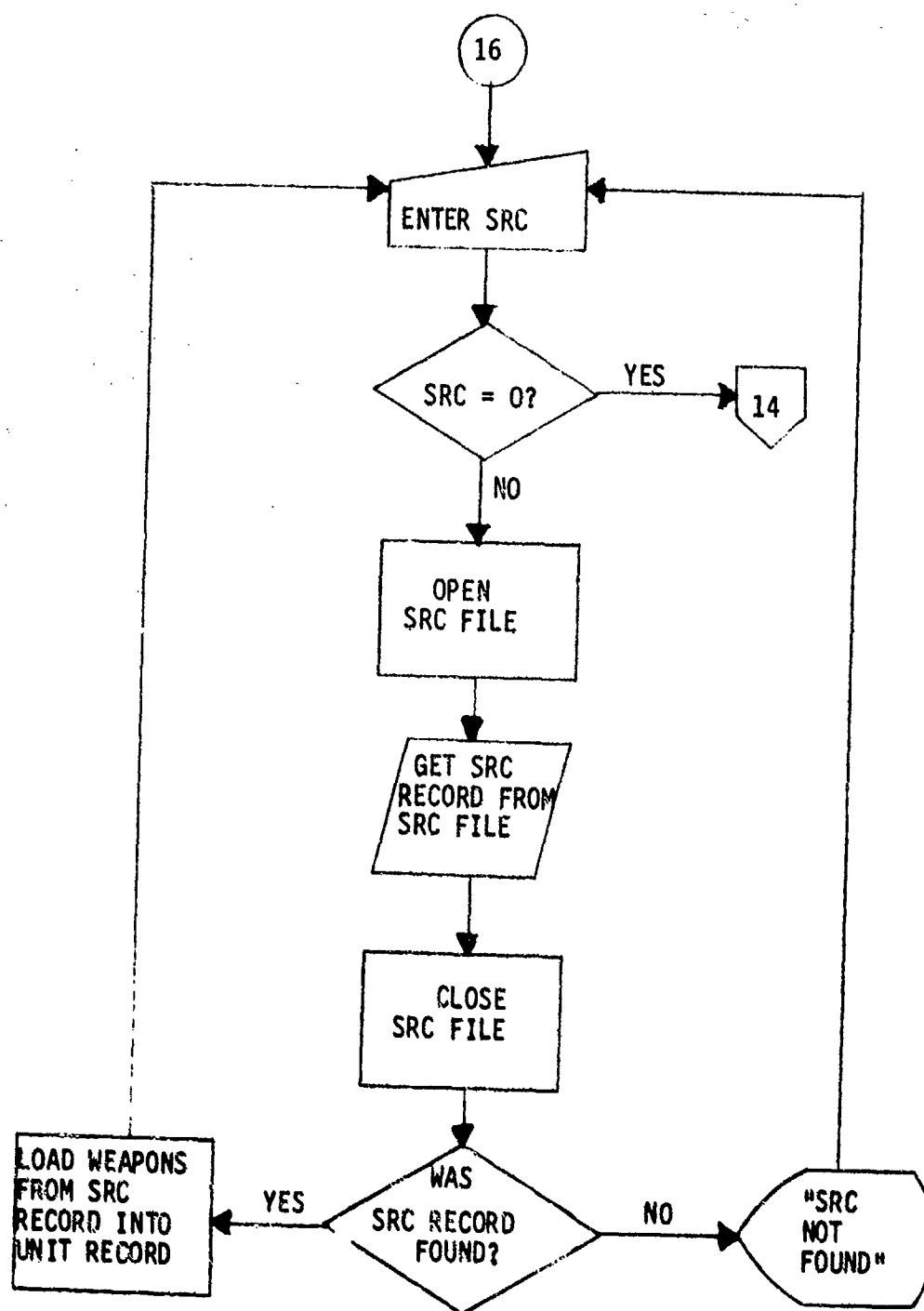


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

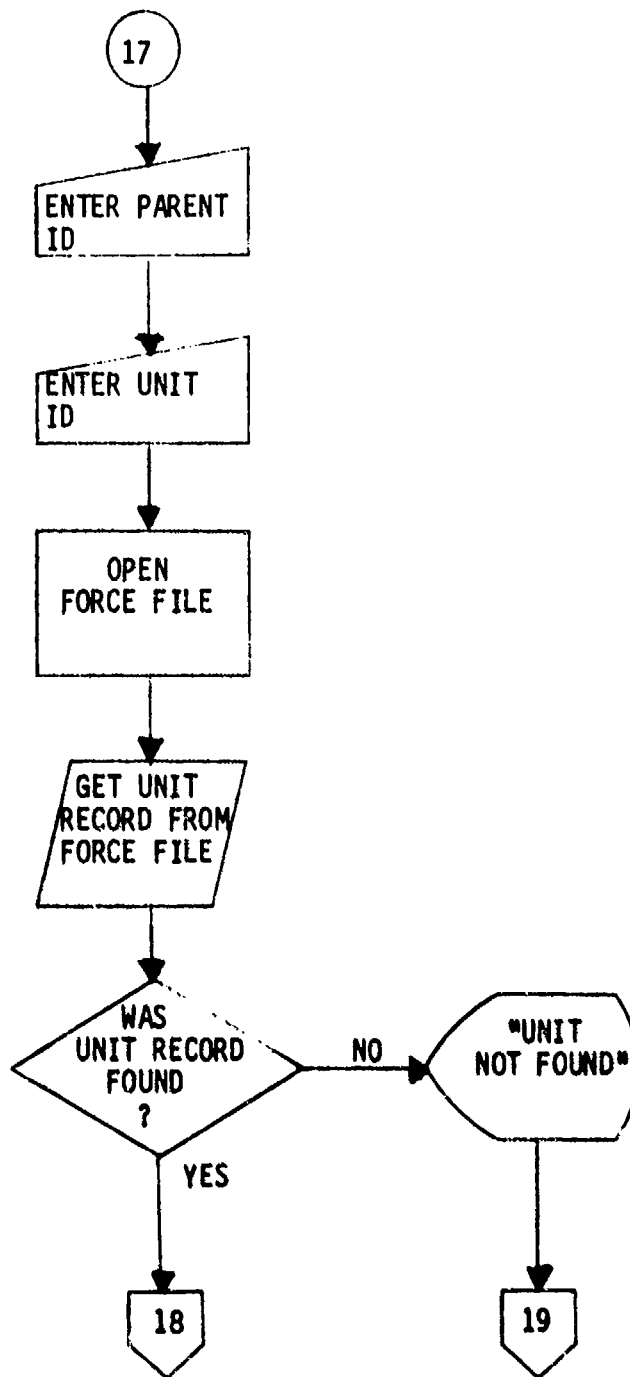


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

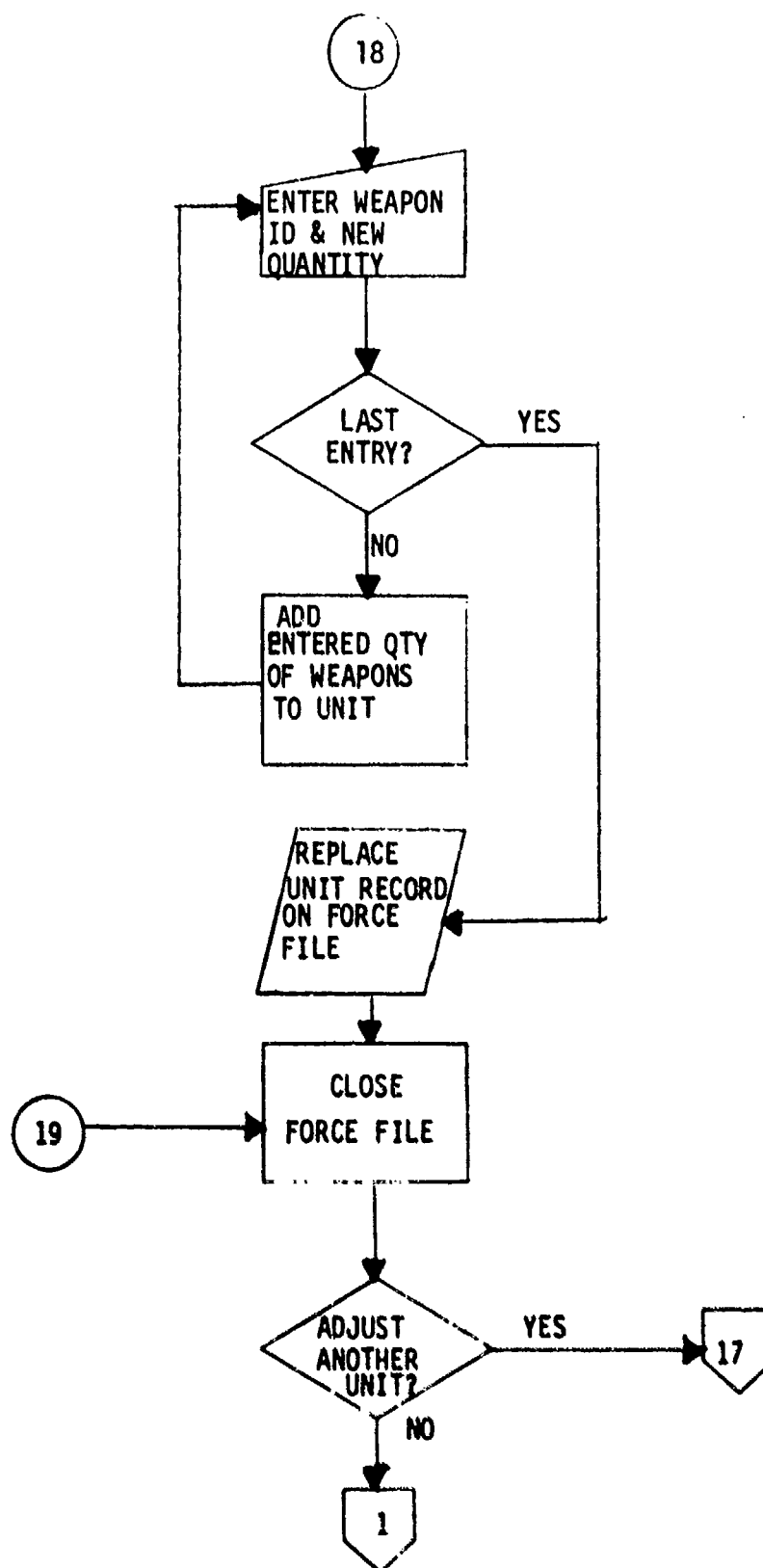


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

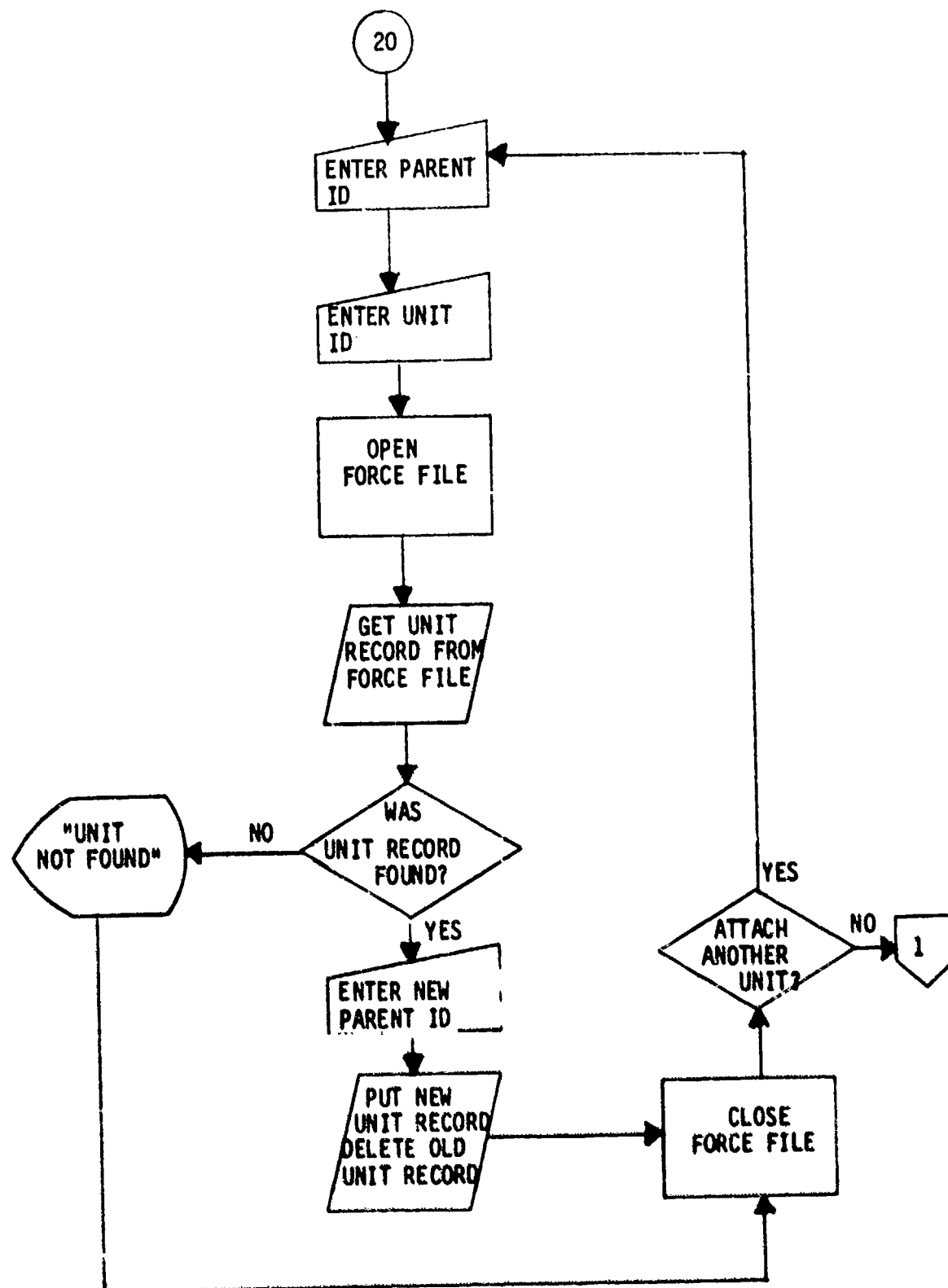


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

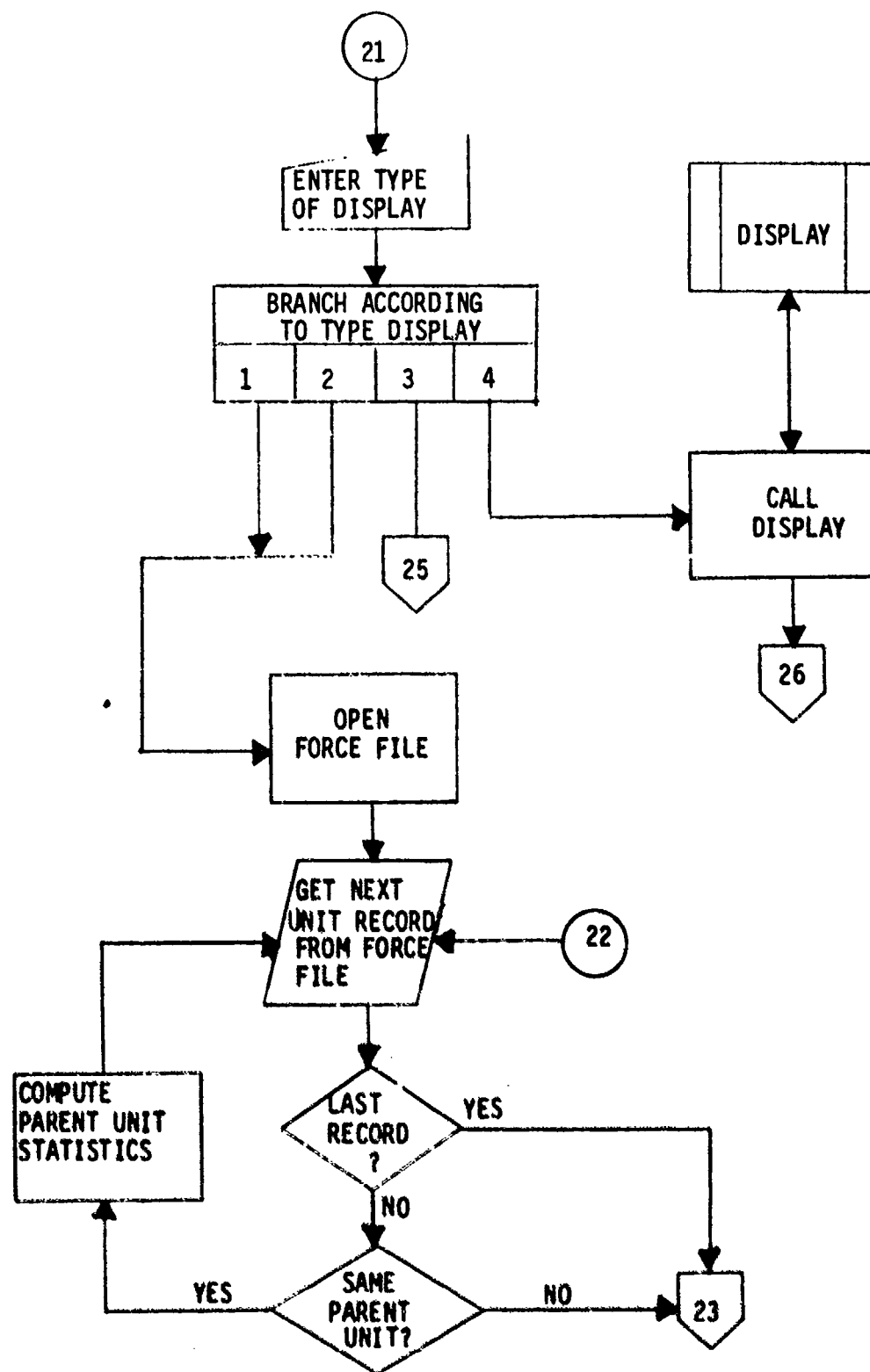


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

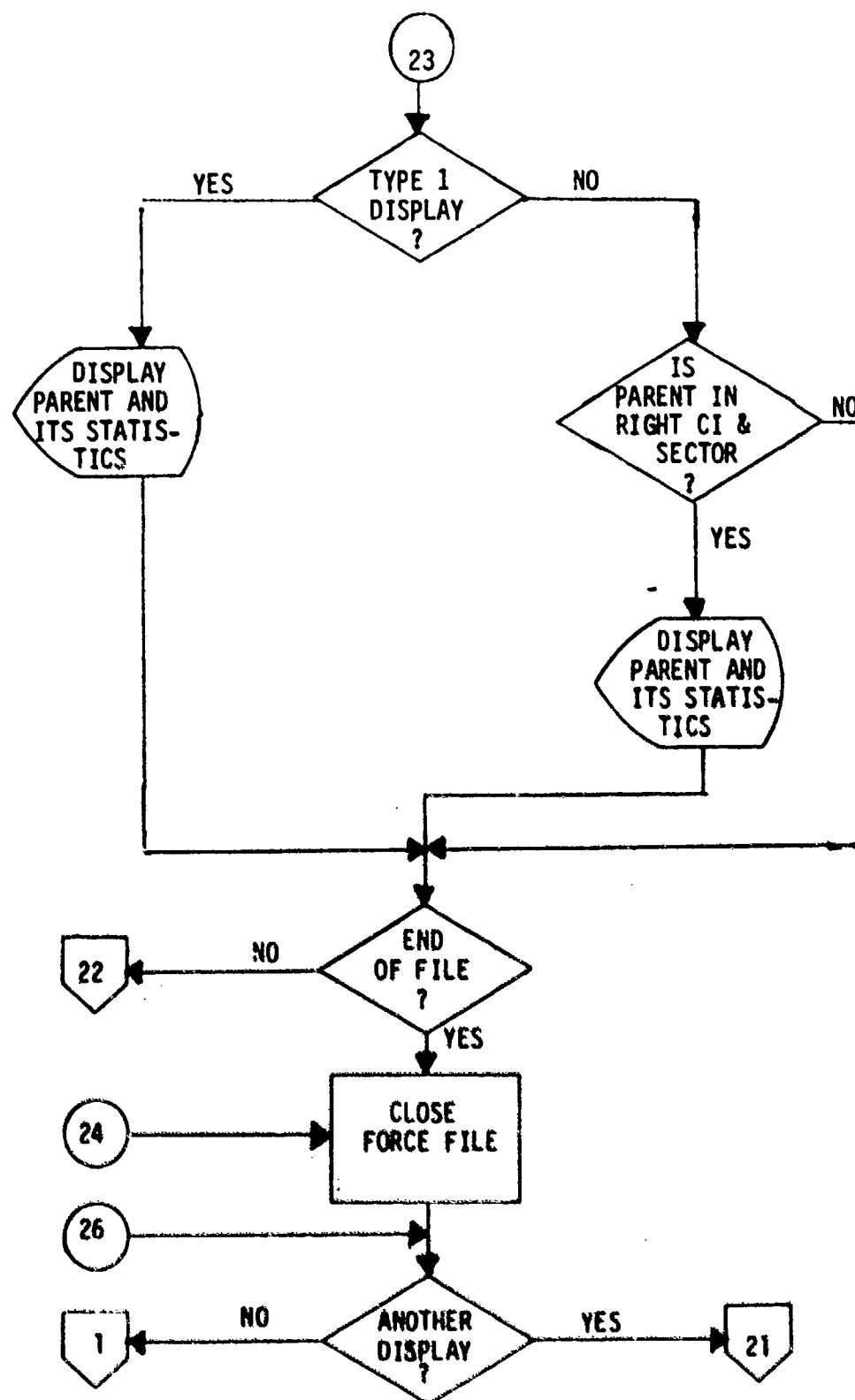


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

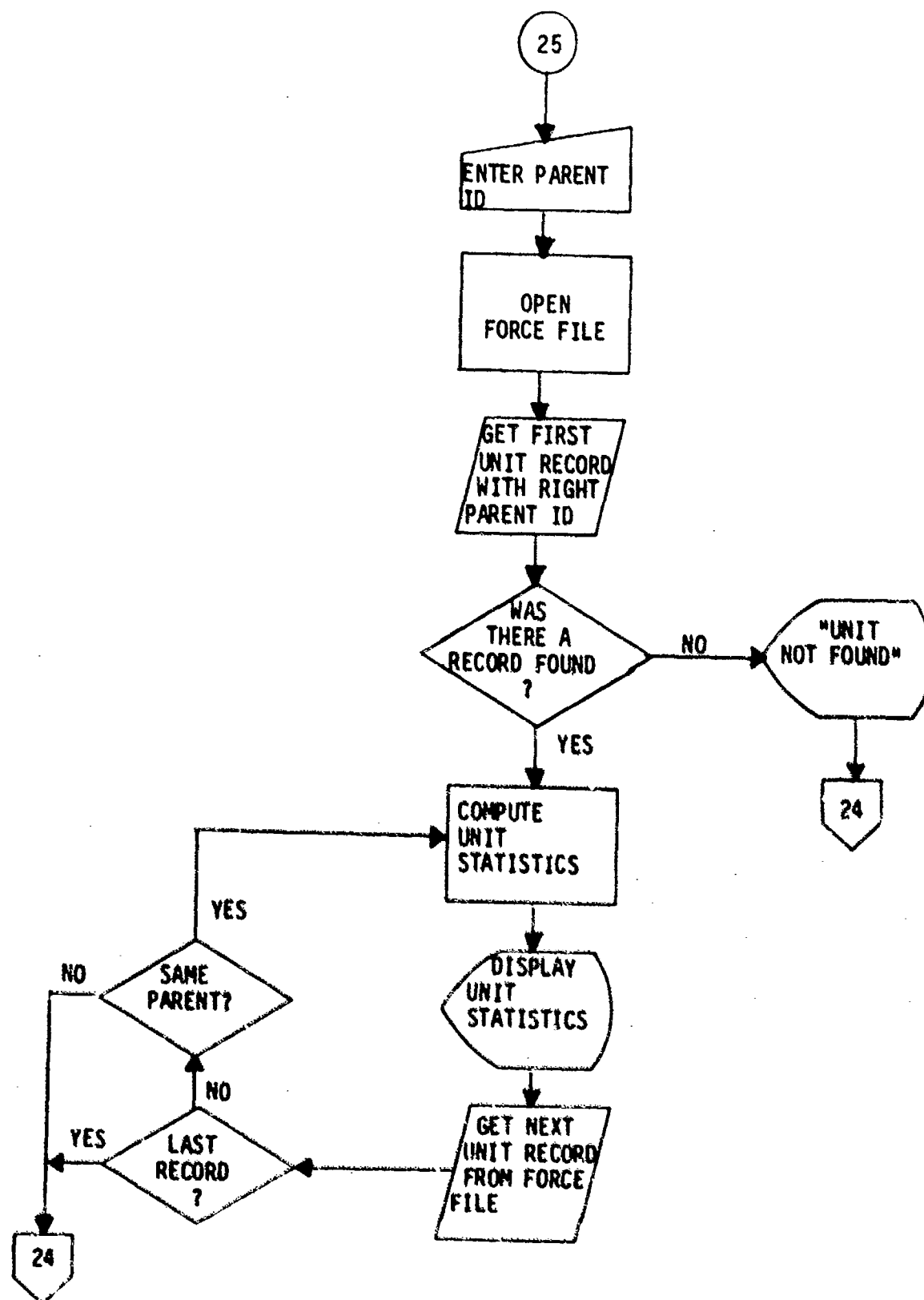


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

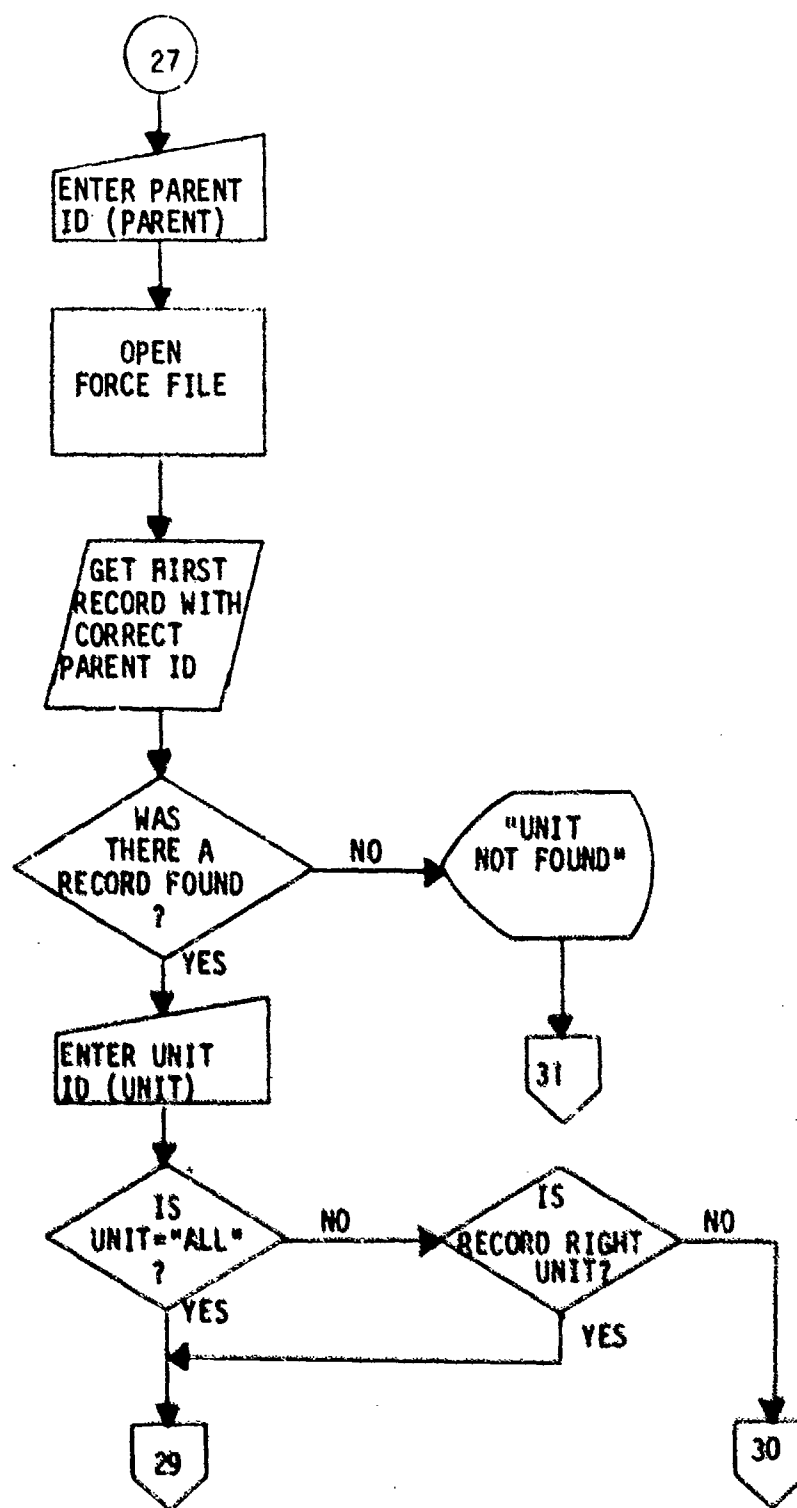


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

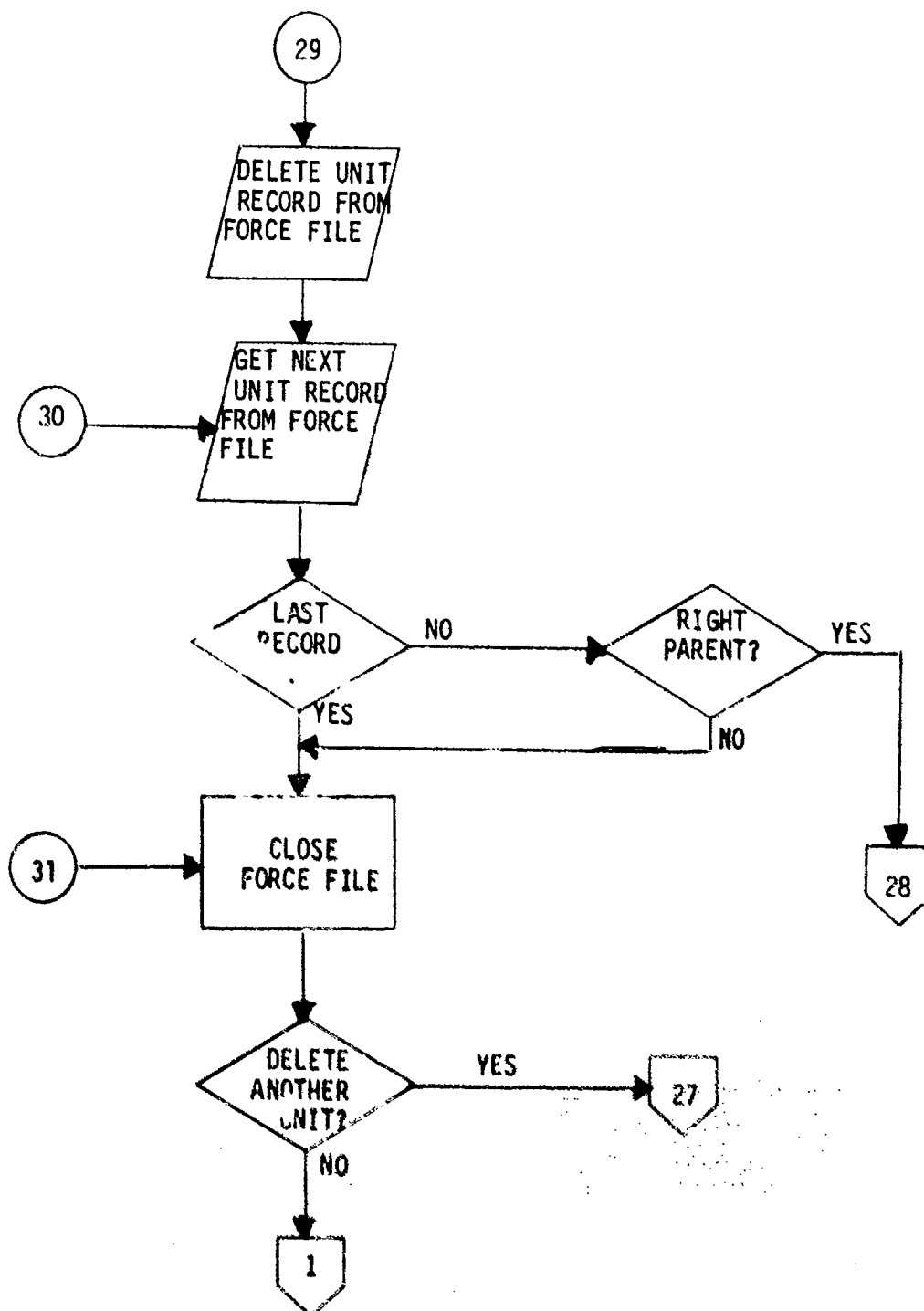


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (continued).

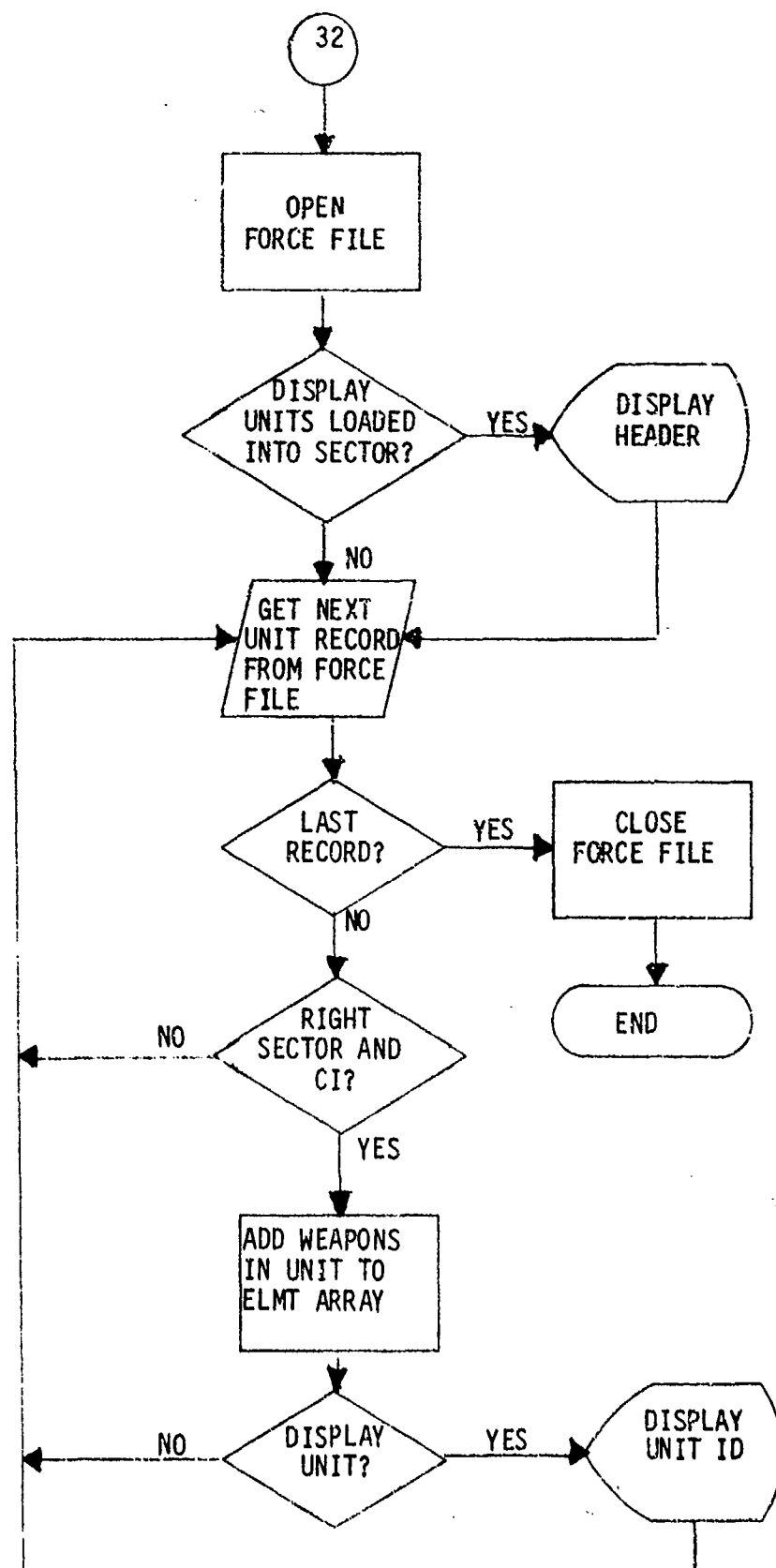


Figure 22. FORCE flow diagram (concluded).

assessment period. The combat intensity level for each unit in a given sector during a critical incident is input interactively by the gamers. The APPORT overlay also compiles the cumulative combat statistics of all sectors for the entire critical incident. The cumulative loss and ammunition expenditures are kept on the HISTORY file. The overlay also provides the gamers with the capability to display any specified parent unit or unit after the apportionment process by calling the DISPLAY subroutine. Figure 23 is the APPORT logic flow diagram. A list of the program variables along with a listing of the FORTRAN source code is contained in appendix P, table P-1 and figure P-1, respectively.

(12) OVLY 12. OVERLAY 12 (BUILD) contains a single program, which is a duplicate of the SRC program (see paragraph 3c(1)). A copy of the SRC program was included in the Jiffy Game overlays to provide the gamers the capability to create interactively new units in a force with existing or new SRCs during actual processing of the Jiffy Game. BUILD allows the gamers to develop new SRCs. The program logic flow diagram for BUILD is identical to the flow diagram presented for the SRC program (figure 2). The FORTRAN source code for BUILD is contained in appendix Q, figure Q-1. The BUILD program variables are presented in table Q-1.

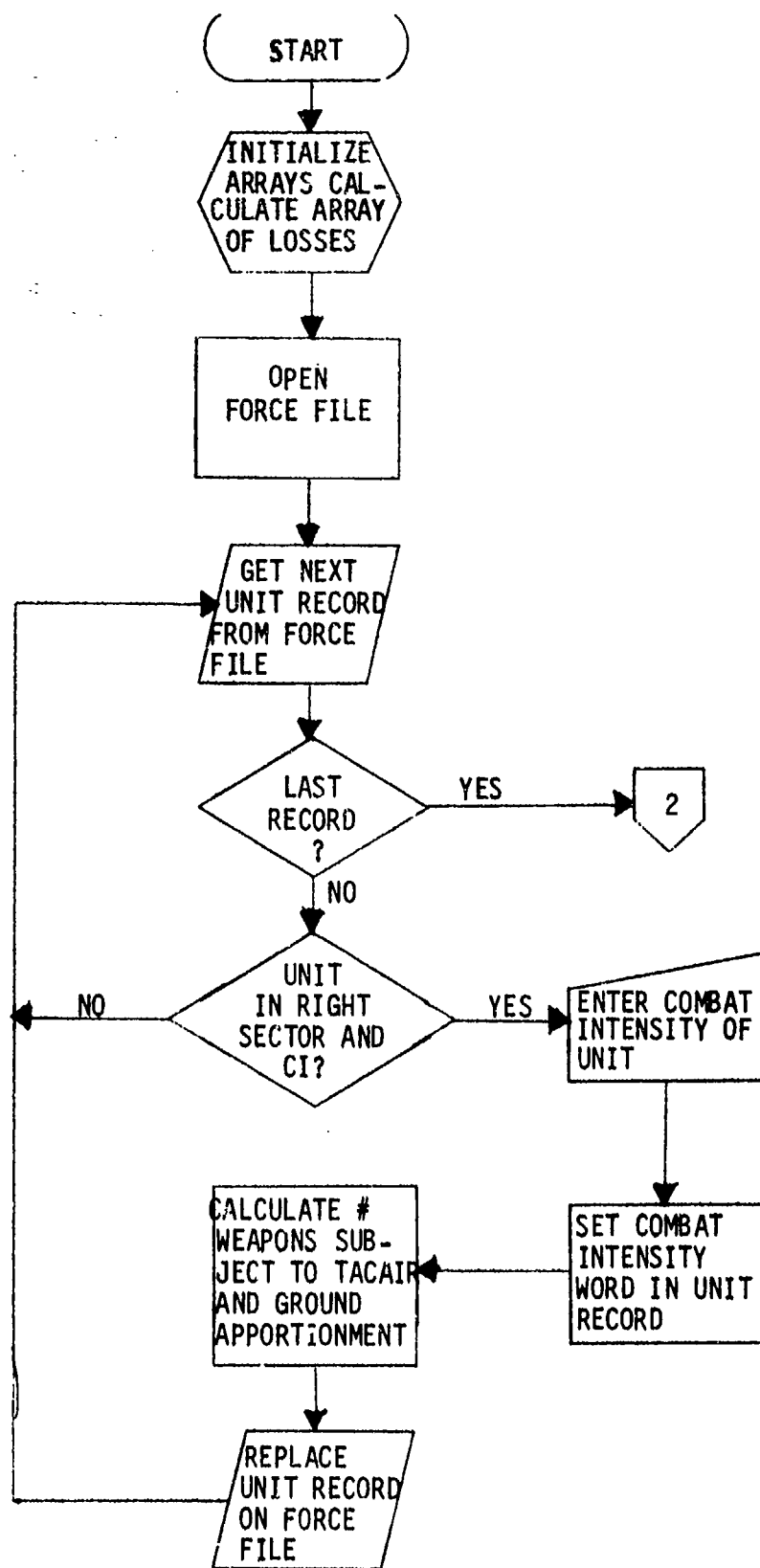


Figure 23. APPORT flow diagram.
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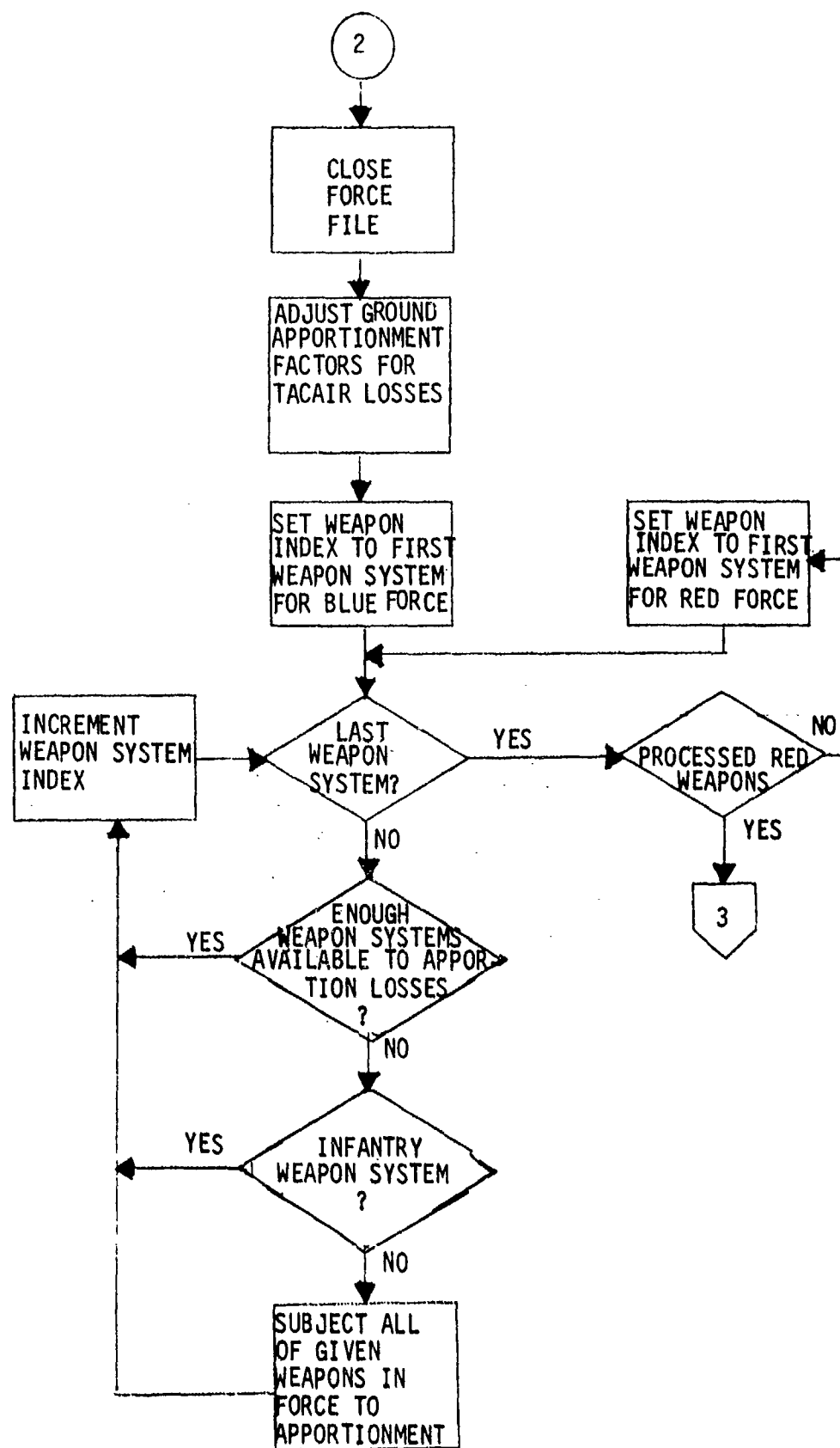


Figure 23. APPORT flow diagram (continued).

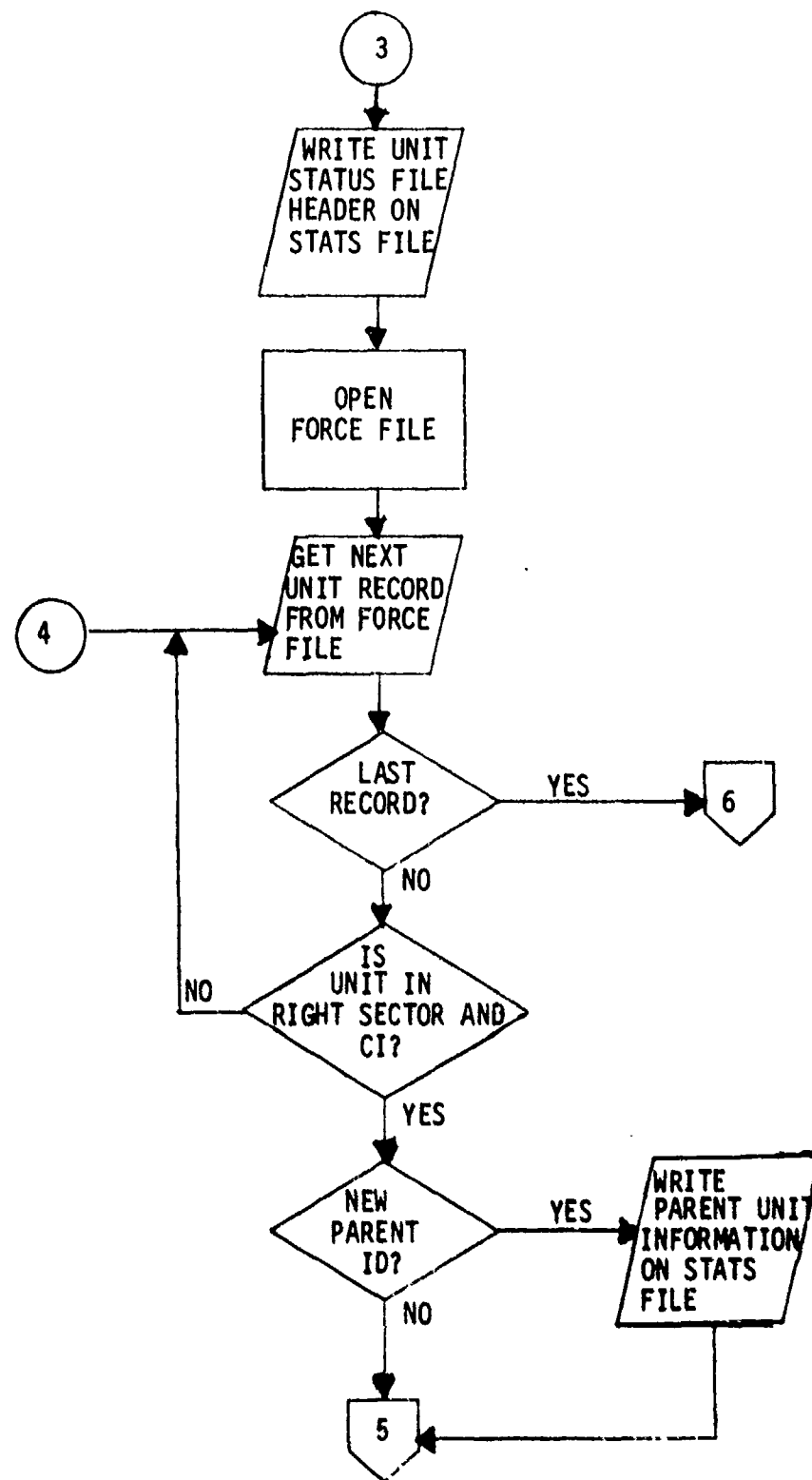


Figure 23. APPORT flow diagram (continued).

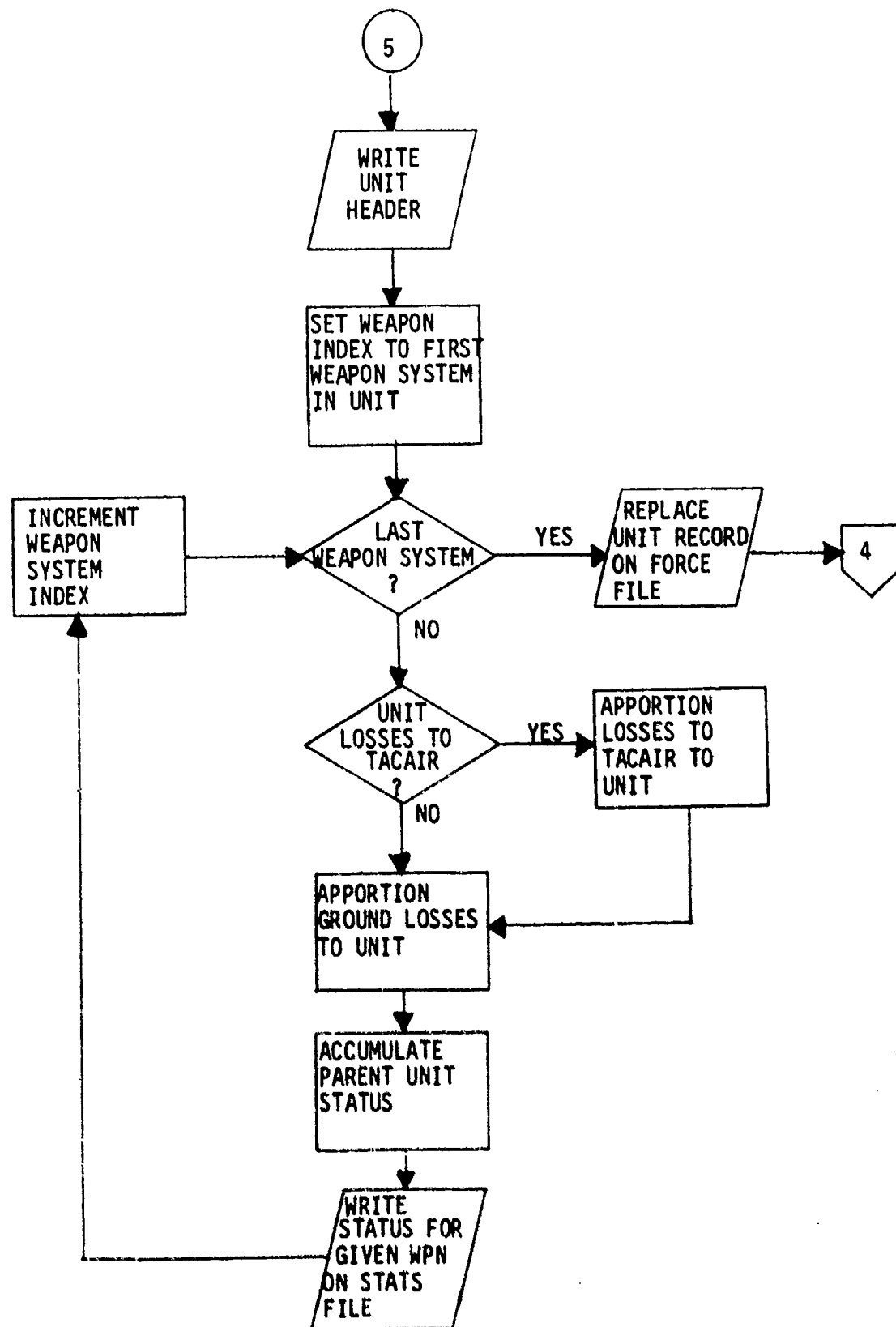


Figure 23. APPORT flow diagram (continued).

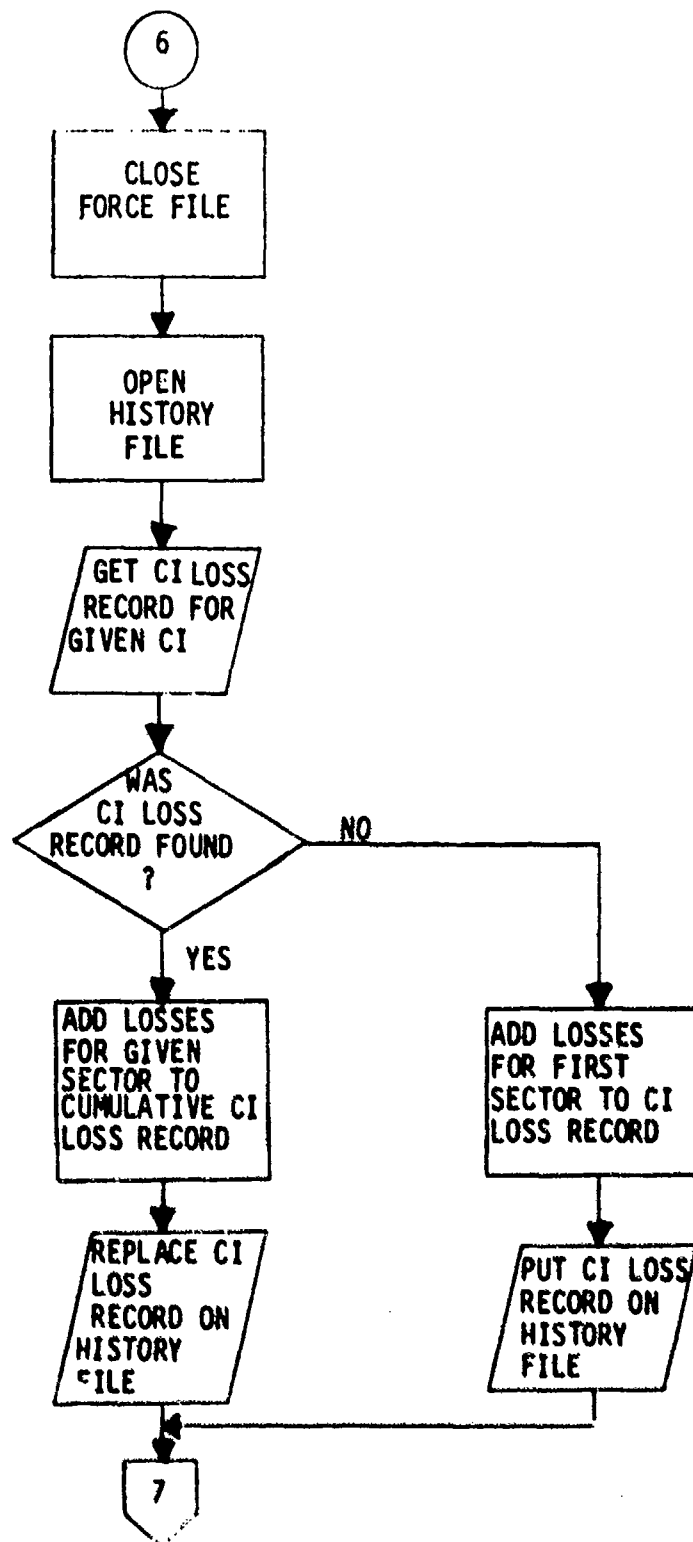


Figure 23. APPORT flow diagram (continued).

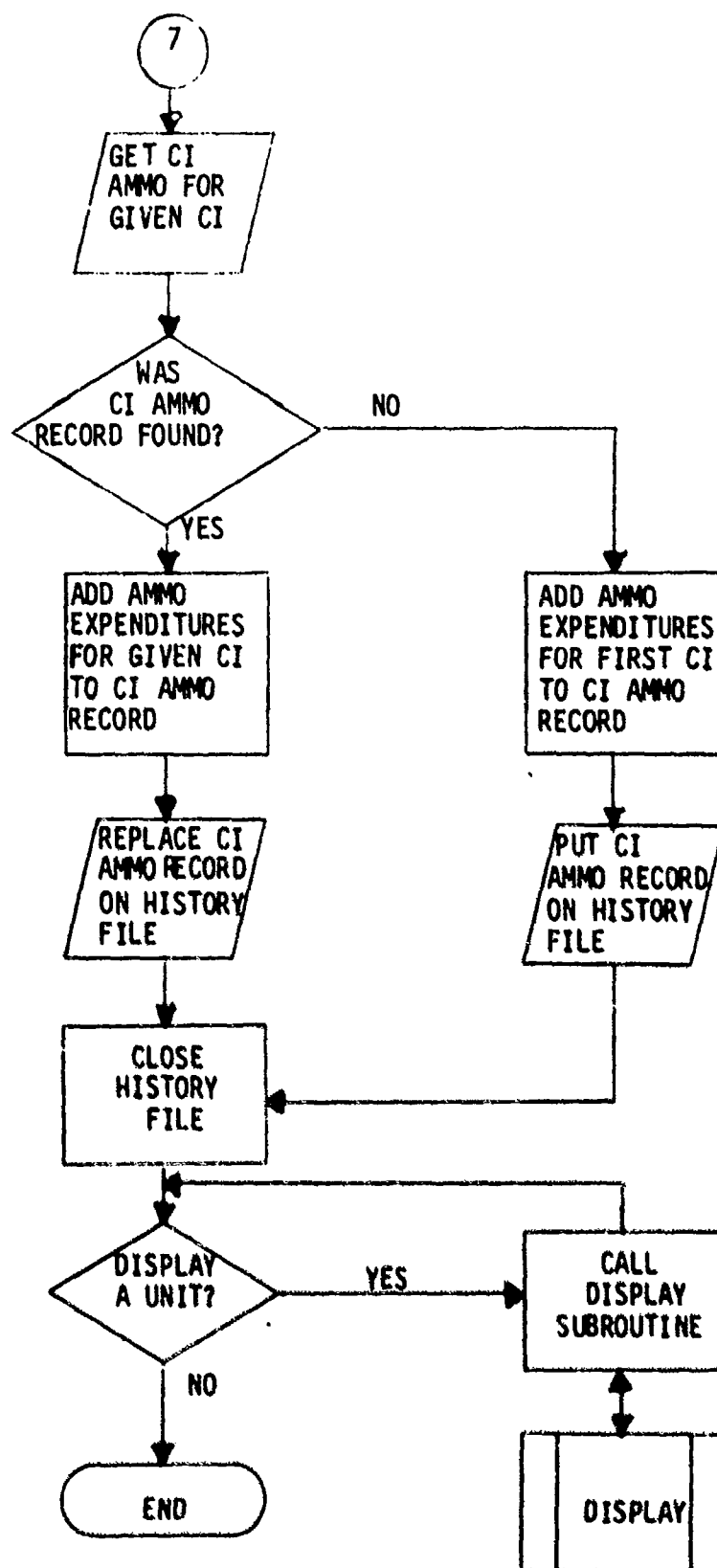


Figure 23. APPORT flow diagram (concluded).

APPENDIX A
INDEXED SEQUENTIAL FILE CREATION PROGRAMS

APPENDIX A

INDEXED SEQUENTIAL FILE CREATION PROGRAMS

This appendix contains the program code listings of the five programs used to create the indexed sequential-random access files used in the CACDA "Jiffy" War Gaming process. The FORTRAN code listings are presented in figures A-1 through A-5 for the SRC, UNIT, PARENT, FORCE, and HISTORY files, respectively.

```

PROGRAM CRFATE(INPUT,OUTPUT)
DIMENSION IFIT(35),IARRAY(46)
CALL FILEIS(IFIT,3LLFN,5LTAP9,3LWSA,IARRAY,3LMNR,460,2LKL,460,
.3LMPL,460,2LKA,IARRAY(1),2LKP,0,2LKL,20,3LOKI,2LNO)
CALL STOREF(IFIT,3LERL,100)
CALL OPENM(IFIT,3LNEW)
CALL PUT(IFIT)
CALL CLOSEM(IFIT)
STOP 123
END

```

Figure A-1. Create program for SRC file.

ENCLOSURE COPY

```
PROGRAM CRFATE(INPUT,OUTPUT)
DIMENSION IFIT(35),IARRAY(24)
CALL FILEIS(IFIT,3LLFN,5LTAPE9,3LWSA,IARRAY,3LMNR,240,2LRL,240,
.3LMRL,240,2LKA,IAPRAY(1),2LKP,0,2LKL,20,3LDKI,2LNO)
CALL STOREF(IFIT,3LERL,100)
CALL OPENH(IFIT,3LNEW)
CALL PUT(IFIT)
CALL CLOSEH(IFIT)
STOP 123
END
```

Figure A-2. Create program for UNIT file.

```

PROGRAM CREATE(INPUT,OUTPUT)
DIMENSION IFIT(35),IARRAY(20)
CALL FILEIS(IFIT,3LLFN,5LTAPE9,3LWSA,IARRAY,3LMNR,200,2LRL,200,
.3LMRL,200,2LKA,IARRAY(1),2LKP,0,2LKL,20,3LOKI,2LNO)
CALL STOREF(IFIT,3LERL,100)
CALL OPENM(IFIT,3LNEW)
CALL PUT(IFIT)
CALL CLOSEM(IFIT)
STOP 123
END

```

Figure A-3. Create program for PARENT file.

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```

PROGRAM CFFATE(INPUT,OUTPUT)
DIMENSION TFIT(35),IARRAY(90)
CALL FILFIS(IFIT,3LLFN,5LTAPE9,3LWSA,IARRAY,3LMNR,900,2LRL,900,
.3LMRL,900,2LKA,IARRAY(1),2LKP,0,2LKL,20,3LNKI,2LNO)
CALL STOREF(IFIT,3LERL,100)
CALL OPENM(IFIT,3LNEW)
IARRAY(1)=IARRAY(2)=IARRAY(5)="INITIAL"
IARRAY(4)=0
IARRAY(3)="B"
DO 10 I=6,90
10 IARRAY(I)=0
CALL PUT(IFIT,IARRAY,900,IARRAY(1))
CALL CLOSEM(IFIT)
STOP 123
END

```

Figure A-4. Create program for FORCE file.

```

PROGRAM CREATE(INPUT,OUTPUT)
DIMENSION IFIT(35),IARRAY(90)
CALL FILEIS(IFIT,3LLFN,5LTAPE9,3LWSA,IARRAY,3LHNR,900,2LRL,900,
.3LMPL,900,2LKA,IARRAY(1),2LKP,0,2LKL,30,3LOKI,2LNO)
CALL STOREF(IFIT,3LERL,100)
CALL OPENM(IFIT,3LNEW)
IARRAY(1)="INITIAL"
IARRAY(2)="INITIAL"
IARRAY(3)="INITIAL"
DO 10 I=4,90
10 IARRAY(I)=0
CALL PUT(IFIT,IARRAY,900,IARRAY(1))
CALL CLOSEM(IFIT)
STOP 123
END

```

Figure A-5. Create program for HISTORY file.

APPENDIX B
SRC PROGRAM LISTING

APPENDIX B

SRC PROGRAM LISTING

A listing of the FORTRAN code of the SRC program with a list of the program parameters is contained in this appendix. The list of variables is presented in table B-1. The FORTRAN source code of the program is given in figure B-1.

Table B-1. List of variables for SRC program.

Variable	Description
ACHG	Weapons to change (delete)
AERR	Weapons not found to change (delete)
AHOLD	Keeps the force type
AJ	Quantity of weapon to be added
AM	Weapon to be added
ARRAY	Work storage array (SRC File)
ARRAY (1)	Force type (key)
ARRAY (2)	SRC name (key)
ARRAY (3)	First weapon on record
ASRC	SRC name specified
ICK	Action code
IDO	Weapon listed
IEND	Number of weapons to be changed (deleted)
IFIT	FIT array (SRC File)
K	Number of weapons not found
NN	Weapon position on record
NY	Answer to question

```

PROGRAM RUTL (INPUT, OUTPUT, TAPE 9, TAPE 5=INPUT)
COMMON/DIM/ IFT (36), IFLG (1)
DIMENSION ARAY (42), ALHG (44), AF (22), MYBUF (1024)
10 GO TO 20
20 CALL RUTL (IFT, IFTEN, ELTAP, 9, 2LKA, ARAY, 2LPM, 1LF,
  1, IFT, 2LPM, 2LPM, 1024, 2LPM, MYBUF)
CALL CONNCT (ELTAP)
IF (ICK, EQ, 1H0) GO TO 5
IF (ICK, EQ, 1H1) GO TO 6
ARAY (1) = "0000"
101 FORMAT (1A10)
  1H0L = ARAY (1)
  9 ARAY (1) = AH0L
IF (ICK, EQ, 1H0) GO TO 101
IF (ICK, EQ, 1H1) GO TO 14
10 GO TO 11 IF 2, 46
  ARAY (1) = 1
11 CONTINUE
  10 12 I = 1, 44
  ALHG (I) = 0
12 CONTINUE
  10 17 I = 1, 22
  AF (I) = 0
17 CONTINUE
C
C      ABOVE DO LOOPS ZERO OUT WORK ARRAYS
C
14 PRINT 102
102 FORMAT (1X, "ENTER ACTION TYPE (X FOR LIST) - ")
111 FORMAT (1X, "FOLLOWING ACTIONS CAN BE EXECUTED", /,
  1X, "00 = READ (VIEW) A RECORD", /,
  2X, "01 = ADD A NEW SRC", /,
  3X, "02 = CHANGE/ADD WOP ID'S/OTY'S WITHIN AN EXISTING SRC", /,
  4X, "03 = DELETE AN SRC AND/OR WEN SYS ID WITHIN THE SRC", /,
  5X, "04 = LIST ALL SRC'S ON FILE", /,
  6X, "05 = END THE PROGRAM")
IF (ICK, EQ, 1H0) GO TO 101
107 FORMAT (1A10)
IF (ICK, EQ, 1H0) PRINT 111
IF (ICK, EQ, 1H1) GO TO 14
IF (ICK, EQ, 1H2) GO TO 510
IF (ICK, EQ, 1H3) GO TO 600
IF (ICK, EQ, 1H4) GO TO 700
IF (ICK, EQ, 1H5) GO TO 800
IF (ICK, EQ, 1H6) GO TO 1000
IF (ICK, EQ, 1H7) GO TO 900
PRINT 104
104 FORMAT (1X, "ACTION CODE REPROCESS AGAIN")
GO TO 14
501 PRINT 501
501 FORMAT (1X, "RE-ENTER SRC (END TO EXIT) - ")
READ (6, 502) A500
CALL CONNCT (IFT, 2L1-0)
502 FORMAT (1A10)
IF (A500, EQ, 2HEND) GO TO 16
ARAY (1) = A500
ARAY (2) = 00000

```

Figure B-1. SRC program code (continued next page).

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

B-4

```

      ARRAY(2) = ASEC
      CALL GET(IT,IT,ARRAY,ARRAY(1))
      IF(ARRAY(1).EQ.99999) GO TO 750
700 PRINT 707 , ARRAY(2)
701 FORMAT(1X,"SEC",A10," NOT ON FILE")
      CALL CLOSE(IT)
      GO TO 700
702 PRINT 7000
      READ(5,*) TEND
      TEND=TEND*2
      PRINT 7002
7002 FORMAT(1X,"ENTER WHEN ILS NOT FOUND FOR SEC",A10,/,
      1X," ILS",IACHG(1),I=1,IEND)
      K=1
      DO 720 J=1,TEND,2
      IF (ACHG(J).EQ. 0) GO TO 740
      I=1,IEND
      IF (ARRAY(I).EQ.ACHG(J)) GO TO 776
776 CONTINUE
      K=K+1
      ASEC(K) = ACHG(J)
      DO 775 L=3,45,2
      IF (ARRAY(L).EQ.0) GO TO 775
      ARRAY(L)=ACHG(J)
      ARRAY(L+1)=ACHG(J+1)
      GO TO 780
775 CONTINUE
      GO TO 740
770 ARRAY(I+1) = ACHG(I+1)
780 CONTINUE
704 CALL DEFC(IT,IT,ARRAY,45,3,ARRAY(1))
      IF (K.EQ.0) GO TO 731
      PRINT 706, ASEC, ( ASEC(I) , I=1,K )
706 FORMAT(1X,"FOLLOWING WHEN ILS NOT FOUND FOR SEC",A10,/,
      1X," ILS",ACHG(1),I=1,IEND)
731 CALL CLOSE(IT)
      GO TO 700
800 PRINT 801
801 FORMAT(1X,"DELETE ENTER SEC(END TO EXIT)-- ")
      READ(5,1255) ASEC
      CALL GET(IT,IT,IT,C)
1255 FORMAT(A10)
      IF (ASEC.EQ.99999) GO TO 15
      PRINT 7007
7007 FORMAT(1X,"ENTER TOTAL NO. OF WHEN SYSTEMS TO BE DELETED-",
      1X," ENTER 0 IF ALL ")
      READ(5,*) IEND
      ARRAY(2)=ASEC
      ARRAY(3)=99999
      CALL GET(IT,IT,ARRAY, ARRAY(1))
      IF(ARRAY(1).EQ.99999) GO TO 840
      IF(IEND.EQ.0) GO TO 820
      PRINT," ENTER WHEN SYS ILS TO BE DELETED "
      READ(5,*) IACHG(1),I=1,IEND
      IF(ARRAY(1).EQ.99999) GO TO 850
      PRINT," SEC ",ARRAY(2)," NOT ON FILE "
      CALL CLOSE(IT)

```

Figure B-1. SRC program code (continued).

COPY

```

      GO TO 400
951 IF (ACHG(1),EQ,0) GO TO 990
      K=0
      DO 880 J=1,IFND
      IF (ACHG(J),EQ,0) GO TO 980
      DO 860 I=1,45,2
      IF (ARRAY(I,10,0)) GO TO 960
      IF (ARRAY(I),EQ,ACHG(J)) GO TO 866
880 CONTINUE
      K=K+1
      ACHG(K) = ACHG(J)
      GO TO 940
980 ARRAY(I) = 0
      ARRAY(I+1) = 0
990 CONTINUE
      CALL PLOT(IT,ARRAY,450,ARRAY(1))
      IF (K,GT,0) GO TO 991
      PRINT 900,ASFC,(ACHG(I),I=1,K)
900 FORMAT(1X,"THE FOLLOWING MEN 1.0'S WERE NOT FOUND FOR SRC"
     & 1X,10,7,1X,22(F5.0))
991 CALL CLOSE(IT)
      GO TO 400
930 CALL OUT(IT,ARRAY(1))
      CALL CLOSE(IT)
      GO TO 400
1000 CALL OFFN(IT,"LI-01")
1050 CONTINUE
      CALL S TRIT(IT,ARRAY,ARRAY(1))
      METRICH(IT,CLER)
      IF (N,GT,1000) GO TO 11
      IF (HOLD,0,ARRAY(1)) GO TO 1200
      GO TO 1100
1100 CALL PLOT(IT)
      GO TO 40
1200 PRINT 907,ARRAY(2)
      DO 1220 I=1,45,2
      IF (ARRAY(I),EQ,0) GO TO 1205
      1205 ARRAY(I)
      1210 120,100,ARRAY(I+1))
1220 CONTINUE
      GO TO 1210 120,45
      ARRAY(I)=0
1230 CONTINUE
      GO TO 1100
910 IF (N,GT,0)
920 FORMAT(1X,"ALL MEN FOUND STRUCTURES TO BE UPDATED ",7.1)
      1240 120,100,100
930 FORMAT(1X)
      IF (N,GT,100) GO TO 11
      1250 100
940 FORMAT(1X,"ALL MEN NOT FOUND")
      1260 100
      END

```

Figure B-1. SRC program code (concluded).

APPENDIX C
UNIT PROGRAM LISTING

APPENDIX C

UNIT PROGRAM LISTING

This appendix contains the FORTRAN code and a list of the variables of the UNIT program. The list of variables is contained in table C-1. The FORTRAN program is presented in figure C-1.

Table C-1. List of variables for UNIT program.

Variable	Description
AERR	SRC's already existing in unit
ARRAY	Work storage area (SRC File)
ARRAY (1)	Force type (key)
ARRAY (2)	SRC name (key)
ARRAY (3)	First weapon on record
BBERR	SRC's which do not exist
BCHG	SRC's to be added (deleted)
BERR	SRC's to be added
BFRG	SRC not on file
BHOLD	Keeps the force type
BRRAY	Work storage area (Unit File)
BRRAY (1)	Force type (key)
BRRAY (2)	Unit Name (key)
BRRAY (3)	First SRC on record
BUNIT	Unit name specified
I	SRC position on record
ICK	Action code
IFIT	FIT array (SRC File)
K	Number of SRC's not found
M	Number of SRC's already existing
N	Number of SRC's to be added
NEND	Number of SRC's to be changed (deleted)
NFIT	FIT array (Unit File)
NN	Number of SRC's which do not exist
NY	Answer to question

```

PROGRAM UNIT (THOUT,OUTUT,TAPF10,TAPF9,TAPF6=INPUT)
COMMON/UNIT/UNIT(75),UNIT(75)
DIMENSION ARRAY(24),ARRAY(44),BCHG(22),
        BCHK(22),BCHK(22),BCHK(22),MYBUF(1024),MYBUF(1024)
100 ICK=0
200 CALL FILET(INIT,3LLE,3LTPF10,2LKA,BCHG(1),2LPH,1LR,
        3LFW1,3LYE,3LPS,1024,3LFWB,MYBUF)
        CALL FILET(INIT,3LLE,3LTPF9,2LKA,ARRAY(1),2LPH,1LR,
        3LFW1,3LYE,3LPS,1024,3LFWB,MYBUF)
        IF(ICK.EQ.1H) GO TO 9
        IF(ICK.EQ.1H) GO TO 9
        ARRAY(1)="HOLD"
101 FORMAT(A10)
        ARRAY(1)=BCHG(1)
        BCHK(1)=BCHG(1)
        IF(ICK.EQ.1H) GO TO 9
        IF(ICK.EQ.1H) GO TO 14
111 FORMAT(1X,"FOLLOWING ACTIONS CAN BE EXECUTED",/,
        11X,"=READ (2) VIEW) A RECORD",/,
        21X,"=ADD A NEW UNIT",/,
        31X,"=ADD SEC,S WITHIN AN EXISTING UNIT",/,
        41X,"=DELETE A UNIT AND/OR SEC,S WITHIN THE UNIT",/,
        51X,"=LIST ALL UNITS ON FILE",/,
        61X,"=END THE PROGRAM")
100 GO TO 11 IF(ICK.EQ.1H)
        BCHK(1)=0
        IF(ICK.EQ.1H) GO TO 11
        BCHK(1)=0
        BCHK(1)=0
11 CONTINUE
200 ABOVE TO LOG ZERO OUT WORK ARRAYS
100 PRINT 102
102 FORMAT(1X,"ENTER ACTION TYPE: (X FOR LIST)---")
        READ(6,103) ICK
103 FORMAT(A1)
        IF(ICK.EQ.1H) GO TO 111
        IF(ICK.EQ.1H) GO TO 14
        IF(ICK.EQ.1H) GO TO 100
        IF(ICK.EQ.1H) GO TO 100
        IF(ICK.EQ.1H) GO TO 100
        IF(ICK.EQ.1H) GO TO 100
        IF(ICK.EQ.1H) GO TO 100
        IF(ICK.EQ.1H) GO TO 100
        PRINT 104
104 FORMAT(1X,"ACTION CODE ERROR-TRY AGAIN ")
        GO TO 14
200 PRINT 105
105 FORMAT(1X,"AT-ENTER UNIT ID(ND TO EXIT)---")
        READ(6,106) UNIT
        CALL OPEN(INIT,3LI-0)
106 FORMAT(A10)

```

Figure C-1. UNIT program code (continued next page).

```

      IF (UNIT, EQ, 79999) GO TO 11
      RECALL(2)=RUNIT
      RECALL(7)=0.0000
      CALL GET (UNIT, RECALL, RECALL(1))
      IF (RECALL(3), EQ, 99999) GO TO 550
      PRINT 203, RECALL(2)
500  FORMAT(1X, "UNIT=", A10, SY, "SRC")
      DO 505 I=1, 24
      IF (RECALL(1), EQ, 0.0) GO TO 505
      PRINT 204, (RECALL(I))
505  FORMAT(17X, A10)
507  CONTINUE
      CALL CLOSE (UNIT)
      GO TO 500
509  PRINT 201, UNIT
511  FORMAT(1X, "UNIT", A10, "NOT ON FILE")
      CALL CLOSE (UNIT)
      PRINT 1111, RECALL(2)
C
C      *THIS SECTION OF PROGRAM IS TO ADD A NEW UNIT*
C
501  PRINT 201
503  FORMAT(1X, "ADD-ENTER NEW UNIT TO BE ADDED TO EXIST-- ")
      DO 507 (I, EQ, 2) UNIT
      CALL GET (UNIT, RECALL, RECALL(1))
      IF (UNIT, EQ, 79999) GO TO 11
      RECALL(2)=RUNIT
      RECALL(7)=0.0000
      CALL GET (UNIT, RECALL, RECALL(1))
      IF (RECALL(3), EQ, 99999) GO TO 510
505  FORMAT(1X, "ENTER TOTAL NO. OF SRC, CM, /)
      DO
      CALL GET (UNIT, RECALL, RECALL(1))
      PRINT 206
507  FORMAT(1X, "ENTER SRC (0 IF NONE)--")
509  I=I+1
      RECALL(5, EQ, 2) RECALL(I+2)
      IF (RECALL(I+2), EQ, 0.0) GO TO 505
      RECALL(I+2)=0
      CALL CLOSE (UNIT)
      GO TO 510
510  CONTINUE
      RECALL(2)=0 RECALL(I+2)
      RECALL(7)=0.0000
      CALL GET (UNIT, RECALL, RECALL(1))
      IF (RECALL(3), EQ, 99999) GO TO 507
      RECALL(2)=0
      GO TO 510
512  CONTINUE
      PRINT 207, "END"
      GO TO 500
514  CALL GET (UNIT, RECALL, RECALL(1))
      NO=TEST (UNIT, 3, 1)
      IF (NO, EQ, 0.0) GO TO 517
517  PRINT 1X, "UNIT ", A10, " ALREADY ON FILE"
      GO TO 512
519  PRINT 202, UNIT

```

Figure C-1. UNIT program code (continued).


```

GO TO 512
502 PRINT 502, REFC
502 FORMAT(IX,"REC ",A10," NOT ON FILE AND NOT ADDED ")
I=I-1
GO TO 502
512 GO 511 I=3,24
REFC(I)=0
511 CONTINUE
CALL CLOSE(MFIT)
GO TO 500
15 CALL CLOSE(MFIT)
GO TO 10

C
C MAINS PORTION OF PROGRAM ADDS STOPS TO AN EXISTING UNIT**
C
700 GO 702 I=1,20
REFC(I)=0
REFC(I)=0
REFC(I)=0
REFC(I)=0
REFC(I)=0
702 CONTINUE
PRINT 701
701 FORMAT(IX,"CHANG-ENTER UNIT IF(ENG TO EXIT)-- ")
READ(6,502) UNIT
CALL OPEN(MFIT,3LI=0)
IF(UNIT.EQ.0) GO TO 15
REFC(I)=99999
REFC(I)=UNIT
CALL GET(MFIT,REFC,REFC(I))
IF(REFC(I).EQ.99999) GO TO 750
700 PRINT 703,REFC(I)
703 FORMAT(IX,"UNIT ",A10," NOT ON FILE")
CALL CLOSE(MFIT)
GO TO 700
750 PRINT 500
READ(6,5) UNIT
GO 751 I=1,NEND
PRINT*,ENTER FOR NO. "I," --
READ(6,502) REFC(I)
750 CONTINUE
N=N
N=N

C
C **REFC HERE KEEPS THOSE STOPS TO BE ADDED**
C
C **REFC HERE KEEPS THOSE STOPS ALREADY EXISTING IN THIS UNIT**
C
C **REFC HERE KEEPS THE STOPS IN REFC WHICH DO NOT EXIST**
C
GO 770 I=1,NEND
IF(REFC(I).EQ.0) GO TO 780
GO 770 I=3,24
IF(REFC(I).EQ.REFC(J)) GO TO 776
770 CONTINUE
N=N+1
REFC(N)=REFC(I)
GO TO 780
776 N=N+1
REFC(N)=REFC(I)

```

Figure C-1. UNIT program code (continued).

```

740 CONTINUE
      NHE=1
      CALL OPENUNIT(IT,3LI=0)
      DO 785 I=1,N
        ARAY(I)=R-R(I)
        ALAY(I)=00000
        CALL GETUNIT,ARAY,ALAY(I)
        IF(ARAY(I).LT.00000) GO TO 745
        NHE=NHE+1
        ALAY(I)=ARAY(I)
        GO TO 785
      745 DO 785 J=1,N
        IF(ARAY(J).NE.0) GO TO 745
        ALAY(J)=ALAY(I)
        GO TO 785
      740 CONTINUE
      740 CONTINUE
      CALL CLOSEUNIT
      CALL PLOT(UNIT,ARAY,740,ALAY(I))
      745 IF(NHE.EQ.0) GO TO 750
      PRINT 745,UNIT
      750 FORMAT(1X,"FOLLOWING SEC'S WERE ALREADY PRESENT IN",
        1" UNIT ",A10)
      DO 7100 I=1,N
        PRINT 615,ARAY(I)
      600 FORMAT(12X,A10)
      7100 CONTINUE
      700 IF(NHE.EQ.0) GO TO 720
      705 PRINT 700
      700 FORMAT(1X,"FOLLOWING SEC'S NOT FOUND ON TOE-FILE",/,
        21X,"THE SEC'S WERE NOT ADDED ")
      DO 7200 I=1,N
        PRINT 605,ARAY(I)
      700 CONTINUE
      701 CALL CLOSEUNIT
      GO TO 700
    C
    C THIS PORTION OF THE PROGRAM DELETES AN ENTIRE UNIT OR
    C DELETES SECS WITHIN A UNIT
    C
      800 PRINT 801
      801 FORMAT(1X,"DELETE-ENTER UNIT TO(END TO EXIT)-- ")
      READ(5,800) UNIT
      CALL OPENUNIT(IT,3LI=0)
      8000 FORMAT(A10)
      IF(UNIT.EQ.0) GOTO 810
      PRINT 801
      8001 FORMAT(1X,"THE TOTAL NO. OF SEC'S TO BE DELETED--",
        21X,"1 TO DELETE THE ENTIRE UNIT ")
      READ(5,8001) NHE
      ARAY(I)=UNIT
      ALAY(I)=00000
      CALL GETUNIT,ARAY,ALAY(I)
      IF(ARAY(I).LT.00000) GO TO 840
      IF(NHE.EQ.0) GO TO 890
      DO 8001 I=1,NHE
        PRINT 810,"SEC NO. ",I," --"

```

Figure C-1. UNIT program code (continued).

```

      READ(6,502) RCHG(I)
8500 CONTINUE
      GO TO 850
845  PRINT 1111, RUNIT
1111  FORMAT(1Y, A10, " NOT ON FILE")
      CALL CLOSE(MFIT)
      GO TO 850
855  IF(RCHG(I), 10.0) GO TO 890
      K=0
      DO 880 J=1, NEND
      IF(RCHG(J), 10.0) GO TO 880
      DO 860 I=1, 24
      IF(RRAY(I), 10.0) GO TO 855
      IF(RRAY(I), 10.0, RCHG(J)) GO TO 865
865  CONTINUE
      K=K+1
C
C  **ALSO HERE KEEPS TRACK OF THE SECS NOT FOUND FOR THE UNIT**
C
      AFR(K)=RCHG(J)
      GO TO 880
865  RRAY(I)=0
880  CONTINUE
      CALL SLPD(MFIT, RRAY, 240, RRAY(1))
      TFK(50,0) GO TO 9101
      PRINT 9002, RUNIT
8902  FORMAT(1Y, "THE FOLLOWING SECS WERE NOT FOUND FOR UNIT ",
      4A10, 1Y)
      DO 9100 I=1, K
      PRINT 905, AFR(I)
9100  CONTINUE
9101  CALL CLOSE(MFIT)
      GO TO 850
905  CALL SLPD(MFIT, RRAY(1))
      CALL CLOSE(MFIT)
      GO TO 850
C
C  **THIS SECTION OF THE PROGRAM LISTS ALL UNITS PRESENTLY ON FILE**
C
1000  CALL OPEN(MFIT, 7LI-0)
1100  CONTINUE
      CALL G-TH(MFIT, RRAY, RRAY(1))
      M=TFETCH(MFIT, 2LEP)
      IF(M, 10.0) GO TO 15
      IF(THOLD, 10.0, RRAY(1)) GO TO 1200
      GO TO 1120
15  CALL CLOSE(MFIT)
      GO TO 20
1200  PRINT 513, RRAY(2)
      DO 1220 I=1, 24
      IF(RRAY(I), 10.0) GO TO 1205
      PRINT 514, RRAY(I)
1205  CONTINUE
      DO 1230 I=1, 24
      RRAY(I)=0
1230  CONTINUE
      GO TO 1100

```

Figure C-1. UNIT program code (continued).

0001 FORMAT(1Y,"ONLY MORE FORCE STRUCTURES TO BE UPDATED? ",/)

4000 IF(NOT(1Y,"NO")) GO TO 10

9001 IF(NOT(1Y,"NO")) GO TO 10

IF(NOT(1Y,"NO")) GO TO 10

001 IF(NOT(1Y,"ALL DATA HAS BEEN"))

STOP

END

Best Available Copy

Figure C-1. UNIT program code (concluded).

APPENDIX D
PARENT PROGRAM LISTING

APPENDIX D

PARENT PROGRAM LISTING

Appendix D contains a list of the variables used in and a listing of the FORTRAN source code for the PARENT program. A list of the program variables is given in table D-1, and the program code is presented in figure D-1.

Table D-1. List of variables for PARENT program.

Variable	Description
BBERR	Units which do not exist
BERR	Units which are to be added
BRRAY	Work storage area (Unit File)
BRRAY (1)	Force type (Key)
BRRAY (2)	Unit Name (Key)
BRRAY (3)	First SRC on record
CCHG	Units to be added (deleted)
CERR	Units already existing
CFRC	Parent specified
CHOLD	Keeps the force type
CRRAY	Work storage area (PARENT file)
CRRAY (1)	Force Type (Key)
CRRAY (2)	Parent name (Key)
CRRAY (3)	First unit on record
I	Unit position on record
ICK	Action code
K	Number of units not found
LEND	Number of units to be changed (deleted)
LFIT	FIT Array (Parent File)
M	Number of units already existing
N	Number of units to be added
NFIT	FIT array (Unit File)
NN	Number of units which do not exist
NY	Answer to question


```

IF(CFAY(10,3)END) GO TO 16
CFAY(2)=CFRC
CFAY(3)=20999
CALL GET(LEFT,CFAY,CFAY(1))
IF(CFAY(3),10,9999) GO TO 500
PRINT 503,CFAY(2)
503 FORMAT(1Y,"PARENT=",A10,5X,"UNIT")
DO FOR I=1,20
IF(CFAY(I),50,0) GO TO 505
PRINT 504,(CFAY(I))
504 FORMAT(1Y,A10)
505 CONTINUE
CALL CLOSE(LEFT)
GO TO 507
506 PRINT 501,CFRC
507 FORMAT(1Y,"PARENT",A10,"NOT ON FILE")
CALL CLOSE(LEFT)
GO TO 507
16 CALL CLOSE(LEFT)
GO TO 10

C
C *THIS PORTION OF PROGRAM IS TO ADD A NEW PARENT*
C
500 PRINT 501
501 FORMAT(1Y,"ADD-ENTER NEW PARENT ID(END TO EXIT)-- ")
READ(6,502)CFRC
CALL OPEN(LEFT,FILE=0)
IF(CFRC,10,3)END) GO TO 16
CFAY(2)=CFRC
CFAY(3)=20999
CALL GET(LEFT,CFAY,CFAY(1))
IF(CFAY(3),10,9999) GO TO 510
5000 FORMAT(1Y,"ENTER TOTAL NO. OF UNIT,S",/I)
I=0
CALL OPEN(LEFT,FILE=0)
PRINT 510
506 FORMAT(1Y,"ENTER UNIT (0 IF DONE)--")
507 I=I+1
READ(6,508) CFAY(I+2)
IF(CFAY(I+2),10,9999) GO TO 5000
CFAY(I+2)=0
CALL CLOSE(LEFT)
GO TO 510

C
C
5000 ME=0
CFAY(2)=CFAY(I+2)
CFAY(3)=20999
CALL GET(LEFT,CFAY,CFAY(1))
IF(CFAY(3),10,9999) GO TO 502
CFAY(2)=CFAY(2)
GO TO 510
502 CONTINUE
PRINT,"NEXT="
GO TO 507
510 CALL PUT(LEFT,CFAY,200,CFAY(1))
CALL CLOSE(LEFT,FILE=0)

```

Figure D-1. PARENT program code (continued).


```

700 NN=1
    CORR(4)=CORR(1)
710 CONTINUE
    NN=0
    CALL CATCH(UNIT,711-0)
    GO TO 705 I=1,N
    ORAY(2)=ORAY(1)
    ORAY(3)=ORAY(2)
    CALL GET(UNIT,ORAY,ORAY(1))
    IF(ORAY(3).EQ.00000) GO TO 710
    NN=NN+1
    CORR(NN)=ORAY(1)
    GO TO 705
715 GO TO 725 IK=7,20
    IF(ORAY(1K).EQ.0) GO TO 725
    ORAY(1K)=ORAY(1)
    GO TO 715
725 CONTINUE
735 CONTINUE
    CALL CLOS(UNIT)
    CALL RTD(LEFT,ORAY,200,ORAY(1))
740 IF(1.0,0) GO TO 719
    PRINT 700,ORAY
750 FORMAT(1X,"FOLLOWING UNIT,S WERE ALREADY PRESENT IN",
    1" PARENT ",A10)
    GO TO 710 I=1,N
    PRINT 705,CORR(I)
760 GO TO 710 I=1,N
770 CONTINUE
780 IF(UNIT,0,0) GO TO 7201
785 PRINT 700
7900 FORMAT(1X,"FOLLOWING UNIT,S NOT FOUND ON UNIT-FILE",/,
    1X,"TH EIGHTS WERE NOT ADDED ")
    GO TO 700 I=1,N
    PRINT 705,CORR(I)
7900 CONTINUE
7901 CALL CLOS(UNIT)
    GO TO 700
C
C **THIS PORTION OF THE PROGRAM ELIMINATES AN ENTIRE PARENT OR**
C **ELIMINATES WITHIN A PARENT**
C
800 PRINT 701
805 FORMAT(1X," UNIT NOT FOUND (END TO EXIT)-- ")
    READ(5,800) IERR
    CALL OPEN(UNIT,701-0)
8100 FORMAT(A10)
    IF(IERR,0,00000) GO TO 81
    PRINT 701
8101 FORMAT(1X,"UNIT, IDIAL NO. OF UNIT,S TO BE DELETED-",
    1X,"TH EIGHTS WERE NOT ADDED ")
    READ(5,81) IERR
    ORAY(2)=ORAY(1)
    ORAY(3)=ORAY(2)
    CALL GET(UNIT,ORAY,ORAY(1))
    IF(ORAY(3).EQ.00000) GO TO 840
    IF(UNIT,0,0) GO TO 800

```

Figure D-1. PARENT program code (continued).

```

      GO TO 850 IF I.EQ.1
      PRINT*, "UNIT'S NOT FOUND FOR PARENT ", "I," ---
      READ(6,ERR=1) CONG(I)
      IF CONG(I) .EQ. 0
      GO TO 850
      PRINT(111,CONG(I))
      1111 FORMAT(1X,A10," NOT ON FILE ")
      CALL CLOSEFILE(I)
      GO TO 100
      IF CONG(I).EQ.0 GO TO 850
      K=0
      DO 880 J=1,LENG
      IF CONG(I).EQ.0 GO TO 850
      IF J.EQ.1,GO
      IF CONG(I).EQ.0 GO TO 850
      IF (CONG(I).EQ.0) GO TO 850
      IF (CONG(I).EQ.0) GO TO 850
      880 CONTINUE
      K=K+1
      IF K.EQ.0
      PRINT*, "NO TRACK OF THE UNIT'S NOT FOUND FOR THE PARENT**"
      CONG(I)=CONG(I)
      GO TO 880
      890 J=J+1
      890 CONTINUE
      CALL CLOSELEFT,CONG(I),CONG(I)
      IF CONG(I).EQ.0 GO TO 850
      GO TO 1000,IF=0
      900 PRINT(114,"THE FOLLOWING UNIT'S WERE NOT FOUND FOR PARENT ",
      114, I)
      DO 1100 I=1,K
      PRINT(115,CONG(I))
      1110 CONTINUE
      CALL CLOSELEFT
      GO TO 100
      910 CALL CLOSELEFT,CONG(I)
      CALL CLOSELEFT
      GO TO 850
      1000 PRINT, "THE FOLLOWING LIST OF ALL PARENTS PRESENTLY ON FILE**"
      1100 CALL OPENLEFT,LEFT=0
      1110 CONTINUE
      CALL GETNLEFT,CONG(I),CONG(I)
      IF CONG(I).EQ.0 GO TO 11
      IF CONG(I).EQ.0 GO TO 11
      IF CONG(I).EQ.0 GO TO 11
      1111 CALL GETNLEFT
      GO TO 11
      1120 PRINT(112,CONG(I))
      GO TO 1120 IF=0
      IF CONG(I).EQ.0 GO TO 1120
      IF CONG(I).EQ.0 GO TO 1120
      1130 CONTINUE
      GO TO 1200 IF=0
      IF CONG(I).EQ.0 GO TO 1200
      IF CONG(I).EQ.0 GO TO 1200

```

Figure D-1. PARENT program code (continued).

```

1200 CONTINUE
    GO TO 1100
    0000 PRINT 0000
0005 FORMAT(1X,"ANY MORE PARENT STRUCTURES TO BE UPDATED? ",/)
    READ(6,9001) NY
0001 FORMAT(A1)
    IF(NY,"0.1HY) GO TO 10
    PRINT 001
    001 FORMAT(1X," ALL DONE JOB HAS ENDED ")
    STOP
    END

```

Figure D-1. PARENT program code (concluded).

APPENDIX E
FORCE PROGRAM LISTING

APPENDIX E

FORCE PROGRAM LISTING

A list of the variables used in the FORCE program is given in table E-1. A listing of the FORTRAN source code of the FORCE program is contained in figure E-1.

Table E-1. List of variables for FORCE program.

Variable	Description
AA	Keeps force type
AFOR	Work storage area (Parent File)
AH	Used to check for correct force
AHOLD	Keeps force type
ARRAY	Work storage area (Force File)
ARRAY (1)	Parent Unit (key)
ARRAY (2)	Unit (key)
ARRAY (3)	Force type (number)
ARRAY (4)	Sector
ARRAY (5)	Critical Incident
ARRAY (6)	FPS @ 100%
ARRAY (7)	Combat value
ASCENE	Force to be deleted
ASRC	Work storage area (SRC File)
ATOT	Force specified
AUID	Work storage area (Unit File)
CV	Combat value specified
FPS	Firepower score
ID	Weapon number (1-80)
IDO	Weapon listed
IFIT	FIT Array (Parent File)
JFIT	FIT Array (Unit File)
KFIT	FIT Array (SRC File)
LFIT	FIT Array (Force File)
NUMFOR	Number of forces added
TYPE	Force type specified


```

PROGRAM MATH TYC (INPUT, (OUTPUT, CLDATA, TAPF10=INPUT, TAPF3=CLDATA)
COMMON/ONT/3511 (25), J11T (35), KEIT (35), LEFT (75)
DIMENSION LEFT (20), AUTO (24), ASPC (45), ARRAY (90), ATOT (25)
DIMENSION LMYTHA (10), KMY (41), FFS (80, 2)
CALL FILEIS (LEFT, 3LLEN, 3LTAPF3, 2LKA, ARRAY, 2LPM, 1LR,
  2LEMT, 2LYSC)
CALL FILEIS (KEIT, 3LLEN, 3LTAPF3, 2LKA, AFOP, 2LPM, 1LR,
  2LEMT, 2LYSC)
CALL FILEIS (J11T, 3LLEN, 3LTAPF3, 2LKA, AUTO, 2LPM, 1LR,
  2LEMT, 2LYSC)
CALL FILEIS (MYTHA, 3LLEN, 3LTAPF3, 2LKA, ASPC, 2LPM, 1LR,
  2LEMT, 2LYSC)
CALL OPENMS (2, KMY, 41, 2)
CALL READMS (2, FFS, 160, 74)
CALL CLOSMS (2)
PRINT 100
100 FORMAT (1X, "IDENTIFY TYPE FORCE--")
READ (10, 9002) TYPE
ARRAY (7) = A / = JJ = 1
IF (TYPE, 80, 1HX) ARRAY (3) = AA = JJ = 2
IF (TYPE, 80, 1HX, 05, TYPE, 80, 1HX) GO TO 3
PRINT *, "INVALID--TRY AGAIN"
GO TO 1
2 AHOLD = ARRAY (3)
3 ARRAY (3) = AHOLD
DO 10 I = 2, 20
10 IF (I) = 0
DO 11 I = 2, 24
11 AUTO (I) = 0
DO 12 I = 3, 46
12 ASPC (I) = 0
DO 13 I = 4, 90
13 ARRAY (I) = 0
DO 14 I = 1, 25
14 ATOT (I) = 0
GO TO 25
111 FORMAT (1X, "FOLLOWING ACTIONS CAN BE EXECUTED", /,
  1X, "A=ADD A NEW FINGER", /,
  1X, "C=CHANGE A UNIT'S EFFECTIVENESS", /,
  1X, "D=DEL IN A SORT (PARENT UNIT)", /,
  1X, "E=ATTACH (VIEW) PARENTS", /,
  1X, "L=LIST ALL PARENTS", /,
  1X, "N=NO TO PROGRAM")
PRINT 110
110 FORMAT (1X, "ENTER ACTION TYPE (Y FOR LIST)--")
TCHGE =
CALL IC, 120) IKK
120 FORMAT (A1)
IF (IKK, 80, 1HX) PRINT 111
IF (IKK, 80, 1HX) GO TO 25
IF (IKK, 80, 1HX) GO TO 305
IF (IKK, 80, 1HX) GO TO 500
IF (IKK, 80, 1HX) GO TO 603
IF (IKK, 80, 1HX) GO TO 670
IF (IKK, 80, 1HX) GO TO 680
IF (IKK, 80, 1HX) GO TO 700
PRINT *, "ACTION CODE ERROR"

```

Figure E-1. FORCE program code (continued next page).

```

      GO TO 25
201 FORMAT(A10)
205 ICHG=1
207 WRITE(1,*)
209 WRITE(1,*) "MAJOR ERROR (IF NONE) ="
211 WRITE(1,*)
      ATOT(1)=2011 ATOT(1)
      WRITE(1,*) "GO TO 2"
      ASEC(1)=AUC(1)=AS C(1)="SEC"
      CALL GETIN(LEFT,3LI-0)
      CALL GETIN(LEFT,3LI-0)
      DO 5000 J=1,NUMFOR
      ASEC(J)= ATOT(1)
      AUC(J)= 0.0000
      CALL GET(LEFT,ASEC,ASEC(1))
      IF(ASEC(J).EQ.0.000000) GO TO 5000
      CALL GETIN(LEFT,3LI-0)
      DO 4000 J=3,20
      IF(ASEC(J).EQ.0.0) GO TO 3000
      AUC(J)= ASEC(J)
      AUC(J)= 0.0000
      CALL GET(LEFT,AUC,AUC(1))
      IF(AUC(J).EQ.0.000000) GO TO 3000
      ASEC(J)=0
      CALL GETIN(LEFT,3LI-0)
      DO 3000 K=3,24
      IF(AUC(K).EQ.0.0) GO TO 2000
      ASEC(K)= AUC(K)
      ASEC(K)= 0.0000
      CALL GET(LEFT,ASEC,ASEC(1))
      IF(ASEC(K).EQ.0.000000) GO TO 2000
      DO 2000 L=3,45,2
      IF(ASEC(L).EQ.0.0) GO TO 1000
      IC = ASEC(L) + 1
      ASEC(L)= ASEC(L)+ASEC(L+1)
      ASEC(L)= ASEC(L)+ASEC(L+1)*FFS(10-10,AA)
1000 CONTINUE
2000 CONTINUE
3000 CONTINUE
3500 CONTINUE
      CALL CLOSE"(LEFT)
      ASEC(1)=ATOT(1)
      ASEC(2)=AUC(2)
      WRITE(1,*) ASEC(2)
      WRITE(1,*) "ENTER RELATIVE EFFECTIVENESS OF ",1A10)
2400 READ(1,*)
2500 IF(CV.C1.AND.CV.LE.100) GOTO 3100
      WRITE(1,*) "INVALID VALUE -- TRY AGAIN "
      GO TO 2000
3100 DO 3150 I=1,20
      IF(ASEC(I+10).LE.0.0) GOTO 3150
      ASEC(I+10)=ASEC(I+10)*CV/100.
3150 CONTINUE
      ASEC(1)=CV
      IF(ICHG.EQ.1) GOTO 205
      CALL GET(LEFT,ASEC,ASEC(1))
      IF(ASEC(1).EQ.0.0) GOTO 205

```

Figure E-7. FORCE program code (continued).

Figure E-1. FORCE program code (continued).


```

      AH=ARRAY(1)
      UEFF=999.
      IF (ARRAY(1).GE..1) UEFF=OTFF/AREAY(1)*100.
      PRINT 6025,AREAY(2),UEFF
0025  FORMAT(1X,"EFFECTIVENESS OF ",A10," = ",F4.0)
      OTFF=OT FF+ARRAY(1)
      GO TO 0027
0027  PAREFF=999.
      IF (PTEFF.GE..1) PAREFF=POLEFF/PTEFF*100.
      PRINT 025,LH,PAREFF
      CALL CLOSE("LETT")
      GO TO 1
0000  PRINT 9900
0000  FORMAT(1X,"ALL DONE***JOB HAS ENDED")
0000  STOP
      END

```

Figure E-1. FORCE program code (concluded).

APPENDIX F
OVLYO PROGRAM CODES AND LISTS OF VARIABLES

APPENDIX F

OVLYO PROGRAM CODES AND LISTS OF VARIABLES

This appendix contains the FORTRAN source codes of all the programs, subroutines, and subfunctions of OVLYO. Table F-1 is a list of all common variables used in the Jiffy Game. Table F-2 is a list of the program variables used in SUPER, the Jiffy Game main program. The SUPER source code is given in figure F-1. The initialization subroutine, INIT, source code is presented in figure F-2. Since all the variables used in INIT are common variables, they are defined in table F-1. Table F-3 contains the list of INDEX5, the subfunction used to convert a five subscript variable to a single subscript variable, program variables; and the FORTRAN source code for INDEX5 is given in figure F-3. Table F-4 contains a listing of the program variables used in the LOSS subroutine, which reduces the forces' weapon system arrays by whatever losses have been incurred in a particular type of combat (i.e., indirect fire, armor, etc.). Figure F-4 presents the LOSS program source code. The FORTRAN source code and list of program variables for the DISPLAY subroutine are contained in figure F-5 and table F-5, respectively. The DISPLAY subroutine interactively outputs the quantities and types of weapon systems contained in gamer specified units to the game console during processing.

Table F-1. Jiffy Game common variables.
(Continued next page).

Variable	Description
ACI	Critical incident identifier
AH	HISTORY file record array
ALOSS	Weapon loss array
APOS	Attacker tactical deployment factor
ARRAY	FORCE file record array
ASCENE	Critical incident mnemonic
ASECT	Sector number
ATIME	Length of critical incident (HR)
BRRAY	SRC file record array
CFPR	Maneuver firepower ratio
CKILL	Crew kills
CREWS	Number of crewmen killed per weapon system
D	Number of weapons subject to loss apportionment
DPOS	Defender tactical deployment factor
ELMT	Array of weapon systems in sector
FPR	Total firepower ratio
FPS	Array of weapon system firepower scores
FSFPR	Fire support firepower ratio
FSSF	Fire support suppression factor
IA	Index for attacker force

Table F-1. Jiffy Game common variables (concluded).

Variable	Description
ID	Index for defender force
IENGAG	Index for tactical situation
IFIRST	Rate of advance calculation flag
IPIT	File information table for SRC file
IHIST	File information table for HISTORY file
IMOUNT	Index for attacker mobility
IP	Index for tactical situation table
IRUN	Index for type of run
ITERRN	Index for type of terrain
IVIS	Index for visibility
IYBUF	HISTORY file I/O buffer
KEY	Data file random access key
LFIT	File information table for FORCE file
MINES	Minefield flag
MYBUF	FORCE file I/O buffer
NYBUF	SRC file I/O buffer
PACK	Word packing variables
PLT	Infantryman materiel loss rates
PSN	Tactical deployment factor
SF	Suppression factor
SHOTS	Round expenditure array

Table F-2. Program variables for SUPER.

Variable	Description
AKEEP	Temporary storage variable
I	Subscript of firer weapon system
IFLAG	Logic flag
INX	Input response variable
IWP	Index for weapon system
IXNAX	Batch run constant
J	Index for force color
JRUN	Batch run constant
K	Subscript of target weapon system
KIND	Force color
M	File status integer
MM	File status integer
XLOS	Number of weapon systems

```

      OPEN UNIT=10,OUTFILE=ANSW (64,01/TS=64,TAPE6=STATS,
1  TITLE=ANSWER,CL=1,RECL=1,AP=3,DATA)
      COMMON/IN,10,IP,IFDAG,2,1,IN,IVIS,IMOUNT,MINS,OFFR,FSFPR,FPR,
1  AITAE,IFICT,100,
2  SF(2),FSF(2),BACK(2),
2  CLMT(10,2),ALDSC(40,2),CHOTS(3,2),KILL(53,2)
      COMMON/DATA/FPS(10,2),CFWL(13,2),APOS(12),DPOS(6),
1  PNTS(2,2),PLT(15),KEY(-1)
      COMMON/ONE/IFIT(30),ARRAY(40),NYBUF(1024),C(10,2),ACI,
1  ACPH,ASFC
      COMMON/TWO/IFIT(30),ARRAY(40),NYBUF(1024)
      COMMON/THREE/HIST(30),AH(9),IYBUF(1024)
      CALL FILEIS(1,IFIT,3,LEFN,5,LTAPF,2LKA,ARRAY,2LPM,1LR,
1  3LFR,1024,3LFW,NYBUF)
      CALL FILEIS(1,IFIT,3,LEFN,5,LTAPF,2LKA,ARRAY,2LPM,1LR,
1  3LFR,1024,3LFW,NYBUF)
      CALL FILEIS(1,HIST,3,LEFN,5,LTAPF,2LKA,AH,2LPM,1LR,
1  3LFR,1024,3LFW,IYBUF)
      PRINT
2  FORMAT("1")
3  FORMAT(" INCORRECT--MUST BE Y OR N--TRY AGAIN ")
10  FORMAT(1010)
11  FORMAT(" ",1010)
      CALL INIT
      IYBUF=" "
      IYBUF=1
      PRINT*,
      C O U N D A J I F F Y K A P G A M E
      GO TO 192
12  PRINT*, "REJIFY THEPOSE OF THIS RUN"
      READ*,IRUN
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)W ITH (1,1)IRAY
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE (5,*)IRUN
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)AND (IRUN.LE.3)GO TO 111
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)GO TO 192
      PRINT11
134  PRINT*, " "
      PRINT*, " ENTER 1 = TO CREATE INPUT FILE OF ANSWERS FOR BATCH JOB"
      PRINT*, " ENTER 2 = TO GET OUTPUT OF RESULTS INTERACTIVELY"
      GO TO 190
191  CALL OVERLAY(5HFORE,10,1,FCALL)
      GO TO 111
192  PRINT*, "DO YOU WISH TO SEE INSTRUCTIONS? (YES/NO)"
      READ1,INX
      IF (INX.EQ."N")GO TO 190
      PRINT*, "ALL USER RESPONSES WILL BE OF TWO GENERAL TYPES!"
      PRINT*, " 1. YES/NO RESPONSES"
      PRINT*, " A. Y FOR YES"
      PRINT*, " B. N FOR NO"
      PRINT*, " 2. DATA ENTRY RESPONSES"
      PRINT*, " C. VALID RESPONSES DISPLAYED FOR SELECTION BY USER"
      PRINT*, " D. FRACTIONAL RESPONSES (BETWEEN 0 AND 1)"
      PRINT*, " E. NUMERIC RESPONSES WITHIN SPECIFIED LIMITS"
      PRINT*
      PRINT*, "TO REDUCE INPUT/OUTPUT RESPONSE TIMES, VALID DATA ENTRY RE
      SPONSES"
      PRINT*, "(2.A. ABOVE) ARE NOT DISPLAYED UNLESS REQUESTED"

```

Figure F-1. SUPER program code. (continued next page)

```

PRINT*
PRINT*,"TO REQUEST ADDITIONAL INFO. IF EXISTING, THE USER MUST ENT
ME: A ""T"" (WITH DOUBLE-QUOTES)"
GOTO100
1 FOR I=1(1A1)
  FORMAT(" ",1A1)
100 CALL OVERLAY(4HNOFA,1,0,FECALL)
GOTO111
101 PRINT*,"ENTER 1 TO LOAD FORCES INTO A SECTOR"
PRINT*,"      2 TO CALCULATE RATE-OF-ADVANCE"
PRINT*,"      3 TO ASSESS COMBAT"
PRINT*,"      4 TO AFFORTION CAT LOSSES TO UNITS"
PRINT*,"      5 TO DISPLAY BATTLE STATISTICS"
PRINT*,"      6 TO DISPLAY WEAPON AREAYS"
PRINT*,"      7 TO ADD SPEC'S TO THE FILE"
PRINT*,"      8 TO RESTART AT A PREVIOUSLY GAMED CI"
PRINT*,"      9 TO END GAME AND/OR UPDATE HISTORY FILE"
111 PRINT*,"??????????????? D E C I S I O N   P O I N T   ????????????????"
READ*,INX
IF (INX.EQ.1)WRITE(S,*)INX
IF (INX.EQ.3)PRINT*,INX
IF (INX.EQ."T")GOTO111
IF (INX.GE.1.AND.7INX.LE.9)GO TO 102
PRINT*
11 FORMAT(" INCORRECT RESPONSE - TRY AGAIN")
GO TO 101
102 GOTO(1,1,100,100,999,240,500,310,400,900),INX
103 IF (INX.EQ.1)GOTO103
PRINT*,"RATE-OF-A VANCE MUST BE CALCULATED BEFORE ASSESSMENTS ARE
KIND-ED"
GOTO101
103 CALL OVERLAY(5HUPNFS,9,0,FECALL)
GOTO112
110 DO 240 J=1,2
  DO 240 I=43,48
    IF (ELMT(I,J).GT.0.)GOTO245
240 CONTINUE
GOTO103
245 CALL OVERLAY(5HUPNFS,9,0,FECALL)
105 IF (INX.EQ.3)GOTO200
CALL OVERLAY(4HNNINE,4,0,FECALL)
200 DO 205 J=1,2
  DO 205 I=11,30
    IF (ELMT(I,J).GT.0.)GOTO210
205 CONTINUE
GOTO210
210 CALL OVERLAY(5HUPNFS,9,0,FECALL)
215 IF (ELMT(3,1).LE.0.)GOTO(3,2,LE.0.)GOTO205
CALL OVERLAY(5HUPNFS,9,0,FECALL)
265 DO 270 J=1,2
  DO 270 I=59,62
    IF (ELMT(I,J).GT.0.)GOTO275
270 CONTINUE
GOTO111
275 CALL OVERLAY(4HNNINE,4,0,FECALL)
GOTO111
112 PRINT*,"DO YOU WISH TO INCLUDE ANY LOSSES DUE TO TACAIR FOR APPORT

```

Figure F-1. SUPER program code (continued).


```

      IF (I-ON.CO.3) GOTO 401
      IF (AGI.EQ."") GOTO 400
C
      CALL OPENM(IHIST,3LI-0,1LR)
      AH(1)=ACT
      AH(4)=90309.
      CALL GET(IHIST,AH,AH(1),0,10)
      IF (AH(4).EQ.90909.) GOTO 450
C
      CALL OPENM(LFIT,3LI-0,1LR)
415  ARRAY(1)=1.
      CALL GETN(LFIT,ARRAY,ARRAY(1))
      M=IFETCH(LFIT,2LEP)
      IF (M.EQ.1006) GOTO 435
      CALL PUT(LFIT)
      GOTO 415
C
435  AKLEP=AH(5)
      AH(5)=AH(1)
      AH(1)=AH(2)
      AH(2)=AH(3)
      AH(3)=AKLEP
      DO 405 I=1,9.
405  ARRAY(I)=AH(1)
C
      CALL PUT(LFIT,ARRAY,909,ARRAY(1))
410  CALL GETN(IHIST,AH,AH(1))
      M=IFETCH(IHIST,2LEP)
      IF (M.EQ.1006) GOTO 440
      IF (AH(1).NE.AGI) GOTO 440
      GOTO 435
C
440  CALL CLOSEM(LFIT)
      CALL CLOSEM(IHIST)
      PRINT 445,AGI
445  FORMAT(" FORCE FILE HAS BEEN RESTARTED AT CI ",410)
      AGI=0.
      GOTO 411
C
450  CALL CLOSEM(IHIST)
      PRINT 455,AGI
455  FORMAT(" CI ",A10," IS NOT ON HISTORY FILE!")
460  PRINT*, "CI'S ON HISTORY FILE -"
      AKLEP=90309.
      CALL OPENM(IHIST,3LI-0,1LR)
470  CALL GETN(IHIST,AH,AH(1))
      M=IFETCH(IHIST,2LEP)
      IF (M.EQ.1006) GOTO 480
      IF (AH(1).EQ.AKLEP.OR.AH(1).EQ."CI LOSSES".OR.AH(1).EQ."CI AMMO") GO
      .TO 475
      AKLEP=AH(1)
      PRINT 475,AKLEP
475  FORMAT(" ",22X,410)
      GOTO 470
C
480  CALL CLOSEM(IHIST)
      AGI=0.

```

Figure F-1. SUPER program code (continued).
F-8

```

903 CALL OVERLAY(HAPFOW,11,(,RECALL)
904 GO TO 111
C
905 P=INT(910,ACI
910 FORMAT(" HAS THE LAST SECTOR BEEN GAMED FOR CI ",1A10,"?")
911 READ(1,INX
912 IF(1-UN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)INX
913 IF(1-UN.EQ.3)PRINTA,INX
914 IF(INX.EQ."Y")GO TO 915
915 IF(INX.EQ."N")GO TO 905
916 PRINT 3
917 GO TO 911
918 IFLAG=0
919 CALL OPENM(IHIST,3LI-C,1LF)
920 AH(1)="CI LOSSES"
921 AH(2)=ACI
922 AH(3)=1.
923 AH(4)=99999.
924 CALL GET(IHIST,AH,AH(1))
925 IF(AH(4).EQ.99999.)GO TO 912
926 IFLAG=1
927 GO TO 911
928 CALL GETN(IHIST,AH,AH(1))
929 M=IFTCM(IHIST,2LFP)
930 IF(M.EQ.1000)GO TO 14
931 I=AH(3)
932 DO 511 K=1,8)
933 ALOS(I,K)=AH(K+1)
934 CONTINUE
935 IF(I.EQ.30)GO TO 914
936 GO TO 14
937 PRINT 513,ACI
938 FORMAT(" COMPUT LOSSES FOR CI ",A10," HAVE NOT BEEN APPORTIONED")
939 CALL CLOSEM(IHIST)
940 IF(IFLAG.EQ.0)GO TO 931
941 CALL OPENM(IHIST,3LI-C,1LF)
942 AH(1)="CI AMMO"
943 AH(2)=ACI
944 AH(3)=1.
945 AH(4)=99999.
946 CALL GET(IHIST,AH,AH(1))
947 IF(AH(4).EQ.99999.)GO TO 920
948 IFLAG=IFLAG+1
949 DO 526 I=1,35
950 SHOTS(I,1)=AH(I+10)
951 DO 522 I=1,35
952 SHOTS(I,2)=AH(I+40)
953 GO TO 933
954 PRINT 524,ACI
955 FORMAT(" AMMO STATISTICS FOR CI ",A10," HAVE NOT BEEN CALCULATED")
956 CALL CLOSEM(IHIST)
957 IF(IFLAG.EQ.2)GO TO 921
958 PRINT 525,ACI
959 FORMAT(" ",35X,"CUMULATIVE STATISTICS FOR CI ",A10)

```

Figure F-1. SUPER program code (continued).


```

SUBROUTINE INIT
COMMON IA,IB,IP,IEAG,ITEARN,IVIS,IMOUNT,MINES,CFPR,FSFPR,FPR,
1 WTIME,IFIRST,IRUN,
2 SF(2),FSSF(2),PACK(2),
3 ELMT(80,2),ALOSS(80,80),SHOTS(35,2),CKILL(53,2)
COMMON/DATA/FPS(80,2),CREWS(53,2),APOS(12),CPOS(5),
1 PSN(6,2,2),PLT(15),KEY(41)
CALL OPENMS(3,KEY,41,0)
CALL READMS(3,FPS,160,34)
CALL CLOSMS(3)
DATA(CREWS(I,J),I=1,53),J=1,2)/2.,2*0.,5*3.,2.,3.,0.,0.,3*2.,3*0.
1.4.,.,4.,3*0.,2.,5.,5.,3*0.,4.,5.,7.,5.,5.,9.,14.,10.,13.,14.,6*0
1.,5*2.,2*4.,2.,2*0.,
2 5*3.,2.,3.,3.,0.,3*2.,3.,3.,0.,4.,6.,7.,5.,0.,0.,1.,2.,8.,3*0.,
3 5.,5.,7.,0.,0.,7.,10.,8.,0.,9.,10.,5.,5.,3*0.,5*2.,4.,0./
DATA (APOS(I),I=1,12)/1.,1.5,2.,.8,1.,1.2,1.,1.2,1.4,1.,1.4,1.6/
DATA (CPOS(I),I=1,6)/1.,1.,.5,2.,1.5,1.2/
DATA((PSN(I,J,K),J=1,2),K=1,2),I=1,6)/2*.33,2*.57,.33,1.,.67,.5,
1 2*.57,1.,.33,3*(.67,.67,1.,1.)/
C
C      MATERIEL LOSSES PER INFANTRY MAN LOST.
DATA(PLT(K),K=1,15)/.017,.0,1.,2*.0,1.,.067,.05,.02,.0,.05,.0,.0,
1 .05,.02/
C
DO 3 I=1,50
DO 3 J=1,2
9 SHOTS(I,J)=0.
PACK(1)=10000.
PACK(2)=1.
-STOP
END

```

Figure F-2. INIT program code.

Table F-3. Program variables for INDEX5.

Variable	Description
INDEX5	Equivalent single subscript
I1	First parameter subscript
I2	Second parameter subscript
I3	Third parameter subscript
I4	Fourth parameter subscript
I5	Fifth parameter subscript
L1	Length of first parameter array
L2	Length of second parameter array
L3	Length of third parameter array
L4	Length of fourth parameter array

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.

```
FUNCTION INDEX5(I1,I2,I3,I4,I5,L1,L2,L3,L4)
```

```
C THIS FUNCTION RETURNS THE 1 DIMENSIONAL ELEMENT NUMBER OF AN ARRAY  
C SIMULATING ONE OF 5 DIMENSIONS  
C IT IS ASSUMED THE DATA IS STORED BY COLUMNS AND YOU ARE SEEKING  
C ELEMENT (I1,I2,I3,I4,I5) OF ARRAY (L1,L2,L3,L4,N)  
C
```

```
INDEX=(1+(I1-1+L1*(I2-1+L2*(I3-1+L3*(I4-1+L4*(I5-1))))))  
RETURN  
END
```

Figure F-3. INDEX5 program code.

Table F-4. Program variables for LOSS.

Variable	Description
AKILL	The number of weapons type I kill by all firers.
I	Firing weapon system index
INX	Gamer response variable
ISTART	Variable indexing beginning subscript of firers
ISTOP	Variable indexing ending subscript of firers
J	Force identifier
K	Index for weapon systems lost
KSTART	Variable indexing beginning subscript of weapon systems lost
KSTOP	Variable indexing ending subscript of weapon systems lost

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.

```

SUBROUTINE LOSS(ISTART,ISTOP,KSTART,KSTOP)
COMMON IA,IL,IF,ILNGAG,ITEREN,IVIS,IMOUNT,MINES,CFPR,FSEPR,FFR.
1 ATIM,IFIRST,IRUN,
2 IF(2),FSIF(2),PACK(2),
3 ELMT(40,2),ALOSS(40,2),SHOTS(30,2),CKILL(43,2)
COMMON/DATA/FFC(90,2),CALWE(93,2),APDS(12),DPOS(6),
1 PONI(2,2),PLT(10),KEY(4)
4 PRINT*, "DO YOU WISH TO SUBTRACT LOSSES FROM FORCE STRUCTURES?"
READ1,INX
IF(IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)INX
IF(IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT8,INX
IF(INX.EQ."Y")GOTO10
IF(INX.EQ."N")GOTO60
PRINT2
1 FORMAT(1A1)
2 FORMAT(" ",1A1)
3 FORMAT(" INCORRECT - RESPONSE MUST BE Y OR N - TRY AGAIN")
GOTO 5
10 DO 30 J=1,2
11 DO 1=ISTART,ISTOP
12 DO K=KSTART,KSTOP
13 IF(J.EQ.2)GOTO20
AKILL=ALOSS(I,K)/PACK(1)/10.
GOTO21
20 AKILL=(ALOSS(I,K)-IFIX(ALOSS(I,K)/PACK(1))*PACK(1))/10.
21 IF(AKILL.LE.0.)GOTO30
ELMT(K,J)=ELMT(K,J)-AKILL
IF(ELMT(K,J).LT.0.)ELMT(K,J)=0.
30 CONTINUE
GOTO100
40 DO 40 I=ISTART,ISTOP
41 DO 40 K=KSTART,KSTOP
42 ALOSS(I,K)=0.
100 RETURN
END

```

Figure F-4. LOSS program code.

Table F-5. Program variables for DISPLAY.

Variable	Description
AR	Number of weapon systems
CIL	Factor for combat intensity level
I	Unit record word index
ICODE	Weapon system item code
IFLAG	Print flag
INC	Increment counter
INX	Gamer response variable
J	Force identifier
M	File status variable
PARENT	Name of parent unit
REMAIN	Number of particular weapon systems remaining in unit
TFPS	Total firepower score
UEFF	Unit effectiveness
UNIT	Name of unit
XLOST	Number of particular weapon system losses

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.

```

SUB ROUTINE DISPLAY
DIMENSION CIL(1),ICORE(10),REMAIN(10),XLOSS(10)
COMMON IA,IO,IP,IERG,G,ITFRN,IVIS,IMOUNT,MINES,CFFP,FSFPR,FPR,
1  TIME,IFIRST,IRUN,
2  LF(2),FSF(2),PCK(2),
3  CLMT(80,2),ALOS(80,60),LNOTS(30,2),CKILL(53,2),
COMMON/DATA/FFS(4,2),CREW(23,2),AFPS(12),DPOS(5),
1  FSN(2,2),PLT(1,1),KEY(4),
2  JON/JH/LF1(3),N-PAY(50),MYDEF(1024),C(40,2),ACI,
1  ASDEF,ASDEF
DATA CIL(1),I=1,3/1000.,3.,4.,2.5,1./
10  F0=MAT(1,10)
15  F0=MAT(" ",1,10)

C
PRINT*,"ENTER: PARENT OF UNIT(S) TO BE DISPLAYED -"
READ10,PARENT
IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,10)PARENT
IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT18,PARENT

C
IFPS=0.
UEFF=0.
CALL OPENN(LF11,3,1-0,1LF)
ARRAY(1)=PARENT
ARRAY(7)=10900.
100 CALL GET(LF11,ARRAY,N-PAY(1),0,10)
IF (ARRAY(7).NE.00009.)GOTO110
PRINT305,PARENT
GOTO510

110 PRINT*,"ENTER: UNIT ID (OR ALL) -"
READ10,UNIT
IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,11)UNIT
IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT19,UNIT

C
IFLAG=0
113 IF (UNIT.EQ."ALL")GOTO120
IF (UNIT.EQ.ARRAY(2))GOTO120
112 CALL GETN(LF11,ARRAY,ARRAY(1))
N=IFETCH(LF11,2LFP)
IF (N.EQ.100)GOTO210
IF (ARRAY(1).NE.PARENT)GOTO200
GOTO113

C
120 J=ARRAY(3)
IF (J=IFPS+1)ARRAY(4)

C
DO 150 I=1,N
ARRAY(4)=ARRAY(I+10)-IFIX(ARRAY(I+10)/100000.)*100000.
IF (N=100)GOTO160
UEFF=UEFF+ARRAY(4)
150 CONTINUE
GOTO112

200 CALL CLOSEN(LF11)
IF (IFPS=1)GOTO300
UEFF=UEFF/IFPS*100.
D=INT205,PARENT,UEFF

```

Figure F-5. DISPLAY program code.(continued next page).

```

200 FORMAT(" ",//,1X,F10.2X,"EIF=",F4.1,/,1X,67("-"))
      CALL CDEFIN(LEF1,3LE1-C,1LE1)
      PARENT=FA*ENT
      ARRAY(7)=999.9
      CALL GET(LEF1,ARRAY,ARRAY(1),C,10)
      IF(ARRAY(7).NE.999.9.)GOTO155
      PRINT323,FF*ENT
      GOTO155

155 IFLAG=0
160 IF(UNIT.EQ."ALL")GOTO260
      IF(UNIT.EQ."ARRAY(2)")GOTO260
170 CALL GET(LEF1,ARRAY,ARRAY(1))
      DEFF=H(LEF1,2LEF1)
      IF(M,10,100)GOTO175
      IF(ARRAY(1).NE.PARENT)GOTO170
      GOTO175

260 J=ARRAY(3)
      DEFF=0.
      DO 210 I=1,50
      ARRAY(I+10)=IFIX(ARRAY(I+10)/100000.)*100000.
      IF(ARRAY(I).LE.0.)GOTO210
      DEFF=DEFF+ARRAY(I,J)
210 CONTINUE
      IF(ARRAY(I).GT.0.)GOTO211
      DEFF=0.
      GOTO212
211 DEFF=DEFF/ARRAY(5)*100.
212 PRINT215,ARRAY(2),DEFF
215 FORMAT(" ",410,2X,"EFF=",F4.2,/,1X,67("-"))

      INC=0
      DO 220 I=1,8
      IF(ARRAY(I+10).EQ.0.)GOTO225
      INC=INC+1
      YLOST(INC)=IFIX(ARRAY(I+10)/100000.)/10.
      REMAIN(INC)=ARRAY(I+10)-YLOST(INC)*1.00000.
      IF(INC.LT.9)GOTO220

230 PRINT235,(ICOLL(INX),INX=1,INC)
235 FORMAT(" ITEM CODE",10(3X,12,1X))
      PRINT240,(REMAIN(INX),INX=1,INC)
240 FORMAT(" # REMAIN ",10F6.1)
      PRINT245,(YLOST(INX),INX=1,INC)
245 FORMAT(" # LOST ",10(1X,F5.1))
      PRINT250
250 FORMAT(" ",67("-"))
      INC=0
      IF(FLAG=1)
225 IF(INC.NE.0.AND.1.F0.80)GOTO235
220 CONTINUE

      GOTO170
201 CALL CDEFIN(LEF1)
      GOTO170

```

Figure F-5. DISPLAY program code (continued).


```
300 PRINT300,UNIT
305 FORMAT(" UNIT ",A11," WAS NOT FOUND")
600 RETURN
END
```

Figure F-5. DISPLAY program code (concluded).

APPENDIX G

OVLY 1 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

APPENDIX G

OVLY 1 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

This appendix contains the FORTRAN source code and variable list for OVLY 1 (ROFA). This program sets a number of parameters used throughout the combat assessment routines and calculates the attacker's rate of advance, firepower scores for both forces, and attacker: defender firepower ratios. Table G-1 lists the ROFA program variables; figure G-1 is the FORTRAN source code listing.

Table G-1. Program variables for OVLY1 (ROFA).

Variable	Description
ADIST	Attacker's covered distance
CFPS	Ground combat firepower score
F	Fraction of sector Red force massed
FPRM	Maneuver firepower ratio
FSFPS	Fire support firepower score
I	Weapon system index
IEL	Force index
IFPR	Rate-of-advance firepower ratio index
INX	Input response variable
ISTART	Do-loop index
ITABLE	Engagement type index
J	Force index
JVIS	Rate-of-advance visibility index
K	Weapon system index
KIND	Force color
RATE	Rate-of-advance data array
RMIN	Minimum attacker firepower ratio
ROA	Rate-of-advance (KM/HR)
ROA1 ROA2	Intermediate ROA calculation variable
STALE	Rate of advance index determiner
TFPS	Total firepower score

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.

```

OVL 1,0,0,0,1, 1
PROGRAM OVLY1
COMMON /A,IB,IP,IF,IG,G,II,IR,IV,IS,IMOUNT,FINES,CFPR,FSFPR,FPR,
1 AT10,IFPST,IFUN,
2 CF(2),FSF(2),PACK(2),
3 ELAT(1,2),ALGSI(80,80),CHOTS(30,2),CKILL(5,2)
CCL 100,DATA/FFS(10,2),CPMS(13,2),AFPS(12),LPCS(5),
1 PENC(2,2),FLT(10),KEY(-1)
DIMENSION TALE(11),RATE(1440),FFS(2),FSF(2),FPS(2)
DATA (TALE(I),I=1,11)/.8,1.,1.,.2,.2,3.,3.5,.,5.,6.,8./
DATA (ATE(I),I=1,246)/
1.,.,.,.5.,.9,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.7,1.8,2.1,2.2,2.3,1.,.3,.,.9,1.7,2.0,2.2,2
2.,.2,2.9,3.1,3.4,3.9,4.6,5.,.5,.,.3,.,.8,.,.9,1.0,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.4,1.6,0
3.,.,.,.4,8,1.3,1.,.1,1.6,1.7,1.8,2.,.2,1,2.6,0.,.9,.,.2,.,.3,.,.5,.,.7,.,.8,1.
42,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6,1.6,1.6,.,.4,.,.5,.,.4,1.5,1.2,1.4,1.5,1.7,1.8,2.0,0.,.0.
5.,.4,.,.7,1.,.9,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.6,1.7,1.8,2.0,0.,.5,.,.3,1.0,1.6,1.8,2.1,2.
63,2.6,2.7,3.3,3.9,.,.8,.,.2,.,.3,.,.5,.,.7,.,.8,.,.8,.,.9,1.1,1.0,1.2,0.,.0,.,.3,
7.,.1,1.1,1.2,1.3,1.,.4,1.6,1.7,1.8,2.3,.,.3,.,.1,.,.1,.,.3,.,.4,.,.5,.,.7,.,.8,.,.9,
82,1.1,.,.6,.,.1,.,.3,.,.7,.,.4,.,.9,1.0,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.7,1.,.1,.,.3,.,.5,.,.8,.,.9,1
9.,.1,2.1,3.1,4.1,5.1,6.1,7.0,.,.0,.,.4,.,.8,1.2,1.2,1.3,1.6,2.0,2.1,2.6,3.3
A.0,.,.1,.,.2,.,.4,.,.4,.,.5,.,.7,.,.8,.,.9,.,.8,.,.9,0.,.0,.,.2,.,.4,.,.8,.,.9,1.0,1.2,1.3
B,1.4,1.5,2.1,0.,.3,.,.1,.,.2,.,.3,.,.3,.,.4,.,.5,.,.7,.,.7,.,.8,0.,.6,.,.1,.,.3,.,.5,.,.7
C.,.,.,.2,1.0,1.2,1.3,1.6,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.2,.,.4,.,.5,.,.7,.,.8,1.0,1.2,1.2,1.3,0.,
D.,.,.2,.,.9,.,.9,1.0,1.0,1.2,1.3,1.3,1.4,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.2,.,.3,.,.4,.,.5,.,.5,.,.6,
E.7,.,.7,.,.8,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.2,.,.4,.,.5,.,.7,.,.7,.,.8,.,.8,.,.9,0.,.1,.,.1,.,.2,.,.3,.,.3,.,.4,
F.4,.,.5,.,.6,.,.7,.,.8,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.2,.,.4,.,.5,.,.5,.,.6,.,.7,.,.7,.,.8,.,.9/
DATA (RATE(I),I=289,576)/
1.,.,.3,.,.5,1.0,1.5,1.6,1.8,1.9,2.1,2.4,2.5,2.5,0.,.5,.,.9,1.7,1.9,2.2,
22.,.4,.,.7,2.3,3.3,3.6,4.4,5.1,0.,.2,.,.3,.,.8,.,.9,1.0,1.2,1.3,1.5,1.6,1.6,1.8
3.,.,.,.3,.,.5,.,.9,1.5,1.6,1.8,1.9,2.1,2.2,2.4,2.9,0.,.1,.,.2,.,.3,.,.6,.,.7,.,.9,
41.,.1,2.1,3.1,3.5,1.6,.,.1,.,.2,.,.4,.,.9,1.0,1.2,1.3,1.5,1.6,1.8,2.1,0.,
5.3,.,.5,.,.2,1.2,1.3,1.6,1.5,1.8,1.4,2.1,2.4,0.,.3,.,.5,1.2,1.8,2.1,2.4,
62.,.2,.,.3,1.3,3.7,4.4,0.,.1,.,.2,.,.3,.,.6,.,.7,.,.9,1.0,1.2,1.3,0.,.2,
7.3,.,.5,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.6,1.4,1.9,2.1,2.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.3,.,.4,.,.6,.,.8,.,.9,1
8.3,1.,.1,1.2,0.,.1,.,.2,.,.3,.,.7,.,.9,1.0,1.2,1.3,1.5,1.0,1.9,0.,.2,.,.3,.,.6,
99,1.0,1.2,1.3,1.5,1.5,1.7,1.8,0.,.3,.,.5,.,.9,1.3,1.5,1.6,1.8,2.2,2.4,
AP.9,3.7,0.,.1,.,.2,.,.3,.,.4,.,.4,.,.5,.,.7,.,.9,.,.9,1.0,0.,.1,.,.2,.,.4,.,.9,1.0,1.
BP,1.3,1.2,1.0,1.8,2.4,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.1,.,.3,.,.3,.,.4,.,.6,.,.7,.,.7,.,.9,0.,.0,.,.1
C.,.3,.,.6,.,.7,.,.9,1.0,1.2,1.3,1.5,1.0,0.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.4,.,.6,.,.7,.,.9,1.2,1.3,1
D.3,1.4,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.9,1.0,1.2,1.3,1.3,1.5,1.5,1.6,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.3,
F4.,.,.1,.,.7,.,.7,.,.7,.,.8,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.4,.,.6,.,.7,.,.7,.,.9,.,.9,1.0,0.,.0,0.,
FJ.,.,.1,.,.3,.,.4,.,.5,.,.6,.,.6,.,.7,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.3,.,.4,.,.5,.,.6,.,.7,.,.7,.,.8/
DATA (RATE(I),I=577,864)/
10.,.0,.,.0,.,.0,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,.,.3,.,.4,.,.4,.,.5,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.4,.,.4,.,.5,.,.5,.,.6,.,.6,
2.7,.,.4,.,.5,.,.6,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,
3.3,.,.4,.,.5,.,.6,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,.,.3,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.2,
4.2,.,.2,.,.3,.,.3,.,.4,.,.5,.,.6,.,.7,.,.8,.,.9,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,.,.3,.,.3,.,.4,0.,.0,0.,.0,
5.3,.,.3,.,.4,.,.5,.,.6,.,.7,.,.8,.,.9,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,0.,.0,0.,
60.,.0,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,.,.3,.,.4,.,.4,.,.5,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,
70.,.0,.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.1,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,.,.4,0.,.0,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,
8.4,.,.4,.,.5,.,.6,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,.,.3,.,.4,.,.4,.,.5,0.,.0,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,
9.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,0.,.0,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,.,.3,.,.3,.,.4,0.,.0,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.1,
A.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.3,0.,.0,0.,.0,0.,.0,
B.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.2,.,.2,0.,.0,0.,.0,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,.,.2,0.,.0,0.,
C.,.0,.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,0.,.0,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.2,.,.2,
D.,.5,.,.1,.,.0,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,0.,.0,0.,.0,0.,.0,.,.1,.,.1,.,.1,
E.1,.,.1/

```

Figure G-1. OVLY1 (ROFA) program code.

G-4

```

IF(IENGAG.EQ."1")GOTO21
IF(IENGAG.GE.1.AND.IENGAG.LE.6)GOTO25
PRINT3
21 PRINT*,"    FOR MEETING ENGAGEMENT.....ENTER 1"
PRINT*,"    DELAY.....ENTER 2"
PRINT*,"    WITHDRAW.....ENTER 3"
PRINT*,"    DEFEND FORTIFIED POSITION..ENTER 4"
PRINT*,"    DEFEND PREPARED POSITION...ENTER 5"
PRINT*,"    DEFEND HASTY POSITION.....ENTER 6"
3 FORMAT(" INCORRECT ENTRY - TRY AGAIN")
GO TO 20
25 IF(IENGAG.GT.3)GO TO 30
IP=IENGAG
GO TO 35
30 PRINT*,"ENTER ATTACKER PICTURE"
READ* ,INX
IF(IPUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,*)INX
IF(IPUN.EQ.3)PRINT* ,INX
IF(INX.EQ."1")GOTO33
IF(INX.GE.1.AND.INX.LE.3)GOTO31
PRINT3
33 PRINT*,"    FOR FRONTAL ATTACK.....ENTER 1"
PRINT*,"    SINGLE ENVELOPMENT..ENTER 2"
PRINT*,"    DOUBLE ENVELOPMENT..ENTER 3"
GO TO 30
31 IP=3*IP+INX-3*INX
30 GO TO IEL=1,2
CFPS(1,IEL)=0.
GO TO IEL=3,4
CFPS(1,IEL)=CFPS(1,IEL)+ELMT(I,IEL)*FPS(I,IEL)
40 CONTINUE
ISTA=31
IEL=1
KIND="FR"
42 PRINT* ,KIND
43 FORMAT(" IS THERE A SIGNIFICANT ",A4," AIR THREAT?")
READ* ,INX
IF(IPUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)INX
IF(IPUN.EQ.3)PRINT* ,INX
IF(INX.EQ."Y")GO TO 45
IF(INX.EQ."N")GO TO 43
PRINT2
GO TO 42
43 ISTA=43
44 CFPS(1,IEL)=0.
GO TO IEL=1,2
CFPS(1,IEL)=CFPS(1,IEL)+ELMT(I,IEL)*FPS(I,IEL)
50 CONTINUE
IF(1,IEL.GE.2)GO TO 55
IEL=1
ISTA=31
KIND="LR"
GO TO 42
55 CFPS(1,1)=CFPS(1,1)*APUS(IP)
CFPS(1,1)=CFPS(1,1)*CPOS(IENGAG)
IF(CFPS(1,1)*CFPS(1,1).GE.1)GOTO54
PRINT*,"*****NO DEFENDER*****"

```

Figure G-1. OVLY1 (ROFA) program code (continued).
G-5


```

      PRINT*, " FORCE STRUCTURE MUST BE CHANGED"
      IF (1-UN.EQ.1) PRINT*, " PROGRAM STOPPED----ATTACH FORCE FILE BEFORE
1-TESTING"
      IF (1-UN.EQ.1) STOP
      GO TO 9
54 IFIRST=1
      IF (CFPS(10).GE.1) GO TO 57
      PRINT*, "THERE IS NO MANEUVER FP RATIO"
      CFPS=0.
      GO TO 54
57 FFP=CFPS(1A)/CFPS(10)
58 IF (FP*PS(10).GE.1) GO TO 59
      PRINT*, "THERE IS NO FIRE SUPPORT FP RATIO"
      FFP=0.
      GO TO 2
59 FFP=FFPS(1A)/FP*PS(10)
      FP=CFPS(1A)+FP*PS(1A)/(CFPS(10)+FP*PS(10))
      NOTE-ALL AUTOMATIC WEAPONS WERE CONSIDERED IN MANEUVER FIREPOWER.
60 PRINT*, "ENTER TERRAIN TYPE"
      READ*, ITERN
      IF (1-UN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) ITERN
      IF (1-UN.EQ.3) PRINT*, ITERN
      IF (1-TERN.EQ."1") GO TO 61
      IF (1-TERN.GE.1.AND.1-TERN.LE.4) GO TO 60
      PRINT*
61 PRINT*, "      FOR OPEN TERRAIN.....ENTER 1"
      PRINT*, "      ROLLING TERRAIN.....ENTER 2"
      PRINT*, "      HILLY TERRAIN.....ENTER 3"
      PRINT*, "      MOUNTAINOUS TERRAIN.....ENTER 4"
      GO TO 60
62 PRINT*, "ENTER VISIBILITY FACTOR"
      READ*, IVIS
      IF (1-UN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) IVIS
      IF (1-UN.EQ.3) PRINT*, IVIS
      IF (1-IVIS.EQ."1") GO TO 63
      IF (1-IVIS.GE.1.AND.1-IVIS.LE.5) GO TO 62
      PRINT*
63 PRINT*, "      FOR VISIBILITY OF 100% ENTER 1"
      PRINT*, "      85% ENTER 2"
      PRINT*, "      65% ENTER 3"
      PRINT*, "      45% ENTER 4"
      PRINT*, "      30% ENTER 5"
      GO TO 60
64 JVIS=(IVIS+1)/2
      PRINT*, "IS ATTACKER MOUNTED"
      READ*, INX
      IF (1-UN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) INX
      IF (1-UN.EQ.3) PRINT*, INX
      IF (1-INX.EQ."N") IMOUNT=1
      IF (1-INX.EQ."Y") IMOUNT=2
      IF (1-INX.EQ."N".OR.1-INX.EQ."Y") GO TO 66
      PRINT*
      GO TO 63
65 PRINT*, "ENTER FRACTION OF SECTOR ATTACKER MASSED (MAX=1)"
      READ*, F
      IF (1-UN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) F
      IF (1-UN.EQ.3) PRINT*, F

```

Figure G-1. OVLY1 (ROFA) program code (continued).

```

IF (GT. 0. AND F. LE. 1) GOTOC7
PRINT3
GOTO54
70 KMIN=1.5
F=PR-(FPR-KMIN*(1.-F))/F
IF (FPR.LT.KMIN) FPR=KMIN
IF (IENGAS.LE.3) GO TO 76
STALE(2)=1.4
STALE(3)=1.7
76 GO TO 75 IF 1,11
IF (PR.LT.STALE(1)) GO TO 81
CONTINUE
IF 1,11
IF PR=1
ITABLE=IENGAS
IF (ITABLE.EQ.3) ITABLE=2
IF (ITABLE.GT.3) ITABLE=ITABLE-1
PRINT RATE ASSAY AND READ ROA.
CALL RATE (INDEXS (IFPR, IMOUNT, JVIS, ITERRN, ITABLE, 12, 2, 3, 4))
IF (IFPR.LT.12) GOTOC8
ROA2=ROA1
GOTOC7
82 ROA2=RATE (INDEXS (IFPR+1, IMOUNT, JVIS, ITERRN, ITABLE, 12, 2, 3, 4))
83 ROA=ROA1+(ROA2-ROA1)*(FPR-STALE(IFPR-1))/(STALE(IFPR)-STALE(IFPR-
1 1))
IF (ROA1.EQ.0) ROA=0.
IF (IENGAS.EQ.3 AND IMOUNT.EQ.2) ROA=ROA*1.5
87 PRINT "ARE MINES EMPLOYED IN THIS SECTOR?"
READ INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,1) INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, INX
IF (INX.EQ."Y") GO TO 91
IF (INX.EQ."N") GO TO 91
PRINT2
GO TO 89
91 IF (IENGAS.EQ.4 AND IENGAS.NE.1) ROA=.75*ROA
MINES=1
GO TO 83
92 MINES=2
93 PRINT "THOUGH TIME OR DISTANCE BE HELD CONSTANT"
READ INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, INX
IF (INX.EQ."Y") GOTOC1
IF (INX.EQ.1) GOTOC10
IF (INX.EQ.2) GOTOC10
PRINT3
94 PRINT*, "FOR CONSTANT TIME....ENTER 1"
PRINT*, "CONSTANT DISTANCE...ENTER 2"
GO TO 95
100 PRINT*, "ENTER ATTEND TIME IN HOURS (MAX 24)"
READ*, TIME
IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) TIME
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, TIME
IF (TIME.LE.24 AND TIME.GE.1) GO TO 111
PRINT3
GO TO 111

```

Figure G-1. OVLV1 (ROFA) program code (continued).

```

110 ADIST=ROA*ATIME
    GO TO 200
150 PRINT*, "ENTER ATTACK DISTANCE IN METERS (MAX 75000.)"
    READ*, ADIST
    IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE(*,*) ADIST
    IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, ADIST
    IF (ADIST.GT.0..AND..ADIST.LE.75000.) GO TO 150
    PRINT3
    GO TO 150
160 IF (ROA.EQ.0.) GO TO 161
    ATIME=(ADIST/1000.)/ROA
    ADIST=ADIST/1000.
    GO TO 200
161 ATIME=.
    ADIST=.
200 IF (IRUN.EQ.1) GO TO 98
    PRINT205
205 FORMAT("I")
    TFPS(IA)=(FPS(IA)+FSFPS(IA)
    TFPS(II)=(FPS(II)+FSFPS(II)
    PRINT*, "-----RATE OF ADVANCE-----"
    1-----
    PRINT210
210 FORMAT("I",63X,"I")
215 FORMAT("I   FP RATIO IN SECTOR'S MAIN ATTACK AREA",5(" "),
    C F4.1,13X,"I")
220 FORMAT("I   TOTAL FP RATIO",25(" "),F4.1,13X,"I")
225 FORMAT("I   MANEUVER FP RATIO",25(" "),F4.1,13X,"I")
230 FORMAT("I   FIRE SUPPORT FP RATIO",21(" "),F4.1,13X,"I")
235 FORMAT("I   RATE-OF-ADVANCE (KPH)",20(" "),F3.2,13X,"I")
240 FORMAT("I   DURATION OF ATTACK (HR)",15(" "),F5.1,13X,"I")
245 FORMAT("I   DISTANCE ADVANCED (KM)",15(" "),F5.1,13X,"I")
246 FORMAT("I   MANEUVER FP SCORE",25(" "),F8.0,"/",F8.0,"I")
247 FORMAT("I   FIRE SUPPORT FP SCORE",21(" "),F3.0,"/",F8.0,"I")
248 FORMAT("I   TOTAL FP SCORE",25(" "),F8.0,"/",F8.0,"I")
    PRINT246,TFPS(IA),CFPS(II)
    PRINT247,FSFPS(IA),FSFPS(II)
    PRINT248,TFPS(IA),TFPS(II)
    PRINT213,FFFF
    PRINT220,FP4
    PRINT225,CFPS
    PRINT230,FSFP
    PRINT210
    PRINT235,ROA
    PRINT240,ATIME
    PRINT245,ADIST
    PRINT210
    PRINT*, "-----"
    1-----
    PRINT205
98 IF (IRUN.EQ.1) PRINT*, "ATTLE CHARACTERISTICS PRINTED HERE"
    ON FFF

```

Figure G-1. OVLY1 (ROFA) program code (concluded).

APPENDIX H
OVLY 2 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

APPENDIX H

OVLY 2 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

This appendix contains the FORTRAN source code and variable list for the OVLY 2 (TANK) program. TANK contains the assessment logic for the gaming of combat involving tanks, armored vehicles, and antitank weapons. The program variables are listed in table H-1, and the FORTRAN source code listing is in figure H-1.

Table H-1. Program variables for OVLY2 (TANK).

Variable	Description
A	Acquisition data array
ACQ	Acquisition discriminator
AKILL	Current losses to weapon systems
ATCREW	Number of infantrymen killed per antitank weapon
BLUE	Blue weapon system cumulative losses
CLOST	Crewmen losses
ELMTS	Total number of targets
ELS	Total number of firers
FDF	Fire distribution factor
FIRE	Expected number of completed firings
I	Firer weapon index
IFIND	SSKP data block index
IFLAG	Flag for displaying/suppressing table header
INDX	SSKP data entry index
INX	Input response variable
IPSN	Positioning units index for attacker/defender
ISUP	Suppression degradation factor index
ITYP	Ammunition type index

Table H-1. Program variables for OVLY2 (TANK) (continued).

Variable	Description
J	Firer force index
JJ	Attacker/defender firer force index
JPSN	Positioning units index for contact
K	Target weapon index
KFLAG	Initial contact flag
KIND	Force color
KK	Category type index
KT	Expected number of completed firings firer index
L	Target force index
LL	Attacker/defender target force index
M	Weapon system (firer) index
MAXR	Range index
N	Weapon system (target) index
NBR	SSKP single integer index
OPERA	Weapon system operational availability
PKILL	Target's survival probability against firer
PLOSS	Current losses to weapon systems
RED	Red weapon system cumulative losses
ROUNDS	Ammunition fired per target
SKILL	Loss apportionment factor denominator

Table H-1. Program variables for OVLY2 (TANK)(concluded).

Variable	Description
SS	Defilade SSKP/Final SSKP
SSKP	Weapon system single shot kill probability
SSS	Fully exposed SSKP
SUPDEG	Suppression degradation factor coefficient
TKILL	Targets killed
V	Visibility degradation factors
VICTIM	Firer's target
VISDEG	Visibility degradation factor
WTS	Weapon system category weights
XN	Weapon system engagements

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.

H-5

```

1000.91.9.3*1.000.1.2*.75.1.002.1.001.3*1.003.81.3*1.002.85/
700 PRINT*, "DO YOU WISH TO PROCESS AIRPLANE/ANTI-AIRBORNE ASSESSMENTS?"
      IF (I00.00.1) WRITE (5,1) IN
      IF (I00.00.3) PRINT*, IN
      IF (INX.00."Y") GOTO 1000
      IF (INX.00."N") GOTO 230
      IF (I00.00.1) GOTO 1000
      IF (I00.00.3) PRINT*, IN
      IF (INX.00."Y") GOTO 1000
      IF (INX.00."N") GOTO 230
      PRINT*
      GOTO 1000
700 PRINT*, "AIRBORNE/ANTI-AIRBORNE ASSESSMENTS"
      CALL GETNM (3,KEY,-1,0)
700 PRINT*, "IS THIS INITIAL COMBAT FOR THIS SECTOR?"
      IF (I00.00.1) WRITE (5,1) IN
      IF (I00.00.3) PRINT*, IN
      IF (INX.00."Y") GOTO 1000
      IF (INX.00."N") GOTO 230
      PRINT*
      GOTO 1000
700 KFLAS=1
      GOTO 1000
700 KFLAS=2
700 FOR (1)=0.
      FOR (2)=0.
      DO 770 I=1,32
      DO 770 J=1,2
      DO 770 K=1,2
770 KFLAS(I,J,K)=0.
700 INTERVISIBILITY ENTRY
      VISC=V(I00)
      A00(I00)=A(ENGAG,2)
      A00(I00)=A(ENGAG,1)
11 PRINT*, "ENTER RANGE INDEX BETWEEN ATTACKER & DEFENDER"
      IF (I00.00.1) WRITE (5,*) MAXF
      IF (I00.00.3) PRINT*, MAXF
      IF (MAXF.00."Y") GOTO 1000
      IF (MAXF.00.0) GOTO 1000
      INX=7-I00
      IF (INX.LE.3) INX=INX-1
      IF (MAXF.GE.1.AND.MAXF.LE.INX) GOTO 1000
      PRINT*, "VISIBILITY INSUFFICIENT FOR ENGAGEMENT AT SPECIFIED RANGE"
40 PRINT*, "IF RANGE IS BETWEEN:"
      GOTO (1,2,3,4,5,6), I00
41 PRINT*, "3000 & 2501 ENTER 6"
42 PRINT*, "2500 & 2001 ENTER 5"
43 PRINT*, "2000 & 1501 ENTER 4"
      PRINT*, "1500 & 1001 ENTER 3"
44 PRINT*, "1000 & 501 ENTER 2"
45 PRINT*, "500 & 1 ENTER 1"
      PRINT*, "**TO STOP** ENTER 0"
      GOTO 1000

```

Figure H-1. OVLY2 (TANK) program code (continued).


```

IF (I.EQ.1) ILL=2
AKILL=1.
SKILL=1.
DO 107 I=11,35
  KILL(I-10)=1.
  IF (I.EQ.14.AND.3*MOD(I-10,3).EQ.2.AND.(I.LT.15.OR.(I.EQ.15.AND.J.EQ.1)))
    16GOTO162
  CLS=PLNT(I,J)-PLNT(I,J,1)
  IF (CLS.LT.1) GOTO162
  IF (I.EQ.1) KT=1-15
  IF (J.EQ.2) KT=1
  IF (I.EQ.27.OR.I.EQ.27).AND.J.EQ.1) KT=3
  IF (J.EQ.1.AND.KT.GT.10) GOTO162
  IF (J.EQ.2.AND.KT.EQ.30) GOTO162
  IF (J.EQ.2) GOTO56
  IF (I.LT.10.OR.I.GT.20) GOTO30
  IF (K.GE.19.AND.K.LE.23) GOTO26
  ISUP=1
  ITYP=3
  IF (I.EQ.16.OR.I.EQ.17.OR.I.EQ.19) ITYP=4
  GOTO95
30 ISUP=2
  IF (I.EQ.22) ISUP=1
  ITYP=8
  IF (I.EQ.12) ITYP=7
  IF (I.EQ.11) ITYP=8
  IF (I.EQ.14) ITYP=9
  IF (I.EQ.15) ITYP=10
  GOTO95
20 ISUP=1
  ITYP=2
  IF (I.EQ.16.OR.I.EQ.17) ITYP=1
  IF (I.EQ.18.OR.I.EQ.20) ITYP=5
  GOTO95
50 IF (I.LT.10.OR.I.GT.19) GOTO55
  IF (K.GE.16.OR.K.LE.22) GOTO60
  ISUP=1
  ITYP=2
  IF (I.EQ.19) ITYP=3
  GOTO95
55 ISUP=2
  ITYP=5
  IF (I.EQ.12) ITYP=4
  IF (I.EQ.22) ITYP=6
  IF (I.EQ.23.OR.I.EQ.15) ITYP=3
  IF (I.EQ.28) ITYP=2
  IF (I.EQ.29) ITYP=7
  IF (I.EQ.21.AND.MAX(.LE.2) ITYP=5
  IF (I.EQ.14) ITYP=9
  IF (I.EQ.11) ITYP=10
  GOTO95
60 ISUP=1
  ITYP=3
  IF (I.EQ.16.OR.I.EQ.17) ITYP=1
90 IF (I.LE.15) ISUP=3
  YN=ELC*OPEFA(I-1,J)*FSN(1ENGAR,JPSN,KFLAG)
  IF (K.EQ.22.AND.L.EQ.1) KK=2

```

Figure H-1. OVLY2 (TANK) program code (continued).

```

      QUDJ5=PIF(LIE,PN,MAX,KT)*(1.-F(J)*SURF G(ISUP))*ELMTS*
      10PE=AK-K-10,LI*WTS(KK,LL)/FLF(L)
      IF(ROUR05.LE.0.)GOTO112
      IF(J.EQ.2960 TO 500
      GOTO(567,506,508,521,513,503,513,502,501,504,102,505,102,102,1
      102,505,102,102,102),I-10
      500 GOTO(512,510,511,514,518,522,508,516,515,510,509,517,102,102,1
      512,510,519,520,102),I-10
      501 I=1
      GOTO55
      502 I=2
      GOTO55
      503 I=3
      GOTO55
      504 I=4
      GOTO55
      505 I=5
      GOTO55
      506 I=6
      GOTO55
      507 I=7
      GOTO55
      508 I=8
      GOTO55
      509 I=9
      GOTO55
      510 I=10
      GOTO55
      511 I=11
      GOTO55
      512 I=12
      GOTO55
      513 I=13
      GOTO55
      514 I=14
      GOTO55
      515 I=15
      GOTO55
      516 I=16
      GOTO55
      517 I=17
      GOTO55
      518 I=18
      GOTO55
      519 I=19
      GOTO55
      520 I=20
      GOTO55
      521 I=21
      GOTO55
      522 I=22
      IF(I.EQ.21.AND(.MAXX.LE.2))I=10
      NCP=INDEX(2,MAXI,M,M,0,2,0,4,1)
      IFIN)=(NCP-1)/32+1
      CALL READMS(3,SEKP,32,IFIN)
      INI X=INX-(INX/32*32)
      IF(INI X.EQ.1)INI X=32

```

Figure H-1. OVLY2 (TANK) program code (continued).
H-9

```

SS=SSKP(100,X)
IF (L,10,10) SS=SS*2.
IF (K,10,22.AND.L,10,1) N=3
NBR=INDEXE (1,MAXR,N,M,0,2,4,4,J)
IFIND=(NBR-1)/32+1
CALL HEADMS (3,SSKP,32,IFIND)
INDX=NBR-(NBR/32*32)
IF (INDX.EQ.0) INDX=32
SSS=SSKP(INDX)
IF (L,10,1A) SSS=SSS*2.
SS=(SS+SSS)/3.
IF (SS/VICTIM.GT.1.) GOTO 102
PKILL(I-10)=(1.-SS/VICTIM)**(XN*ROUNDS)
AKILL=AKILL*PKILL(I-10)
SKILL=SKILL+(1.-PKILL(I-10))
SHOTS(I,TYP,J)=SHOTS(I,TYP,J)+ROUNDS
102 CONTINUE
TKILL=(1.-AKILL)*VICTIM
IF (TKILL.LE.0.) GOTO 100
IF (SKILL.LE.0.) GOTO 100
DO 103 I=11,30
AKILL=TKILL*(1.-PKILL(I-10))/SKILL
AKILL=IFIX(AKILL*10+.5)/10.
ALOSS(I,K)=ALOSS(I,K)+IFIX(AKILL*10+.001)*PACK(L)
PLOSS(K,L,2)=PLOSS(K,L,2)+IFIX(AKILL*10+.001)/10.
IF (K.GT.15) GOTO 104
ALOSS(I,3)=ALOSS(I,3)+IFIX(AKILL*ATCREW(K-10)*10+.001)*PACK(L)
PLOSS(3,L,2)=PLOSS(3,L,2)+IFIX(AKILL*ATCREW(K-10)*10+.001)/10.
IF (K.LT.13) GOTO 103
104 ALOSS(I,2)=ALOSS(I,2)+IFIX(AKILL*CREWS(K-12,L)*10+.001)*PACK(L)
PLOSS(2,L,2)=PLOSS(2,L,2)+IFIX(AKILL*CREWS(K-12,L)*10+.001)/10.
IF (K.NE.21.AND.K.NE.29).OR.(MOUNT.EQ.1.OR.L.EQ.10) GOTO 103
AKILL=AKILL*.5
DO 105 KK=3,15
IF (ELMT(KK,L).LE.0.) GOTO 105
ALOSS(I,KK)=ALOSS(I,KK)+IFIX(AKILL*PLT(KK)*10+.001)*PACK(L)
PLOSS(KK,L,2)=PLOSS(KK,L,2)+IFIX(AKILL*PLT(KK)*10+.001)/10.
105 CONTINUE
103 CONTINUE
101 CONTINUE
KFLAG=2
DO 125 J=1,2
IFLAG=0
DO 123 I=1,32
INX=J
PLOSS(I,J,1)=PLOSS(I,J,2)+PLOSS(I,J,1)
IF (PLOSS(I,J,1).LE.ELMT(10,X,J)) GOTO 130
PRINT*,"ALL OF FLMT ",INX, " IN FORCE ",J," HAVE BEEN KILLED"
DO 125 K=11,30
ALUE=IFIX(ALOSS(K,INX)/PACK(1))/10.
RLO=(ALOSS(K,INX)-IFIX(ALOSS(K,INX)/PACK(1))*PACK(1))/10.
IF (J.EQ.2) GOTO 133
PLUF=IFIX(PLUF*FLMT(INX,J)/PLOSS(I,J,1)*10+.5)/10.
GOTO 134
133 REC=IFIX(FFD*FLMT(INX,J)/PLOSS(I,J,1)*10+.5)/10.
134 ALOSS(K,INX)=PLUF*PACK(1)*10+.REC*10.
135 CONTINUE

```

Figure H-1. OVLY2 (TANK) program code (continued).

```

      LOSS(I,J,1)=CLMT(INX,J)
130 LOSS(I,J,2)=0.
      IF(LOSS(I,J,1).LT..1)GOTO125
      IF(IFLAG.FO.1)GOTO123
      PRINT*
      KIND="RED"
      IF(IJ.EQ.1)KIND="BLUE"
      IF(IJ.UN.EQ.1)PRINT124,KIND
124 FORMAT(" ",12X,A4," LOSSES TO THIS POINT",/,16X,"ITEM      # LOST")
123 KILL=LOSS(I,J,1)
      IF(IJ.UN.EQ.1)PRINT125,INX,1KILL
125 FORMAT(" ",16X,12,5X,F6.1)
      IFLAG=1
126 CONTINUE
      GOTO11
      OUTPUT RESULTS.
15 IF(IJ.UN.EQ.1)GOTO 229
      PRINT150
150 FORMAT("1")
      PRINT*, "-----ARMOR ASSESSMENTS-----"
      PRINT140
140 FORMAT(" I",5X,"I")
      DO 200 K=1,2
      L=1
      IF(IJ.EQ.L)LEZ
      IFLAG=1
      DO 200 K=1,32
      AKILL=LOSS(K,L,1)
      CLOST=0.
      IF(K.LT.16.AND.K.NE.16)GOTO195
      CLOST=AKILL*CW*WS(K-12,L)
195 IF(AKILL.LT..1.AND.CLOST.LT..1)GOTO220
      IF(IFLAG.FO.1)GOTO216
      IF(IJ.EQ.2)GOTO(20)
      PRINT*, "I"
      GOTO205
      TOTAL RED LOSSES
      I"
205 PRINT*, "I"
      TOTAL BLUE LOSSES
      I"
206 IFLAG=1
      PRINT*, "I"
      ITEM      # LOST      CREW LOST
      I"
      PRINT140
210 IF(IJ.LT.16.AND.IJ.NE.16)GOTO211
      PRINT213,K,AKILL,CLOST
      GOTO220
211 PRINT212,K,AKILL
212 FORMAT(" I",12X,12,5X,F6.1,27X,"I")
213 FORMAT(" I",12X,12,5X,F6.1,5X,F6.1,14X,"I")
220 CONTINUE
      PRINT140
      IF(IJ.EQ.2)GOTO200
      PRINT*, "-----"
      PRINT140
225 CONTINUE
      PRINT*, "-----"
      PRINT140
227 IF(IJ.UN.EQ.1)PRINT*, "ARMOR ASSESSMENT PRINTED HERE"
      PRINT140
      GOTO111,22,1,0)
230

```

Figure H-1. OVLY2 (TANK) program code (concluded).

APPENDIX I
OVLY 3 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

APPENDIX I

OVLY 3 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

This appendix contains the FORTRAN code and variable list for the OVLY 3 (INFANT) program. INFANT is the routine that assesses dismounted infantry combat between the opposing forces. Table I-1 lists the program variables, and figure I-1 is the FORTRAN source code listing.

Table I-1. Program variables for OVLY3 (INFANT).
(Continued next page.)

Variable	Description
A	Ambush personnel casualty rate
AIL	Infantry attacker losses
AT	Personnel allocated to infantry attack
ATRIT	Personnel casualties for ambushed unit
D	Defender's personnel casualty rate
DIL	Infantry defender losses
DT	Personnel allocated to infantry defense
DTRIT	Personnel casualties for ambushing unit
F	Fraction of maneuver forces committed
FAC	Casualty rate resolution factor
GFPR	Ground combat firepower ratio
GFPS	Ground combat firepower scores
HR	Hours of combat for assessment
HRC	Hours of conventional combat
I	Target weapon index
IAA	Attacker index in ambush
IEL	Defender index
IFLAG	Logic flag
INDEX	Target weapon flag

Table I-1. Program variables for OVLY3 (INFANT)
(Concluded).

Variable	Description
INX	Hours of infantry attack
J	Force index
KIND	Force color
L	Target force index
STALE	Casualty rate index determiner array
TABLE	Ground combat personnel casualty rate
TABLE3	Ambush personnel casualties

NOTE: All COMMON Variables are defined in table F-1.


```

135
GFFS(I,I)=GFFS(I,I)*ELMT(I,IFL)*FPS(I,I)
30 CONTINUE
IF(GFFS(I,I).GE.1.)GOTO49
PRINT*,"THERE ARE NO DEFENSES--ASSESSMENTS CANNOT BE MADE."
GOTO500
49 PRINT*,"ENTER # HOURS OF INFANTRY ATTACK (MAX = 5)."
READ*,H
IF(IIRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,*)H
IF(IPUULEQ.3)PRINT*,H
HCL=H
IF(HR.GT.1..AND.HR.LE.6.)GOTO36
PRINT3
GOTO49
30 PRINT*,"ARE AMBUSH TACTICS BEING EMPLOYED"
READ1,INX
IF(IIRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,*)INX
IF(IIRUN.EQ.3)INX=INT,INX
IF(INX.EQ."Y")GO TO 30
IF(INX.EQ."N")GO TO 40
PRINT2
GO TO 36
40 GFFS(I,I)=GFFS(I,I)*APOS(IP)/(GFFS(I,I)*DPOS(IENGAG))
DO 45 I=1,4
IF(GFFS(I,I).EQ.0)GO TO 46
41 CONTINUE
I=I
41 INX=I
GO TO(43,44,44,41,41,42),IENGAG
41 I=1
GO TO 47
42 I=2
GO TO 47
43 I=3
GO TO 47
44 I=4
47 HCL=H-(
IF(HR.LE.5.)GOTO100
IFLAG=0
AT=IT*TALE(IINX,1,1)/FAC(IIN)
OT=IT*TALE(IINX,2,1)/FAC(IIN)
51 IF(IIN.EQ.1)GO TO 49
AT=ELMT(1,2)*F-ATL
OT=ELMT(3,1)*F-OTL
GO TO 52
48 AT=ELMT(3,1)*F-ATL
OT=ELMT(3,2)*F-OTL
52 HCL=HCL+AT*(1.-(1.-AT*IT)**HCL)
HCL=HCL+OT*(1.-(1.-OT*IT)**HCL)
IF(FLAG.EQ.3)GOTO45
GO TO 13.
46 HCL=HCL-1.
IF(HR.GT.1.)HCL=1.
PRINT*,"# NEW ASSAULTING FEL"
READ1,IFL2
IF(IIRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,*)IFL2
IF(IIRUN.EQ.3)IFL2=INT,IFL2

```

Figure 1-1. OVLY3 (INFANT) program code (continued).

```

IF (IFLAG.EQ."Y") GO TO 55
IF (IFLAG.EQ."N") GO TO 50
PRINT
GO TO 50
30 GPRR=4.5*GPRS(1)/GPRS(2)
IALL=1
GO TO 65
40 GPRR=4.5*GPRS(2)/GPRS(1)
IALL=2
50 DO 70 I=1,4
IF (GPR.LT.STALE(I)) GO TO 75
70 CONTINUE
75
70 A=TABLE3(I,2)/100.
B=TABLE3(I,1)/100.
IF (IALL.NE.1) GO TO 44
AT=IT=A
BT=IT=B
GO TO 51
44 IT=IT=0
BT=IT=B
GO TO 51
100 IF (IUN.EQ.1) GO TO 599
PRINT*, "-----INFANTRY ASSESSMENTS-----"
100 FORMAT(" I",1X,"I")
DO 200 J=1,2
PRINT*
IFLAG=0
KIND="BLUE"
L=1
IF (L.NE.J) GO TO 205
KIND="RED"
L=2
200 DO 210 I=1,INCP
IF (ALMT(I,J).LE.0.) GO TO 200
A=IL
IF (L.EQ.1) A=DIL
IF (1.EQ.2.OR.1.EQ.4.OR.1.EQ.5) GO TO 200
IF (1.EQ.7.AND.1.EQ.2) GO TO 200
A=A*PLT(I)
A=IFIX(A*10.+5)/10.
ALOSS(3,I)=ALOSS(3,I)+IFIX(A*1.+001)*PACV(L)
IF (A.LT..1) GO TO 200
IF (IFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 21.
PRINT 202,KIND
202 FORMAT(" I",1X,14.1X,"INFANTRY LOSSES",17X,"I")
PRINT*, "I"
IFLAG=1
210 PRINT 215,I,A
215 FORMAT(" I",2X,12,7X,F6.1,20X,"I")
200 CONTINUE
PRINT*
PRINT*, "=====**
599 IF (IUN.EQ.1) PRINT*, " TOTAL INFANTRY LOSSES PRINTED HERE"
200 LOSS(3,3,1,15)
200

```

Figure I-1. OVLY3 (INFANT) program code (concluded).

APPENDIX J

OVLY 4 PROGRAM CODES AND LISTS OF VARIABLES

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OVLY 4 PROGRAM CODES AND LISTS OF VARIABLES

This appendix contains the FORTRAN listings and variable lists for the main program, MINE, and the subroutine, FASCAM, of the OVLY 4 program. The MINE routine assess attacker force losses to conventional minefields, and the FASCAM subroutine makes the assessments for FASCAM minefields. The MINE program variables are listed in table J-1, with the FORTRAN source code listing in figure J-1. For the FASCAM subroutine, table J-2 and figure M-2 give the program variable list and the FORTRAN code, respectively.

Table J-1. Program variables for MINE (continued next page).

Variable	Description
AFRONT	Minefield frontage input variable
AKILL	Attacker weapon system kills
ATDEN	Antitank minefield (MF) density per square meter
ATFAC	Percent tank losses by antitank mines
BMPL	Mine planter platoons
CLOST	Crewmen losses for productive time lost due to enemy
FROBY	Minefield frontage bypassed by attacker
FRONT	Potential minefield frontage
HOURS	Hours required to lay MF strip
HRMAN	Man-hours available for emplacement of mines
HRREQ	Man-hours required to manually emplace mines
IND	Type of mine employment index
INX	Input response variable
J	Antitank mine density index
K	Target weapon system index

Table J-1. Program variables for MINE (concluded).

Variable	Description
KIND	Force color
KK	Infantry weapon system index
NUMEN	Number men to emplace mines
P	Percent of force entering minefield
PERCAS	Percent AP mines personnel casualties
PERCOV	Percent of unit's front covered by mines
PHR	Man hours available
PLOSS	Total victims killed
PMFNBY	Percent of MF not bypassed by attacker
RNMPH	Mine planter hours available
STRIPW	Minefield strip width
TRZONE	Terrain trafficable by armor
WDEGF	Work degradation factor
X	Mine density input variable

NOTE; All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.

```

      DIM LAY(MINL,4,0)
      DIM JNAN(JVLY)
      COMMON IA,IO,IP,IEGAG,ITE,IR,IVIS,IMOUNT,MINES,CFPP,FSFPR,FPR,
1  ATIME,IFIRST,IFUN,
2  SF(2),FSF(2),PACK(2),
3  ELMT(8,2),ALOSS(80,80),SHOTS(35,2),CKILL(53,2)
      COMMON/DATA/FPS(8,2),CPWS(53,2),APDS(12),DPOS(5),
1  MSN(5,2,2),PLY(15),KEY(4)
      DIMENSION ATDEN(5),ATFAC(5),HREDO(5),PLOSS(32,2,2)
      DATA(ATDEN(J),J=1,5)/.2,.5,1,2,.3/
      DATA(ATFAC(J),J=1,5)/.1,.3,.6,.4,.9/
      DATA(HREDO(J),J=1,5)/.5*.234,.279,.323./
2  FORMAT(" INCORRECT - RESPONSE MUST BE Y OR N - TRY AGAIN")
4  FORMAT(" NUMBER NOT WITHIN DOCTRINES BOUNDARY - TRY AGAIN")
7  FORMAT(151)
6  FORMAT(" ",1A1)
5  PRINT*, "DO YOU WISH TO PROCESS MINE ASSESSMENTS?"
  READ7,INX
  IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE(5,7)INX
  IF (IRUN.EQ.7) PRINT8,INX
  IF (INX.EQ."Y") GO TO 550
  IF (INX.EQ."N") GO TO 1000
  PRINT3
  GO TO 5
550 PRINT*, "SELECT TYPE OF MINE EMPLOYMENT"
  READ7,IND
  IF (IRUN.EQ.2) WRITE(5,*)IND
  IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*,IND
  IF (IND.EQ.1) GO TO 37
  IF (IND.EQ.2) GO TO 33
  IF (IND.EQ.3) GO TO 44
  IF (IND.EQ."T") GO TO 11
  PRINT4
11 PRINT*, "FL- CONVENTIONAL MINES.....ENTER 1"
  PRINT*, "  FASCAM MINES.....ENTER 2"
  PRINT*, "  ***TO END***.....ENTER 3"
  GO TO 550
C
C  COUNTRIES DEFINED IN PLACES MINFIELDS
C
20 CALL FACAM(PLCSM)
  GO TO 550
12 KIND="FLUF"
  IF (IO.EQ.2) KIND="MED"
  PRINT*, "ARE MINES LAID PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF HOSTILITIES?"
  READ7,INX
  IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE(5,7)INX
  IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT8,INX
  IF (INX.EQ."Y") GO TO 29
  IF (INX.EQ."N") GO TO 22
  PRINT3
  GO TO 32
20  N1(GF=.2
  GO TO 550
20  N1(GF=.7
550 PRINT553,KIND
  IF (MATCH) WILL "FLUF" HAVE THE CAPABILITY TO EMPLOY MECHANICAL",

```

Figure J-1. MINE program code.

```

1  " MINE PLANTER (32)"
  READ, INX
  IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,7) INX
  IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT, INX
  IF (INX.EQ."Y") GO TO 515
  IF (INX.EQ."N") GO TO 10
  PRINT 3
  GO TO 558
51: PRINT*, "ENTER NUMBER OF MECHANICAL MINE PLANTER PLATOONS (MAX 30)"
  C      MECHANICAL EMPLACEMENT OF MINEFIELD
  READ*, NMPL
  IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) NMPL
  IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, NMPL
  IF (NMPL.GE.1.AND.NMPL.LE.30) GO TO 33
  PRINT 4
  GO TO 515
32: PRINT*, "ENTER NUMBER OF AVAILABLE MINE PLANTER HOURS (MAX 300)"
  READ*, RNMPH
  IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) RNMPH
  IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, RNMPH
  IF (RNMPH.GE.1.AND.RNMPH.LE.300) GOTOC53
  PRINT 4
  GO TO 33
33: IF (KIND.EQ."REF") GOTOC54
  HOURS=6.
  STRIPW=2300.
  GOTOC55
34: HOURS=2.
  STRIPW=1000.
35: FLGHT=(NMPL*KINPMH*WDEGF)/HOURS*STRIPW
  J=2
  GOTOC56
36: PRINT*, "ENTER NUMBER OF MEN USED TO EMPLACE MINES (MAX 1000)"
  READ*, NUMEN
  IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) NUMEN
  IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, NUMEN
  IF (NUMEN.GE.1.AND.NUMEN.LE.1000) GOTOC14
  PRINT 4
  GO TO 10
37: PRINT*, "ENTER HOURS AVAILABLE FOR EMPLACEMENT OF MINES (MAX 300)"
  READ*, HRMAN
  IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) HRMAN
  IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, HRMAN
  IF (HRMAN.GE.1.AND.HRMAN.LE.300) GO TO 13
  PRINT 4
  GO TO 14
38: PHI=NUMEN*HRMAN*WDEGF
39: PRINT*, "SELECT MINEFIELD DENSITY"
  READ*, J
  IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) J
  IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, J
  IF (J.EQ."T") GOTOC16
  IF (J.GE.1.AND.J.LE.3) GOTOC16
  PRINT 4
40: PRINT*, "FC- DENSITY .0013 MINE/SQ METER.....ENTER 1"
  PRINT*, "          .0033 MINE/SQ METER.....ENTER 2"
  PRINT*, "          .0066 MINE/SQ METER.....ENTER 3"

```

Figure J-1. MINE program code (continued).

```

0013. MIN/30 METER.....ENTER 4"
0014. MIN/50 METER.....ENTER 5"
GO TO 17
15 FRONT=PHR/HR*EO(J)*100.
FRONT=IFX(FRONT+.5)
20 PRINT*,FRONT
44 FORMAT("POTENTIAL MINEFIELD FRONTAGE IS ",FR.3)
PRINT*, " "
PRINT*, "ENTER ACTUAL MF FRONTAGE (MAX=POTENTIAL)"
READ*,AFRONT
IF(I-UN.EO.1)WRITE(5,*)AFRONT
IF(I-UN.EO.3)PRINT*,AFRONT
IF(AFRONT*.LE.FRONT)GOTO70
PRINT*
GOTO60
7. FRONT=AFRONT
10 PRINT*, "ENTER FRACTION OF MINE FIELD NOT BYPASSED BY ATTACKER (MAX
1=1.0)"
READ*,PMFNBY
IF(I-UN.EO.1)WRITE(5,*)PMFNBY
IF(I-UN.EO.3)PRINT*,PMFNBY
IF(PMFNBY.EO."1")GOTO21
IF(PMFNBY.GE.0..AND.PMFNBY.LE.1.)GOTO20
PRINT*
21 PRINT*, "EXAMPLE: 0. MEANS ALL OF THE MF CAN BE BYPASSED"
PRINT*, "1. MEANS NONE OF THE MF CAN BE BYPASSED"
GO TO 19
3. PMFNBY=FRONT*PMFNBY
PRINT*,PMFNBY
77. FORMAT("ENTER AMOUNT OF TRAFFICABLE TERRAIN ("*,8.0,"-100000. MI)"
11
READ*,TZZONE
IF(I-UN.EO.1)WRITE(5,*)TZZONE
IF(I-UN.EO.3)PRINT*,TZZONE
IF(TZZONE.GE.FRONTY.AND.TZZONE.LE.100000) GO TO 40
PRINT*
GO TO 23
40 PRINT*, "ENTER 40 MINE DENSITY(50 METER) - (MIN=.013-MAX=.160)"
READ*,X
IF(I-UN.EO.1)WRITE(5,*)X
IF(I-UN.EO.3)PRINT*,X
IF(X.GE..013..AND.X.LE..160)GOTO42
PRINT*
GOTO40
41 MAX=X*.160.
MIN=X*.013
94. JAX=(MIN+1)/10.
PRINT*, "ENTER PMFNBY VIA TP/ZONE
14. JAX.LE.10 GO TO 39
PRINT*, "MIN LIMIT OF ZONE COVERED MUST BE BETWEEN ZERO(0) AND"
PRINT*, "JAX(1) - UNLESS THE T-TRAFFICABLE ZONE OFFENDED TO SEE"
PRINT*, "IF IT IS LARGER THEN THE RESULT OF MULTIPLYING MF"
PRINT*, "BY NEARBY T-AREA PERCENT OF MF NOT BYPASSED"
GO TO 20
5. PRINT*, "ENTER PERCENT(DECIMAL) OF FORCES ENTERING MF (MAX=.5)"
PRINT*,
IF(I-UN.EO.1)WRITE(5,*)P

```

```

IF (1-UP.EQ.3)*FINT*.P
IF (P.GE.0..AND.P.LE..5)GOTO26
PF1174
GOTO39
25 DO 120 K=1,32
IF (ELMT(K,IA)-PLOSS(K,IA,2).LE.J.)GOTO120
IF (K.LT.16.AND.K.NE.3)GOTO120
IF (K.EQ.3.AND.)MOUNT.EQ.2)GOTO120
IF (K.NE.3)GO TO 101
AKILL=PF-COV*(ELMT(3,IA)-PLOSS(3,IA,2))*P*PERCAS
AKILL=IFIX(AKILL*10.+.5)/10.
GO TO 110
101 AKILL=PERCOV*(ELMT(K,IA)-PLOSS(K,IA,2))*P*ATFAC(J)
AKILL=IFIX(AKILL*10.+.5)/10.
ALOST(5,K)=ALOSS(5,K)+IFIX(AKILL*10.+.001)*PACK(IA)
PLOSS(K,IA,1)=PLOSS(K,IA,1)+IFIX(AKILL*10.+.001)/10.
IF (K.EQ.1)GOTO100
CLOST=AKILL*CREWS(K-12,IA)
GOTO105
100 CLOST=AKILL*2.
105 ALOSS(5,2)=ALOSS(5,2)+IFIX(CLOST*10.+.001)*PACK(IA)
PLOSS(2,IA,1)=PLOSS(2,IA,1)+IFIX(CLOST*10.+.001)/10.
IF (MOUNT.10.1.OR.(K.NE.21.AND.K.NE.25))GOTO120
AKILL=IFIX(AKILL*60.+.5)/10.
110 DO 115 KK=3,15
IF (ELMT(KK,IA)-PLOSS(KK,IA,2).LE.0.)GOTO115
ALOSS(5,KK)=ALOSS(5,KK)+IFIX(AKILL*PLT(KK)*10.+.001)*PACK(IA)
PLOSS(KK,IA,1)=PLOSS(KK,IA,1)+IFIX(AKILL*PLT(KK)*10.+.001)/10.
115 CONTINUE
120 CONTINUE
IF (DOWN.10.1)GOTO39
130 DO 135 K=1,32
AKILL=ALOST(K,IA,1)
IF (AKILL.LT..1)GOTO135
IF (K.GE.2.AND.K.LE.15)GOTO140
IF (K.EQ.1)GOTO135
CLOST=AKILL*CREWS(K-12,IA)
GOTO140
135 CLOST=AKILL*2.
140 IF (K.EQ.1)GOTO135
PF1175
PF1176
141 10-MAT(1)
PRINT*, "-----MINEFIELD ASSESSMENTS-----"
PRINT150
150 PF1177(1) 1=.1+.1*1
PRINT*, "1"
PRINT*, "1"
PRINT*, "1"
PF1178
151 IN=1
155 IF (K.GE.2.AND.K.LE.15)GOTO170
PF1179(1) AKILL, CLOST
160 10-MAT(1) 1=.17X,12.3X,25.1,5X,25.1,15X,"1"
GOTO165
170 PF1179(1) AKILL
175 10-MAT(1) 1=.17X,12.3X,25.1,2X,"1"
180 10-MAT(1)

```

Figure J-1. MINE program code (continued).
J.7

```

IF(INX.EQ.0)GO TO 998
PRINT150
PRINT*,"*****"
PRINT149
998 IF(IUN.EQ.1)PRINT*," LOSSES TO MINEFIELD PRINTED HERE"
DO 999 K=1,32
DO 999 J=1,2
PLUS(K,J,2)=PLUS(K,J,2)+FLOSS(K,J,1)
PLUS(K,J,1)=0.
300 CONTINUE
GO TO 510
999 CALL LOSS(5,5,10,30)
1000 END

```

Figure J-1. NINE program code (concluded).

Table J-2. Program variables for FASCAM.

Variable	Description
AKILL	Attacker weapon system kills
CLOST	Crewmen lost
FATCAS	Percent tank casualties by FASCAM mines
FPCAS	Percent personnel casualties by FASCAM mines
FROBY	Minefield frontage bypassed by attacker
FRONT	Minefield frontage
II	Type of FASCAM delivery system
INX	Input response variable
J	Force index
K	Target weapon index
KK	Target weapon index
P	Percent of force entering minefield
PERCOV	Percent of units front covered by mines
PLOSS	Total victims killed
PHFNBY	Percent of MF not bypassed by attacker
TRZONE	Terrain trafficable by armor

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.

Figure J-2. FASCA1 program code (continued next page).


```

999 IF (LPHN.EQ.1) PRINT*, " LOSSES TO MINEFIELD PRINTED HERE"
    DO 300 K=1,32
    DO 301 J=1,2
    PLOSS(K,J,2)=PLOSS(K,J,2)+PLOSS(K,J,1)
    PLOSS(K,J,1)=1.
300 CONTINUE
    RETURN
    END

```

Figure J-2. FASCAM program code (concluded).

APPENDIX K

OVLY 5 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

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OVLY 5 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

This appendix contains the FORTRAN source code listing and variable list for the OVLY 5 (AHAD) program. The AHAD routine processes assessments for combat in which attack helicopters are firing at ground maneuver units while being engaged by air defense weapons. The FORTRAN source code listing of AHAD is given in figure K-1; the program variables are listed in table K-1.

Table K-1. Program variables for OVLY5 (AHAD) (continued next page).

Variable	Description
AC	Number of helicopters entered in cell
ACAV	Helicopter operational availabilities
ACCREW	Helicopter crewmen losses
ACKILL	Mission helicopter losses
ACLOST	Popup helicopter losses
AHKILL	Cumulative probability of survival against helicopters
AIRLOSS	Total helicopter losses
AKILL	Helicopter survival probability against all AD
AOFA	Number of avenues of approach
APOP	Helicopter ordnance success rates of fire
CELL	Helicopter attack cell configuration array
CLOST	Ground weapons crewmen losses
EXP	Total number of helicopter exposures to AD fire
FDF	Fire distribution factor
FRAC	Loss apportionment factor
GFKILL	Mission ground force losses
GIS	Mounted/dismounted infantry materiel loss factor
GNDLOS	Total ground force losses

Table K-1. Program variables for OVLY5 (AHAD)(continued).

Variable	Description
H	Hours of flying time for helicopters
HELI	Number of helicopters remaining in a force
I	Ground weapon system index
IABORT	Mission abort flag
IECM	Electronic countermeasure index
IEL	Infantry weapon loss calculation index
IFLAG	Display header flag
II	Ground weapon system index
IN	AD firer index
INX	Input response variable
ITGT	Ground weapon target type index
ITYP	Ordnance type index
IWP	Infantry weapon index
J	Ground force index
JFLAG	Helicopter crew loss display flag
JPSN	Positioning units index for contact
K	Helicopter type index
KIND	Force color
KK	Helicopter type index
KTRL	AD weapon control status factor index

Table K-1. Program variables for OVLY5 (AHAD)(continued).

Variable	Description
L	Helicopter force index
N	Cell popup index
NN	Cell popup counter index
NPOP	Number of helicopter popups per sortie
NPOPUP	Number of cell popups
OPAV	Weapon system operational availability
ORD	Helicopter ordnance loads
ORDEXP	Helicopter ordnance expenditure
PA	Helicopter percent acquisition factor
PHKILL	Weapon system survival probability against helicopter
PK	Helicopter probability of kill array
PKILL	Helicopter survival probability against AD weapon
POPORD	Helicopter per popup ordnance expenditure
PROB	Helicopter averaged PK against target
PROB1	Helicopter PK against target in defilade
PROB2	Helicopter PK against target in open
ROUNDS	Total helicopter rounds fired.
S	AD weapons suppression factor
SA	Helicopter sorties available
SFACT	Suppression factor coefficient

Table K-1. Program variables for OVLY5 (AHAD)(concluded).

Variable	Description
SH	Helicopter suppression factor
SHKILL	Loss apportionment denominator for helicopters
SKILL	Loss apportionment denominator for AD weapons
SSK	AD single engagement kill probabilities
TMASK	Terrain masking factors
TNOW	Current total number of helicopters in cell
TSTART	Initial total number of helicopters in cell
V	Visibility degradation factor
VICTIM	Total ground weapon system targets for helicopters
VKILL	Ground weapon systems killed by helicopters
WEAPC	AD weapon control status factors
WEIGHT	AD target weighting factor

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.


```

      PRINT*,"
      DO 1000 J=1,2
      L=1
      IF (J.EQ.1) L=2
      SH=1.-FSSF(L)*2.8
      JFSN=1
      IF (J.EQ.10) JFSN=2
      PA=.7
      IF (L.EQ.10) PA=.9
      DO 900 K=59,65
      IF (ELMT(K,L).GT.0.) GOTO 20
500 CONTINUE
      GOTO 500
20 PRINT25,KIND(J),KIND(L)
25 FORMAT(" DO YOU WISH TO GAME ",A4," ADA AND ",A4," A/C?")
      READ1,INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE(5,1) INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT2,INX
      IF (INX.EQ."Y") GOTO 30
      IF (INX.EQ."N") GOTO 1000
      PRINT4
      GOTO 20
C SET AL ENVIRONMENT
30 PRINT32,KIND(J)
32 FORMAT(/," THE FOLLOWING SETS PARAMETERS FOR ",A4," AND WEAPONS"/)
37 PRINT3,KIND(J)
35 FORMAT(" ENTER ",A4," WEAPON CONTROL (STATUS) FACTOR")
      READ1,KTRL
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE(5,*) KTRL
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*,KTRL
      IF (KTRL.GE.1.AND.KTRL.LE.3) GOTO 40
      IF (KTRL.EQ."T") GOTO 31
      PRINT3
31 PRINT*,"          FOR WEAPON FREE.....ENTER 1"
      PRINT*,"          WEAPON TIGHT.....ENTER 2"
      PRINT*,"          WEAPON HOLD.....ENTER 3"
      GOTO 37
40 PRINT4,KIND(J)
42 FORMAT(" ENTER FOR ENVIRONMENT FOR ",A4," EMPLOYED SYSTEMS.")
      READ1,ICOM
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE(5,*) ICOM
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*,ICOM
      IF (ICOM.GE.1.AND.ICOM.LE.2) GOTO 50
      IF (ICOM.EQ."T") GOTO 41
      PRINT3
41 PRINT*,"          NO CLEAN.....ENTER 1"
      PRINT*,"          COUNTERMEASURES.....ENTER 2"
      GOTO 42
50 PRINT*,"ENTER NUMBER OF AVENUES OF APPROACH (MAX=5)."
      READ1,AOFA
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE(5,*) AOFA
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*,AOFA
      IF (AOFA.GE.1.AND.AOFA.LE.5) GOTO 60
      PRINT3
      GOTO 50
60 PRINT6,KIND(J)

```

Figure K-1. OVLY5 (AHAD) program code (continued).

```

      65 FORMAT(" ENTER PRIORITY WEIGHTING FACTOR FOR ",A4," A/C TARGETS (M
      1AX=10).")
      66 READ*,WEIGHT
      67 IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE (5,*)WEIGHT
      68 IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT*,WEIGHT
      69 IF (WEIGHT.GE.1.0.AND.WEIGHT.LE.1.0)GOTO70
      70 PRINT*
      71 GOTO50
      72 DO 990 I=31,32
      73   FPS(I,J)=FPS(I,J)*WEIGHT
      990 CONTINUE
C     SFT FLYING TIME AND # SORTIES PER HOUR
      995 PRINT95,KIND(I)
      996 FORMAT(// " THE FOLLOWING SFTS PARAMETERS FOR ",A4," HELICOPTERS"/)
      80 PRINT95,KIND(I),ATIME
      85 FORMAT(" ENTER TOTAL FLYING TIME FOR ",A4," A/C THIS CI (MAX= ",F4
      1.1," HOURS)"/)
      READ*,H
      86 IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE (5,*)H
      87 IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT*,H
      88 IF (H.LE.ATIME.(AND.H.GE.0.))GOTO93
      89 PRINT*
      90 GOTO80
      91 PRINT95,KIND(I)
      95 FORMAT(" ENTER SORTIES PER HOUR FOR THE FOLLOWING ",A4," A/C (MAX=
      13.1)")
      DO 96 K=9,65
      96 IF (ELMT(K,L).LE.0.)GOTO96
      KK=K-5
      97 PRINT*, "TYPE ",K," "
      READ*,SA(KK)
      98 IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE (5,*)SA(KK)
      99 IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT*,SA(KK)
      100 IF (SA(KK).GT.0.0.AND.SA(KK).LE.13.1)GOTO96
      101 PRINT*
      102 GOTO97
      96 CONTINUE
C     COMPUTE # SORTIES AVAILABLE
      101 DO 103 K=59,65
      102   KK=K-5
      103   SA(KK)=SA(KK)*4*ELMT(K,L)*ACAV(KK,L)
C     BUILD CELL
      104 PRINT102,KIND(I),KIND(J)
      105 FORMAT(// " BEGIN BUILDING CELLS OF ",A4," A/C TO FLY AGAINST ",
      106," GROUND FORCES"/)
      107 PRINT 105,KIND(I)
      108 FORMAT(" TOTAL ",A4," A/C AND SORTIES AVAILABLE THIS CI")
      109 GOTO120
      110 PRINT 105,KIND(I)
      115 FORMAT(" ",A4," A/C AND SORTIES REMAINING THIS CI")
      120 PRINT*, "      A/C TYPE      # A/C      # SORTIES"
      DO 140 K=9,65
      121   KK=K-5
      122   CELL(K)=0.
      123   FLVILL(KK)=0.
      124   HELI=IFIX(FLVILL(KK)*ACAV(KK,L)-AIRLOS(13,KK,L))
      125 IF (SA(KK).LE.0.0.OR.HEL.IF.0.)GOTO140

```

Figure K-1. OVLY5 (AHAD) program code (continued).

```

      PRINT 1,5,K,HLL1,SA(KK)
141 FORMAT(9X,12,9X,F4.0,9X,F5.0)
142 CONTINUE
      PRINT*,"ENTER A/C ELMT #,NO. ADDED(+ OR -) TO CELL--0.0 TO STOP"
150 READ*,K,AC
      IF(IPUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,*)K,AC
      IF(IPUN.EQ.3)PRINT*,K,AC
      IF(K.EQ.0)GOTO200
      IF(K.LT.0)OR(K.GT.5)GOTO150
      KK=K-58
      IF(CELL(KK)+AC.LT.0)GOTO180
      IF(CELL(KK)+AC.GT.ELMT(K,L)*ACAV(KK,L)-AIRLOS(13,KK,L))GOTO170
      IF(CELL(KK)+AC.GT.SA(KK))GOTO160
      CELL(KK)=CELL(KK)+AC
155 PRINT*,"NEXT ENTRY"
      GOTO150
160 PRINT*,"INVALID A/C ELMT #--ENTRY IGNORED"
      GOTO150
165 IF(IPUN.EQ.3)GOTO161
      PRINT*,"# A/C ENTERED REQUIRES MORE SORTIES THAN ARE AVAILABLE"
      PRINT*,"ENTRY IGNORED"
      GOTO150
170 IF(IPUN.EQ.3)GOTO171
      PRINT*,"# A/C ENTERED EXCEEDS # AVAILABLE--ENTRY IGNORED"
      GOTO150
180 IF(IPUN.EQ.3)GOTO181
      PRINT*,"# A/C FLYING CANNOT BE NEGATIVE--ENTRY IGNORED"
      GOTO150
185 CELL(KK)=SA(KK)
      GOTO150
190 CELL(KK)=ELMT(K,L)*ACAV(KK,L)-AIRLOS(13,KK,L)
      IF(CELL(KK).GT.SA(KK))CELL(KK)=SA(KK)
      GOTO150
195 CELL(KK)=0.
200 PRINT*,"ENTRY ADJUSTED FOR TYPE ",K," A/C"
      GOTO150
205 PRINT*,"WILL THIS CELL PENETRATE FERRA?"
      READ1,INX
      IF(IPUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)INX
      IF(IPUN.EQ.3)PRINT2,INX
      IF(INX.EQ."Y")I=12
      IF(INX.EQ."N")I=0
      IF(INX.EQ."Y".OR.INX.EQ."N")GOTO210
      PRINT*
      GOTO200
210 DO 211 I=1,32
211 SKILL(I)=0.
      TOTART=0.
      NFPUP=0
      DO 215 KK=1,7
      IF(CELL(KK).GT.0..AND.NPOP(KK).GT.NFPUP)NFPUP=NPOP(KK)
      SKILL(KK)=0.
      SA(KK)=SA(KK)-CELL(KK)
215 TSTA=TTOTART+CELL(KK)
      TNCV=TNCV+1
      BEGIN LOOP TO FLY THE CELL

```

Figure K-1. OVLY5 (AHAD) program code (continued).

Figure K-1. CVLY5 (AHAD) program code (continued).

```

      GO TO 280
      IF (I.EQ.1)
      PHKILL=1.
      SHKILL=J.
      VICTIM=ELMT(I,J)*OPAV(I,J)-GNDLOS(8,I,J)
      VICTIM=VICTIM*PA*V(I,VIS)*F/N(IFNGAG,JPSN,2)
      GO 290 KK=1,7
      PHKILL(KK)=1.
      IF (ICELL(KK)-ACKILL(KK)).LE.0..OR.N.GT.NPOP(KK) GO TO 290
      GO 300 ITP=1,4
      IF (POPGEC(KK,L,ITP)).LE.1.) GO TO 300
      PR01=FK(INDXS(1,ITGT,L,ITP,J,2,C,2,J))
      PR02=FK(INDXS(2,ITGT,L,ITP,C,2,C,2,J))
      IF (L.L.1) PR01=PR01*2.
      IF (J.L.1) PR02=PR02*2.
      PR03=(PR01+PR02)/3.
      IF (PR03/VICTIM.GT.1.) GO TO 300
      ORDEXP=(CELL(KK)-ACKILL(KK))*POPGEC(KK,L,ITP)*SH
      ROUNDS=ORDEXP*(ELMT(I,J)*OPAV(I,J)-GNDLOS(8,I,J))*FPS(I,J)/FOF
      PHKILL(KK)=PHKILL(KK)*(1.-PROB/VICTIM)**ROUNDS
      SHOTS(ITYP+11,L)=SHOTS(ITYP+11,L)+ROUNDS
300  CONTINUE
      AHKILL=AHKILL*PHKILL(KK)
      SHKILL=SHKILL*(1.-PHKILL(KK))
290  CONTINUE
      VKILL=(1.-AHKILL)*VICTIM
      IF (GNDLOS(8,I,J)+VKILL.GT.ELMT(I,J)*OPAV(I,J)) VKILL=ELMT(I,J)*
      OPAV(I,J)-GNDLOS(8,I,J)
      IF (VKILL.L.1.) GO TO 270
      AT POSITION LOSSES
      GO 310 KK=1,7
      IF (PHKILL(KK).GE.1.) GO TO 310
      GIS=1.
      F170=(1.-PHKILL(KK))/SHKILL
      IEL=1
      IF (I.L.3) GO TO 311
      GNDLOS(KK,1,J)=GNDLOS(KK,1,J)+VKILL*FRAC
      GNDLOS(8,1,J)=GNDLOS(8,1,J)+VKILL*FRAC
      GFKILL(1)=GFKILL(1)+VKILL*FRAC
      IF (I.L.13) GO TO 310
      GNDLOS(KK,2,J)=GNDLOS(KK,2,J)+VKILL*CREWS(I-12,J)*FRAC
      GNDLOS(8,2,J)=GNDLOS(8,2,J)+VKILL*CREWS(I-12,J)*FRAC
      GFKILL(2)=GFKILL(2)+VKILL*CREWS(I-12,J)*FRAC
      IF (I.NE.21.AND.I.NE.25).OR.IMOUNT.EQ.1.OR.J.EQ.ID) GO TO 310
      GIS=5.
      IEL=3
311  GO 312 IWP=IEL,12
      GNDLOS(KK,IWP,J)=GNDLOS(KK,IWP,J)+VKILL*GIS*PLT(IWP)*FRAC
      GNDLOS(8,IWP,J)=GNDLOS(8,IWP,J)+VKILL*GIS*PLT(IWP)*FRAC
      GFKILL(IWP)=GFKILL(IWP)+VKILL*GIS*PLT(IWP)*FRAC
312  CONTINUE
310  CONTINUE
270  CONTINUE
      TALLW=0.
      GO 315 KK=1,7
      ACKILL(KK)=ACKILL(KK)+ACLOST(KK)
      ACLOST(KK)=0.

```

Figure K-1. OVLY5 (AHAD) program code (continued).

```

311 1000=1000+(CELL(KK)-ACKILL(KK))
    CHECK A/C LOSSES FOR A/C
312 NN=NN
    IA=0.1
    IF (1000.GE.1) TAHT=.7.AND.NN.NE.NPOPUPIGOTO230
    IF (NN.EQ.1) POPUPIGOTO31
    PRINT*, "LOSSES FACTOR 30% AFTER ", NN, " POPUPS"
    IF (1000.NE.2) GOTO.3
    IA=0.1
    GOTO31
500 PRINT*, "SORTIE ANOTHER"
    GOTO31
510 PRINT*, "SORTIE COMPLETED"
511 PRINT*, "DO YOU WISH TO SEE LOSSES?"
    READ1, INX
    IF (1000.EQ.1) WRITE(5,1) INX
    IF (1000.EQ.3) PRINT2, INX
    IF (INX.EQ."Y") GOTO320
    IF (INX.EQ."N") GOTO349
    PRINT4
    GOTO31
520 PRINT325, KIND(11)
325 FORMAT(// " ", A4, " HELICOPTERS KILLED"/" TYPE      # KILLED")
    DO 326 KK=1,7
    IF (ACKILL(KK).LE..1) GOTO326
    K=K+1
    PRINT327, K, ACKILL(KK)
327 FORMAT( " ", 3X, 12, 10X, F5.1)
328 CONTINUE
    PRINT328, KIND(11)
328 FORMAT(// " ", A4, " GROUND FORCES KILLED"/" TYPE      # KILLED")
    DO 329 I=1,32
    IF (GFKILL(I).LE..1) GOTO329
    PRINT331, I, GFKILL(I)
331 FORMAT( " ", 3X, 12, 11X, F5.1)
332 CONTINUE
340 IF (IA=0.1) GOTO350
340 PRINT*, "DO YOU WISH TO ABORT THIS SORTIE?"
    READ1, INX
    IF (INX.EQ."Y") GOTO350
    IF (INX.EQ."N") GOTO230
    PRINT4
    GOTO225
230 CONTINUE
350 PRINT335, KIND(11)
355 FORMAT( " DO YOU WISH TO FLY ANOTHER CELL OF ", A4, " A/C?" )
    READ1, INX
    IF (1000.EQ.1) WRITE(5,1) INX
    IF (1000.EQ.3) PRINT2, INX
    IF (INX.EQ."Y") GOTO130
    IF (INX.EQ."N") GOTO1001
    PRINT4
    GOTO350
1001 DO 1002 I=31,32
1002 FP=(11-I)*FPS(I,J)/WEIGHT
    IF (1001.IF.1)
    IF (GFKILL(I,1).LE..1) ELMT(I,J)*OPAV(I,J) GOTO1003

```

Figure K-1. OVLY5 (AHAD) program code (continued).


```

      PRINT1120
1030 CONTINUE
      PRINT*,"*=====**"
3000 IF (IRUN.EQ.1) PRINT*,"ARMED HELICOPTER ASSESSMENTS PRINTED HERE"
      PRINT1015
1015 FORMAT(///// " FOR GROUND FORCES KILLED BY HELICOPTERS:")
      CALL LOSS(59,65,1,32)
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1) GOTO5000
      PRINT1010
      PRINT*,"*-----AIR DEFENSE ASSESSMENTS-----**"
      PRINT1120
      DO 4000 J=1,2
        L=1
        IF (L.EQ.J) L=2
        JFLAG=0
        IFLAG=0
        DO 4010 K=59,65
          IF (ACREW(L).GE..5.AND.IFLAG.EQ.0) GOTO4020
4070 CLOST=4IRLOS(13,K-58,L)*CREWS(K-12,L)
          AKILL=IFIX(AIRLOS(13,K-58,L)*10.+5)/10.
          JFLAG=1
          IF (CLOST.LT..1.AND.AKILL.LT..1) GOTO4010
          IF (IFLAG.GT.0) GOTO4030
4020 IFLAG=1
          IF (J.EQ.2) GOTO4040
          PRINT*,"I"
          GOTO4010
          TOTAL RED LOSSES I"
4040 PRINT*,"I"
          TOTAL BLUE LOSSES I"
4050 PRINT*,"I"
          ITEM # LOST CREW KILLED I"
          PRINT1120
          IF (JFLAG.NE.1) GOTO4060
4030 PRINT=032,K,AKILL,CLOST
4035 FORMAT(" I",15X,I2,5X,F6.1,5X,F6.1,15X,"I")
          GOTO4010
4060 AKILL=400FEW(L)
          PRINT4065,AKILL
4065 FORMAT(" I",15X,"2",5X,F6.1,27X,"I")
          GOTO4070
4010 CONTINUE
          IF (IFLAG.NE.0) PRINT1120
          IF (J.EQ.2) GOTO4010
          PRINT*,"*-----**"
          PRINT1120
4000 CONTINUE
          PRINT*,"*=====**"
5000 IF (IRUN.EQ.1) PRINT*,"AIR DEFENSE ASSESSMENTS PRINTED HERE"
          PRINT5005
5005 FORMAT(///// " FOR HELICOPTERS KILLED BY AIR DEFENSE:")
          CALL LOSS(31,42,50,65)
          PRINT1010
9000 END

```

Figure K-1. OVLY5 (AHAD) program code (concluded).

APPENDIX L
OVLY 6 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

APPENDIX L

OVLY 6 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

This appendix contains the FORTRAN source code listings and variable lists for the main program, CANNON, and subroutine, CLGP, of the OVLY 6 overlay. OVLY 6 is the routine that assesses indirect fire combat losses. CANNON contains the logic for assessing all true indirect fire missions; subroutine CLGP assesses only cannon launched guided projectile (CLGP) missions. Table L-1 is the program variable list for CANNON; table L-2 is the list for CLGP. The FORTRAN source code is given in figure L-1 for CANNON and figure L-2 for CLGP.

Table L-1. Program variables for CANNON
(Continued next page).

Variable	Description
ACQ	Acquisition factor
ADSF	Air defense suppression mission flag
AKILL	Target survival probability against all firers
AT	Number of homogeneous area targets.
BMT	Battery missions per tube
CBTLEV	IDF combat level required
CLEV	IDF combat level
CLOST	Crewmen lost
CM	Total CLGP missions fired
CM50	CLGP missions fired by weapon 50
CM53	CLGP missions fired by weapon 53
DE	Fraction of IDF systems deployed
F	Fraction of missions which are targeted
FAC	Fire allocation constant
FDF	Fire distribution factor
FDT	Fractional damage table
FLAG	Flag for type of IDF mission
FPF	Length of final protective fires (minutes)
HOURS.	Length of IDF mission (hours)
HR	Length of IDF support (hours)

Table L-1. Program variables for CANNON (continued)

Variable	Description
HRARTY	Length of artillery support (hours)
I	Firer weapon integer index
ICAT	IDF weapon category index
ICB	Counterbattery mission flag
ICS	Close support mission flag
IFLAG	Mission flag index
II	Firer weapon mapping index
INX	Input response variable
IOP	Suppression factor index
IPOINT	Output header flag
IS	AMMO array index
ISHOT	Ammunition expenditure index
ITP	Dual purpose ICM flag
I50	Weapon 50 CLGP fire flag
I53	Weapon 53 CLGP fire flag
J	Firer's force integer index
K	Victim weapon integer index
KIND	Force color
KK	Target mapping index
L	Victim's force integer index

Table L-1. Program variables for CANNON (concluded).

Variable	Description
MAP	IDF target mapping array
MW	Military worth array
MWTH	Military worth
OPERA	Operational availability
PERSF	Personnel fire missions flag
PKILL	Target survival probability against firer
PLOSS	Total victims killed
PDK	Percent of knowledge
PREP	Lengths of prep/counter-prep fires (minutes)
ROF	Rate of fire
RPM	Rounds per mission
S	Suppression factor
SKILL	Loss apportionment factor denominator
SUPR	Weapon suppression constants
TBAT	Tubes per battery
TGT	Elements per target
TKILL	Target losses to IDF systems

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.

```

OVERLAY(CANNON,5,0)
PROGRAM OVLY5
COMMON IA,IO,IP,IENGAG,ITERRN,IVIS,IMOUNT,MINES,CFPR,FSFPR,FPR,
1 ATIME,IFIRST,ISUN,
2 SF(2),FSSF(2),PACK(2),
3 ELMT(90,2),ALOSS(80,80),SHOTS(35,2),CKILL(53,2)
COMMON/DATA/FPS(80,2),CREWS(53,2),APOS(12),DPOS(5),
1 PSN(6,2,2),PLT(15),KEY(41)
DIMENSION TBAT(13,2),SUPR(4),ISHOT(13,2),FDF(5,2),PREP(2),MAP(55),
1 PLOSS(55,2,2),HE(2),PERSF(2),ROF(13,3,2),PPM(2),PKILL(13),
2 CRTLV(6),TGT(17,2),OPERA(17,2),POK(55,2),FDT(15,17,2),MW(17),
3 IL(3,2),ICS(2),CLEV(2),AJSF(2)
REAL PM,MWTH

C
C      # OF ELEMENTS PER TARGET.
C      DATA((TGT(K,L),L=1,17),L=1,2)/49.,4*10.,3.,1.,6.,10.,3*6.,49.,2
1.,3*10.,31.,4*10.,3.,1.,6.,10.,...,2*6.,31.,2.,3*10./

C
C      DATA MAPPING INDEX.
C      DATA(MAP(I),I=1,55)/6,0,1,5*0,2*2,2*1,2*4,3,4,11*5,9,8,4*8,1,4,0,3
1*7,3*10,5,5,2*11,6*12/

C
C      INDIRECT FIRE WEAPON SUPPRESSION COEFFICIENTS.
C      DATA(SUPR(I),I=1,4)/3.52,3*2.86/

C
C      # IDF TUBES PER BATTERY
C      DATA((TBAT(I,J),I=1,13),J=1,2)/2*3.,2*4.,3.,6.,0.,6.,2*4.,6.,6.,
10.,3*6.,2*0.,3*6.,6.,4*6./

C
C      IDF BOUND EXPENDITURE INDEX
C      DATA((ISHOT(I,J),I=1,13),J=1,2)/17,19,2*21,19,23,0,26,31,32,26,
135,0,17,19,21,2*0,23,26,23,26,25,27,30,31/

C
C      CALL MENMS(3,KEY,41,0)
C      POK TABLE
C      CALL READMS(3,POK,110,35)

C
C      IDF FRACTIONAL DAMAGE TABLE.
C      CALL READMS(3,FDT,510,37)

C
C      FRACTION OF ARTY PER SUPPORT LEVEL.
C      DATA(CSTLEV(I),I=1,6)/.35,.67,1.,1.67,2.5,4./

C
C      IDF SYSTEM OPERATIONAL AVAILABILITIES.
C      DATA((OPERA(I,J),I=1,17),J=1,2)/1...93,.67,.72,.74,.9,.83,2*.6,
1 .92,.86,.7,1...93,2*.72,.74,1...91,2*.7,.81,.9,.83,2*.85,2*.86,
2 .7,1...31,2*.7,.81/

C
C      IDF RATES OF FIRE.
C      CALL READMS(3,ROF,78,38)
C      CALL CLOSMS(3)

C
C      MILITARY WORTH.
C      DATA(MW(I),I=1,17)/8.36,5.47,2*12.86,10.79,2.56,2*4.05,10.79,6.71,
1 2*10.12,8.36,5.47,2*12.86,10.79/

C
10 PRINT*, "DO YOU WISH TO PROCESS INDIRECT FIRE ASSESSMENTS?"

```

Figure L-1. CANNON program code. (Continued next page.)


```

      READ1,INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE (5,1)INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT8,INX
1     FORMAT(1A1)
8     FORMAT(" ",1A1)
      IF (INX.EQ."Y")GOTO15
      IF (INX.EQ."N")GOTO1000
      PRINT3
3     FORMAT(" INCORRECT ENTRY - TRY AGAIN")
      GOTO10

C
C
15  PRINT*,"          INDIRECT FIRE ASSESSMENTS"
C
C          *** INITIALIZATION ***
C
      FLAG=0.
      CM30=0.
      CM33=0.

C
      DO 18 J=1,2
18  PLASF(J)=0.

C
      DO 20 K=1,15
      DO 20 J=1,2
      DO 20 L=1,2
20  PLUSS(K,J,L)=0.

C
      SET AVG. ROUND PER MISSION.
      RPM(1)=6.
      RPM(2)=4.

C
C          - INTERACTIVE INPUTS -
C
25  PRINT*,"IS DUAL PURPOSE ICM BEING USED?"
      READ1,ITP
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE (5,1)ITP
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT8,ITP
      IF (ITP.EQ."Y".OR.ITP.EQ."N")GOTO33
      PRINT3
      GOTO25

C
30  DO 34 J=1,2
      KIND="BLUE"
      IF (J.EQ.2)KIND="RED"
      PRINT33,KIND
33  FORMAT(" ENTER LEVEL OF ",A4," AFTY SUPPORT -")
      READ*,INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE (5,*)INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT*,INX
      IF (INX.GE.1.AND.INX.LE.6)GOTO38
      IF (INX.EQ."T")GOTO35
      PRINT3
35  PRINT*,"ENTER 1 FOR LIGHT INTERMITTENT FIRES"
      PRINT*,"      2 FOR FIRES BASED ON 2/3 BASIC LOAD"
      PRINT*,"      3 FOR FIRES BASED ON TOTAL BASIC LOAD"
      PRINT*,"      4 FOR FIRES BASED ON 2/3 DAILY RESUPPLY RATE"

```

Figure L-1. CANNON program code (continued).

```

      PRINT*, "      : FOR FIRES BASED ON TOTAL DAILY RESUPPLY RATE"
      PRINT*, "      : FOR APPROX. SUSTAINED RATE OF FIRE"
      GOTO 330

C
C      GET ARTY COMBAT LEVEL.
330 CALLV(J)=CFILEV(IX)
C
C      40 PRINT*, "ENTER # HOURS OF ARTY SUPPORT (0-") , ATIME, ")"
      READ*, HRARTY
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) HRARTY
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, HRARTY
      IF (HRARTY.GE.0.AND.HRARTY.LE.ATIME) GOTO 50
      PRINT3
      GOTO 40C

C
C      50 PRINT*, "ENTER # MINUTES OF PREP FIRE (0-60)"
      READ*, PREP(IA)
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) PREP(IA)
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, PREP(IA)
      IF (PREP(IA).EQ.0.) GOTO 70
      IF (PREP(IA).GT.0..AND.PREP(IA).LE.60.) GOTO 60
      PRINT3
      GOTO 50C

C
C      60 PRINT*, "ENTER # MINUTES OF COUNTER-PREP FIRES (0-60)"
      READ*, PREP(ID)
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) PREP(ID)
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, PREP(ID)
      IF (PREP(ID).GE.0..AND.PREP(ID).LE.60.) GOTO 70
      PRINT3
      GOTO 60C

C
C      70 PRINT*, "ENTER # MINUTES OF FINAL PROTECTIVE FIRE (0-60)"
      READ*, FPF
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) FPF
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, FPF
      IF (FPF.GE.0..AND.FPF.LE.60.) GOTO 80
      PRINT3
      GOTO 70C

C
C      CALC. ACTUAL # HOURS OF IDF SUPPORT
C      ATTACKING FORCE
C      80 HOURS=HRARTY
      HP(IA)=HOURS-(PREP(IA)/60.)
      DEFENDING FORCE
      HR(ID)=HOURS-(PREP(ID)/60.)-(FPF/60.)

C
C      SPECIAL MISSION LOGIC FLAGS
C
      PR_SF(IA)=1.
      IF (IMOUNT.EQ.2) GOTO 90
      PR_SF(ID)=1.
      GOTO 91

C
C      90 PRINT*, "WILL ATTACKER DISMOUNT INFANTRY DURING THIS CI?"
      LOG1, INX

```

Figure L-1. CANNON program code (continued).

```

      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT4,INX
      IF (INX.EQ.1)PI=51.17/HR(1)
      IF (INX.EQ.2)PI=10.10/HR(1)GOTO91
      PRINT3
      GOTO90
01  DO 33 J=1,2
      <IND="CLUF"
      IF (J.EQ.2)VIND="REL"
      PRINT90,<IND
02  FORMAT(" SPECIFY THE TYPES OF IDF MISSIONS THE ",A4," FORCE WILL F
      CIND")
03  PRINT*,"COUNTER-BATTERY?"
      READ1,INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT4,INX
      IC(J)=1
      IF (INX.EQ."N")IC(J)=0
      IF (INX.EQ."Y".OR.INX.EQ."")GOTO93
      PRINT2
04  FORMAT(" INCORRECT ENTRY - RESPONSE MUST BE Y OR N")
      GOTO90
05  PRINT*,"CLOSE SUPPORT?"
      READ1,INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT4,INX
      IC(J)=1
      IF (INX.EQ."N")IC(J)=0
      IF (INX.EQ."Y".OR.INX.EQ."")GOTO94
      PRINT2
      GOTO93
06  PRINT*,"AC SUPPRESSION?"
      READ1,INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT4,INX
      ACSF(J)=1
      IF (INX.EQ."N")ACSF(J)=0
      IF (INX.EQ."Y".OR.INX.EQ."")GOTO95
      PRINT2
      GOTO94
07  CONTINUE

C
C
C      *** FIRE DISTRIBUTION FACTOR (FGF) ***
C
100 DO 99 INX=1,2
      DO 98 J=1,2
08  FGF(INX,J)=0.
C
C      IF LAG=FLAG+1
C      GO TO ROUTINE FOR BOTH FORCES.
C
      DO 99 J=1,2
      L=1
      IF (L.EQ.2)L=2
      IF (FLAG.EQ.2.AND.J.EQ.1)GOTO200
C
C      GO TO ROUTINE FOR BOTH FORCES

```

Figure L-1. CANNON program code (continued).


```

C      RVY. ARTY
107 IF (K.E.48.AND.K.LE.55) FAC=FAC*2.
    FOR (J)=FOR (I,J)+FAC
108 CONTINUE
    GOTO106

C
C      FPF DETERMINATOR CALC. FOR FP FIRES.
C
C      TEST FOR SPECIAL IMF MISSIONS
110 IF (FLAG.EQ.2..AND.(J.EQ.1A.OR.FPF.EQ.0.)) GOTO120
C
C      ONLY FORWARD WEAPON SYSTEMS ARE SPECIAL MISSION TARGETS.
DO 115 K=1,32
    IF (ELMT(K,L)-FLOSS(K,L,2).LE.0.) GOTO115
C
C      SET ALC FACTOR.
    KK=2
    IF (FLAG.EQ.1.) KK=1
    INX=2
    IF (L.EQ.1A) INX=1
    ACQ=POX(K,L)
    IF (K.E.3.AND.K.LE.32).OR.(K.E.43.AND.K.LE.47) ACQ=POX(K,L)+
1  PSN(ENGAG,INX,KK)+.5*(1.-PSN(ENGAG,INX,KK))
C      CALCULATE PRESENTED TARGET AREAS.
C
C
    FAC=1.
    IF (K.EQ.3) FAC=PL-DF(J)
    KK=10F(K)
    IF (K.E.3.AND.K.EQ.1E) KK=KK+12
    AT=ACQ*(ELMT(K,L)-FLOSS(K,L,2))*OPERA(KK,L)/TGT(KK,L)
    FAC=AT*FAC
C      FILTER OUT INAPPROPRIATE SPECIAL MISSIONS.
    IF (FAC.LE.0.) GOTO115
C
C      FILTER OUT INAPPROPRIATE SPECIAL MISSION TARGETS.
    IF (K.E.11.OR.(K.E.19.AND.K.NE.21.AND.K.NE.25)) GOTO115
DO 111 INX=1,3
    FOR (J)=FOR (INX,J)+FAC
111 CONTINUE
112 CONTINUE

C
C      *** IMF ASSESSMENTS ***
C
C      SET UP FOR ALL IMF TARGETS.
120 INX=0
    IS=0
    AC=ACQ*AT*1.0
    SKILLF=.
    SKILL=1.
    IF (ELMT(K,L)-FLOSS(K,L,2).LE.0.) GOTO125
C
C      SET ALC PR-PS.
    KK=

```

Figure L-1. CANNON program code (continued).

```

      IF (I.EQ.10.0.0.0) KK=1
      DETERMINE IFF FACTORS.
      INX=2
      IF (I.EQ.10.0.0.0) INX=1
      ACQ=POK(K,L)
      IF (K.GE.3.AND.K.LE.32).OR.(K.GE.43.AND.K.LE.47) ACQ=POK(K,L)*
1 PSN(IENGAG,INX,KK)+.5*(1.-PSN(IENGAG,INX,KK))
      CALCULATE PRESENTED TARGET AREAS.
      FAC=1.
      IF (K.LT.33) FAC=IOS(J)
      IF (K.EQ.3.AND.FAC.EQ.1) FAC=PIRSF(J)
      IF (K.GE.33.AND.K.LE.42) FAC=ADSF(J)
      IF (K.GE.43.AND.K.LE.55) FAC=ICB(J)
      KK=4AP(K)
      IF (KK.LE.5.AND.L.EQ.10) KK=KK+12
      AT=ACQ*(ELMT(K,L)-PLOSS(K,L,2))*OPERA(KK,L)/TGT(KK,L)
      SET MILITARY WORTH OF TARGETS
      MWT=MW(KK)
      IF (J.EQ.2.OR.FLAG.EQ.1) MWT=1.
      IF (K.GE.48.AND.K.LE.55.AND.ICAT.EQ.5) MWT=MWT*2.
      ITERATE FOR ALL IFF WEAPON SYSTEMS.
      DO 220 I=43,55
      PKILL(I-52)=1.
      IF (ELMT(I,J)-PLOSS(I,J,2).LE.0.) GOTO220
      DETERMINE CATEGORY OF IFF WEAPON
      ICAT=4
      IF (I.EQ.43) ICAT=1
      IF (I.GE.44.AND.I.LE.47) ICAT=2
      IF (I.EQ.48.OR.I.EQ.55) ICAT=3
      IF (I.EQ.52.OR.(I.EQ.53.AND.J.EQ.2)) ICAT=5
      IF (OPF(ICAT,J).EQ.0.) GOTO220
      SET # HOURS OF IFF SUPPORT.
      HOURS=HR(J)
      IF (FLAG.EQ.0.) HOURS=PRPF(J)/60.
      IF (FLAG.EQ.2.) HOURS=PPF/61.
      IF (FLAG.EQ.2..AND.J.EQ.14) HOURS=0.
      IF (HOURS.LT.0) HOURS=0.
      SET FRACTION OF MISSILES FIRED AT TARGETED OBJECTIVES.
      F=.87
      IF (ICAT.LT.3) F=.47
      CALC. GUIDANCE FACTOR
      IOF=1
      IF (J.EQ.1.AND.I.GE.45) IOF=2
      S=1.-ESSE(J)*SUPR(IOF)
      IF (FLAG.EQ.2) S=1.
      SET THE FRACTION OF MOUTS ACTIVE.
      DE=PSN(IENGAG,J,2)
      IF (FLAG.EQ.0.1) DE=PSN(IENGAG,J,1)
      ALL MITY IS ACTIVE.
      IF (ICAT.GT.2) LI=1.
      IF (ICAT.GT.2.AND.FLAG.EQ.1.) DE=CLEV(J)

```

Figure L-1. CANNON program code (continued).

```

1
2     SET HPPING INDEX
3     I1=IAP(1)
4     READCH FOR PERD/COUNTER-PREP OR EP FIRES.
5     IF(FLAG.EQ.2)GOTO121
6
7     FILTER OUT INAPPROPRIATE TARGETS FOR STANDARD IDF MISSIONS.
8     IF(K.EQ.1.OR.K.EQ.4H.GR.K.F.1.5)GOTO123
9     IF(K.EQ.1.OR.K.EQ.12.03.K.EQ.13)GOTO121
10    IF(K.LT.16.0H.K.EQ.17.0F.K.EQ.42)GOTO200
11    IF(K.GT.19.AND.K.LT.3)GOTO122
12    IF(K.GE.41.AND.K.LE.41)GOTO125
13    IF(K.GE.43.AND.K.LE.47)GOTO121
14    GOTO124
15
16    121 IF(ICAT.EQ.1)GOTO178
17
18    122 IF(ICAT.EQ.2)GOTO178
19
20    123 IF(ICAT.EQ.3)GOTO178
21
22    124 IF(ICAT.EQ.4)GOTO178
23
24    125 IF(ICAT.EQ.5)GOTO178
25    GOTO225
26
27    FILTER OUT INAPPROPRIATE TARGETS FOR SPECIAL IDF MISSIONS
28    126 IF(K.GT.32)GOTO255
29    IF(K.EQ.3.AND.FLAG.EQ.0.AND.PERSF(J).NE.1)GOTO200
30    IF(K.LT.16.AND.K.NE.3.AND.K.NE.12.AND.K.NE.13)GOTO200
31    IF(FLAG.EQ.2.AND.(K.LT.16.OR.(K.GT.19.AND.K.NE.23.AND.K.NE.25)))GO
32    TOTO255
33
34    CALCULATE BATTERY MISSIONS PER TUBE FOR THIS TYPE MISSION.
35    170 IF(13AT(I-42,J).LE.0)GOTO225
36    TIME=(ELMT(1,J)-FLGHS(1,J,2))/T3AT(I-42,J)*OPEFA(II,J)*S*DE*F*HOURS
37    1 * OF(I-42,1FLAG,J)*EFM(J)*FAC*AT*MWTH/EDF(ICAT,J)
38
39    IF(FLAG.NE.1.OF.J.EQ.2)GOTO171
40    IF(I.EQ.10.AND.I.NE.13)GOTO175
41    IF(I.EQ.30.AND.I.EQ.10.1)GOTO171
42    IF(I.EQ.43.AND.I.EQ.10.1)GOTO171
43    IF(FAC*AT*EDF(ICAT,J).LE.0)GOTO174
44    TIME=TIME+OF(ICAT,J)/(FAC*AT*MWTH)
45    CALL CLGPR(MT,1,PLUS2,CM)
46    TIME=TIME+FAC*AT*MWTH/EDF(ICAT,J)
47    IF(I.EQ.30)I55=1
48    IF(I.EQ.30)CM=CM
49    IF(I.EQ.33)I53=1
50    IF(I.EQ.33)CM53=CM
51
52    CALC. AMMO EXPENDITURES
53    175 IF(J.EQ.2.OR.FLAG.NE.1.OF.(I.NE.10.AND.I.NE.53))GOTO174
54    IF(I.EQ.30)CM=CM50
55    IF(I.EQ.33)CM=CM53
56    TIME=TIME+(CM/3.*FAC*AT*MWTH)/EDF(ICAT,J)
57    174 IF(I.EQ.1(I-42,J))

```

Figure L-1. CANNON program code (continued).

```

      IF (I.EQ.1) GOTO 169
      IF (ICAT.GT.2) SHOTS(I,J)=SHOTS(I,J)+6.*BMT*(1.-F)/F*TBAT(I-42,J)
      IF (I.EQ.1.AND.1TP.EQ."Y".AND.(I.EQ.50.OR.I.EQ.51.OR.I.EQ.53)) GOTO 1
      C76
      GOTO 177
176 IS=IS+3
      GOTO 177
177 IF (K.EQ.3.AND.ICAT.GT.2) IS=IS+2
178 SHOTS(I,J)=SHOTS(I,J)+6.*BMT*TBAT(I-42,J)
      GOTO 181
L
180 IF (I.NE.+R) GOTO 181
      SHOTS(IS+1,J)=SHOTS(IS+1,J)+6.*BMT*(1.-F)/F*TBAT(I-42,J)
      GOTO 182
181 SHOTS(IS,J)=SHOTS(IS,J)+6.*BMT*(1.-F)/F*TBAT(I-42,J)
182 SHOTS(I,J)=SHOTS(I,J)+6.*BMT*TBAT(I-42,J)
C
C      CALC. LOSSES
183 IF (FDT(I-42,KK,J)/AT.GT.1) GOTO 200
      IF (J.EQ.1.AND.1TP.EQ."Y".AND.(I.EQ.50.OR.I.EQ.51.OR.I.EQ.53))
      GOTO 221
      IF (FDT(INX,KK,J)/AT.GE.1) GOTO 220
      PKILL(I-42)=(1.-FDT(I-42,KK,J)/AT)**BMT
      GOTO 222
225 INX=14
      IF (I.EQ.51) INX=15
      IF (FDT(INX,KK,J)/AT.GE.1) GOTO 220
      PKILL(I-42)=(1.-FDT(INX,KK,J)/AT)**BMT
222 AKILL=PKILL*PKILL(I-42)
      SKILL=SKILL+(1.-PKILL(I-42))
220 CONTINUE
      TKILL=(1.-AKILL)*AT*TG1(KK,L)
C
C      DISTRIBUTE LOSSES
      IF (TKILL.LE.0.) GOTO 200
      DO 215 I=43,55
      IF (ELMT(I,J)-FLOSS(I,J,2).LE.0.) GOTO 205
      AKILL=TKILL*(1.-PKILL(I-42))/SKILL
      AKILL=IFIX(AKILL*10.+5)/10.
C
C      BRANCH FOR PERSONNEL TARGETS
      IF (K.EQ.3) GOTO 190
      ALOSS(I,K)=ALOSS(I,K)+IFIX(AKILL*10.+001)*PACK(L)
      FLOSS(K,L,1)=FLOSS(K,L,1)+IFIX(AKILL*11.+001)/10.
C
C      ADDRESS CREW KILLS.
      IF (K.GT.12) ALOSS(I,2)=ALOSS(I,2)+IFIX(AKILL*CREWS(K-12,L)*10.+001
1)*PACK(L)
      IF (K.GT.12) FLOSS(2,L,1)=FLOSS(2,L,1)+IFIX(AKILL*CREWS(K-12,L)*10.
0+.01)/10.
      IF (K.EQ.21.AND.K.NE.25).OR.IMOUNT.EQ.1) GOTO 205
      IF (I.EQ.10) GOTO 205
      SKILL=IFIX(AKILL*50.+5)/10.
C
C      ADDRESSEMENT OF SIGHTED INFANTRY WEAPONS.
190 DO 191 K=3,15
      IF (ELMT(KK,L)-FLOSS(KK,L,2).LE.0.) GOTO 131

```

Figure L-1. CANNON program code (continued).


```

      ALOSS(I,K)=ALOSS(I,K)+IFIX(AKILL*PLT(KK)*10+.001)*PACK(L)
      PLOSS(KK,L,1)=PLOSS(KK,L,1)+IFIX(AKILL*PLT(KK)*10+.001)/10.
191 CONTINUE
C
201 CONTINUE
C
221 CONTINUE
C
251 CONTINUE
C
      IF(IIRON.EQ.1)GOTO230
      PRINT705
      IF(FLAG-2)260,270,280
261 PRINT*,*****PREP/C-PREP ASSESSMENTS*****
      GOTO240
271 PRINT*,*****STANDARD 10F MISSION ASSESSMENTS*****
      GOTO250
281 PRINT*,*****PFP ASSESSMENTS*****
      GOTO260
C
      SUM LOSSES DUE TO LAST TYPE OF MISSION.
291 DO 210 K=1,55
      DO 210 L=1,2
      PLOSS(K,L,2)=PLOSS(K,L,2)+PLOSS(K,L,1)
211 PLOSS(K,L,1)=0.
      FLAG=FLAG+1
C
      BEGIN FOR NEXT TYPE OF MISSION
      IF(FLAG-7)310,10100
C
      OUTPUT 410,420
      IF(IIRON-6,1000 TO 990
      PRINT703
301 PRINT*,*****INDIRECT FIRE ASSESSMENTS*****
290 DO 300 J=1,2
      IPRINT=J
      L=1
      IF(L.EQ.2)L=2
      DO 340 K=1,55
      TKILL=0.
      CLOST=0.
      IF(FLAG.EQ.3)GOTO300
      AKILL=PLOSS(K,L,1)
      IF(K.LT.16.AND.K.NE.13)GOTO344
      CLOST=AKILL*CREWS(K-12,L)
341 TKILL=AKILL
      GOTO343
300 DO 340 I=43,55
      IF(I.EQ.2)GOTO310
      AKILL=(ALOSS(I,K)-IFIX(ALOSS(I,K)/PACK(1))*PACK(1))/10.
      GOTO320
311 AKILL=IFIX(ALOSS(I,K)/PACK(1))/10.
321 IF(K.LT.16.AND.K.NE.13)GOTO330
      CLOST=CLOST+AKILL*CREWS(K-12,L)
331 AKILL=TKILL+AKILL
341 CONTINUE

```

Figure L-1. CANNON program code (continued).

```

345 IF(IKILL.LT..1.AND.CLOST.LT..1)GOTO390
    IF(IPOINT.EQ.1)GOTO380
    IF(J.EQ.2)GOTO380
    PRINT350
350 FORMAT(" I",27X,"I")
    PRINT*,"I"                                RED LOSSES TO BLUE          I"
    GOTO370
360 PRINT350
    PRINT*,"*-----*
    PRINT360
    PRINT*,"I"                                BLUE LOSSES TO RED          I"
370 IPOINT=1
    PRINT*,"I"                                ITEM      # LOST      CREW LOST      I"
    PRINT360
380 IF(K.LT.10.AND.K.NE.10)GOTO388
    PRINT380,K,IKILL,CLOST
    GOTO390
380 FORMAT(" I",14X,12,6X,F6.1,6X,F6.1,16X,"I")
380 PRINT380,K,IKILL
389 FORMAT(" I",14X,12,6X,F6.1,27X,"I")
390 CONTINUE
    PRINT350
    PRINT*,"*=====*"
    IF(FLAG.NE.3)GOTO230
    PRINT305
999 IF(IPOINT.EQ.1)PRINT*," INDIRECT FIRE ASSESSMENTS PRINTED HERE"
    CALL LOSS(40,50,1,50)
1000 END

```

Figure L-1. CANNON program code (concluded).

Table L-2. Program variables for CLGP.

Variable	Description
AKILL	Target losses to CLGP fire
BMT	Battery missions per tube
CM	Total CLGP missions fired
FD	Fraction damage
FDF	Fire distribution factor
I	Firer weapon index
IPSN	Positioning units index for contact
J	Firer force index
K	Target weapon index
KK	Infantry weapon index
L	Target for index
MAX	Maximum CLGP mission to fire
OA	Operational availability
PLOSS	Total victims killed
PREC	CLGP SSKPs and GLLD suppression factor
R	Number of CLGP rounds fired
T	Number of targets available to CLGP firer

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.

```

SUBROUTINE CLGP (INT, I, PLOC, CM)
COMMON LA, IO, IP, IENGAG, ITPSN, IVIS, IMOUNT, MINES, OFPR, FSFPR, FPR,
1 ITH, ITHST, ITHN,
2 SF (2), FSEF (2), PACK (2),
3 PLMT (8), ALGSS (8), SHOTS (35, 2), CKILL (53, 2)
COMMON/DATA/FPE (4), CREW (53, 2), APDS (12), DPDS (5),
1 IUN (6, 2), PLT (15), KEY (4)
DIMENSION PLOTS (55, 2, 2), PFEQ (5), OA (15)
DATA (GL (I), I=1, 15) / 3*.78, .62, .4*.81, 0., .5*.81, 0./
L=2
J=1
MAX=INT
10 PRINT*, "ENTER # CLGP MISSIONS TO FIRE (MAX=", MAX, ") --"
READ*, CM
IF (IRUN.EQ.3.AND.CM.GT.MAX) CM=MAX
IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5, *) CM
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, CM
IF (CM.EQ.0.) RETURN
IF (CM.GT.0.AND.(M.LE.MAX) GOTO 25
PRINT*, "INCORRECT ENTRY - TRY AGAIN"
GOTO 10

20 FLE=0.
DO 25 K=1, 30
25 FLE=FLE+PLMT(K, L)*OA(K-15)

CALL OPENMS (3, KEY, 41, 0)
CALL READMS (3, PFEQ, 0, 40)
CALL CLGMS (3)
DO 30 K=1, 30
F=0.
IF (K.GT.15) F=PFEQ(K)
IF (F=0)
IF (L.EQ.10) IPSN=2

IF (PLMT(K, L)*OA(K-15).LE.0.) GOTO 30
A=0.4*PLMT(K, L)*OA(K-15)/F
F=PLMT(K, L)*OA(K-15)*IPSN*(IENGAG, IPSN=2)
IF (F/T.GT.1.) GOTO 30
AKILL=(1.-(1.-F/T)**(2.*F))*1*PFEQ(4)
AKILL=IFIX(AKILL*10.+.5)/10.

30 ANCH FOR PERSONNEL TARGETS
IF (K.EQ.3) GOTO 100
ALGSS(I, K)=ALGSS(I, K)+IFIX(AKILL*10.+.001)*PACK(I)
PLVSS(I, L, 1)=PLVSS(I, L, 1)+IFIX(AKILL*10.+.001)/10.

40 APDS (CHN KILLS)
IF (K.GT.12) ALGSS(I, 2)=ALGSS(I, 2)+IFIX(AKILL*CREWS(K-12, L)*10.+.001)
1)*PACK(I)
IF (K.GT.12) PLVSS(2, L, 1)=PLVSS(2, L, 1)+IFIX(AKILL*CREWS(K-12, L)*10.
0.001)/10.
IF (K.NE.21.AND.K.NE.25).AND.IMOUNT.EQ.1) GOTO 30
IF (L.EQ.1) GOTO 30
AKILL=IFIX(AKILL*10.+.5)/10.

50 ASSELT OF UNMOUNTED INFANTRY WEAPONS.

```

Figure L-2. CLGP program code. (Continued next page.)

```

190 DO 191 KK=3,15
    IF IELMT(KK,L)-PLUSS(KK,L,2).LE.J.) GOTO 191
    ALUSS(I, KK)=ALUSS(I, KK)+IFIX(AKILL*PLT(KK)*10.+.301)*PACK(L)
    PLUSS(KK,L,1)=PLUSS(KK,L,1)+IFIX(AKILL*PLT(KK)*10.+.001)/10.
191 CONTINUE
30 CONTINUE

    SHOTS(35,J)=SHOTS(35,J)+2.*CM

RETURN
END

```

Figure L-2. CLGP program code (concluded).

APPENDIX M

OVLY 8 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

APPENDIX M

OVLY 8 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

This appendix contains the FORTRAN program source code and list of program variables for OVLY 8 (SUPRES), the suppression overlay. SUPRES determines the overall and fire support suppression factors for both the attacking and defending forces. Table M-1 contains a list of the SUPRES program variables. Figure M-1 is the program source code.

Table M-1. Program variables for SUPRES.

Variable	Description
FACT	Suppression factor data array
I	Array index
STALE	Limits of firepower ratios which index suppression factor data

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.


```

OVERLAY(SUPRES,10,0)
PROGRAM OVLY8
COMMON IA,ID,IP,IENGAG,ITERRN,IVIS,IMOUNT,MINES,OFPR,FSFPR,FPR,
1 ATIME,IFI-ST,IRUN,
2 SF(2),FSSF(2),PACK(2),
3 ELMT(30,2),ALOSS(80,80),SHOTS(35,2),CKILL(53,2)
/ COMMON/DATA/FPS(80,2),CREWS(53,2),APOS(12),DPOS(6),
1 PSN(6,2,2),PLT(15),KEY(41)
DIMENSION FACT(12,6,2),STALE(11)
DATA (STALE(I),I=1,11)/.6,1.,1.5,2.,2.5,3.,3.5,4.,5.,6.,8./
DATA (((FACT(I,J,K),K=1,2),J=1,6),I=1,12)/
12.1,8.3,1.2,7.4,.8,3.7,1.4,22.5,2.7,15.0,3.0,11.1,3.8,3.8,1.8,4.4,
21.2,2.2,1.8,14.0,3.6,9.3,3.9,6.6,4.5,3.2,2.7,3.0,1.8,1.5,2.4,9.9,4
3.8,6.6,4.8,4.5,4.8,3.0,3.6,2.4,2.4,1.2,3.0,8.1,6.0,5.4,6.0,3.6,5.6
4.2,5.4,2.0,2.8,1.1,3.5,7.2,6.9,4.8,6.9,3.0,6.5,2.3,5.1,1.8,3.4,.
59,3.6,6.8,7.8,4.5,7.8,2.7,7.3,2.1,5.9,1.7,3.9,.9,4.5,6.5,8.9,4.3,8
6.7,2.0,8.1,2.0,6.6,1.6,4.4,.8,5.0,6.3,9.9,4.2,9.5,2.4,9.8,1.7,8.1,
71.4,5.4,.7,6.5,5.4,12.0,3.6,11.4,2.1,11.3,1.6,9.9,1.3,6.2,.7,6.8,5
8.3,13.5,3.5,12.6,2.0,14.4,1.5,12.0,1.2,8.3,.6,9.0,5.0,18.0,3.3,16.
93,1.5/
DO 10 I=1,10
IF(FPI.LE.STALE(I))GO TO 100
10 CONTINUE
I=11
100 SF(IA)=FACT(I,IENGAG,2)/100.
SF(ID)=FACT(I,IENGAG,1)/100.
DO 1000 I=1,10
IF(FSFPR.LE.STALE(I))GO TO 10000
1000 CONTINUE
I=11
10000 FSSF(IA)=FACT(I,IENGAG,2)/100.
FSSF(ID)=FACT(I,IENGAG,1)/100.
END

```

Figure M-1. OVLY8 (SUPRES) program code.

APPENDIX N

OVLY 9 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

APPENDIX N

OVLY 9 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

This appendix contains the FORTRAN code listing and variable list for the OVLY 9 (RESULT) program. RESULT is the program used to record the overall results of a sector or critical incident battle. The OVLY 9 program variables are listed in table N-1; the FORTRAN source code listing is in figure N-1.

Table N-1. Program variables for OVLY9 (RESULT).
(Continued next page.)

Variable	Description
AKILL	Unpacked ALOSS killer/victim variable
COSCOM	Equipment repairable at Corp level
DIV	Equipment repairable at Division level
FOS	Percent of repairable equipment at Corp Level
I	Killer weapon index
II	Victim index for killer/victim matrix output
IK	Weapon code index counter
IKILL	Data indices for killer
INX	Victim equipment recoverability category index
IPP	Combat posture index for recoverability data
IT	Victim weapon index
ITH	Killer equipment recoverability category index
IVICT	Data indices for victim
J	Victim force index
K	Loss category index
KAT	Killer category index
KIND	Force color

Table N-1. Program variables for OVLY9 (RESULT) (continued).

Variable	Description
L	Killer weapon index beginning
LL	Victim weapon index beginning
M	Killer weapon index end
MAP	Index to aggregate killer weapon systems
MI	Victim nomenclature index
MM	Victim weapon index end
PREC	Percent (function) of Red systems recoverable
RECOV	Percent of recoverable equipment
RECV	Total recoverable equipment
REP	Total recoverable equipment
REPAIR	Total recoverable equipment
REP10	Equipment repairable in ten (10) days
REP2	Equipment repairable in two (2) days
REP5	Equipment repairable in five (5) days
SUM	Victim losses cumulated over all killers
TABLE7	Losses by category of killer
THEA	Equipment repairable at Theater level
THER	Percent of equipment repairable at Theater level

Table N-1. Program variables for OVLY9 (RESULT) (concluded).

Variable	Description
TKILL	Sum of losses recoverable/nonrecoverable
TLOSS	Total losses to killer category KAT
TOTAL	Sum of all losses incurred by unit
VCLASS	Victim nomenclature
XKILL	Weapon system losses
XNREP	Total nonrepairable equipment
XREP	Total repairable equipment

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.


```

      DO 14 KAT=1,6
      REPAIR=J.
      XNREF=0.
14  TLOSS(KAT)=0.
      TKILL=J.
      DO 20 I=1,80
      IF (J.EQ.2) GOTO 16
      TKILL=IFIX(TLOSS(I,K)/PACK(1))/10.
      GOTO 18
15  AKILL=(TLOSS(I,K)-IFIX(TLOSS(I,K)/PACK(1))*PACK(1))/10.
18  AKILL=IFIX(AKILL+.5)
      IF (AKILL.EQ.0) GOTO 20
      IF (MAP(I).EQ.0) GOTO 20
      KAT=MAP(I)
      TLOSS(KAT)=TLOSS(KAT)+AKILL
20  CONTINUE
      IPP=2
      IF (I1.EQ.1) IPP=1
      DO 30 KAT=1,6
      ITH=2
      IF (KAT.EQ.2) ITH=1
      INX=0
      IF (K.GE.16.AND.K.LE.19) INX=1
      IF (K.GE.20.AND.K.LE.29) INX=2
      IF (K.GE.30.AND.K.LE.37) INX=3
      TKILL=TKILL+TLOSS(KAT)
      TABLE7(K,KAT)=TABLE7(K,KAT)+TLOSS(KAT)
      IF (INX.EQ.0) GOTO 30
      IF (J.EQ.1) GOTO 31
      REPAIR=IFIX(REPAIR+TLOSS(KAT)+.5)
      GOTO 30
31  REPAIR=REPAIR+IFIX(RECOVER(IPP,ITH,INX)*TLOSS(KAT)+.5)
30  CONTINUE
      IF (TKILL.LT..5) GOTO 40
      IF (J.EQ.2) GOTO 34
      RECV=REPAIR
      XNREF=TKILL-RECV
      THEA=IFIX(RECV*THEA(IPP,ITH,INX)+.5)
      COSCOM=IFIX(RECV*COSCOM(IPP,ITH,INX)+.5)
      DIV=TKILL-(XNREF+THEA+COSCOM)
      WRITE (5,32) K,TKILL,XNREF,RECV,THEA,COSCOM,DIV
32  FORMAT(" ",1X,I2,3X,F6.3,3X,F6.1,2X,F6.0,7X,F6.0,2X,F6.0)
      GOTO 40

C
C      REPAIRABLE ITEMS
C
34  REP2=IFIX(REPAIR*PREC(1)+.5)
      REP10=IFIX(REPAIR*PREC(3)+.5)
      REP5=IFIX(REPAIR*PREC(2)+.5)

C
C      NONREPAIRABLE ITEMS
C
      XREF=REP2+REP5+REP10
      YREF=TKILL-REF
      IF (TKILL.EQ.0) GOTO 40
      WRITE (6,36) K,TKILL,XREF,REF,REP2,REP5,REP10

```

Figure N-1. OVLY9 (RESULT) program code (continued).


```

30 FORMAT(" ",1X,12,"X,F6.0,1X,F6.0,5X,F6.0,5X,F6.0,2X,F6.0,3X,F6.0)
40 CONTINUE
  WRITE(6,55)
50 FORMAT("1")
  WRITE(6,42) KINH
42 FORMAT(" ",20X,A4," LOSSES BY SOURCE OF LOSS")
  WRITE(6,3)
5 FORMAT(" TYPE INF CBT INF FIF TANK ATGM ADA MINES A/HEL Y
  IACRIR TOTAL")
  DO 48 I=1,F0
    TOTAL=TABLE7(I,1)+TABLE7(I,2)+TABLE7(I,3)+TABLE7(I,4)+TABLE7(I,5)+
    1TABLE7(I,6)+TABLE7(I,7)+TABLE7(I,8)
    IF (TOTAL.LT..5)GOTO48
    WRITE(6,44) I,(TABLE7(I,M),M=1,8),TOTAL
44 FORMAT(" ",1X,12,4X,F6.0,4X,F6.0,1X,F5.0,1X,F5.0,1X,
  1F6.0,1X,F6.0,1X,F6.0,2X,F6.0,1X,F6.0)
48 CONTINUE
  WRITE(6,55)
50 CONTINUE
  WRITE(6,55)

```

C
C
C

AMMUNITION EXPENDITURES

```

  WRITE(6,3)
6 FORMAT(" AMMUNITION EXPENDITURE")
  WRITE(6,21)
21 FORMAT(" BLUE RED")
  WRITE(6,22)
22 FORMAT(" TYPE-NUMBER TYPE-NUMBER")
  DO 50 I=1,35
    IF (SHOTS(I,1).EQ.0..AND. SHOTS(I,2).EQ.0.)GOTO63
    WRITE(6,58) I,SHOTS(I,1),1,SHOTS(I,2)
58 FORMAT(" ",13,F8.0,16X,13,F8.0)
50 CONTINUE

```

C
C
C

KILLER-VICTIM MATRIX

```

  WRITE(6,1)
  DO 92 MI=1,6
    L=IKILL(MI,1)
    M=IKILL(MI,2)
    LL=IVICT(MI,1)
    MM=IVICT(MI,2)
    DO 90 J=1,2
      TOTAL=0.
      IT=J
      DO 90? I=L,M
        IT=IT+1
        DO 901 K=LL,MM
          IF (J.EQ.1)GOTO131
          XKILL(K,IT,J)=(ALOSS(I,K)-IFIX(ALOSS(I,K)/PACK(1))*PACK(1))/10.
          GOTO903
131 XKILL(K,IT,J)=IFIX(ALOSS(I,K)/PACK(1))/10.
903 TOTAL=TOTAL+XKILL(K,IT,J)
901 CONTINUE
902 CONTINUE
  IF (TOTAL.EQ.0.)GOTO96

```

Figure N-1. OVLY9 (RESULT) program code (continued).

```

      KING=" REC"
      IF(J.EQ.2)KIND="PLUF"
      WRITE(6,120)
120  FORMAT(" *****KILLER-V
      VICTIM NAME:*****
      1*****")
      WRITE(6,121)KIND,VCLASS(MI)
121  FORMAT(8X,"",45X,A4,1X,A10)
      WRITE(6,122)
122  FORMAT(" VICTIM *",47X,"KILLER")
      WRITE(6,128)(IK,IK=L,M)
128  FORMAT(8X,"",5X,20(I2,4X))
      WRITE(6,123)
123  FORMAT("*****
      1*****
      2*****")
      DO 80 I=LL,MM
      SUM=0.
      DO 82 II=1,IT
      SUM=SUM+XKILL(I,II,J)
      82 CONTINUE
      IF(SUM.LE.0.)GOTO80
      WRITE(6,161)I,(XKILL(I,II,J),II=1,IT)
161  FORMAT(3X,I2,3X,"* ",20(F6.1))
      WRITE(6,125)
125  FORMAT(" ")
      80 CONTINUE
      WRITE(6,123)
      WRITE(6,1)
      90 CONTINUE
      92 CONTINUE
      EN.

```

Figure N-1. OVLY9 (RESULT) program code (concluded).

APPENDIX 0

OVLY 10 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

APPENDIX O

OVLY 10 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

This appendix contains the FORTRAN program source code of FORCE, the force manipulation overlay (OVLY 10), and a list of the program variables used in the overlay. The FORCE program variable list is given in table O-1, and the program source code is presented in figure O-1.

Table 0-1. List of program variables for FORCE.

Variable	Description
AJ	Quantity of weapons to adjust
CIL	Combat intensity level factors
CV	Relative effectiveness
I	Do-loop index
IFLAG	Logic flag
IJ	SRC record weapon index
INX	Gamer response variable
J	Force designator
JJ	FORCE record weapon index
KIND	Force color
M	Indexed-sequential file status variable
MM	Type of weapons to adjust
PAR	Parent unit ID
PARENT	Parent unit ID
TFPS	Total firepower score
UEFF	Unit effectiveness
UNIT	Unit ID
XCI	Critical incident name
XSECT	Sector number

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.

```

OVERLAY(FORCE,12,1)
PROGRAM OVLY10
COMMON IA,IB,IC,INDAG,ITERN,IVIS,IMOUNT,MINES,CFPR,FSFPR,FPR,
IA1NF,IFIRST,IRUN,
PSE(2),FSSE(2),PACK(2),
ALMT(80,2),ALCPS(10,80),SHOTS(35,2),CKILL(53,2)
COMMON/DATA/FEF(80,2),CREWS(53,2),APOS(12),DPOS(5),
1 PCN(5,2,2),PLT(15),KEY(41)
COMMON/ONE/LEIT(35),ARWAY(91),MYHUF(1024),D(80,2),ACI,
.ASECT,ASECT
COMMON/TWO/IFIT(35),DEKAY(46),MYHUF(1024)
DIMENSION CIL(1)
DATA(CIL(1),1=1,5)/1000,5,4,2.5,1./
DO 6601 J=1,2
DO 6601 I=1,50
P(I,J)=0.
6601 ELN(I,J)=0.0
IF(ACI.NE.0)GOTO5

PRINT*,"ENTER CI MNEMONIC -"
READ10,ACI
10 FORMAT(1A10)
IF(IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,10)ACI
IF(IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT18,ACI
18 FORMAT(" ",1A10)
1 FORMAT(1A1)
2 FORMAT(" ",1A1)

PRINT*,"ENTER SECTOR NUMBER -"
READ10,ASECT
IF(IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,*)ASECT
IF(IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT*,ASECT
IF(ASECT.GE.1.AND.ASECT.LE.25)GOTO20
PRINT*,"INVALID SECTOR ENTERED!"
GOTO5
20 PRINT*,"??? O P T I O N ???"
READ*,INX
IF(IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,*)INX
IF(IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT*,INX
IF(INX.EQ."T")GOTO101
IF(INX.GE.0.AND.INX.LE.7)GOTO22
PRINT*,"INVALID OPTION ENTERED!"
101 PRINT*,"ENTER 0 TO PROCEED WITH ASSESSMENTS"
PRINT*,"      1 TO LOAD UNITS INTO SECTOR"
PRINT*,"      2 TO REMOVE UNITS FROM SECTOR"
PRINT*,"      3 TO CREATE A NEW UNIT"
PRINT*,"      4 TO ADJUST WPNS IN A UNIT"
PRINT*,"      5 TO ATTACH A UNIT TO A NEW PARENT"
PRINT*,"      6 TO DISPLAY A UNIT"
PRINT*,"      7 TO DELETE A UNIT FROM FORCE FILE"
GOTO20
22 IF(INX.EQ.0)GOTO60
GOTO(100,100,700,200,300,600,800),INX
100 PRINT*,"ENTER PARENT OF UNIT(S) TO BE LOADED INTO SECTOR -"
READ10,ARAY(1)
IF(IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,10)ARAY(1)

```

Figure 0-1. OVLY10 (FORCE) program code.

```

      IF (I-UN.EQ.3) PRINT 18, ARRAY(1)
      PARENT=ARRAY(1)
      ARRAY(7)=90909.
      CALL OPENM(LFIT,3LI=0,1LR)
      CALL GET(LFIT,ARRAY,ARRAY(1),0,10)
      IF (ARRAY(7).NE.90909.) GOTO 110
      PRINT 115, PARENT
110  FORMAT(" UNIT ",A10," IS NOT ON FORCE FILE!")
      GOTO 100

C
C
110  PRINT*, "ENTER UNIT ID (OR ALL) -"
      READ 10, UNIT
      IF (I-UN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,10) UNIT
      IF (I-UN.EQ.3) PRINT 18, UNIT

      IFLAG=0
113  IF (UNIT.EQ."ALL") GOTO 150
      IF (ARRAY(2).EQ.UNIT) GOTO 150
112  CALL GETN(LFIT,ARRAY,ARRAY(1))
      M=IFETCH(LFIT,2LFP)
      IF (M.NE.10) GOTO 130
      IF (ARRAY(1).NE.PARENT) GOTO 130
      GOTO 115

C
150  ARRAY(4)=ASECT
      ARRAY(5)=ACI
      IFLAG=1
      CALL MPLC(LFIT,ARRAY,900,ARRAY(1))
      GOTO 112

C
130  IF (IFLAG.EQ.0) PRINT 115, UNIT
160  CALL CLOSEM(LFIT)
161  PRINT*, "LOAD ANOTHER UNIT?"
      READ 1, INX
      IF (I-UN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,1) INX
      IF (I-UN.EQ.3) PRINT 18, INX
      IF (INX.EQ."Y") GOTO 100
      IF (INX.EQ."N") GOTO 20
      PRINT 2
      GOTO 100

C
C
200  PRINT*, "ENTER PARENT OF UNIT TO BE ADJUSTED -"
      READ 10, ARRAY(1)
      IF (I-UN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,10) ARRAY(1)
      IF (I-UN.EQ.3) PRINT 18, ARRAY(1)

C
      PRINT*, "ENTER UNIT ID -"
      READ 10, ARRAY(2)
      IF (I-UN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,10) ARRAY(2)
      IF (I-UN.EQ.3) PRINT 18, ARRAY(2)

C
      ARRAY(7)=90909.
      CALL OPENM(LFIT,3LI=0,1LR)
      CALL GET(LFIT,ARRAY,ARRAY(1))
      IF (ARRAY(7).EQ.90909.) GOTO 100

```

Figure 0-1. OVLY10 (FORCE) program code (continued).

```

PRINT*, "UNIT - MM, NEW UNIT--J, 0 WHEN DONE "
54 READ*, MM, AJ
IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) MM, J
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, MM, AJ
IF (MM.LT.0) GO TO 58
IF (MM.LT.0.OR.MM.GT.80) GOT057
IF (ARRAY(MM+10)+AJ.LT.0) GOT056
ARRAY(MM+10)=ARRAY(MM+10)+AJ
PRINT*, "NEXT-"
GO TO 53
56 PRINT*, "ENTRY REDUCES # WEAPONS IN UNIT BELOWZERO - ENTRY IGNORED!"
GOT050
57 PRINT*, "INVALID ITEM CODE - ENTRY IGNORED!"
GOT050
58 IF (IRUN.EQ.1) GOT052
J=ARRAY(3)
UEFF=0.
DO 59 I=1,40
IF (ARRAY(I+10).LE.0) GOT059
UEFF=UEFF+ARRAY(I+10)*FPS(I,J)
59 CONTINUE
UEFF=UEFF/ARRAY(4)*100.
ARRAY(8)=UEFF
CALL REPLE(LFIT,ARRAY,900,ARRAY(1))
52 CALL CLOSEM(LFIT)
210 PRINT*, "ANYMORE UNITS TO CHANGE? "
READ1, INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,1) INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, INX
IF (INX.EQ."Y") GOT0200
IF (INX.EQ."N") GOT020
PRINT2
GOT0210
51 PRINT 115, ARRAY(2)
ARRAY(7)=0.
GO TO 52
C
700 MINP="NONE"
ARRAY(11)="SFG"
J=1
720 PRINT720,KING
725 FORMAT(" ARE THERE ANY ",J4," UNITS TO CREATE?")
READ1, INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,1) INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, INX
IF (INX.EQ."Y") GOT0715
IF (INX.EQ."N") GOT0790
PRINT2
GOT0720
2 FORMAT(" INCORRECT! RESPONSE MUST BE YES OR NO - TRY AGAIN")
C
715 ARRAY(3)=J
DO 737 INX=11,90
707 ARRAY(INX)=0
PRINT*, "ENTER - PARENT UNIT ID -"
READ10, ARRAY(1)

```

Figure 0-1. OVLY10 (FORCE) program code (continued).


```

IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,10) ARRAY(1)
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT 18, ARRAY(1)

PRINT*, "ENTER UNIT 1: -"
READ 1, ARRAY(2)
IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,11) ARRAY(2)
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT 18, ARRAY(2)
730 PRINT*, "CREATE BY SRC*ST"
READ 1, INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,11) INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT 18, INX
IF (INX.EQ."Y") GOTO 728
IF (INX.EQ."N") GOTO 729
PRINT 2
GOTO 731

729 ARRAY(3)=0
PRINT*, "ENTER WPN ID, QTY--0,0 WHEN DONE"
700 READ 1, MM, AJ
IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) MM, AJ
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, MM, AJ
IF (MM.EQ.0) GO TO 701
ARRAY(MM+10)=ARRAY(MM+10)+AJ
ARRAY(6)=ARRAY(6)+AJ*FPS(MM,J)
PRINT*, "NEXT -"
GO TO 700

701 PRINT*, "ENTER RELATIVE EFFECTIVENESS -"
READ 1, CV
IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,*) CV
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, CV
IF (CV.GE.0.0 AND CV.LE.10000) GOTO 702
PRINT*, "INVALID REL. EFF. - TRY AGAIN!"
GOTO 701

702 ARRAY(5)=ARRAY(6)*100./CV
ARRAY(8)=CV

IF (IRUN.EQ.1) GOTO 704
CALL OPENM(LFIT, 3LI=0, 1LM)
CALL PUT(LFIT, ARRAY, 900, ARRAY(1))
CALL CLOSEM(LFIT)

704 DO 710 I=11,90
710 ARRAY(I)=0
711 PRINT*, "CREATE ANOTHER UNIT FOR THIS FORCE?"
READ 1, INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,11) INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT 18, INX
IF (INX.EQ."Y") GOTO 710
IF (INX.EQ."N") GOTO 790
PRINT 2
GOTO 711

728 PRINT*, "ENTER SRC--0 WHEN DONE"
ARRAY(4)=0
730 READ 10, BPRAY(2)
IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,10) BPRAY(2)
IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT 18, BPRAY(2)
IF (BPRAY(2).EQ."0") GOTO 701
ARRAY(3)=0.909
CALL OPENM(LFIT, 3LI=0, 1LM)

```

Figure 0-1. OVLY10 (FORCE) program code (continued).

```

      CALL GET(IJF11,ARRAY,ARRAY(1))
      CALL CLOSE(IJF11)
      IF (ARRAY(3).EQ.90909)GOTO737
      DO 736 IJ=1,22
      JJ=IJ*2+1
      INY=ARRAY(JJ)
      IF (INX.EQ.0)GOTO736
      ARRAY(INX+10)=ARRAY(INX+10)+ARRAY(JJ+1)
      ARRAY(5)=ARRAY(5)+ARRAY(JJ+1)*FPS(INY,J)
736 CONTINUE
      DO 735 I=3,24
735 ARRAY(I)=0
      PRINT*,"NEXT-"
      GOTO734
737 PRINT735,ARRAY(2)
      ARRAY(3)=0
738 FORMAT(" S+C ",1A10," NOT ON FILE")
      PRINT*,"NEXT-"
      GOTO734
C
790 IF (J.EQ.2)GOTO820
      J=2
      KIND="PEJ"
      GOTO720
C
800 PRINT*,"ENTER PARENT OF UNIT(S) TO BE DELETED -"
      READ15,ARRAY(1)
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE (5,10)ARRAY(1)
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT18,ARRAY(1)
      CALL OPEN(LEFT,3LI-C,1LR)
      PARENT=ARRAY(1)
      ARRAY(7)=90909
      CALL GET(LEFT,ARRAY,ARRAY(1),0,10)
      IF (ARRAY(7).NE.90909)GOTO810
      PRINT115,PARENT
      GOTO800
C
810 PRINT*,"ENTER UNIT ID (OR ALL) -"
      READ10,UNIT
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE (5,10)UNIT
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT18,UNIT
C
      IFLAG=0
813 IF (UNIT.EQ."ALL")GOTO820
      IF (UNIT.EQ.ARRAY(2))GOTO820
812 CALL GET(LEFT,ARRAY,ARRAY(1))
      IF (LEFT.EQ.1LR)
      IF (I.EQ.10)GOTO855
      IF (ARRAY(1).NE.PARENT)GOTO855
      GOTO813
C
820 CALL GET(LEFT,ARRAY(1))
      IFLAG=1
      GOTO810
C
855 IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT115,UNIT
      ARE CALL OPEN(LEFT)

```

Figure 0-1. OVLY10 (FORCE) program code (continued).

```

      PRINT*, "ANOTHER UNIT TO DELETE?"
      READ1, INX
      IF (IPUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,1) INX
      IF (IPUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, INX
      IF (INX.EQ."Y") GOTO 800
      IF (INX.EQ."N") GOTO 20
      PRINT*
      GOTO 805

C
C
      PRINT*, "ENTER PARENT OF UNIT(S) TO BE REMOVED --"
      READ10, ARRAY(1)
      IF (IPUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,10) ARRAY(1)
      IF (IPUN.EQ.3) PRINT10, ARRAY(1)
      CALL OPENN(LFIT, 3LI-0.1LP)
      PARENT=ARRAY(1)
      ARRAY(7)=9999
      CALL GET(LFIT, ARRAY, ARRAY(1), 0.10)
      IF (ARRAY(7).NE.9999) GOTO 550
      PRINT115, PARENT
      GOTO 510

C
      PRINT*, "ENTER UNIT TO (OR ALL) --"
      READ10, UNIT
      IF (IPUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,10) UNIT
      IF (IPUN.EQ.3) PRINT10, UNIT

C
      IFLAG=0
      IF (UNIT.EQ."ALL") GOTO 520
      IF (UNIT.EQ.ARRAY(2)) GOTO 520
      CALL GETN(LFIT, ARRAY, ARRAY(1))
      N=IFLT(N, LFIT, PLFP)
      IF (N.EQ.1) GOTO 555
      IF (ARRAY(1).NE.PARENT) GOTO 555
      GOTO 510

C
      ARRAY(4)=1
      IFLAG=1
      CALL REPLY(LFIT, ARRAY, 900, ARRAY(1))
      GOTO 512

C
      IF (IFLAG.EQ.0) PRINT115, UNIT

C
      CALL CLOSEN(LFIT)
      PRINT*, "REMOVE ANOTHER UNIT?"
      READ1, INX
      IF (IPUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,1) INX
      IF (IPUN.EQ.3) PRINT*, INX
      IF (INX.EQ."Y") GOTO 800
      IF (INX.EQ."N") GOTO 20
      PRINT*
      GOTO 810

C
C
      PRINT*, "ENTER PARENT ID OF UNIT BEING ATTACHED --"
      READ10, PARENT
      IF (IPUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5,10) PARENT

```

Figure 0-1. OVLY10 (FORCE) program code (continued).

```

      IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT18,PARENT
C
      PRINT*,"ENTER UNIT ID -"
      READ10,ARRAY(2)
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE(5,10) ARRAY(2)
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT18,ARRAY(2)
C
      CALL OPEN(LEFIT,3,1-0,1LR)
      ARRAY(1)=PARENT
      ARRAY(7)=90909.
      CALL GET(LEFIT,ARRAY,ARRAY(1))
      IF (ARRAY(7).EQ.90909.) GOTO320
C
      PRINT*,"ENTER NEW PARENT ID -"
      READ10,PAR
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE(5,10) PAR
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT18,PAR
      ARRAY(1)=PAR
      CALL PUT(LEFIT,ARRAY,900,ARRAY(1))
      ARRAY(1)=PARENT
      CALL ULTE(LEFIT,ARRAY(1))
      CALL CLOSE(LEFIT)
C
310 PRINT*,"ATTACH ANOTHER UNIT?"
      READ1,INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE(5,1) INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT18,INX
      IF (INX.EQ."Y") GOTO300
      IF (INX.EQ."N") GOTO20
C
320 PRINT115,UNIT
      ARRAY(7)=0.
      GOTO310
C
      DISPLAY SECTION
C
400 PRINT*,"ENTER TYPE OF DISPLAY -"
      READ* ,INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1) WRITE(5,*) INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3) PRINT* ,INX
      IF (INX.EQ."1") GOTO501
      IF (INX.EQ.1.AND.INX.LE.4) GOTO506
      PRINT*,"INCOMPLETE ENTRY!!"
501 PRINT*,"ENTER 1 TO DISPLAY ALL PARENT UNITS IN FORCEFILE"
      PRINT502,ASECT,AC1
502 FORMAT("      2 TO DISPLAY ALL PARENT UNITS IN SECTOR ",F3.0,
1" IN 01 ",A10)
      PRINT*,"      3 TO DISPLAY UNITS IN A SPECIFIC PARENT"
      PRINT*,"      4 TO DISPLAY WEAPONS IN A UNIT"
      GOTO501
C
50 GOTO(010,010,500,400),INX
C
      DISPLAY ALL PARENT UNITS
C
510 PARENT="ALL"
      IFLAG=0
      JIFF=0.
      TPRS=0.

```

Figure 0-1. OVLY10 (FORCE) program code (continued).

```

      CALL GFT(LFIT,3LI=0,1LR)
607 CALL GFT(LFIT,ARRAY,ARRAY(1))
      U=UEFF(LFIT,2LFF)
      IF (4.0,100)GOTO625
      IF (ARRAY(1).NE.0)GOTO60820
614 X=LCF=ARRAY(1)
      XCI=ARRAY(2)
      IF (INX.EQ.1)GOTO615
      IF (ACI.T.NE.XSECT.OR.ACI.NE.XCI)GOTO605
617 J=ARRAY(3)
      TFS=TEMP+ARRAY(4)
      DO 51 I=1,PC
      IF (ARRAY(1+I).LE.0)GOTO616
      UFF=UEFF+ARRAY(I+10)*FPS(I,J)
619 CONTINUE
      GOTO605

620 IF (FLAG.EQ.1)GOTO625
      PRINT*
      IF (INX.EQ.1)GOTO621
      PRINT*,"FORCE    10          EFF"
      GOTO622
621 PRINT*,"FORCE    11          EFF SECT 01"
622 IFLAG=1
      GOTO623
625 IF (4.0,100).AND.(IFLAG.EQ.0)GOTO690
      IF (INX.EQ.2.AND.(XSECT.NE.XSECT.OR.ACI.NE.XCI))GOTO650
      IF (TFS.GT.0)GOTO626
      UEFF=0.
      GOTO627
626 UEFF=UEFF/TFS*100.
627 IF (INX.EQ.1)GOTO643
      PRINT30,J,PARENT,UEFF
630 FORMAT(" ",I3,-X,A10,2X,F4.0)
      GOTO631
643 PRINT30,J,PARENT,UEFF,XSECT,XCI
644 FORMAT(" ",I3,4X,A10,2X,2(F4.0,2X),A10)
650 PARENT=ARRAY(1)
      UEFF=0.
      TFS=0.
      IF (4.0,100)GOTO690
      GOTO614

C
C   DISPLAY UNITS IN SPECIFIC UNIT
660 PRINT*,"ENTER PARENT ID ="
      READ10,PARENT
      IF (ISUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)PARENT
      IF (ISUN.EQ.3)PRINT18,PARENT
      ARRAY(1)=PARENT

C
      ARRAY(7)=90909.
      IFLAG=0
      CALL OPEN(LFIT,3LI=0,1LR)
      CALL GFT(LFIT,ARRAY,ARRAY(1),0,10)
      IF (ARRAY(7).NE.90909)GOTO665
      PRINT115,PARENT
      GOTO630

```

Figure 0-1. OVLY10 (FORCE) program code (continued).

```

603 CALL GETN(LFIT,ARRAY,ARRAY(1))
M=IFETCH(LFIT,2LEP)
IF (M.EQ.10.0)GOTO690
IF (PARENT.NE.ARRAY(1))GOTO690
605 UEFF=0.
J=ARRAY(3)

C
DO 670 I=1,80
IF (ARRAY(I+10).LE.0.)GOTO670
UEFF=UEFF+ARRAY(I+10)*FPS(I,J)
670 CONTINUE
IF (ARRAY(1).GT.0.)GOTO71
UEFF=999.
GOTO72
71 UEFF=UEFF/ARRAY(1)*100.
72 IF (IFLAG.(0.1)GOTO680
IFLAG=1
PRINT*
PRINT*,"FORCE PARENT UNIT EFF SECT CI"
PRINT675,J,PARENT,ARRAY(2),UEFF,ARRAY(4),ARRAY(5)
675 FORMAT(" ",I3,4X,2(A10,2X),2(F4.0,2X),A10)
GOTO683
681 PRINT685,ARRAY(2),UEFF,ARRAY(4),ARRAY(5)
685 FORMAT(" ",19X,A10,2X,2(F4.0,2X),A10)
GOTO683
691 PRINT*
CALL CLOSEN(LFIT)
GOTO699
695 CALL DISPLAY
699 PRINT*,"ANOTHER DISPLAY?"
READ1,INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT8,INX
IF (INX.EQ."Y")GOTO600
IF (INX.EQ."N")GOTO20
PRINT2
GOTO690

C
400 CALL OPENN(LFIT,301-0,1LA)
405 PRINT*,"DO YOU WISH TO SEE UNITS LOADED INTO SECTOR?"
READ1,INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)INX
IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT8,INX
IF (INX.EQ."Y".OR.INX.EQ."")GOTO415
PRINT2
GOTO400
415 IF (INX.EQ."N")GOTO410

C
PRINT430,ASECT,ACI
430 FORMAT(" UNITS LOADED INTO SECTOR ",F3.0," FOR CI ",A10,/,
1 " FORCE PARENT UNIT")
410 CALL GETN(LFIT,ARRAY,ARRAY(1))
M=IFETCH(LFIT,2LEP)
IF (M.EQ.10.0)GOTO151

C
IF (ARRAY(4).NE.ASECT.OR.(CI.NE.ARRAY(5))GOTO410

```

Figure 0-1. OVLY10 (FORCE) program code (continued).

```

      J=ARRAY(3)
      IF(INX.EQ."N")GOTO425
      PRINT*95,J,ARFAY(1),ARRAY(2)
495  FORMAT(" ",I3,8X,A10,3X,A10)
425  DO 426 I=1,80
      IF(ARRAY(I+10).EQ.0)GOTO420
      ELMT(I,J)=ELMT(I,J)+ARRAY(I+10)
426  CONTINUE
      GOTO410
C
151  CALL CLOSEM(LFIT)
      END

```

Figure 0-1. OVLY10 (FORCE) program code (concluded).

APPENDIX P
OVLY 11 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

APPENDIX P

OVLY 11 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

Appendix P contains the program source code listing and a table of the program variables for OVLY 11 (APPORT), the Jiffy Game loss apportionment overlay. The list of program variables is contained in table P-1. The listing of the FORTRAN program source code is presented in figure P-1.

Table P-1. Program variables for APPORT. (Continued next page).

Variable	Description
AIRKO	Quantity of given type weapons lost to TACAIR being apportioned to unit
AKO	Quantity of given type weapons lost to ground actions being apportioned to unit
CBTINT	Combat intensity factor
CIL	Combat intensity level factor
CLOST	Number of crew personnel lost
CUMLOS	Parent unit loss array
DAIR	Quantity of weapon systems subject to apportionment for TACAIR losses
I	File record word index; weapon system index
ICIL	Combat intensity level index
IFLAG	Logic flag
IHOLD	Automatic CIL allocation indicator
II	Weapon system index
INT	Gamer response variable
J	Force identifier
JJ	Force identifier
K	File record word index
KIND	Force color

Table P-1. Program variables for APPORT (concluded).

Variable	Description
M	Index-sequential file status variable
PAREFF	Parent unit effectiveness
PARENT	Parent unit identifier
PARFPS	Parent unit firepower score
PARINIT	Initial firepower score of parent unit
PERS	Number of non-infantry personnel casualties
TFPS	Total firepower score
UEFF	Unit effectiveness
XL	Packed weapon system losses to all type of combat
XN	Unpacked weapon system losses to all types of combat

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.

```

OVERLAY (APPORT, 1, 3, 0)
PROGRAM OVLY11
COMMON IA, ID, IP, IFNGAG, IFFRN, IVIS, IMOUNT, MINES, JFPR, FSFPR, FPR,
1ATIME, IFIRST, IFUN,
2SF(2), FSSF(2), PACK(2),
3ELMT(40, 2), ALUSS(40, 80), SHOTS(35, 2), SKILL(13, 2)
COMMON/DATA/FPS(85, 2), CREWS(53, 2), APOS(12), CPOS(5),
1PSN(6, 2, 2), PLT(12), KEY(41)
COMMON/ONE/LFIT(35), AFRAY(90), MYBUF(1024), D(80, 2), ACI,
1ASCENE, ASPECT
COMMON/TWEE/INIST(35), AH(90), IYBUF(1024)
DIMENSION XL(50), CIL(16), IMOLD(30, 2), CUMLOS(80, 2), DAIR(80, 2)
DATA(CIL(I), I=1, 6)/1000., 5., 2., 1.33, 1., 0./

C
DO 7 I=1, 80
  AFRAY(I)=0
  XL(I)=0.
  DO 50 J=1, 79
50 XL(I)=XL(I)+ALOSS(J, I)
  DO 60 J=1, 2
    IMOLD(I, J)=0
    DAIR(I, J)=0.
60 D(I, J)=0.
70 CONTINUE

C
CALL OPENP(LFIT, 3LI=0, 1L=1)
10 CALL GETN(LFIT, AFRAY, AFRAY(1))
  M=IFETCH(LFIT, 2LFR)
  IF (M.EQ.1000) GOTO 19
  IF (ASPECT.NE.AFRAY(4).OR.ACI.NE.AFRAY(5)) GOTO 18
14 PRINT 15, AFRAY(2)
15 FORMAT(" ENTER C 1 INTENSITY FOR ", A10, "-")
  IAD=ICIL
  IF (IPUN.EQ.1) WRITE (5, *) ICIL
  IF (IPUN.EQ.3) PRINT *, ICIL
  IF (ICIL.EQ."1") GOTO 16
  IF (ICIL.LE.0.AND.ICIL.LE.5) GOTO 17
  PRINT *, "INVALID C1 INTENSITY LEVEL ENTERED."
16 PRINT *, "CORRECT INTENSITY LEVELS"
  PRINT *, "ENTER 0 FOR UNCOMMITTED UNITS"
  PRINT *, "      1 FOR UNITS OUTSIDE OF DIRECT FIRE"
  PRINT *, "      2 FOR RESERVE UNITS COMMITTED LATE"
  PRINT *, "      3 FOR UNITS ON PERIMETER OF M2A"
  PRINT *, "      4 FOR UNITS IN MAIN BATTLE AREA"
  PRINT *, "      5 FOR UNITS HIT BY TACAIR"
  GOTO 14

C
17 AFRAY(7)=CIL(ICIL+1)
  J=AFRAY(3)
  DO 30 I=1, 80
    IF (ICIL.NE.3) GOTO 54
    DAIR(I, J)=DAIR(I, J)+AFRAY(11+10)
30 CONTINUE=AFRAY(7)
  IF (ICINT.EQ.0) ICINT=1.
  D(I, J)=D(I, J)+AFRAY(11+10)/ICINT
40 CONTINUE
  CALL GETN(LFIT, AFRAY, AFRAY(1))

```

Figure P-1. OVLY11 (APPORT) program code.(Continued next page)

```

      GOTO 16
10 CALL CLOSEH(LEFT)
   DO 35 I=1,80
      D(I,1)=D(I,1)-IFIX(ALOSS(80,I)/PACK(1))/10.
      IF(D(I,1).LT.0.)D(I,1)=0.
      D(I,2)=D(I,2)-(ALOSS(80,I)-IFIX(ALOSS(80,I)/PACK(1))*PACK(1))/10.
      IF(D(I,2).LT.0.)D(I,2)=0.
35 CONTINUE

C
      IFLAG=0
      DO 10 J=1,2
         DO 11 I=1,80
            IF(J.EQ.2)GOTO 13
            KIN= "BLUE"
            XN=IFIX(XL(I)/PACK(1))/10.
            IF(D(I,J).GT.0..0-XN.LE.0.)GOTO 9
            XL(I)=XL(I)-XN*10.*PACK(1)
            XN=J.
            PRINT 12,1,KIN
12 FORMAT(" APPORTIONMENT OF ITEM ",I2," LOSSES TO ",A4," FORCE CANNOT BE MADE")
            GOTO 9
13 XN=(XL(I)-IFIX(XL(I)/PACK(1))*PACK(1))/10.
            KIN= "RED"
            IF(D(I,J).GT.0..0-XN.LE.0.)GOTO 9
            XL(I)=XL(I)-XN*10.
            XN=J.
            PRINT 12,I,KIN
          IF(XN.LE.0(I,J))GOTO 10
          IF(I.GT.3.AND.J.LT.16)GOTO 13
          D(I,J)=0.
          DO 30 II=1,7
             IF(J.EQ.2)GOTO 91
             D(I,J)=D(I,J)+IFIX(ALOSS(II,I)/PACK(1))/10.
             GOTO 90
91 D(I,J)=D(I,J)+(ALOSS(II,I)-IFIX(ALOSS(II,I)/PACK(1))*PACK(1))/10.
90 CONTINUE
          D(I,J)=D(I,J)+PLMT(I,J)
          IFLAG=1
          PRINT 25,I,KIN
25 FORMAT(" INSUFFICIENT OST INTENSITY LEVELS HAVE BEEN ASSIGNED FOR ITEM ",I2," OF ",A4," FORCE")
          INCLO(I,J)=1
10 CONTINUE
      IF(IFLAG.EQ.0)GOTO 21
      PRINT "AUTO-DECONTAMINATION OF ABOVE WPN SYSTEMS HAS BEEN INITIATED"

C
21 IF(DDI.EQ.0)GO TO 130
   WHILE(DI.EQ.0)ADJ,FACT
-00 FOR ATTENTION STATUS FILE FOR RI "A10." : SECTOR "F2.0)
   PRINT "ALL"
   CALL OPENH(LEFT,301-0,100)
11 CALL DETNCL(I,1,1,AV,AV*ZY(I))
   H=IFIX(HL(I,2LE))
   IF(H.EQ.1)GO TO 100
   D(I,1)=D(I,1)+H
   GO TO 11
   IF(H.EQ.0)GO TO 100

```

Figure P-1. OVLY11 (APPORT) program code (continued).


```

      CLOST=(AKO-AIRKO)*CREWS(I-12,JJ)
      ARRAY(12)=ARRAY(12)-CLOST
      PERS=PERS+CLOST
20  CONTINUE
      GO TO 200
120  CONTINUE
      JJ=2
      DO 30 I=1,89
      A1=KJ=..
      IF (ARRAY(I+10).EQ.0.)GOTO30
      IF (ARRAY(7).NE.0.)GOTO85
      XN=(ALOSS(80,I)-IFIX(ALOSS(80,I)/PACK(1))*PACK(1))/10.
      IF (XN.GT.0.01(I,JJ))XN=DAIR(I,JJ)
      AI-KO=ARRAY(I+10)*XN/DAIR(I,JJ)
      AIRKO=IFIX(AIRKO*10.+5)/10.
      ARRAY(I+10)=ARRAY(I+10)-AIRKO
      IF (I.NE.2)GOTO85
      PERS=PERS+AIRKO
95  IF (I.EQ.2)GOTO30
      IF (D(I,JJ).LE.0.)GOTO30
      XN=(XL(I)-IFIX(XL(I)/PACK(1))*PACK(1))/10.
      IF (XN.GT.0.01(I,JJ))XN=D(I,JJ)
      CBTINT=ARRAY(7)
      IF (CBTINT.EQ.0.)CBTINT=1.
      IF (1HCLO(I,JJ).EQ.1)CBTINT=1.
      AKO=(ARRAY(I+10)*XN)/(CBTINT*D(I,JJ))
      AKO=IFIX(AKO*10.+5)/10.
      ARRAY(I+10)=ARRAY(I+10)-AKO
      CUMLOS(I,2)=CUMLOS(I,2)+ARRAY(I+10)
      AKO=AKO+A1*KO
      IF (I.NE.2)WRITE(6,604) I,AKO,ARRAY(I+10)
      CUMLOS(I,1)=CUMLOS(I,1)+AKO
      IF (ARRAY(I+10).LT.0) ARRAY(I+10)=0
      IF (I.LT.13)GOTO30
      CLOST=(AKO-AIRKO)*CREWS(I-12,JJ)
      ARRAY(12)=ARRAY(12)-CLOST
      PERS=PERS+CLOST
30  CONTINUE
200  IF (ARRAY(12).LT.0)ARRAY(12)=0
      CUMLOS(2,2)=CUMLOS(2,2)+ARRAY(12)
      I=2
      WRITE(6,604) I,PERS,ARRAY(12)
      CUMLOS(2,1)=CUMLOS(2,1)+PERS
604  FORMAT(20X,I3,4X,F5.1,2X,F6.1)
      DO 700 I=1,89
700  TFRS=TFRS+ARRAY(I+10)*FPS(I,JJ)
      IF (ARRAY(6).GT.0.)UEFF=TFRS/ARRAY(6)*100.
      WRITE(6,603) ARRAY(2),UEFF
      PRINT(3,ARRAY(2),UEFF)
603  FORMAT(' EFFECTIVENESS OF ',A10,'=',F4.0)
      ARRAY(8)=UEFF
      PA-FPS=PAEFFC+TFRS
      PA=INIT=PA+INIT+ARRAY(6)
      CALL REPLIC(LEFT,ARRAY,900,ARRAY(1))
      DO 40 I=1,90
40  ARRAY(I)=0.
      GOTO11

```

Figure P-1. OVLY11 (APPORT) program code (continued).

```

300 CALL CLOSEM(LFIT)
CALL OPENM(IHIST, "I1-C.1L")
AM(1)="CI LOSSFS"
AM(2)=ACI
AM(3)=1.
AM(4)=99999.
CALL GET(IHIST, AM, AM(1))
IF (AM(4).EQ.99999.160T035F
GOTO320
310 CALL GETN(IHIST, AM, AM(1))
M=IFETCH(IHIST, 2LEP)
IF (M.EQ.100.100.160T0360
I=AM(3)
320 DO 330 K=1, M
AM(K+10)=ALOSS(I, K)+AM(K+10)
CALL REPLC(IHIST, AM, 900, AM(1))
IF (AM(3).EQ.100.160T0340
GOTO310
340 AM(1)="CI AMMO"
AM(3)=1.
AM(4)=99999.
CALL GET(IHIST, AM, AM(1))
IF (AM(4).EQ.99999.160T0345
DO 345 I=1, 30
345 AM(I+10)=SMOTS(I, 1)+AM(I+10)
DO 350 I=1, 30
350 AM(I+40)=SMOTS(I, 2)+AM(I+40)
CALL REPLC(IHIST, AM, 900, AM(1))
GOTO340
360 AM(4)=1.
DO 365 I=1, 80
AM(3)=1
DO 370 K=1, M
370 AM(K+10)=ALOSS(I, K)
CALL PUT(IHIST, AM, 900, AM(1))
365 CONTINUE
AM(1)="CI AMMO"
AM(3)=1.
DO 375 I=1, 35
375 AM(I+10)=SMOTS(I, 1)
DO 380 I=1, 35
380 AM(I+40)=SMOTS(I, 2)
CALL PUT(IHIST, AM, 900, AM(1))
GOTO360
390 PRINT399, ALL
399 PRINT("SIMULATIVE AMMO STATS FOR CI ".A10, " IS NOT ON FILE")
390 CALL CLOSEM(IHIST)
13. PRINT("DISPLAY UNIT?")
153 -16-5, INT
* FOR M1(A1)
IF (100.EQ.1)=-16-5, INT
IF (100.EQ.3)=-16-5, INT
* FORMATT "1-1"
PRINT(10, 100) GO TO 155
PRINT(10, 100) GO TO 155
155 INT
PRINT(" INCORRECT RESPONSE MUST BE YES OR NO -TRY AGAIN")

```

Figure P-1. ONLY11 (APPORT) program code (continued).


```
GO TO 133  
155 CALL DISPLAY  
GO TO 133  
3555 CONTINUE  
END
```

Figure P-1.. OVLY11 (APPORT) program code (concluded).

APPENDIX Q
OVLY 12 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

APPENDIX Q

OVLY 12 PROGRAM CODE AND LIST OF VARIABLES

This appendix contains the FORTRAN source code and a listing of the program variables for OVLY 12 (BUILD), an overlay which creates and maintains the SRC file during interactive processing of the Jiffy Game. Table Q-1 is a list of the program variables of the overlay, and figure Q-1 is a listing of the program's source code.

Table Q-1. Program variables for BUILD.

Variable	Description
AHOLD	First word of SRC record
AJ	Quantity of weapons being entered
ASRC	SRC identifier
I	SRC record word index
IID	Weapon system item code
INX	Gamer response variable
M	Index-sequential file status variable
MM	Weapon item code being entered
NN	Weapon item code word index

NOTE: All COMMON variables are defined in table F-1.

```

OVLRLAY(BUILD,14,0)
PROGRAM OVLY12
COMMON IA,IO,IP,IENGAG,ITERRN,IVIS,IMOUNT,MINES,JFPR,FSFPR,FPR,
1ATIME,IFITST,IRUN,
2SF(2),FSSF(2),PACK(2),
3ELMT(85,2),ALCSS(85,80),SHOTS(35,2),CKILL(53,2)
COMMON/DATA/FPS(80,2),CREWS(53,2),APOS(12),OPOS(5),
1PSN(6,2,2),PLT(15),KEY(41)
COMMON/ONE/LFIT(35),ARRAY(90),MYBUF(1024),C(80,2),ACI,
.ASCENT,ASPECT
COMMON/TWO/LFIT(35),BRRAY(46),NYBUF(1024)
20 BRRAY(1)="SRC"
  AHOLD=BRRAY(1)
  CALL OPENM(IFIT,3LI=0,1LR)
  DO 11 I=2,46
    BRRAY(I) = 0
  11 CONTINUE

C
C      ABOVE DO LOOPS ZERO OUT WORK ARRAYS
C
C
14 PRINT*,"ENTER SRC ACTION TYPE -"
  READ*,INX
  IF(IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,*)INX
  IF(IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT*,INX
  IF(INX.EQ."T")GOTO111
  IF(INX.GE.0.AND.INX.LE.4)GOTO102
  PRINT*,"ACTION CODE ERROR - TRY AGAIN!"
111 PRINT*,"VALID ACTION CODES."
  PRINT*,"ENTER 0 TO RETURN TO DECISION POINT"
  PRINT*,"      1 TO ADD A NEW SRC"
  PRINT*,"      2 TO DELETE A SRC"
  PRINT*,"      3 TO DISPLAY A SPECIFIC SRC"
  PRINT*,"      4 TO DISPLAY ALL SRC'S"
  GOTO14

C
102 GOTO(501,600,600,500,1000),INX+1
500 PRINT*,"ENTER SRC TO BE DISPLAYED -"
  READ,502,ASRC
502 FORMAT(1A10)
  IF(IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,502)ASRC
  IF(IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT518,ASRC
518 FORMAT(" ",1A10)
  BRRAY(2) = ASRC
  BRRAY(3) = 90909
  CALL GET(IFIT,BRRAY,BRRAY(1))
  IF(BRRAY(3).EQ.90909) GO TO 551
  PRINT 503 ,BRRAY(2)
503 FORMAT(1X,"SRC=",A10,5X," ID QTY")
  DO 505 I=3,46,2
    IF (BRRAY(I).EQ. ) GO TO 505
    IID=BRRAY(I)
    PRINT 504, ( IID,BRRAY(I+1) )
504 FORMAT(20X,I3,F5.0)
505 CONTINUE

C
551 PRINT*,"DISPLAY ANOTHER SRC?"

```

Figure Q-1. OVLY12 (BUILD) program code.
(Continued next page.)

```

      READ1,INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT8,INX
1    FORMAT(141)
      FORMAT(" ",141)
      IF (INX.EQ."Y")GOTO500
      IF (INX.EQ."N")GOTO14
      PRINT2
      GOTO555
2    FORMAT(" INCORRECT! RESPONSE MUST BE YES OR NO - TRY AGAIN.")
550 PRINT 551 , ASRC
      BARRAY(3)=0
551 FORMAT(1X,"SRC ",A10," NOT ON FILE")
      GO TO 555
600 PRINT*,"ENTER SRC TO BE ADDED -"
      READ302,ASRC
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,502)ASRC
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT518,ASRC
      BARRAY(2)=ASRC
      BARRAY(3) = 90909
      CALL GET(IFIT,BARRAY,BARRAY(1))
      IF (BARRAY(3).NE.90909) GO TO 610
      NN=1
      PRINT 7001
7001 FORMAT(1X,"ENTER WPN ID, QTY--0,0 IF DONE ")
889 READ*, MM,AJ
      IF (MM.EQ.0) GO TO 886
      NN=NN+2
      BARRAY(NN)=MM
      BARRAY(NN+1)=AJ
      PRINT*,"NEXT-"
      GO TO 889
884 CONTINUE
      CALL PUT(IFIT,BARRAY,400,BARRAY(1))
      N=IFETCH(IFIT,3,LINKS)
      IF (N.EQ.4453) GO TO 610
603 FORMAT(1X,"SRC-",A10," ALREADY ON FILE")
      GO TO 612
611 PRINT 603, ASRC
      BARRAY(3)=0
612 DO 611 I=2,40
      BARRAY(I)=0
611 CONTINUE
620 PRINT*,"ADD ANOTHER SRC?"
      READ1,INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)INX
      IF (IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT8,INX
      IF (INX.EQ."Y")GOTO500
      IF (INX.EQ."N")GOTO14
      PRINT2
      GOTO555
801 PRINT*,"ENTER SRC TO BE DELETED -"
      READ1245,ASRC
1201 FORMAT(A10)
      BARRAY(2)=ASRC
      BARRAY(3)=90909
      CALL GET(IFIT,BARRAY,BARRAY(1))

```

Figure Q-1. OVLV12 (BUILD) program code (continued).

```

      IF(BRAY(3).EQ.90909) GO TO 840
      CALL ULTE(IFIT,BRAY(1))
      GO TO 15
840  PRINT*,"SEC ",BRAY(2)," NOT ON FILE "
      BRAY(3)=0
810  PRINT*,"DELETE ANOTHER SEC?"
      READ1,INX
      IF(IRUN.EQ.1)WRITE(5,1)INX
      IF(IRUN.EQ.3)PRINT8,INX
      IF(INX.EQ."Y")GOTO800
      IF(INX.EQ."N")GOTO14
      PRINT2
      GOTO810
1000 CALL FEWNO(IFIT)
1100 CONTINUE
      CALL GETN(IFIT,BRAY,BRAY(1))
      M=IFETCH(IFIT,2LFP)
      IF(M.EQ.10GB) GO TO 15
      IF(AHOLD.EQ.BRAY(1)) GO TO 1230
      GO TO 1100
15  CALL CLOSEN(IFIT)
      GO TO 25
1200 PRINT 503,BRAY(2)
      DO 1205 I=3,45,2
      IF(BRAY(I).EQ.0) GO TO 1205
      IIC=BRAY(I)
      PRINT 504,(IIO,BRAY(I+1))
1205 CONTINUE
      DO 1206 I=2,40
      BRAY(I)=0
1206 CONTINUE
      GO TO 1100
201  CONTINUE
      CALL CLOSEN(IFIT)
      END

```

Figure Q-1. OVLY12 (BUILD) program code (concluded).

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